MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

MAIN FILE

100-106670

SECTION 5



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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FBI/DOJ

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UNITED STATES GOVER ^lemòrandum July 16, 1963 DATE: Mr. Belmont Trotter C. A. Evans FROM Holmes 0 MARTIN LUTHER KING SUBJECT: SECURITY MATTER - C RACIAL MATTERS During the testimony of Governor Barnett of Mississippi, he referred to a photograph of Martin Luther King at what was

described as a "Communist Training School." This photograph showed King and some other persons identified on the sheet as communists at a school in Tennessee. A review of this photograph by the Bureau determined it undoubtedly was a flier which consists of a picture of a group of individuals seated in an auditorium, one of which was Martin Luther King, and related to a 1957 Labor Day week end seminar at the Highlander Folk School at Monteagle, Tennessee, which was attended by King.

At approximately 9:20 a.m. this morning, Assistant Attorney General Burke Marshall telephonically contacted my office from the Attorney General's Office and referred to the photograph of Martin Luther King mentioned above. According to Marshall, three individuals identified on the photograph with King are "1. Abner W. Berry, described as being with the Central Committee of the Communist Party, 2. Aubrey Williams, described as President of the Southern Conference Educational Fund, and 3. Miles Horton, described as Director of the Highlander Folk School."

Mr. Marshall advised that the Attorney General would like to have furnished to him as soon as possible this morning a brief squib on each of the three persons mentioned above. The Attorney General is to leave for testimony before the Interstate Commerce Committee at around 10:15 and would like to have this material by that time. 125

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If approved, arbrief statement concerning each of these individuals will be furnished to the Attorney General's Office as VECTO TO MR. WARSHALL soon as possible.

1 - Mr. DeLoach

- Mr. Rosen

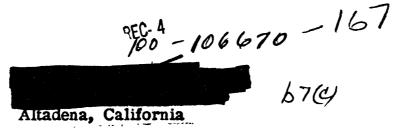
- Mr. Sullivan

- Mr. McGowan

CHS: rap (8) FAY

ACTION

July 24, 1963

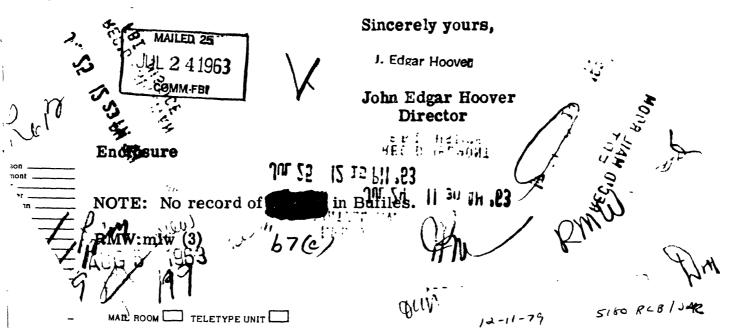


Dear

Your letter of July 15th has been received.

With respect to your inquiry concerning Dr... Martin Luther King and the various groups you named, the FBI, being an investigative agency of the Federal Government, neither makes evaluations nor draws conclusions as to the character or integrity of any organization, publication or individual. In addition, information contained in our files must be maintained as confidential pursuant to regulations of the Department of Justice and is available for official use only I am confident you will understand my position.

I am enclosing a copy of the publication, "The FBI's Role in the Field of Civil Rights," which I hope you will find of interest.



Altadena California

July 15, 1963

J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Constitution & 10th st., NW Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

I am very interested in the current civil rights dispute. I have heard it charged that Martin Luther King is a "Communist" and "Communist fronter." Do you have any evidence of Communist activity or infiltration in the Southern Christian Leadership Council, the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, the Congress of Racial Equality, the National Urban League, or the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People?

I would appreciate any literature on the subject.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely, 676

PF66-106670-. 167

12-11-79

1 - Original 1 - Yellow štiy 18, 1900 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Evans 1 - Mr. Sullivan decorable Warren G. Magnuton 1 - Mr. M.A. Jones United Liebes Lonate 1 - Mr. Baumgardner Vashington II, D. C. 1 - Mr. Bland 1 - Section tickler My dear dentitor: 1 - Mr. Garner Reference is made to your left or distribuly 10, 1600, with the enclosed lealest and your request for increasion outcorning the methodicity of the picture in the local t, the matero ean character of the allikander folk dehoot, and the conter of the Grospia Commission on Ecanonsion. In fine with Capparantal policy, year request and a copy of the ferrict are being forwarded to the attorney Concrat for the constituention. Burguant to year request, I am returning the leaflet. ORIGINAL FILED IN Lincuruly yours, IL Edgar Hoover MAILED 6.53 JUL 1 8 1963 COMM-FBI -Madiobare 12-11-79 5180 RLB /JAR BLH/aab (15)1 - The Attorney General 1 - The Deputy Attorney General \ \ \tag{\tag{\tag{1}} \ \tag{\tag{1}} \ \tag{1} \ \ 1 - Mr. Burke Marshall Assistant Attorney General NOTE: Address per Special Correspondents' List. Re memo Smith to Sullivan dated 7/18/63 re: REQUESTS FROM SENATOR WARREN G. MAGNUSON AND CONGRESSMAN JEFFERY COHELAN CONCERNING CURRENT RACIAL AGIATION. BLH/4 BE NUTE TWO GH XEROX V

Mr. Tolson Mr. Belmonk WASH CHAIRMAN IOHM O. PASTORE, R.I. L. S. MIKE MONRONEY, OKLÁ. Mr. Mohr_ A. S. MIKE MONRONEY, OK STROM THURMOND, S.C. FRANK J. LAUSCHE, OHIO RALPH YARBOROUGH, TEX. CLAIR ENGLE, CALIF. E. L. BARTLETT, ALASKA VANCE HARTKE, IND. Mr. Casper. Mr. Callahan_ United States Senate Mr. Codrad Mr. Dy Anch GALE W. MCGEE, WYO. PHILIP A. HART, MICH, HOWARD W. CANNON, NEV. COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE Mr Evans. EDWARD JARRETT, CHIEF CLERES Mr. Sullivin Mr. Tavel. Mr. Trotter. July 16, 1963 Tele. Room. FINALLA LUTHER Kins Miss Holmes Miss Gandy. Dear Mr. Director: I am enclosing a leaflet which was included in the official hearing record on $\bar{\mathbf{S}}$. 1732, the Administration's Public Accommodations Civil Rights bill. It was submitted by the Governor of Mississippi, Ross Barnett, as part of his statement to demonstrate that the recent racial demonstrations in the South and elsewhere are inspired and organized by communists. Could you at the earliest possible time advise me of the authenticity of the picture, the status of the organization printing it (the Georgia Commission on Education), the nature and character of the Highlander Folk School of Monteagle, Tenn. as well as any other facts that might be pertinent in evaluating the implications of the material. A reply with the return of the leaflet for inclusion in the record would be very helpful. My thanks in advance. Personal regards. Sincerely your NOT RECORDED Honorable J. Edgar Hoover 184 JUL 24 1963 Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington 25, D.-C. ENCLOSURE Encl. WGM:GBGc -111/2 XEROX JUL 24 1963

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27 UNITED STATES (/ERNINANT Memorandum

:W. C. Sullivan

SUBJECT: REQUESTS FROM SENATOR WARREN G. MAGNUSON 1 - Bland ARD CONGRESSMAN JEFFERY COHELAN

CONCERNING CURRENT RACIAL AGITATION

1 - Belmont

1 - Mohr 1 - DeLoach

DATE: 7/13/63 1 - Evans

1 - Sullivan

1 - Jones 1 - Baumgardrer

1 - Section Tickler

1 - Garner

By letter dated 7/16/63, Senator Magnuson enclosed a leaflet, containing the photograph of <u>Martin Luther Ring</u> and others at what was described as a "Communist Training School." Senator Magnuson requested information concerning the authenticity of the photograph, information as to the Highlander Folk School where the photograph was allegedly taken, and the status of the Georgia Commission on Education which printed the leaflet. U

By letter dated 7/15/63, with a similar enclosure, Congressman Cohelan requested information regarding King and the school. $\mathcal L$

It is believed that these requests, which are similar in nature to the previous request of Senator Monroney, should be handled in the same namer by advising the correspondents that because of Departmental policy their requests are being forwarded to the Department for its consideration. Inclosed for that purpose are separate letters to Senator Magnuson and Congressmen Cohelan. Senator Magnuson is on Special Correspondents' List. Defiles indicate that Cohelan was listed as a sponsor and visiting lecturer in 1944 by the California Labor School, an organization designated as subversive pursuant to Executive Order 10450. He is also known in the past to have favored the abolition of the House Committee on Un-/merican Lativities. L

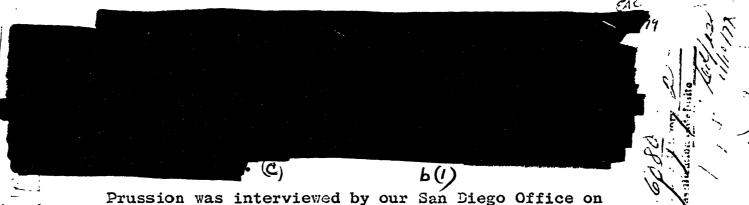
By separate communication, the Attorney General is being Jurnished one copy each of correspondents' letters, enclosures, and our usplies. We are also furnishing pertinent information and calling attention to the data previously submitted to him regarding this matter contained in the Director's letter to the Attorney General dated 7/16/63.

That the enclosed letters be sent to Senator Magnuson and

Gressman Cohelani

UNITED STATES GO' ANMENT MemorandumMr. W. C. Sullivan Γ O 1-Mr. Belmont FROM Mr. F. J. Baumgardner other I-Mr. Evans F11 1-Mr. DeLoach KARL PRUSSION (W) SUBJECT 1-Mr. Sullivan 1-Mr. Bland 1-Mr. Baumgardner 1-Mr. Dombue b(1)

Reference is made to memorandum of Mr. DeLoach to Mr. Mohr dated July 15, 1963, concerning the telephone call of Mr. Herbert Hoffman of the Deputy Attorney General's Office. Hoffman told Inspector R. E. Wick that Governor Wallace of Alabama appeared before the Senate Commerce Committee on July 15, 1963, and read an item from the "Augusta Courier." The article quotes Karl Prussion as stating he was for 22 years a counterspy for the FBI and that Martin Luther King belonged to more communist organizations than any other man in the country. (4)



Prussion was interviewed by our San Diego Office on Fouly 15, 1963, and he stated that as late as May, 1963, he had publicly described King as having been associated with more communists and left-wing causes than most communists but that he was misquoted when he was accused of saying King had belonged to 🗸 🖼 🖯 Impre communist fronts than anyone in the United States. Prussion A said that he has commented in his speeches about King's affiliation ; | with communist fronts and causes and all his material has come from Government documents, such as reports of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, Fland state legislative committees. Prussion said he does not know King to be a communist or member of the Communist Party and has never so identified King in any of his speeches. He said he did know the Communist Party was pleased with some of King's activities and he believed that some of King's activities and programs fitted in with the objectives of the Communist Party Labove information was furnished by Inspector Wick, to Mr. Hoffman On July 16, 1963. (1) Thos. V 94

NOT RECORDED NOT RECORDED



Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan RE: KARL PRUSSION (2)



1. A detailed memorandum concerning King's subversive activities is being prepared for the Director's information.

2. For approval, there is attached an appropriate memorandum to the Attorney General with copies for the Deputy Attorney General and Assistant Attorney General Marshall confirming the information furnished orally by Inspector Wick to Mr. Herbert Hoffman.

in seve is W.e.d. V.



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Date of Mail 1-26-63

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FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES GOY 'N NT Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

DATE: 7/31/63

SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586) (C)

SUBJECT:

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

SM-C

(00: Atlanta)

676)

Re Atlanta report of SA 5/3/63 and New York report of SA dated 7/22/63.

dated

No further action apparently needed at this time. This case is being closed, and annual report will be submitted since subject is on the RI-A.

23 Bureau (RM) 1- Atlanta RRN: elt (3)

100-106670-170

60 AUG 8 1963

BY 5180 RCB | JAR

Date of Mail 6 - 25 - 63

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See File 66-2554-7530 for authority.

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154

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August 2, 1963

REC'D-READING ROOM

Miami, Florida 33145 67(C)
Dear

Mr. Hoover received your letter of July 27th, with enclosure, and asked me to advise you that he was unable to comment as you requested.

The same of the

Information in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. Also, this Bureau is strictly an investigative agency of the Federal Government and, as such, does not make evaluations nor draw conclusions as to the character or integrity of any organization, publication or individual.

Sincerely yours,

MAILED & 1963 comm-fbi

JH: ich (3)

Helen W. Gandy Secretary

NOTE: Bufiles indicate that correspondent wrote in October, 1962, concerning communist infiltration of the churches. Her letter was acknowledged by the Director 10-9-62 and she was sent reprint material.

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MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

12-11-79

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TRUE COPY

Mutin Lattine King Miami Fla July 27th 63 My dear Mr Hoover, ---

Is the enclosed a factual quote? I had read that Dr King was a member of many front organizations --- Please set me straight --- and thanks-----

> With Kind regards I am Yours truly

b7(c)

Address per envelope:

Miami 33145 Fla

Wille Biller

REC 1/13 - 1066 N - 172

12 AUG 6 1963

5180 RCB/SAR

Man 33145-70 Mienin Ha July 27th Is the enclosed a factual quots??? har reas that Di King nos a member of many tont organizations. 13011.63 67(c)

Rights Leaders 'Not Red,' FB

Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy notified Congress Thursday that an FBI check has shown no evidence that any of the leaders of the major civil rights movements are Communists or Communist- rector J. Edgar Hoover for his well as other leaders." controlled.

Kenn**e**dv also wrote Sen. A. S. (Mike) Monroney, (D., Okla.), that Communist efforts

Monroney is a member of the Senate Commerce Committee which recently heard Govs. Ross Barnett of MisCommunist influences were back of much of the Negro civil rights protest activity.

views and the latter turned the Barnett in his appearance markably unsuccessful." letter over to Kennedy.

other sources, we have no evi-dominated.

sissippi and George C. Wal- |ers of the major civil rights natural and inevitable that | (CORE) lace of Alabama charge that groups are Communists, or Communists have made efforts which have been in the fore-Communist-controlled. This is to infiltrate the civil rights front of the integration fight.

true as to Dr. Martin Luther groups and to exploit the cur-The senator wrote FBI Diar accusations were made, as well as other leaders."

The senator wrote FBI Diar accusations were made, as well as other leaders."

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The senator wrote FBI Diar accusations were made, as well as other leaders."

The senator wrote FBI Diar accusations were made, as well as other leaders." these efforts have been re-

WASHINGTON · (AP) before the Senate Committee Monroney said he inquired Cold War heroes will be eligi-The attorney general re-offered a photograph showing about the leadership of the ble for the nation's top millito infiltrate integration groups plied: "Based on all available King at a school which the National Association for the tary decoration — the Medal have been "remarkably unsuc-information from the FBI and governor said was Communist-Advancement of Colored Peo- of Honor — under a bill Presiple (NAACP) and the Con-dent Kennedy signed into law dence that any of the top lead- Kennedy also wrote: "It is gress of Racial Equality Thursday.

- the two groups

UNITED STATES GOVERNME: TREASON FOR EXTENSION Belmont Memorandum FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 DATE OF REVIEW FOR 7-17-43 DECLASSIFICATION TO :Mr. W. C. Sullivan Secret DATE: July 17, 1963	
I-Mr. Belmont I-Mr. Belmont Totter Totter	
In view of the widespread publicity and national activities of King, there is attached hereto a summary of information regarding the subversive connections and associations of King. All pertinent information regarding King has previously been furnished to the Department. (L)	
Donnie Committee	
With the state of	
Enclosure ENCLOSUREREC 39 /00 -106670 -106670 CONFIDENTIAL AUG 8 1963	



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FBI/DOJ

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GRANCH FOR EYTENSION

CHANGE OF BEYIEW FOR 2-12-83

DECLASSIFICATION 2-12-83

Background

King is a well-known Southern Negro leader, who is President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and is copastor with his father of Ebenezer Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia, X He was born in Atlanta, Georgia, on January 15, 1929. King received an AB degree from Morehouse College in 1948; a Bachelor of Divinity degree from Crozer Theological Seminary in 1951; and a Doctor of Philosophy degree from Boston University in 1955. He has received numerous honorary degrees from Northern and Negro colleges. King became nationally prominent during 1955 and 1956 when he organized a protest that ended bus segregation in Montgomery, Alabama. He was selected one of ten outstanding personalities in 1956 by "Time" magazine. As a result of his activities in racial matters, he has been arrested on numerous occasions by local officials and charged with misdemeanors. Throughout his efforts in the racial field, he has stressed nonviolent action in all integration efforts.

The first of the f

b(1)

Benjamin Jefferson Davis, Jr., member of the National Committee of the CP has made the statement that "We want to get behind and support people like Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr."

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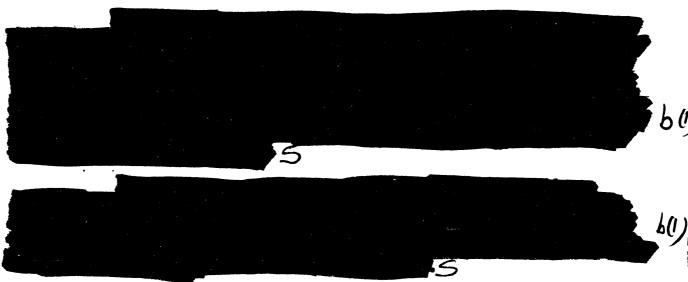
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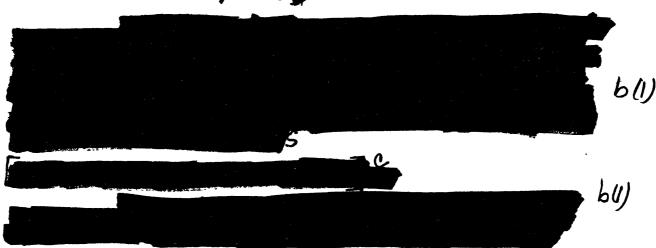
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ENCLOSURE

Martin Luther King, Jr.



During June, 1962, King, in a conversation with Levison, indicated that he was desirous of getting another administrative assistant. Levison recommended Hunter Pitts O'Dell for the job. King stated he liked the suggestion and said "No matter what a man was, if he can stand up now and say he is not connected then as far as I am concerned he is eligible to work for me." On November 2, 1962, as a result of a newspaper article identifying O'Dell as a communist, King announced that O'Dell had resigned from the SCLC and that his resignation had been accepted pending further inquiry and clarification. To date O'Dell continues to associate with King. O'Dell, under the pseudonym Cornelius James, was elected to the National Committee of the CP in December, 1959.





Martin Luther King, Jr. b(1) b(1) b(! b(1) (C) The January 16, 1961, issue of the "National Guardian" carried an article entitled "Abolish the Un-Americans." This article indicated a petition had been directed to Congress urging that the HCUA be abolished and among the signers was Martin Luther King, Jr.



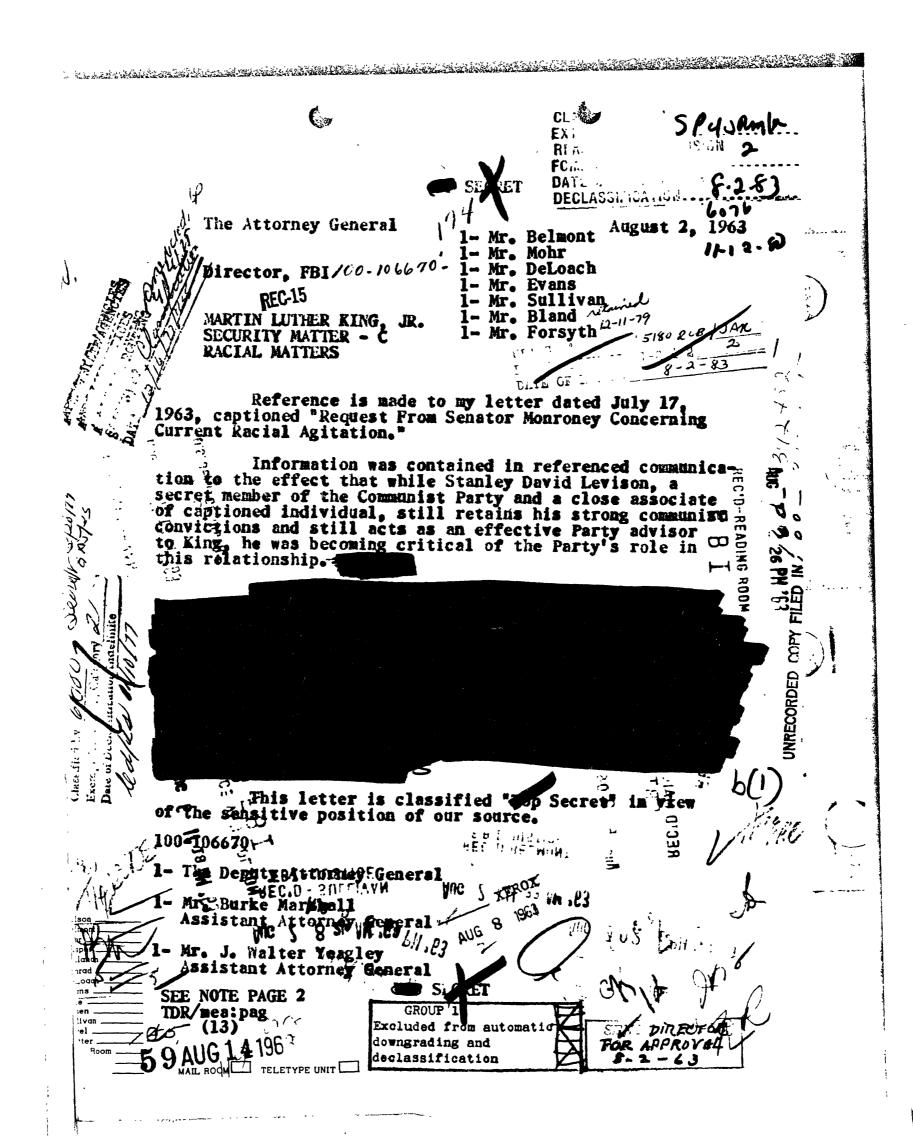
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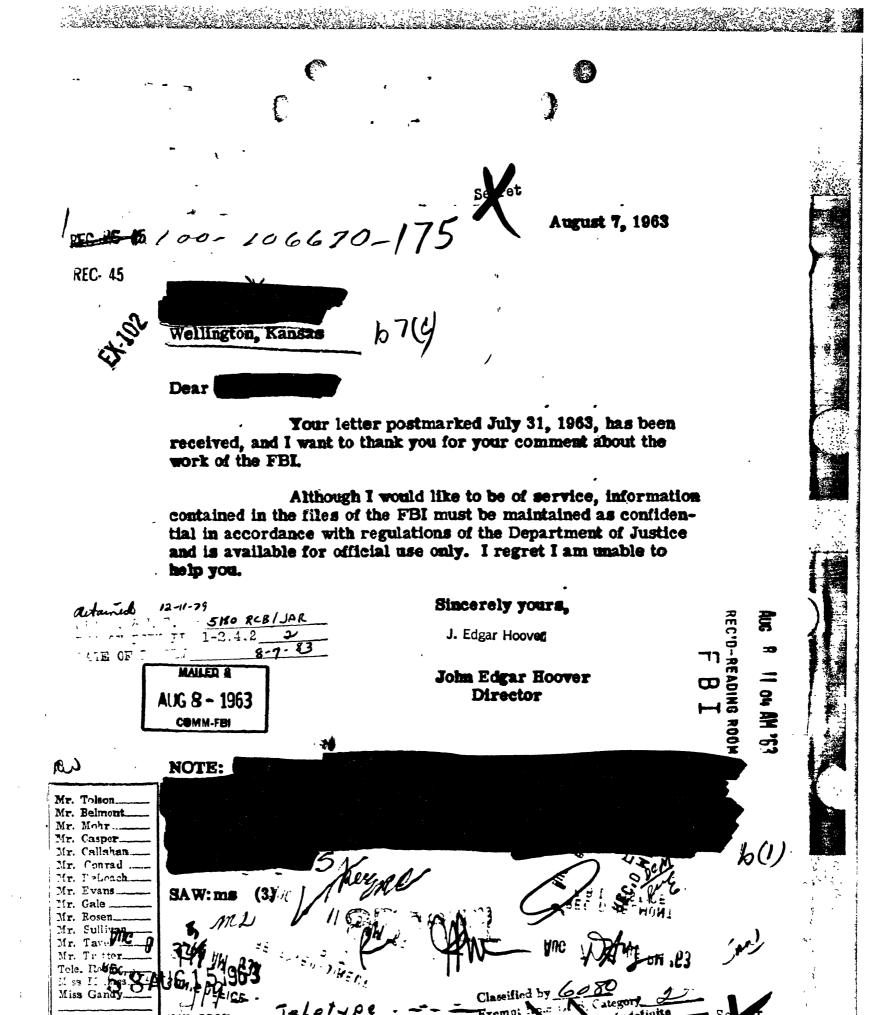
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The Attorney General

Note:

Classified "Secret" as the disclosure of this information could result in exposure of a highly confidential source which could result in exceptionally great damage to the Nation.



MAIL ROOM

Classified by 6080
Exemp: Category 2

wn indefinite

TRUE COPY

Wellington Kans.

Mr. J Edgar Hoover; Director of F. B. I. Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Would you please send me some information on Martin Luther King, concerning his communist affiliation?

Thanking you for your wonderful service to Our Country, I am Yours truly

/s/

1- True Mapy

nns

REC-45 100-106670-175

6 AUG 9 1963

8. 8° m/son

Wellington Kns Mr. Ji Edgan Hooun; Durector of J. B. J. Washington, D. C. Dean Du: Would you please send me some information on Mouter Tucher Kung, concern. ing his communist affectation! Dhanking you fou your wonderful service to live Country, 3 am yours terrely Aue 2 10 3 AH '63

Mr. Tolson Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohi Mr. Casper Mr. Callahan July 31, 1963 Mr. Conrad Mr. Donch V Mr. Evans J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Gale_ Washington, D.C. Mr. Rosen. Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel_ Dear Mr. Hoover: Mr. Trotter. Tele. Room. In our Columbus Evening Dispatch on July 25, 1963. Miss Holmes Page 17A, Mr. Pobert Kennedy says the FBI reports that Martin Luther King Jr. is not RED. Miss Gandy. As you already know in the civil rights hearings lately, Mr. King has been identified as attending the Highlender Folk School which is reportedly used as a Communist Training School. I am enclosing the clipping from our paper because as I read the notice, I read where Mr. J. Edgar Hoover turned the letter over to Mr. Kennedy and Mr. Kennedy replies from his findings that Mr. King is not Red, yet the headline to my estimation is misleading much to my disgust with our newspaper. Some people I know just read the headlines and no further which worries me about this certain case. I hope you may be able to clarify this statement. Know you are interested in knowing what people are reading about the FBI. I personally am interested. Thank you for your very wonderful loyalty to our United States and we hope you continue forever. :: Sincerely, Columbus 2, Ohio REC 11/00-10667

Robert Kennedy Says FBI Reports King Is Not Red

Gen. Robert F. Kennedy said after he heard several wit-Thursday there is no evidence that any top leaders of the main a givil nights groups are Communists or are rector J. Edgar Hoover to call Communist-controlled.

Kennedy said Communist tion. efforts to infiltrate civil been remarkably unsuccessful" despite the "real injustices that exist and the resentment against them" among Negroes.

KENNEDY MADE the statement in a letter to Sen A. S. Mike Monroney D-Okla., a member of the Senate Commerce Committee

The group is holding hear ings on the administration's civil rights proposals.

Monroney read the Lines to the committee. Charges that Communist influences were at work in the Negro civil rights movement were levelled earlier before the committee by Govs. Ross R. Barnett of Mississippi and George C. Wallace of Ala-bama. bama.

WASHINGTON UPD-Atty. MONRONEY SAID that of the major civil rights movement he wrote FBI Dithe testimony to his atten-

"I asked Mr. Hoover for information concerning the alrights groups and exploit the legations as they related to current racial situation "have the Rev. Martin Luther King and other leaders of civil rights organizations, including the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and the Congress of Racial Equality," Monroney said.

> **HOOVER TURNED** the letter over to Kennedy, who replied:

"Based on all available information from the FBI and other sources, we have no evidence that any of the top leaders of the major civil rights groups are Communist-controlled. This is true as to Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., about whom particular accusations were made, as well as other leaders.

"It is natural and inevitable that Communists have made efforts to infiltrate the civil rights groups and to exploit the current racial situa ation. In view of the real in justices that exist and the resentment against them these efforts have been

100-106670-176

· (Rev. 12-13-56) FBI Date: 7/24/63 Transmit the following in _______ (Type in ain text or code) AIRTEL Via . REGISTERED APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIFTH OFFICES DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-116) SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16924) COMMUNIST PARTY, USA SUBJECT: NEGRO QUESTION COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS ReBuairtel 7/18/63. Attached for the Bureau are six copies and for New York one copy of letterhead memo captioned as above. No local dissemination has been made, inasmuch as all the information in the attached communication has been or will be disseminated to the Intelligence Agencies locally in the CP, USA, quarterly reports. ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 6 ENCLOSURE BUREAU (ENCS.-6) (REGISTERED)

1 - NEW YORK (ENC.-1) (REGISTERED)

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FD-35 ((Rev. 12-13-56)			; ! !	
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material available for release to you.
Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request
Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response
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Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies);
as the information originated with them. You we be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
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FBI/DOJ

: D-323 (Rev. 11-23-61)



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, Louisiana



July 24, 1963

Title COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

NEGRO QUESTION

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character

Reference

Memorandum captioned as above, dated July 24, 1963, at New Orleans,

Louisiana

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

4-750 (2-7-79)

No.



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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
#	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 100 - 106670 - 177 pgs 1-2.

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX July -26-63

Rt. Hon. J. Edgar Hoover Washington - DC.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a copy of the Augusta Courier in which a former counter spy for the FBI for 22 years, "Mr. Karl Prussion" stated over a radio interview WRDW Augusta. Ga, that Martin Luther King is a member of more Communist - Fronts than any Red in U.S.

Will you please advise me if this statement is correct, I believe it is.

In the past two weeks I've sent copies of the Augusta Courier, May 13th 63 issue to quite a number of Senators, both Democrat and Republican and have had nice letters from all of them in reply.

Several years ago here in Memphis, Senators Jenner and Eastland -"Committee were questioning known communists, I never missed a single minute of this meeting and sure learned a good deal about how the dirty skunks operate.

The Attorney General for the State of Kentucky paid his own way down here bringing along a written transcript which he read to the committee in which he enumerated the great handicaps he faced in dealing with communists & criminals due to decisions rendered by the Supreme Court.

I trust you will favor me with an early reply.

Most Respectfully yours. Memphis, 4-Tenn NOT RECORDED 46 AUG 7 1963 5180 Exe / SAR

3 ORIGINAL FILED

July 31, 1963

Memphis 4, Tennessee

Dear

b7(c)

Your letter of July 26th, with enclosure, has been received.

REC'D-READING ROOM In response to your inquiry, I would like to point out Karl Prussion assisted this Bureau by furnishing information on subversive activities from November, 1949, to July, 1958, during which time he was compensated; however, he was not a Special Agent. His personal ventures and his opinions and comments are strictly his own and the FBI is not in a position to comment on these in any way whatsoever.

Sincerely yours,

L Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

NOTE: No derogatory information appears in Bufiles concerning Stoner. His enclosure was a copy of the Augusta' Courier, which is published weekly by Roy V. Harris, It is rabidly segregationalist and has been critical of the Bureau in the past. DTP:cai (3)

> 1903 CHAM.FBI

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4-572 (Rev. 7-18-63)

OPTIONAL FORM NO 10
MAY 1992 2011ION

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UNITED STATES GOVE ... MENT

Memorandum

TO The Director

DATE: 8-1-63

ROM: N. P. Callahan

BJECT): The Congressional Record

Pages A4881-A4882. Congressman Williams, (D) Mississippi, extended his remarks concerning Communist influence on the civil rights movements. He included two articles from the Jackson (Mississippi) Clarion Ledger of July 26, 1963, entitled "RFK Says Mixers Not Communists" and "Martin Luther Admits Link Between SCLC, Former Red." It is stated in the first article "Kennedy also wrote Senator A. S. (Mike) Monroney, Democrat of Oklahoma, that Communist efforts to infiltrate integration groups have been 'remarkably unsuccessful.' - - - The Senator wrote FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover for his views and the latter turned the letter over to Kennedy. The Attorney General replied: Based on all available information from the FBI and other sources, we have no evidence that any of the top leaders of the major civil rights groups are Communists or Communist controlled. - - - " Mr. Williams stated "We have heard much about a 'color blind' Constitution lately, and I wonder if Attorney General Kennedy has become so color blind that he can not see even a touch of pink in this obviously Red-infiltrated movement for Negro equality."

12-11-79 5-180 RCB/AK

NOT RECORDED 126 AUG 9 1963

AUG 19 1963 3mh

In the original of a memorandum captioned and dated as above, the Congressional Record for ω_{ED} , γ_{-3} , was reviewed and pertinent items were marked for the Director's attention. This form has been prepared in order that portions of a copy of the original memorandum may be clipped, mounted, and placed in appropriate Bureau case or subject matter files.

TO THE STATE OF TH

(,

1 - Mr. Belmont - Mr. Mohr l - Mr. Sulliyan 1 - Mr. Evensive ILLIVIAL 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Rosen August 12, 1 - Mr. Bland1 - Mr. Forsyth BAYARD RUSTIN

The "Washington Post" of August 11, 1963, contained an article captioned "Organizer of D.C. March Is Devoted To Nonviolence." This article described Bayard Rustin as the Deputy Director of the committee planning the August 28, 1963, march in Washington, D.C.

Bayard Rustin was born March 17, 1913, at West Chester, Pennsylvania, and was educated at Wilberforces University and the City College of New York.

Rustin is reported to be an ardent pacifist and? has been affiliated with a number of pacifist-type organizations. He has delivered lectures at various universities and pacifist meetings throughout the United States and in India. He has been active in numerous picket lines and demonstrations and other agitation against military conscription and racial segregation. He has been arrested on several occasions for activities in the above connection. In 1952 he became Executive Secretary of the War Resisters League, an international pacifist organization and has worked for this organization to the present time.

On February 2, 1949, the American Consul General, Bombay, India, reported to the Department of State concerning unfavorable impressions made by Rustin during a six-week lecture tour during December, 1948, and January, 1949. It was noted that Rustin spoke very unfavorably and in an inflammatory manner regarding racial conditions in the United States, with his public appearances and statements being highlighted and given an anti-American slanting in the 100-106670-Indian press.

Rustin was investigated by this Bureau for Selective Service violation in 1943 and 1944, when he refused to comply with the provisions of the act on grounds of alleged conscientious objection. During the course of this investigation

100-158790	CONTINUE
1 - 100-106670 (Marti	m Luther King, Jr.)
See note, pg 3 TDR: scp/pag (13) MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT	GROUP
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Bayard Rustin



Agents of the New York-Office observed Rustin acting as Chairman of a pacifist-type meeting in New York City on February 12, 1943, during the course of which he urged men in the audience to come out on the stage and burn their draft cards. Rustin pleaded guilty on February 17, 1944, to an indictment charging violation of the Selective Service Act of 1940 and was sentenced to three years 'imprisonment on that date. He was conditionally released from prison on June 11, 1946.

In addition to the above arrest and conviction, it has been reported that at different times during the period 1948 to 1953 Rustin was arrested for such charges as disorderly conduct, New York City; violating local bus laws in Raleigh, North Carolina; picketing the French Embassy, Washington, D. C.:

67(c)

He reportedly accompanied four American pacifists to Africa in late 1959 to protest against hydrogen bomb tests by French authorities. He had in April, 1958, accompanied a small group of American pacifists to England to protest production of nuclear weapons. While this group was in England they participated in public demonstrations and attempted interviews with high-ranking government officials.

Bayard Rustin, described as Chairman of the War Resisters League, spoke before a public meeting of the Monroe Defense Committee held in New York City on October 5, 1961, in which he advocated militant aggressive action by the Negro people if there are no other means to procure equality. Rustin stated that there had been a breakdown in law enforcement on a national, state, county and local level in the South and that it was not only the right but the duty of Negro people to furnish the law enforcement protection themselves. Rustin stated that the Negro people should furnish this protection by armed force if necessary and by forming their own police force.

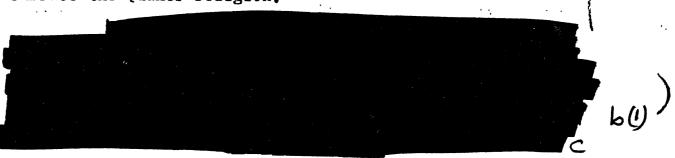


CENE ENTIN

Bayard Rustin

He said that this police force would not be recognized as such by state authorities but would be a moral police force with the right to bear arms, to stop, to question and to detain persons even though it was recognized that the state would call this kidnaping. These statements were made as Rustin believed that his former passive resistance had not been sufficient.

In the above-mentioned article appearing in the "Washington Post," Rustin indicated he had joined the Young Communist League in 1936. He claims to have soon dropped out of this organization breaking completely with it when the Young Communist League accepted racial segregation in the Armed Forces after Hitler attacked Russia. In addition to the above, according to his own admission, he was a member of the American Student Union in 1939 which has been cited as a communist front by the House Committee on Un-American Activities. Rustin has stated that he withdrew from this organization in 1940 to embrace the Quaker religion.



NOTE: See memo Bland to Sullivan dated 8/12/63 re
"Martin Luther King, Jr.," TDR:ccm/mea. Classified
"Confidential" because contains information from
confidential informants of continuing value, disclosure
of which would be prejudical to national defense interests.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONF CONFIAL August 12, 1963 Th**e** Attorney General 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Mohr Director, FBI 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Evans 1 - Mr. DeLoach MARTIN LUTHER KING 1 - Mr. Rosen SECURITY MATTER - C 1 - Mr. Bland RACIAL MATTERS 1 - Mr. Forsyth On August 10, 1963, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that King held a discussion with one Ted Brown, not further identified, concerning the "March on Washington" scheduled for August 28, 1963. (21) 20. Some concern was expressed to the effect that the response to the proposed demonstration from Washington was not going to be good. Brown indicated that the best way to obtain participation would be for the President "to let them have a half day off [L] During the conversation, observations were made about the possibility of "the Southerners," not further identified, attempting to expose one Bayer through a combination of attempts to show past connections with the communists and involvement in Q. a morals charge. The observation was made that "the Southerners" intendits challenge a statement attributed to you to the effect that civil rights leaders are not communists. (E) Brown made the observation that he hopes Bayeau don'ts take a drink before the march." King agreed, adding "and grab one little brother, cause he will grab one when he does have a dri While not definitely identifiable, the Bayer mentioned above may be identical with Bayard Rustin, described in the "Washington Post" of August 11, 1963, as the Deputy Director of the committee planning the August 28 march on Washington. This article captioned "Organizer of D. C. March is Devoted to Nonviolence" describes Rustin as having been a member of the Young Communist League in 1936. The article attributes Rustin with stating that he brokes completely when the League accepted racial segregation in the Armed Forces after Hitler attacked Russia. It also indicates that Rustin was convicted in 1953 in Pasadena, California on a morals charge. WAILED 25 see note, pg 2 REC'D MAIL COMMENTED TDR: ccm/mea/ (14) GROUP 1 XEROX Excluded from automatiq rotter_ downgrading and declassification ale. Room MAIL ROOM AUG 13 1963

CONFIDENTIAL

The Attorney General

Our files indicate that Rustin is reported to be an ardent pacifist, having been affiliated with a number of pacifist-type organizations. He has been active in numerous picket lines and demonstrations and other agitations against military conscription and racial segregation. He has been arrested on several occasions for these activities. He was convicted in 1944 for violation of the Selective Service Act of 1940. Rustin was the principal speaker at a meeting held in Portland, Oregon, on October 6, 1950, sponsored by the Fellowship of Reconciliation. In response to a direct question from the audience, Rustin stated that he formerly was a member of the Communist Party but was ne longer so affiliated. He was listed as an "impartial observer" at the Communist Party, USA, National Convention in 1957.

There is attached a more detailed summary of information appearing in the files of this Bureau concerning Rustin. In addition, by letter dated August 5, 1963, captioned "March on Washington, August 28, 1963," the Deputy Attorney General was furnished one copy each of fifteen reports and memorandum dated from December 7, 1942, through May 10, 1963, concerning Rustin. (41)

Enclosure

- 1 The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)
- 1 Mr. Burke Marshall (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General
- 1 Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General

NOTE:

"Classified "Confidential" because contains information from a confidential source, the disclosure of which would be prejudicial to the national defense.

See memo Bland to Sullivan 8/12/63, same caption, TDR:ccm/mea.

THE STATE OF THE S FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56) FBI Date: 8/5/63 Transmit the following in _ (Type in plain text or code) (Priority or Method of Mailing) DIRECTOR, FBI (100-358916) TO SAC, ATLANTA (100-6078) (RUC) FROM HUNTER PITTS O'DELL SUBJECT: IS - C (OO: NEW YORK) PITATIN LUTHER KING Re Bureau teletype to Atlanta 8/2/63; and New York letter to Director, 7/29/63. Enclosed herewith for both the Bureau and the New York office are the following copies of news articles: "Rev. King Denies O'Dell Link But His Office in N.Y. Differs", which appeared on page one of The Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Georgia, dated 7/26/63. "King Says O'Dell Left SCLC June 26", which appeared on page 4 of The Atlanta Journal, Atlanta, Georgia, dated 7/26/63. "King Denies O'Dell Now on SCIC Staff", which appeared on page two of The Atlanta Journal, Atlanta, Gaorgia, dated 7/25/63. "Onetime Communist Organizer Heads Rev. King's Office in N.Y.", which appeared on page one of The Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Georgia, dated 7/25/63. ENCLOSURE Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM) (AM) New York (100-91330) (Enc. 4) (RM) (AM) NOT RECORDER Sent . Agent in Charge

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Fielitie Carrinaline Ches.

Heads liev. Ling's Office in

By BILL SHIPP Constitution State News Little (Copyright 1968, by the

A 30-year-old Negro who has been identified as a discretionga-nizer for the Communist durity of SCLC office at 312 W 125th USA is now the of the sea street, has in recent months been SCLC office in New York is Ben-York Office of Dr. Martin Luiner, sugged in fund-raising activities jamin Van Clarke, 19, executive served as southern. Christian and mailing interature for Dr. Leadership Conference.

Sing's organization. Leadership Conference.

SCLC And one of In King's flow together to Savannah on a; Ot King some at the Color of the Police Am Linear plants. Give these workers a

He is Juck H. O'Deil, who reonce in December, 1982, and on demonstrations in Savannah.

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O'Deil, who me December, 1982, and on demonstrations in Savannah.

*W. He said again on Dec 11 in January 1963, O'Dell, . - Crieans Times-Picayune labeling - & O'Dell was no longer with King and other orticials of S'1 O'Dell a Communist

paid by SULC.

Among those working out of the of recent massive night street trains post in S. L. S. S.

For King said on Oct 31, 1962

apartments in Atlanta as a representation last fall after news as late as 1968, sensitive of SCLC.

The Solid again on Dec 1

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longer with SCLC.

O'Dell's expenses for at least temporarily on a permanent of the longer with SCLC votes registration of the trips to Atlanta were but "consect trustration to the longer but "consect trustration to the longer but "consect trustration to the longer lo but "ceased truichering there her before this publicity appeared. "

O'Dett, who also is v

Page 1 staulta est Constitution Atlanta, Georgia

Date: 7/25/63 Edition: ESTRIBE STROT Author: Bill Shipp Editor: Eugozo Patters

THE HARTIN LUTHER KIM, JR.

Character: IS-C

OF Classification:

Submitting Office:

SEARCHED JUL 25 1963

12-11-79

100-106670-

ENCLOSURE

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Services sub The maristrates

At the time is was an organizer. "Nothing was found to indicate that he was a communist," the was then convened in At the time is was an organizer. O Lo. was employed as a that he was a Communist," the which was then convened in Attacher to Policy the Nothing was found to indicate that he was a Communist, the which was then convened in Attacher to the National Committee of the Community Parts. the of the Community Party. The SCLC is a lax-exempt or

Morris said that G'Dell also eral tax regulations. has given directions for Community of Dell said in January of 1962 as activities time in the names, that he had severed all ties with time Vesty and Hen Jones.

O'Dell said in January of 1962 that he had severed all ties with the Communist Party.

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To "Ottleenship Work

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vicer, exts J. H. O'Der!

The Service of the Se the text of the New Or Spirited from SCLC last fall, pend-

ganization under Georgia and fed-

of the order of the second of O'Dell was an organizer of a · www.ced speaker.

ine National Guardian, a leftist

that Jack O'Les or O'l avuid men Young, ad- address a civil rights can rence.

mittee counsel at the hearing as a "dedicated zealot" to the Cornneumist cause.

At that time, 0 Dell gave his employment as an insurance agent in Montgomery, Ala. His name was listed as Hunter Pitts O'Dell.

At the hearing, O'Dell contended 1956. He said the plan was to be 'all the immunity the Constitution the premises occupation gives me as a Negro-the O'Dell in New Orleans. spaper, carried an advertise-First and Fifth amendments and any others' in refusing to say whether he was a Communist.

Arens also said O'Dell was tontified in 1967 as the "Un man" in Louisiana communistics since, Richard Arens, chief counsel for the recommendate, displayed a Com-who had been expelled for the manual for activities in the CIO National Martime Unit for contribution for the years 1955 and circulating a peace petition.

Rev. King Denies O'Dell Link But His Office in N.Y. Differs

Dr. Martin Luther King denied hursday that a man previously dentified as a Communist Party reganizer is presently employed by the Southern Christian Leader-hip Conference.

But the Negro leader said, in inswer to a question by United Press International's Al Kuettner,

No evidence Rev. King is Communist controlled, Robert Kennedy says. Story on Page 7.

he could not explain why a nivestigation Thursday morn-found that the man, Jack H.

By TED SIMMONS

istrator" with the organization.

UPI said a staff employe who answered the telephone at the SCIC New York office Thursday morning said O'Dell was still with the office as "administrator" of the New York operation. Later in the day the same office told the UPI he was not connected with the agency and had no knowledge of his whereabouts.

"Mr. O'Dell is not presently on (SCLC's) staff . . . (he is) not his effects from the office, with the conference at all now," Dr. King told an afternoon press Dr. King told an afternoon press conference in Atlanta. An SCLC righted story in Wednesday's Authorized barded by the Rest. Tound that the man, Jack H. delegation, headed by the Rev. Dell, was identified by SCLC's Ralph Abernathy. See and York office as an "admin-the Rev. Andrew Years, grogram

director, told The Constitution after the press conference that upor inquiry Dr. King had discovered that O'Dell had been by the organization's New York office Thursday and that King was sur-

The delegation said that King and the SCLC agreed to remove O'Dell from the SCLC staff on June 26, but indicated that it may have been that O'Dell had responded that it would take until around July 15 for him to clear

The news conference was calles lanta Constitution. The story, unnewspaper, city and state.)

Page 1

Edition: DCTBing stree Author: Tod Simmons Editor: Engone Patterson Title: MARTIN LUTHER

KIUS, JR.

Character: IS-C

Classification:

Submitting Office: ATLAM

INDEXED SERIALIZED THE FILL OF JUL 26 1963

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ENCLOSURE

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ENCLOSURE

der the haire of State News Editor بالمراقبة, stated that the 39-year-old O'Deil, a Negro, is now director of the New York office of the integrationist organi-

At the conference, Dr. King accused The Constitution of "Mc-Carthy tactics" and of "yielding to the pressures of the reaction-

He said he is "disappointed (and) appalled that such a great newspaper . . . would engage in this sort of McCarthy tactics."

Dr. King labeled the story as being "packed with half-truths and vicious innuendoes," but he declined to reply directly to a question as to whether or not he would ask for a retraction.

STANDS BY STORY

"I would hope that The Constitution would make a retraction' of its own volition, he said.

Shipp, in answer to a newsman's questions concerning the story, derined to name the source of his -Mormation

"The story is accurate, and I wind by it," he said.

King, who kept some 15 newsnen waiting for an hour while he prepared a statement, said O'Dell is not now employed by SCLC, and that he has never held a "policy - making position" with the integrationist organization.

King said O'Dell had been released "by mutual agreement" from SCLC on June 26, and that he (King) had subsequently written letters to this effect, one copy of which he said was forwarded to Atty. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy.

SAYS HE RESIGNED

King told Associated Press Thursday morning that O'Dell had. resigned from the organization last November and that his resignation was made permanent this ...

sing reported on Oct. 31 are again on Dec. 1, 1982 " ! ! !! had resigned from SC. and made no attempt to ax-

plain why, as late as Thursday | uod his employment : - lew York office as an administrator with the organization.

'I haven't had any knowledge of this," he said. "I don't know if he's been in the office."

Dr. King said he had contacted a secretary in the New York office Thursday morning and that she "stated that Mr. O'Dell had not been in the office, and that they had told no one" that he was associated with the conference.

Dr. King said O'Dell, who took the Fifth Amendment before the House UnAmerican Activities Committee here in 1958, had worked for SCLC on two occasions, but "purely in the capacity of a technician."

"He came to us after having served with the Bronx Committee of Citizens for Kennedy in 1960 and (having) received a letter of commendation from Robert M. Morganthau, who later was an unsuccessful Democratic Party candidate for the governor of New York," King said.

He said that when articles appeared which linked O'Dell with the Communist Party "we asked for his temporary resignation, pending an investigation."

The investigation, King said, satisfied SCLC that O'Dell "had no present connection with the Communist Party, nor any sympathy with the philosophy.

him back on the staff and contin- gle."

manding O'Dell was being identi-months on a temporary basis," first to exister in SCLC's New King said. He said O'Dell was again released "when it became evident last May in Birmingham ... that Mr. O'Dell's employment by the Southern Christian Leadership Conference could be used against the organization by segregationists and race baiters."

Dr. King said The Constitu-tion's story "stands corrected" in several areas, but he mentioned only two specific ones, one of which concerned the headline.

He said O'Dell "has never been in our employ as director of the New York office," as the headline stated.

The story implied King did. that O'Dell "served in the past as Southeastern director" of STIC.

"The truth is that he did not function in this capacity, and was never considered for such a position," King said.

King said he was not aware of O'Dell's Communistic connections when O'Dell first joined the SCLC staff and added:

"It is a firm policy that no person of known Communist affiliation can serve on the staff, executive board or membership at large."

Dr. King denounced The Constitution story and a previous series of stories about recent integration efforts in Savannah as tending "to give substance to" -aat he called a "calculated design an the part of reactionaries to singar "On the basis of this, we brought | and destroy the civil rights mitg-

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King Dénies O'Dell Now on SCLC Staff

Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Thursday denied published reports that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a Negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro identified as a pending an investigation of "allements that a negro district organizer for the Communist party is connected with job with the SCLC and worked the New York office of the South- in the New York office "as a ern Christian Leadership Confer- person who dealt with the mailing.

King, president of SCLC, said a mail appeals." King, president of SCLC, said a news story published Thursday by The Atlanta Constitution "is filled with errors and what I consider libellous information." He added: "I am conferring with my at turney now and may have an other statement later today." "The implication is made," King said, "that O'Dell presently is on the staff, which brings my integrity into question. The story gives the impression he is the other statement later today." "The implication is made," King said, "that O'Dell presently is on the staff, which brings my integrity into question. The story gives the impression he is the other statement later today." "The implication is made," King said, "that O'Dell presently is on the staff, which brings my integrity into question. The story gives the impression he is the implication is made," King said, "that O'Dell presently is on the staff, which brings my integrity into question. The story gives the impression he is the implication is made," King said, "that O'Dell presently is on the staff, which brings my integrity into question. The story gives the impression he is the

King said O'Dell applied for a He was a technician who handled

O" - 1. resigned last November soing now.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page 2
The Atlanta Journal
Atlanta, Ga.

Date: 7/25/63 Edition: final

Editor: Jack Spalding Title: MARTIN LUTHER

KING, JR.

Character: IS-C

Classification:

Submitting Office:

AUG

100-106670-

ENCLOSURE

SEARCHED __INDEXEB HILL (DOL JUL 36 1963 FBI - ATLANTA

King Says O'Dell Left SCLC June 26

Integration leader Martin Little Ring said Thursday that Jack H. King said Thursday that Jack H. C'Dell, who was linked by congressional committees to a Congressional committee to a Congress Leadership Conference.
But King said O'Dell, a 39-year-

old Negro, of New York, had left the SCLC for the second time on Jame 26 and is no longer asso-clined with the movement.

deny a report in The Atlanta struggle."

The Constitution reported Friday morning that, after the press day morning that, after the press of the constitution reported Friday morning that, after the press day morning that, after the press of the constitution reported Friday morning that after the press of the constitution reported Friday morning that after the press of the constitution reported Friday morning that after the press of the constitution reported Friday morning that after the press of the constitution reported Friday morning that a struggle. ing called a news conference deny a report in the report in the report in that O'Dell was currently employed by the SCLC in

any capacity. King acknowledged that O'Dell may have had some connections in the past" with communism but "we were convinced that he had renounced them and had become committed to the Christian philosophy of nonviolence in dealing with America's social injustices.

on June 26 by "mutual agreement" because of concern that
his affiliation with the integration
movement would be used against
it by "segregationists and race
baiters."

The Communication in the staff on June 28, by
indicated that it may have built
that O'Dell had responded in the control of the control o

The Constitution described O'Dell as director of the SCLC New York office. A staff employe Training is New York than time.

However, later in the day the same office said he was not connected with the agency and it had no knowledge of his where abouts.

King said the O'Dell issue w to forestall and basic galed seem and seem and seems to seem to seem the seems of t

conference Thursday afternoon, an SCLC delegation told the newspaper that, upon inquiry, Dr. King had discovered that O'Dell had been at the organization's office Thursday, and that King was surprised.

(The delegation said that the SCLC agreed to remove O'Des King said O'Dell left the SCLC from the staff on June 26, 23 (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page 4 The Atlanta Journal Atlanta, Georgia

Date: 7/26/63 Edition: final

Editor: Jack Spalding Title: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Character: IS-C

Classification:

Submitting Office: ATLANT

_. 176 X+32

1- Jele fole

700-106670-

ENCLOSURE

Tolson UNITED STATE **ANMENT** Memorandum Callaha Conrad DeLoach Evans _ , To Mr. W. C. Sullivan DATE: August 6, 1963 Tavel _____ Trotter ____ Tele. Room **FROM** Mr. J. F. Bland SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, SECURITY MATTER - C Because of continued interest and activity involving the use of the file concerning the captioned individual, all sections of it should be retained in Room 827 Riddell Building. RECOMMENDATION: • The file be retained in Room 827 Riddell Building and this memorandum be forwarded to Records Section for their information and guidance. 100-106670 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Tavel 1 - Mr. Medler 1 - Mr. Bland REC- 41 100-106670 1 - Mr. Forsyth AUG 13 1963

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
¥	Deleted under exemption(s) b7(b) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will
	be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
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	For your information:
7	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
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XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX	X NO DUPLICATION FEE X X FOR THIS PAGE X XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

COLORE SUREAL OF THE 9. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION URGENT 8-8-63 10-07 PM DE TO DIRECTOR-16- 157-286 AND SAC NEW ORLEANS, / ATT CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION AND GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION./ electronic FROM SAC NEW YORK 157-826 MARTIN LUTHER KING, RACIAL MATTERS. ON EIGHT EIGHT SIX THREE WAS IN A POSITION TO FURNISH RELIABLE INFORMATION, FURNISHED INFORMATION INDICATING THAT MARTIN LUTHER KING HAD BEEN ADVISED THIS DATE BY ONE OF HIS ASSISTANTS THAT " ANDY" HAD GONE TO NEW ORLEANS SINCE ANDY THOUGHT THAT BIG THINGS WERE GOING ON DOWN THERE AND HE DID NOT WANT THE SCLC TO BE LEFT OUT. KING WAS FURTHER ADVISED THAT " THEY" WOULD START

THAT BIG THINGS WERE GOING ON DOWN THERE AND HE DID NOT WANT THE

SCLC TO BE LEFT OUT. KING WAS FURTHER ADVISED THAT "THEY" WOULD START

DEMONSTRATING SHORTLY IN NEW ORLEANS, IN TWO OR THREE DAYS EITHER ON

MONDAY OR ON THE WEEKEND. NO DEFINITE INFORMATION AVAILABLE. THIS

SOURCE FURTHER INDICATED THAT KING PLANS TO APPEAR ON THE LAWRENCE

SPIVAK, "MEET THE PRESS" PROGRAM IN THE NEAR FUTURE. NEW ORLEANS

USE EXTREME CAUTION IN THE UTILIZATION OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION IN ORDER

TO PROTECT THE IDENTITY OF THIS SOURCEW COPYN THIS TRLETTER BEING

FORWARDED TO ATLANTA BY AIR-MAIL.

REC. 24 / OPEN THIS TRLETTER BEING

FORWARDED TO ATLANTA BY AIR-MAIL.

10-13 M PM NY R 16 WA WS

¥

FBI Date: 8/9/63 Transmit the following in _ (Type in plain text or code) AIRTEL Via (Priority or Method of Mailing) DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670) TO FROM SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585) SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING SM-C (OO:ATLANTA) Enclosed herewith are eight copies of a letterhead memo reflecting information which sets forth an itinerary for MARTIN LUTHER KING. This information was received 8/8/63, from who is in a position to furnish reliable information. This memo is classified "Confidential" because it 67(0) contains information from the unauthorized disclosure of which would seriously impair the investigation wof the CP, USA, and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national interest of this country. 4 - Bureau (100-106670)(Encs.8)(RM) (1 - 157-) (March on Washington 8/28/63) 2 - Washington Field (157-)(March on Washington, 8/28/63) (Encs.2)(RM)(1 - 100 -(MARTIN LUTHER KING) - Atlanta (100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (Enc.1) (RM) - Chicago (100-)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)(Info)(Enc.1)(RM) 1 - New York (100-136585) Copy to U.A.o U.TREC CO C C . WICH Approved: 6 2 AUU ZU Gert al Agent in Charge

119-29 RCB\$ 180/ Erom



U. TED TATES DEPARTMENT OF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York

August 9, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. BU 100-106070

NY 100-136585

AND REPTOR AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED ET ROUTING. SLIP(S) OF BATE_

Re: Martin Lutner King Security Matter - C

On August 8, 1963, a confidential source who is in a position to furnish reliable information advised that Martin Luther King was presently in New York City for an approximate ten day visit. According to this source, on August 26, 1963, King plans to take his family back to Atlanta, Georgia, and then plans to be in Chicago on noon of August 27, 1963 for a speech. According to this source King would then fly to Washington arriving there on the evening of August 27, 1963.

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> > CONFIDENTIAL Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

> > > 12-11-19

515: ECBI UHL

11-9-79 RCB \$1801 EAM

on 14.00 11.6.680

FBI Date: 8/14/63 Transmit the following in (Type in plain text or code) (Priority or Method of Mailing) DIRECTOR, FBI (157-970)
(ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION) SAC, NEW YORK (157-905) FROM MARCH ON WASHINGTON, AUGUST 28, 1963 SUBJECT: RACIAL MATTERS (00:WFO) Enclosed herewith are eight copies of a letterhead memo reflecting information received from who has furnished reliable information in the past. Enclosed letterhead memo makes mention that "they" were going to put six men in Washington and Baltimore and they have three men in Philadelphia. It is not known definitely Bureau (157-970)(Encs.8)(RM)
(1 - 100-106670)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)

1 - Washington Field (157-257)(MOW)(Enc.1)(RM)

1 - Philadelphia (157-)(MOW)(Enc.1)(RM)

1 - Baltimore (157-)(MOW)(Enc.1)(RM)

1 - Richmond (157-)(MOW)(Enc.1)(RM) 1 - Baltimore (157-)(MOW)(Enc.1)(RM)
1 - Richmond (157-)(MOW)(Enc.1)(RM)
1 - Norfolk (157-)(MOW)(Enc.1)(RM)
1 - Atlanta (100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)(Enc.1)(RM)
1 - New York (100-136585)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1 - New York (157-905) NOT RECORDED ENCLOSURF. 162 AUG 21 1963 JPD:kmk (13**)**

ORIGINAL COPY FILED

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NY 157-905

what this refers to; however, reference is made to WFO airtel to Bureau cc New York entitled "March on Washington, 8/28/63", dated 8/6/63, wherein mention is made to information furnished by Reverend WALTER E. FAUNTROY, Washington, DC, a representative of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference indicating that March on Washington headquarters would be moved from New York City to Washington, DC, about 8/18/63. It is believed that the placing of men in Washington and Baltimore may have reference to this information furnished by Reverend FAUNTROY.

This memo is classified "Conf dential" because it b(2) contains information from the cone unauthorized disclosure b7(b) of which could seriously impair the investigation of the CP, USA, and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national interest of the country.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York August 14, 1963

The Control of the State of the

Bureau 157-970 New York 157..905

> Re: March on Washington, August 28, 1963 RACIAL MATTERS

On August 13, 1963, a confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on that date Martin Luther King had a discussion regarding the March on Washington with one "Tom", an unidentified individual. According to this source, Tom advised King that "they" were trying to get 150,000 people in Washington, and that it looked like there would be more white people than Negroes. Tom further stated that they were going to put six men in Washington and Baltimore and they have three in Philadelphia. Tom further stated they have estimated that there will be 15,000 from Philadelphia, but admitted that he thought that this figure of 15,000 from Philadelphia was too high. Both King and Tom agreed that they had to contact

> This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Group 1 Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Accluse DATE la liul-

12-11-79

COMPANIE

The second of th

Re: March on Washingt August 28, 1963

ministers to support the March on Washington. King stated that we cannot afford to have under 100,000 people and that there had to be more Negroes than whites. Tom stated that there would be at least seven buses from Suffolk, Virginia, and that Richmond, Norfolk and other little towns in Virginia were sending buses. Tom also advised King that he estimated that 50,000 people would come to Washington from outside the New York area; that 12 trains of 1,000 people each would come from New York, and that 60 buses would come from Long Island. Tom added that a conservative estimate would be 35,000 coming from New York.

This source further indicated that Tom was a minister and that he plans to go to Washington on Sunday, presumably August 18, 1963, to put pressure on ministers to support the March on Washington.

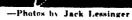
- 2 -

CONFIDENTIAL

THE SOUTHERN PATRIOT

Southern Integrationists Honored at Reception







(By Staff Correspondent)

NEW YORK, N.Y.-More than 600 persons gathered in the ballroom of the Roosevelt Hotel here to honor SEF and all who work for integration in the South. The occasion was the annual reception of the New York Friends of SCEF.

Main speaker was Dr. Martin Luther Kirk, Jr. He is shown in photo at top left talking with Dr. James L. Hepp, Charleston W. Va., secretary-emeritus of SCEF. Listening are D. King's administrative assistant, the Rev. Wyatt Tee Walker, Bisho Henry C. Bunton, an SCEF board member, and Miss Anne Revere, hoted actress who read a tribute to the late Mrs. Eleanor Roosevel at the reception (see article at right below). At top right, Dr. King s welcomed by Maurice Mogulescu, Co-chairman of the New York Friends of SCEF.

Dr. King brought greetings from the Soutern Christian Leadership Conference, which he heads, reviewed the progress made thus far by the integration movement, and emphisized the tremendous unfinished task that lies ahead.

"It is one of the strange ironies of history hat in a nation founded, on the principle that all men are treated equil, we are still arguing over whether the color of a man's skin detern res his character," Dr. King said.

"We must face the tragic facty" he adde that in 1962, in the United States of America, with Al its great & entific and technological progress, it is necessary for more than 1 00 troops to stand in Oxford, Miss., in order to see that a courage us James Meredith is able to go to the University that is carried by the tax money of that state. That reveals that we are far from be American dream."

The other main speaker from the South as Mrs. Diane Bevel, young civil-rights leader and held secretary for the Student Non-Coordinating Committee, who with er husband, the Rev.







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The other main speaker from the South as Mrs. Diane Bevel. young civil-rights leader and field secretary or the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, who with pr husband, the Rev. James, Bevel, is working in the hard-core seggationist area of the Mississippi Delta.

She is shown at right being congratulat after her speech by Miss Revere. Standing by are Mogulescu and t. Rev. William Howard Melish, SCEF Eastern Representative.

Mrs. Bevel described her first involvement i the nonviolent action movement as a student sit-in leader as an "fatuat on." Now that she has witnessed the "mass exploitation, hred, waste of human resource, destruction, and degradation" that a the fruits of bigotry, the infatuation has grown into a "love affair she said.

She called on the civil-rights movemento move beyond the "infatuation" stage of unplanned spurts of tivity here and there and launch a far-flung teaching program to put into the hands of the people the weapon of nonviolence." Sh said: "To overthrow the system in Mississippi will indeed require mass movement."

Chairman of the evening was the Rev Clarence Snelling, Jr. (Lower left, SCEF heard-mondon and Investor of graduate studies at Drew Universy. He presided in the absence of Bishop Edgar A. Love, SCEF chaman, who was out of

Another speaker was John Henry Faul (lower right), noted radio personality. Entertainment was provied by the Caribbeans, who sang Calypso songs and demonstrated the Limbo.

Some Words of Praise

Bevel paid high tribute to unswervin devotion to a prin-SCEF in the course of their re- ciple, a case. . . . As we move marks. Dr. King said: "I have on in the lays ahead, we will

Both Dr. King and Mrs. stood thee because of their the good fortune and the privi- all remainindebted to the lead-







A Tribute to Mrs. Roosevelt

One of the high points of this year's SCEF reception in New York was a tribute to the late Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt.

The tribute was written by Aubrey W. Williams, Montgomery, Ala., SCEF president emeritus, long-time close associate of Mrs. Roosevelt. and director of the National Youth Administration under President Roosevelt.

It was read by the actress. Anne Revere, because ill health prevented Mr. Williams from attending. "Besides," Mr. Williams had written to SCEF officials, "I could not talk about her if I did come, I'd break down and choke up . . . "

In the past, Mrs. Roosevelt often attended SCEF receptions in New York, sometimes as chairman. In introducing Miss Revere, SCEF Executive Director James Dombrowski recalled especially the year when Mrs. Roosevelt and two other great women who were honored guests, Mrs. Mary Mc-Leod Bethune and Madame Pandit, square-danced with the guests in the ballroom of the Ritz.

equal treatment or opportunity. She held fast also to what I feel is probably the best definition of the New Deal, that whatever happens to people is concern of government. . . .

"She had a special place in her heart and mind for the troubled land of the South Stanton and this founding sessions of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare in Birmingham, 1938. At the Youth Session, she took a seat on the side where the police had placed the Negro youth. The police approached her and said it was 'against the law' to sit with them. 'Well,' she said, 'you get us chairs and we will sit in the aisle,'

"She had a special devotion to the Southern Conference Educational Fund. When she was finally forced to go to the hospital in late September she had an appointment with its executive director, Dr. James A. Dombrowski, for the purpose of making final arrangements for her part in this meeting.

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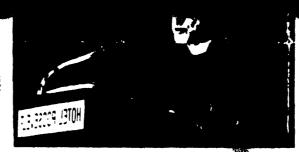
Some Words of Praise

Both Dr. King and Mrs. Bevel paid high tribute to SCEF in the course of their remarks. Dr. King said: "I have the good fortune and the privilege of knowing and working with the leaders of SCEF. As we continue this struggle, we intend to continue together....

"As you support SCEF, you support an organization that has in a real way served as the conscience of hundreds and thousands of people across this nation in general and in the South in particular, even some people who did not want their consciences aroused. The leaders and members of the staff of this organization have been willing to stand up amid abuse, amid harassment. They have

stood thee because of their unswerving devotion to a principle, a caise... As we move on in the days ahead, we will all remainindebted to the leaders of this organization and those who have supported it for its significant contribution..."

Mrs. Bevel said: "As a field secretary for SNCC, I can say that SCEF has been an organization upon whom we could depend when we needed them most. . . . As an individual, I am an admirer of SCEF for its important work in the freedom struggle and for its crusade in the area of civil libertles which is inseparable from civil rights. Some of the people whom I know in SCEF are among the people I admire most. . . ."





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The tribute by Mr. Williams described some of the many occasions on which Mrs. Roosevelt took up the cudgels for the disinherited of the earth the unemployed youth, minority groups—and how her efforts sparked the beginning of such movements as NYA, FEPC, and public housing.

Mr. Williams wrote: "It is difficult if not impossible to convey by words Eleanor Roosevelt.... To an unusual degree she possessed all, or almost all, of the virtues which have come to represent the moral laws of mankind.

"To these qualities she added a practical turn of mind. She was always and forever slapping some common sense into the American people . . . She was a fighter too. . . . She placed duty high on her scale of values . . .

"Above all she loved people, and could not bear to stand aloof when people were hungry, or sick, or homeless, or were unjustly treated, or denied equal treatment or opportunity. She held fast also to what I feel is probably the best definition of the New Deal, that whatever happens to people is the concern of government. . . .

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"She had a special devotion to the Southern Conference Educational Fund. When she was finally forced to go to the hospital in late September she had an appointment with its executive director, Dr. James A. Dombrowski, for the purpose of making final arrangements for her part in this meeting.

"After I came home from her burial at Hyde Park, I wrote to Jim: 'I felt your absence and felt that you should be there and inasmuch as I was there that I represented you.

"In fact I had the feeling, as a live many others there had, that I was a md-in for many people—Mrs. Bethune, H. L. Mitchell, and the sharecroppers whom she had helped overcome the bureaucrats of Washington, the Nisei for whom she fought during World War II, all youth that she served in so many ways, the people who lived in the city and on the farm slums—how broad were her labors of service and love. . . .

"'It was very sad, sadder than I ever thought it would be, I felt as they lowered her into the grave that it was the saddest moment I had ever lived. . . . We, the world that is, and the world we hope for, have lost a greatly good and gifted friend.'"

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56) FBI 8/15/63 Date: Transmit the following in (Type in plain text or code) AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing) TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-10667C) SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585) FROM MARTIN LUTHER KING SUBJECT: SM-C (OO:ATLANTA) b(2) b7(0) On 8/14/63, furnished information to MARTIN LUTHER KING made the following reservations with furnished information that United Airlines: 8/17/63 United Airlines Flight #739 Leave Newark 8:15 a.m. Arrive Chicago 9:15 a.m. 8/18/63 Delta Airlines Flight #833 Leave Chicago 5:50 p.m. Arrive Atlanta 7:29 p.m. 8/21/63 Delta Airlines Flight #834 Leave Atlanta 9:15 a.m. Arrive Chicago 10:49 a.m. 8/22/63 United Airlines Flight #600 Leave Chicago 8:30 a.m. Arrive Newark 11:25 a.m. The above is being furnished Atlanta and Chicago for information. 3 - Bureau (100-106670)(RM)
1 - Atlanta (100-5586)(Info)(RM)
1 - Chicago (Info)(RM)
1 - New York (100-136585) KCB 37801 EAM 1

It is noted that on 8/15/63, furnished information to the effect that KING may delay his departure until Sunday morning 8/18/63, however, there has been no indication that the reservations set forth have been changed.

36 (Rev. 12-13-56)		
•	- FBI	
•	Date: 8/11/63	
nsmit the following	ı in	,
AIRTEL	(Type in plain text or code)	
	(Priority or Method of Mailing)	
TO	: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)	
FROM	: SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585)	
SUBJECT	DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING	
	(00: Atlanta)	j
	ReNYtel to Bureau and Atlanta, 8/11/63.	
memo com	Enclosed for the Bureau are 8 copies of letterhead accerning conversation between KING and TED BROWN (ph).	
for Atla	Two copies of letterhead memo are also enclosed anta.	
letterhe	The confidential source mentioned in enclosed ead memo is $b(2)b7(b)$	
therein of this	informant and such impairment could have an adverse.	
	PREVIOUSLY disseminated 8/11/62. From My Helstype dates 8/11/62. Sent 8/12/63 to 146, Deputy 44, AAA QUEEK MARSHALL And	
المراجة المراجة	APA. YEARLY NO Actions 100-1366 700-184	
2-Atlant	a (100-106670) (Encls . 8) (RM) (a (100-55867) (Encls . 2) (RM) (crk (100-136585)	
RAS:bk (7)	ice org. unit. 8/16/65. Fortille	
Approved:	Sent Sent in Charge	

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

U! "ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

USTICE

New York, New York August 11, 1963

APPRICATE AGENCIES

AND FILLD OFFICES

ADVISED TO ROUTING

SE

Re: Dr. Martin Luther King Security Matter - C

On August 10, 1963, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that during a conversation between Martin Luther King and Ted Brown (phonetic) on August 10, 1963, both discussed in generalities the "March on Washington." During this conversation Ted told King, your boy Bert Marshall is scared stiff and so is the Attorney General. Ted said that they all are scared in Washington because of the possibility of violence.

Source advised later in the conversation Ted told King he was leery of the number of participants from Washington that would take part in the "March" and felt that the response was not going to be very good. Ted told King the best way to get them to participate would be for the President to let them have a half of a day off.

Source advised later in the discussion King asked Ted if he had heard anything about an attempt being made by some of the Southerners to expose Bayer (phonetic) (Last Name Unknown). Ted said he had and that this is going to happen and he (Ted) thinks "they are going to make a hell of a mess of it." Source advised "They" were never identified by King or Ted but believed they were possibly referring to the Southerners mentioned earlier. Source stated King and Ted also discussed a call to Adam (Last Name Unknown) apparently made by King about a year ago and a subsequent rating given to Bayer by the Civil Service Commission. Source stated Ted advised King "They" are getting ready to unload Bayer and advised him (King) about an article that appeared in a Nashville newspaper which stated that "They" were going to challenge the statement of the Attorney General, where he said that the civil rights march leaders were not Communist. Source advised further that Ted said the article also mentioned that the Southerners are going to call J. Edgar Hoover in and ask him or make him produce the Federal Bureau of Investigation file on Bayer. Source advised Ted believed this is the way "They" intend to expose Bayer and discredit the

12-11-79

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Group 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

Re: Dr. Martin Luther King

statement of the Attorney General. Source stated that King added that it will be a combination of trying to show past connections with the Communists and morals charges.

Source advised that in parting, Ted said to King he hoped Bayer doesn't take a drink before the "March". Source said King agreed and added "grab one little brother, cause he will grab one when he has had a drink."

It is noted the source did not know the full name of Adam or Bayer but it is possible that Adam is Adam Clayton rowell and Bayer could be Bayard Rustin, Director of Headquarters for March on Washington.

4-750 (2-7-79)





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Jm.

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				8/14/63	į		
ansmit	the following in	PLA IN	TEXT Type in plain text	or code)			· ·
ia	AIRTEL		AIR MAII				-
			(Priority or	Method of Mailing)			
	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (ATTN: CIVII GENER	, RIGHTS SE	CTION, GATIVE DIVIS	ION	3	?
'	FROM:	SAC, NEW ORLEAD	s (100-168	00) (RUC)	dans 1	HE AL 9	
	SUBJECT:	MARTIN LUTHER K	ING		76.43) U	2	
	MING's as ANDY thou he did no (SCLC) to demonstra	Re New York tel wherein reference sistants "ANDY" aght that big thing the South be left out; and the Monday or on the south or or on the south or	e is made that gone the had gone the had gone the had been christed further the had been characteristics.	to the fact to New Orlear coing on down ian Leadersh that "they" ans in two or	that one one, since on there and there and the confer would sta	of file rence	
	YOUNG, JI It Was in Atlant in the an tion pro, New Orlea	who is affiliate R <u>who</u> se father	ed with the was a dent lon that YO sirmingham, and in part thou if	ist in New (DUNG, JR., li Alabama, an icular, in v YOUNG, JR.,	Orleans, lived either and was act regions to the contract of t	ta. er tive istra-	b7(t
1	2 - New 1 1 - Atlan	au (RM) - M / M York (157-826) (F nta (Info.) (RM) ingham (Info.) (F	that she was	ync AUG 16	that "AIII	ANATO	b7(0
	JIQ:jas		RC	12 AUG 16	1963		! !
	ماس	H& Perf2-11-7	4 5185				

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NO 100-16800:jas

YOUNG, JR., had come to New Orleans in the last few days. She said that he was active in the SCLC. She said she did not know why he was in town but assumed since his father lives here and YOUNG, JR., is a native of this city, he was probably just home for a visit.

for any demonstrations of any type in New Orleans in the immediate future, nor had they any plans to initiate a voter registration drive.

It should be noted that at the time was contacted, he likewise reported nad no plans for any type of demonstration, to his knowledge, nor did he know of any planned or scheduled demonstrations in the immediate vicinity of New Orleans.

67(b)



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	For your information:
#	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 100-106670-187.

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX BERNALD LEE VS. CLARENCE M. LELL_, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) VS. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial /8% pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

100-106670 · SECTIONS

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4-40 AM AM JCM TO DIRECTOR 100-106670 AND SAC ATLANTA 100-5586 FROM SAC NEW YORK MARTIN LUTHER KING

SM-C

SECURITY MATTER-COMMUNIST

OO ATLANTA

RE NY TELEPHONE CALL TO BUREAU 2-20 PM 8-10-63

PAREN RELIABLE PAREN ADVISED ON EIGHT b7(1) LAST THAT DURING A CONVERSATION BETWEEN TED BROWN PARENRHONETAC PAREN AND KING ON SAME DATE BOTH DISCUSSE IN GENERALITIES QUOTE MARCH ON WASHINGTON UNQUOTE. DURING THIS CONVERSATION TED KING YOUR BOY BERT MARSHALL IS SCARED STIFF AND SO IS THE ATTORNEY GENERAL. TED SAID THAT THEY ALL ARE SCARED IN WASHINGTON BECAUSE POSSIBILITY OF VIOLENCE.

LATER IN CONVERSATION TED TOLD KING HE WAS LEARY OF NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS IN QUOTE MARCH UNQUOTE FROM WASHINGTON AND FELT THE RESPONCE WAS NET GOING TO BE GOOD . TED SAID BEST WAY TO GET THEM TO PARTICIPATE WOULD BE FOR THE PRESIDENT TO LET THEM HAVE A HALF DAY OFF . .

DURING CONVERSATION KING ASKED IF TED HAD HEARD ANYTHING ABOUT PAREN PONETIC PAREN 12 AUG 26 1963

END PAGE ONE SULL A SUMALLY A SUMALL MR. BELLICHT FOR THE DIRECTOR

12-11-79

\$180 B4B/JAR

PAGE TWO

TED SAID HE HAD AND THAT THIS IS GOING TO HAPPEN AND HE THINKS QUOTE THEY ARE GOING TO MAKE A HELL OF A MESS OF IT UNQUOTE . PAREN QUOTE THEYPAREN WERE NOT IDENTIFIED BY KING OR TED BUT POSSIBLY REFERING TO SOUTHERNERS MENTIONED ABOVE PAREN . KING AND TED ALSO DISCUSSED A CALL APPARENTLY MADE BY KING TO QUOTE ADAM UNQUOTE PAREN POSSIBLY ADAM CLAYTON POWELL PAREN ABOUT A YEAR AGO AND A SUBSEQUENT RATING GIVEN BAYER BY THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISION . TED SAID THEY ARE GETTING READY TO UNLOAD BAYER AND THAT LAST WEEK AN ARTICLE CAME OUT FROM THE NASHVILLE PAPER AND WHAT THEY ARE GOING TO DOD

IS CHALLENGE THE STATEMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL WHERE HE SAID THAT THE CIVIL RIGHTS LERADERS WERE NOT COMMUNIST . TED SAID IT WAS ALSO MENTIONED THAT THE SOUTHERNERS ARE GOING TO CALL

J. EDGAR HOOVER AND ASK HIM OR MAKE HIM PRODUCE THE FBI FILES ON BAYER AND THAT IS THE WAY THEY ARE GOING

TO DO IT. PAREN PRESUMABLY THIS REFERS TO METHOD IN WHICH THEY INTEND TO DISCREDIT ATTORNEY GENERAL PAREN . KING ADDED IT WILL BE A COMBINATION OF TRYING TO SHOW PAST CONNECTIONS WITH THE . COMMUNISTS AND MORALS CHARGE.

TED SAID HE HOPED BAYER DON- T TAKE A DRINK BEFORE THE QUOTE MARCH UNQUOTE .

KING AGREED AND ADDED AND GRAB ONE LITTLE BROTHER, CAUSE HE WILL GRAB ONE WHEN HE HAS A DRINK.

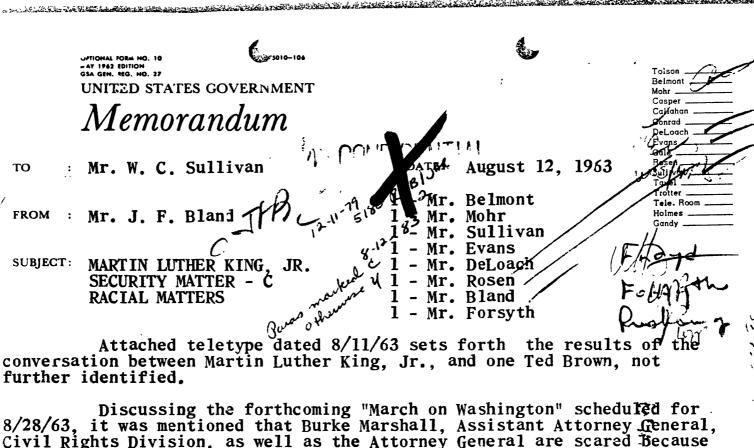
IT IS NOTED INFORMANT NOT FAMILIAR

WITH FULL NAME OF ADAM OR

BAYER. POSSIBLY BAYER IS BAYARD RUSTIN, DIIRECTOR OF HEADQUARTERS OF MARCH ON WASHINGTON 331,13 LHM FOLLOWS . CC-MR: SULLIVAN

CORRECTION NY FILE NUMBER IS 100-136585

END&- 4-07 AM NY --1-- WA LVS



Discussing the forthcoming "March on Washington" scheduled for 8/28/63, it was mentioned that Burke Marshall, Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, as well as the Attorney General are scared Because of possibility of violence in connection with the march. Brown indicated concern as to the number of participants in the march from Washington, stating that he felt the response was not going to be good. He suggested the best way to get them to participate would be for the President "to let them have a half day off." Also discussed was possibility that some of "the Southerners," not otherwise identified, hope to expose one Bayer through a commination of trying to show past connections with the communists and involvement in morals charge. It was indicated that what they (the Southerners) plan to do is to challenge the statement that Attorney General made where he said that the civil rights leaders were not communists. Brown mentioned that "the Southerners" planned to call the Director and ask him or make him produce the FBI files on Bayer., Brown hoped Bayer"don't take a drink before the march to which King agreed adding "and grab one little brother, cause he will grab one when he has a drink."

The Bayer mentioned above is possibly identical with Bayard Rustin, described in the "Washington Post" on 8/11/63 as Deputy Director of the committee planning the 8/28/63 march on Washington for "jobs and freedom." This article described Rustin as having joined the Young Communist League (YCL) in 1936. According to Rustin, he broke completely with the YCL when the YCL accepted racial segregation in the Armed Forces after Hitler attacked Russia. This article also described Rustin as having been convicted in 1953 on a norals charge.

Rustin is reported to be an ardent pacifict, having been iffiliated with a number of pacifist-type organizations. He has been active in numerous picket lines and demonstrations and other agitations against ilitary conscriptions and racial segregation. He has been arrested on several occasions for activities in the above connection. He was convicted in 1944 for violation of the Selective Service Act of 1940.

DR: ccm/mea 26 1963 Aug 26 1963

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Memorandum for Mr. W. C. Sullivan Co. Re: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. 100-106670

He was listed as an "impartial observer" at the Communist Party, USA, National Convention in 1957.

Perorts and memoranda concerning Dustin have previously

Reports and memoranda concerning Rustin have previously been forwarded to the Department.

ACTION:

There is attached a proposed letter to the Attorney General containing as an enclosure a summary of information contained in Bureau files regarding Rustin, copies designated for Deputy Attorney General, Assistant Attorney General Burke Marshall and Assistant Attorney General J. Walter Yeagley.

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TAIL ENTIAL

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*Domestic Intelligence Div. 10n

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 8/12 63

Martin Luther King, Jr., in conversation with one Ted Brown (not further identified) discussed march on Washington and concern of Burke Marshall and Attorney General. Discussed attempt by "the Southeners" to expose one "Bayer" because of connection with communists and morals charge. Bayer possibly identical with Bayard Rustin described as Deputy Director of march on Washington committee. Rustin admitted former communist, has been convicted on morals charges. Dissemination being made to Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, and Assistant Attorney Generals Marshall and Yeagley.

backagement on Reutin

Pa ilina

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. DeLoach August 26, 1963 The Attorney General 1 - Mr. Evans 1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Bland Director, FBI 5180 RIBIJAR 1 - Mr. Forsyth MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. SECURITY MATTER - C On August 20, 1963, a confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that Forden Haskell, Assistant Director of the American Civil Libertles Union (ACMI), held a discussion with Clarence Jones, head of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights. During this discussion, Haskell indicated he had written a letter to Martin Luther King, Jr., asking him to accept an award from the ACIU at a dinner this fail. . He Indicated no date had been set but that the final date would The left up to King. He believed that the dinner would be held in Tocrober or November in New York City and would be sponsored by the NewSyorkiand national chapters of the ACLU. 니 Haskell suggested that the award be given to King by you or Edward R. Murrow. On July 26, 1957, a source that has furnished reliable information in the past advised that during the Independent Socialist League (ISL) Convention held that year Haskell was elected to the ISL National Committee. REC- 25 100-106690 The ISL is the successor organization of the Workers Party, which was formed in April, 1940, as a result of a split with leadership of the Socialist Workers Party. The ISL was formally dissolved in September, 1958. The Socialist Workers Party has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. CHOUP 1 100-106670 Excluded from automatic ON MIND 13 rest 15 The Deputy Atterney General aboly ification Belmont. FBI - JUSTICE Caspe NOTE: Haskell is included in the Saturity Index; Jones is included in the Reserve Index. This letter is classified "Secret" since it contains information from confidential informants of continuing value, the disclosure of which could prove injurious to the Rosen |national defense. 🔱 tolines AU WET Sme by (12)MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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3 100 106670 - 192 August 21, 1963 Norwell, Massachusetts 67C) Dear V, Mr. Hoover received the letter of August 15th, with enclosures, from you and your husband and asked me to 51 **P**H thank you for your interest in bringing this data to his attention. Enclosed is some literature it is hoped will be of interest to you. MAILED 3 AUG 2 1/1963 Sincerely yours, COMM-FBI Helen W. Gandy Secretary Enclosures (3) An American's Challenge, 10-9-62 5180 RCB/JA The FBI's Role in the Field of Civil Rights Know your...FBI NOTE: Correspondent cannot be identified in Bufiles. An in-absence reply is being sent in view of the fact that gorrespondent's enclosures have caused considerable controversy as afleged evidence of Martin Luther King's communist sympathies

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MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

TRUE COPY

Norwell, Mass. 15 Aug. 1963.

Mr. Hoover -

First of all we must express our gratitude to you for all that you have done and are doing. You must never feel we don't care or are ungrateful. We "thank God" for you and men like you who "care enough."

We are most distressed at the happenings and feel so helpless. If we state our concerns we are "extreemists" or "crack-pots" but we do learn some of the frightening things and are frightened.

The enclosed clipping is most disturbing and we feel if it is factual you already know but it should be told to all people. People being told might help turn this peculiar tide of strange activities.

Again thank you so much for all the efforts.

Sincerely /s/

100-106670-192

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518- REBISIK

67C) horwell moss. 15 Wing 1963. In hu. Hoover -First of all we must lipius pur Gratitude to Espay for coll that spy home I done auch one thoing. They hust heres Led we don't Care or Kine ungrateful He thank Soot for you and Hum the May who Care Industri: I the core host distressed at the trappen unp and fect to helplies. If we the cler Concerns use and "extremists" or "Crack-bits" but we do Main Dome of The Josephtening thereing that ine progetimed. The enclosed Clipping is hot ites turney auch me feet if it is lacture they colucted know hut it should his tolk to all people reaple living tolen tright. Tel again thank you so much fre all CORRESPONDENCE NORWELL MASS 67(c)

DAWN — PORTLAND, INDIANA AUGUST, 1963

3

King a Featured Speaker at Communist Highlander Folk School Labor Day Weekend in 1957



MARTIN LUTHER KING addresses the assemblage at the Communist school. King, president of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference is known for his activities in the Montgomery Boycutt, Montgomery Improvement Association and the March on Washington which he conducted with Bayard Rustin. The Daily Worker lists Bayard Rustin as one who attended the 1957 convention of the Communist Party USA. Bayard Rustin is identified in the Daily Worker as secretary to Reverend Martin Luther King.

The activities of Martin Luther King represent the ultimate in "civil disobedience." It is doubtful that King could have carried on such a program without outside leadership and financing; Bayard Rustin is perhaps the leading expert on "civil disobedience" in this country.

The Southern Christian Leadership Conference is a new organization founded by King for regionwide agitation of racial violence and strife.

5180 RCB134K

12-11-79

ENCLOSURE

EMMUNIST FRONT L'ORIS OF LEADERS A. HIGHLANDER INTER-RACIAL SEMINAR

We have in our possession a list of over 100 Communist Affiliations of persons in attendance at the Labor Day Weekend, 1957, Seminar at Highland Folk School, Monteagle, Tennessee. (For more information write to Dawn, Portland, Ind.)

Some of these Communist Fronts have been defined so that readers may more fully understand their activities. All definitions were taken from "GUIDE TO SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS AND PUBLICATIONS" published January 2, 1957, by the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Un-American Activities, Washington, D.C.

THIS SCHOOL HAS BEEN CLOSED IN MONTEAGLE. TENN., AND IS NOW OPERATING IN KNOXVILLE, TENN., AS THE HIGHLANDER FOUNDATION. MUCH PROTEST HAS BEEN RAISED BY THE GOOD CITIZENS OF KNOXVILLE . . . BUT THE FOUNDATION IS STILL THERE.

We pose the question . . . "Could any good American who is aware of these facts (plus other associations of Martin King) not become concerned over who is behind the NAACP?"

Martin Luther King Attending Communist Training School



PICTURED HERE (foreground) is Abner W. Berry of the Central Committee of the Communist Party. On the first row are Martin Luther King (2nd from right) of the Montgomery Boycott and the Birmingham riots, backed up by the Kennedys; Aubrey Williams (3rd from right) president of the Southern Conference Education Fund Inc. and Myles Horton (4th from Right) the director of High ander Folk School. These "four horsemen" of racial agitation have brought tension, disturbance, strife and violence in their advancement of the Communist doctrine "racial nationalism."

Photo By Georgia Commission On Education

1-79 - 5780 REB/JAR

ENCLOSURE /

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Bland 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Forsyt 1 - Mr. Forsyth 1 - Mr. Evans

August 26, 1963

REGISTERED

Mr. Edward R. Murrow Director United States Information Agency 1776 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C.

12-11-79

Dear Mr. Murrow:

On August 20, 1963, a confidential source who Has furnished reliable information in the past advised that Gordon Haskell, Assistant Director of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU), held a discussion with Clarence Jones, head of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights. During this discussion, Daskell indicated he had written a letter to Martin Luther King, Jr., asking him to accept an award from the ACLU at a dinner this fall. He indicated no date had been set but that the final date would be left up to King. He believed that the dinner would be held in October or November in New York City and would be sponsored by the New York and national chapters of the ACLU.

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Haskell suggested that the award be given to King by the Attorney General or you.

000114581 On July 26, 1957, a source that has furnished reliable information in the past advised that during the 717407 Independent Socialist League (ISL) Convention held that year Haskell was elected to the ISL National Committee.

> The ISL is the successor organization of the Workers Party, which was formed in April, 1940, as a result of a split in the leadership of the Socialist Workers Party. The ISL was formally disselved in September, 1958. The Socialist Workers Party has been designated as subversive pursuant to Executive Order 10450. 5 26 PH '63

SECRET

see note, pg 2

Group 1
Excluded from automatic

WIN med (10) downgrading and MAIL ROOM TELETYPE ON CLASSIFICATION

100-106670

Mr. Edward R. Murrow



Sincerely yours,

T. Edgar Hoover

NOTE:

Haskell is included in the Security Index; Jones is included in the Reserve Index. This letter is classified "Secret" since it contains information from confidential informants of continuing value, the disclosure of which could prove injurious to the national defense.

- 2 -Sec 21 5-113 (1-10-61)

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date August 23, 1963

Gordon Haskell, Assistant Director, American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) and a Security Index subject, made inquiries at the office of Stanley Levison (Security Index subject) regarding whereabouts of Martin Luther King. Haskell, in conversation, indicated that ACLU intended to give an award to King at a dinner this fall. Haskell suggested that the award be given by Attorney General Kennedy or Edward R. Murrow. This information being disseminated to Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, and Edward R. Murrow.





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XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX SAC, New York (100-111180)

August 23, 1963

Director, FBI (100-392452)

1 - Mr. Forsyth 1 - Mr. Haack

STANLEY DAVID LEVISON INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurep 7/29/63.

Part II of rerep which begins on page 4 is being destroyed and the words "Part I" on page 2 are being eliminated. Do likewise with your copies of rerep.

In the future it will not be necessary to include information concerning Levison's influence on King in reports on Levison since such information should, and more properly so, be reported in the King case. You should make certain that this is done.

CUPLICATE YELLOW

57 AUG 28 1983

1 > 100-106670 (King)

IDH: cad (7)

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Malley August 30, 1963 The Attorney General 1 - Mr. McGowan 100-106670-Director, FBI 1 - Mr. Smith =X-103 INFORMATION CONCERNING At 4:36 p.m., on August 28, 1963, an individual who identified himself as of Kansas City, Missouri, telephonically contacted FBI Headquarters and advised he desired the FBI to deliver the following message to Reverend Martin Luther King, 4.,: "King should have one hole between his eyes and I will put it there." stated he had unsuccessfully tried to contact 67(c) Revered Mr. King. when questioned concerning his address, remarked, "You will forget it anyway," and terminated the telephone call. The long-distance telephone operator identified the above telephone call as having originated from Kansas City, Missouri. The above information was telephonically furnished to Mr. John Nolan of your office on August 28, 1963, by Special Agent of this Bureau. Mr. Nolan was advised that this Bureau was taking no further action concerning this matter since the call originated from Missouri and was made to the FBI for the purpose of delivering a message to Reverend Mr. King. Mr. Nolan stated this action was agreeable. - Mr. Evans

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5180 RCB / HK

12-11-79

___ TELETYPE UNIT ___

Belmont UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT *lemorandum* TO DATE: August 28, 1963 Mr. Rosen Trotter C. L. McGowan FROM JACK WISELL SUBJECT: MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING At 4:36 p.m., an individual identifying himself as Kansas City, Missouri, telephonically advised that he desired the FBI deliver the following message to Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.,: 'King should have one hole between his eyes and I will put it there." stated he had tried to contact Dr. King unsuccessfully. When was questioned concerning his address and the spelling of his name, he remarked, "You will forget it anyway" and terminated the call, An immediate check with the switchboard operator ascertained that the long-distance operator identified this call as having originated at Kansas City, identified himself to Missouri. Prior to being connected with an Agent, the Bureau switchboard operator as of Kansas City, Missouri. At 4:53 p.m., Mr. John Nolan, Administrative Assistant to the Attorney General, was apprised of the above information and **b** was advised that the Bureau is taking no further action since the call originated from Missouri and was made to the FBI for the purpose of delivering a message to Dr. King. Mr. Nolan stated this action was agreeable. Bureau indices reveal no record concerning ACTION: For record purposes. FPS: how (6) 5783 RCB/ JAR 12-11-79

1

BERN D LEE VS. CLARENCE M. WELL , ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) VS. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 198 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

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100-1066 70 SECTIONS

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BERN D LEE VS. CLARENCE M. ELI , ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER /6-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) VS. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.)
CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 200 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

100-106670 SECTERS 5

FD-36 (Rev., 12-13-56) FBI Date: 8/21/63 Transmit the following in (Type in plain text or code) (Priority or Method of Mailing) APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

AND FIELD OFFICES

AND FIELD BY ROUTING

ADVISED BY ROUTING

SI IP (S) RY DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670) SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585) FROM: DR.-MARTIN LUTHER KING SUBJECT: SM - C (00: Atlanta) 6-Bureau (100-106670) (Encl. 11) (RM) 100 =106670 1-100-3-116)(CP, USA Communist Influence Racial Matters) 1-100-3-116)(CP, USA Communist Influence Racial Matters
(1-100-354951)(GORDON HASKELL)
(1-100-407018)(CLARENCE JONES)

2-Atlanta (100-55867)(Encl. 2)(RM)

1-New York (100-136585)

1-New York (100-96862)(GORDON HASKELL)

1-New York (100-151548)(CP, USA Communist Influence Racial
Matters)

1-New York (100-73250)(CLARENCE JONES) 鬥 HIED TIED UNRECORDED JYD: cab Approved: Special Agent in Charge DC Wick

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York August 21, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bureau file 100-106670 New York file 100-136585

APFROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISID FY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF.

Dr. Martin Luther King Security Matter - C

On August 20, 1963, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information which indicated that Gordon Haskell Assistant Director of the American Civil Liberties Union, had made inquiries at the office of Stanley Levison regarding the whereabouts of Martin Luthér King, indicating that he desired to talk to Dr. King. Source stated that the above information was furnished by Levison's secretary to Clarence Jones on the same date. Upon learning of this information, Jönes indicated that he knew the whereabouts of King, and that he would

According to the same source, Jones then held a discussion with Haskell regarding this matter on this same date. L

Haskell indicated to Jones that he had written a letter to Martin Luther King, Jr., asking him to accept an award from the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) at a dinner this Fall. if

> This document contains either recommendations nor conclusions of the II. It is the property of the FBI and s Aloaned"to tents are not your agency; it and its to be distributed outside our agency.

APR 8 CALGN FOR EXTENSION CIM, II, 1-23.2. ATE OF REVIEW FOR ECLASSIFICATION ___

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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING DATE.

W. C To Serv 3/20/19 & Holes

Mr. Mohr Mr. Casper .. Mr. Callahan .. Mr. Conrad Mr. Deloach Mr. Evans Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen... Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel ... Mr. Trotter. Tele. Room Miss Holmes Miss Gandy-

Mr. Tolson Mr. Belmont

COMPTENTIAL

Re:Dr:Martin Luther-King Security Matter - C CONTACTION

According to this source, no date was set, but rather the final date was being left up to Dr. King. Source advised further that Haskell, however, had indicated that the dinner would be held in October or November in New York City, and would be sponsored by the New York and the National Chapters of the ACLU. This source also advised that Haskell had suggested that the award be given to Dr. King by Attorney General Robert Kennedy or by Edward R. Murrow.

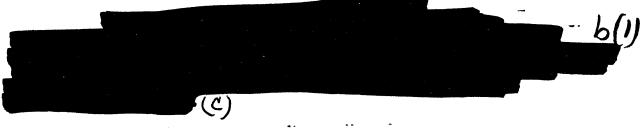
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was a secret member of the Communist Party, United States of America.

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A characterization of the Independent Socialist League is included in the appendix attached hereto.

On July 3, 1963, Clarence Jones was the General Counsel for the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York City.



The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450

Re: Retartin Father Ting Security Satter - C



INDEPENDENT SOCIALIST LEAGUE (ISL) FORMERLY WORKERS PARTY (WP)

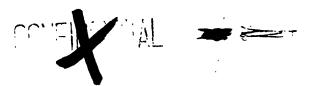
The May 4, 1942, issue of 'Labor /ction," then an official publication of the Workers Party (WP), carried an article which reflected that the WP was formed in April, 1940, as a result of a split within the leadership of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). The article stated that when the Hitler-Stalin Pact was signed and Polanc' invaded, the minority group within the SWP, in proclaiming the formation of the WP, condemned the pact as being imperialistic in nature and stated it would not support either imperialist camp.

The April 25, 1949, issue of "Labor Action" contained an account of the Fifth National Convention of the WP, held March 24-27, 1949, in New York City, which reflected the change of name of the organization from the WP to the Independent Socialist League (ISL) in order to emphasize the character of the group as a propaganda group for the spreading of socialist ideas and not as a full-fledged political party.

The July 14, 1958, issue of 'Labor Action," an official publication of the ISL, contained an article captioned, "The ISL Program in Brief." The article indicated: "The ISL stands for socialist democracy and against the two systems of exploitation which now divide the world: capitalism and Stalinism. The ISL, as a Marxist movement, looks to the working class and its ever-present struggle as the basic progressive force in society. The ISL is organized to spread the ideas of socialism in the labor movement and among all other sections of the people. There can be no lasting and genuine democracy without socialism and there can be no socialism without democracy."

The September 22, 1958, issue of "Labor Action" contained an undated statement signed by the Political Committee of the ISL which indicated that the ISL had been dissolved. The statement urged former ISL members to join the Socialist Party-Social Democratic Federation.

The SWP has been designated by the Autorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum Mr. Belmon Clas DATE: August 1, 1963 12-11-79 5180 RCB/JAK C. A. Evans FROM MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SECURITY MATTER - C Pares
5 of SUBJECT: The Attorney General asked me to see him this morning. On being contacted he handed me a copy of the report in captioned matter prepared by Special Agent and a secret, which had been transmitted to the Records Administration Office of the Department by Form O-6 dated July 29, 1963. CAE:pew (2) 1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan

ENCLOSURED 22 SEP : 10 1963

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Memorandum to Mr. Belmont RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.



ACTION BEING TAKEN:

The Domestic Intelligence Division has been alerted to the Attorney General's request and is preparing a memorandum to him which will serve as a cover in resubmitting the New York report.

/ jy

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Copy to: Report of: New York, New York Dates 7/22/03 Field Office File #1 100-136585 100-106670 Title: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. Characters SECURITY MATTER-C Synopsiss CLASSIFIED 202 EXTENDED 6. REASON FOR LAND AND A PARTIE OF REVIEW TOR 7-2-83 DECLASSIFICATION 6076 GLOUP 1 Excluded from out RECEIVED losngrading and lectaristication INDEXED JUL 3 0 1963 INTERNAL SECURITY DIVISION DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE RESULTED JUL 29 1963 . V. M. RECORDS FRANCH RD

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

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FBI/DOJ



On March 22, 1962, STANLEY LEVISON stated that MARTIN called him early yesterday morning before he went to church and told LEVISON that 'CODERTA" had been invited to go to Geneva by the Women's Strike for Peace Convention. KING stated that Mrs. CYRUS EATON would be going with the delegation of about 30 women, most of whom are housewives.

LEVISON indicated that KING was concerned with idea that the "Communist label would be pinned on us," but on the other hand he desired to do everything possible on the question of making evidence of friendship towards the Soviet Union.



On June 11, 1962, MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. visited the office of STANLEY LEVISON, 6 East 39th Street, New York City.

LEVISON at this time told KING that he was glad that KING had followed his advice in calling off the planned sit-in demonstration in Atlanta, following the plane crash which took the lives of many prominent Atlantans. KING agreed it was a good idea, a smart move which undoubtedly achieved better feelings toward his group.

LEVISON and KING discussed future affairs planned by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP). KING detailed one in particular which they planned to held at the Waldorf Hotel, indicating it would be scaled at \$25.00 a plate with an expected attendance of 1,000. LEVISON commented that he thought it was priced too high, and thought that 300 would be a more accurate figure for attendance.

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On September 10, 1962, STANLEY LEVISON was in contact with CLARENCE JOHES, with respect to the church burnings in the south. JONES and LEVISON said that MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. should not be silent with regard to this matter, but should send some sort of a "hot wire" to "KENNEDY" along the lines that the Government common control a small community. They stated the wire should be indignant and a comparison should be made in the telegram that the United States' world-wide obligations are so great that it can not take care of a small community. JONES stated that he would suggest the idea of the telegram to MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

CLARENCE JOHES

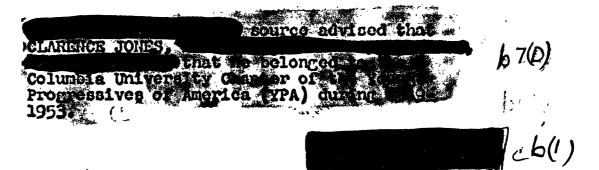
CIARENCE JONES is currently the Acting Executive Secretary of the Ghandi Society for Human Rights.



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The LYL has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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HEREERT ROIERSTEIN, a self-admitted former Communist and YPA member, in testimony before a subcommittee of the Committee of the Judiciary, United States Senate, on 'April 12 and June 12, 1951, stated that the YPA was set up on the basis of the needs of the Communist Party (CP). YPA members were active within the organization as Communists and the organization was developed along CP lines. ROMERSTEIN also related that YPA leadership was composed of CP members.

on February 5, 1963, MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. contacted STANLEY LEVISON in New York City. LEVISON said that he had some notes for KING for tonight (February 5, 1963). KING said that was the reason for his call. KING indicated that he was attending a dinner at the Essex House at 59th Street at about 6:30 p.m. that evening. LEVISON agreed to meetKING at KING's room at the Sheraton-Atlantic Notel at 5:00 p.m. at which time LEVISON would give KING the notes.

Confinite to the standard con in both when a the standard and the standard has a fine the standard of the stan

on March 6, 1963, MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. and STANLEY LEVISON had a lengthy discussion in which they discussed an article that KING was preparing for the magazine "The Nation."

Among otheritems, LEVISON and KING enscussed the President's Civil Rights message. KING said he made a statement after the message came out to the effect that "if we can get a significant breakthrough in voter registration, it will mean a great deal.... in the total struggle, but it doesn't go far enough." KING referred to the schizophrenic trendof the administration, on one hand it appoints a THURGOOD MARSHALL as a Federal Judge, and then appoints judges in the south who are outright segregationists." KING stated that "KENNEDY has often said to me that you can't get this through.... there is no point in introducing strong civil rights legislation because you can't get it through." KING concluded by stating that his contention is that if he (President KEKKEDY) would get out and really fight - crusade for it, it would have a stronger chance of getting through." LEVISON agreed with KING on this observation.

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On March 10, 1963, STANLEY LEVISON was in contact with MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. KING stated that he would be in New York sometime next week and wanted to get a group together at Harry's to discuss "this Eirmingham thing." KING added "we decided to postpone that thing until the day after the election because EULL O'CONNOR is in the runoff, and we feel that if we make a move before that time, he could use that to his advantage.

KING then told LEVISON that going into Birmingham is going to be a difficult matter; that they are going to do everything they can to destroy the image of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, particularly the Birmingham newspapers. Now, since they played this thing up so much we were wondering if it would be better to continue sending the circulars through the usual channels." LEVISON agreed and confuded by stating, "There is no sense giving them a timely red herring."

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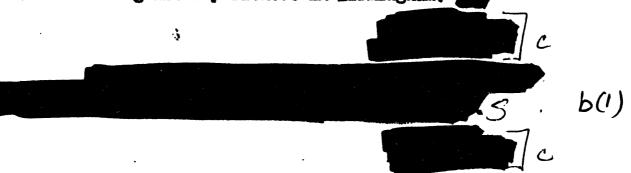
on May 21, 1963, IMRTIN LUTHER KING, JR. had

a lengthy discussion with STANLEY LEVISON. LEVISON
inquired of KING as to the feeling of the Eirmingham
community to the expulsion of Negro students by the
Eirmingham Board of Education. KING replied that he
thought "we" could hold them together. He does not,
in his opinion, want to follow an unwise act on the
part of the Board of Education, with an unwise act
on "our part." KING believes that (EUGENE) "BULL"
O'COMMOR, City Commissioner of Public Safety, is
doing this to provoke the Negro community to the point
that they will do something to so confuse the situation
that it will upset the agreement now in effect.
LEVISON suggested that KING issue a statement that
he will not be trapped by these tactics. KING stated
that he had made it very clear that this was a temporary
move and that it would be unvise to move without
looking at the total situation.

LEVISON told KING that he had a discussion with CLARENCE JONES, Chief Counsel, Chandi Society of Iluman Rights, concerning setting up temporary educational

facilities for the expelled students and going to the public and to prominent individuals, to ask for contributions for this purpose. KING thought this was a good idea, but he hoped it would not be necessary as he felt that "we are going to get them back in school."

LEVISON then suggested that KING write a book concerning his experiences in Birmingham.



On June 1-2, 1963, a discussion was held between STANLEY LEVISON, a New York Attorney, MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., Leader of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, and CLARENCE JONES, Acting Executive Director of the Ghandi Society for Human Rights. During the discussion, KING mentioned that ROY WILKINS of the NAACP had been imprisoned but may now be out on bond. LEVISON suggested that KING send a telegram to the President protesting the incarceration of WILKINS.

KING told LEVISON he had read his, LEVISON's, memorandum, but did not quite understand what LEVISON proposed be done now.

LEVISON explained that it was his thought that "the Birmingham pattern" can be followed in other cities where there are unresolved problems. He noted that in Atlanta, there is no bi-racial committee and the establishment of one could be a first demand. In other cities, it may be desirable to have direct action first "followed by the Birmingham pattern." LEVISON said that each city should be examined separately.

NEGRO commented that he has never seen the Negro community as aroused, as determined, as enthusiastic as at this time. He said that "more than ever before is this national determination and feeling that time is running out." He stated that he thought "we are on the threshold of a significant breakthrough and the greatest weapon is mass demonstration."

KING stated "we are at the point where we can mobilize all of this righteous indignation into a powerful mass movement."

KING suggested that there be a mass march or the impression be given that a mass march of "literally thousands and thousands of people is going to be organized on Washington." He added "the threat itself may so frighten the President that he would have to do something." He asked LEVISON "are we ready for that?"

LEVISON said there were two things which must be considered:

- 1. There must be unanimity among all groups.
- 2. Is there more pressure generated on Washington by the series of local situations than by a mass march on Washington?

KING said that he felt there could be unanimity. He said ROY (WILKINS) would probably not be opposed as "pressure builds from the bottom" and the NAACP would exert much pressure on WILKINS.

With respect to the second point raised by LEVISON, KING pointed out he was not thinking of concentrating on Washington alone, but was thinking of activity in every state. He said there should be simultaneous protest on the local level "and at the same time a work stoppage would be called for all over America." He stated that the sort of thing he envisioned would have such an impact that "something would have to give." He again asked LEVISON if LEVISON thought the time was right for such a move and LEVISON agreed that "the time is now."

CLARENCE JONES suggested that KING should discuss his proposal with ROY WILKINS and PHIL before any announcement is made publicly. He felt the timing of such a move is most important.

LEVISON felt that KING was the proper person to make such an announcement and felt that it could be announced when KING addresses a scheduled Trade Union meeting and at his commencement address at City College of New York on June 12, 1963. Following this, LEVISON felt KING could discuss it with both ROY WILKING and PHIL. LEVISON felt that since it was then publicly announced, WILKINS would have a hard time objecting. KING was of the opinion that he should call a special press conference, possibly in Atlanta, and make his announcement. LEVISON immediately agreed with this proposal and suggested he implement it in his speeches.

The identity of PHIL is unknown to the source. ()

KING stated that in all probability, he would get a call from Washington, suggesting that since the President is leaving for Europe shortly, it would be embarrassing for him.

LEVISON commented that because of the President's trip to Europe, he will have to pay attention. He again suggested that a press conference would have a real impact, but suggested that "PHIL" should be advised beforehand.

KING said that such an undertaking would require a real job of mobilization and people would be needed full time.

LEVISON said the effect of such an announcement will "tip" the President towards Civil Rights legislation and this new legislation will be a powerful lever.

KING suggested that either LEVISON or JONES see "PHIL" and "two of you work out the statement" along the lines of the new militancy throughout the country.

KING felt that such undertaking would take six to eight weeks to organize.

LEVISON said that the summer can be a factor as many organizations are on vacation. It was indicated that CLARENCE JONES had attended a meeting at which the National Council of Churches had expressed an interest in KING's "direct action" approach and had specifically mentioned a march on Washington. LEVISON asked JONES if it would be possible to quote individuals without mentioning names who had attended the aforementioned meeting, as "this is new when White Church leadership is looking for something in the way of direct action." He said this would give it the biggest, broadest front ever as "you can see the effect of Negroes joined by the National Council of Churches and not just the Negro churches."

When JONES demurred to LEVISON's proposal, LEVISON agreed that perhaps it would be inadvisable.

LEVISON asked KING if he would be willing to appear on a television program with JAMES BALDWIN, the writer. KING was not enthusiastic about the idea because he felt that BALDWIN was uninformed regarding his movement. KING noted that BALDWIN, although considered a spokesman of the Negro people, by the press, is not a civil rights leader.

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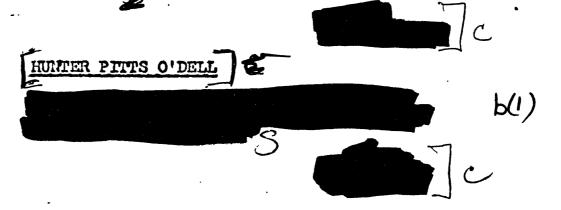
On June 4, 1963, MARTIN LUTIER KING, JR. was in contact with STANLEY LEVISON. LEVISON and KING discussed an article about KING that was to appear in the next issue of the "Saturday Evening Post." LEVISON and KING also discussed an appearance by KING on some television program in Now York City.

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On June 6, 1963, STANLEY LEVISON had a discussion with MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. KING inquired if LEVISON had had an opportunity to talk with PHIL. LEVISON replied that CLARENCE JONES reached PHIL in Chicago, and that PHIL in general, liked the idea regarding a mass march on Washington that would bring nation—wide attention to the cause of the Negro. According to LEVISON, PHIL wants to discuss this matter with KING personally. In view of the fact that PHIL's organization had planned a similar march in the fall, and that if

any kind of march on Washington is to take place now, it would make the march in the fall by PHIL's organization anti-climatic. It was PHIL's opinion that perhaps the march by his organization, and that proposed by KING could be coincided in the immediate future. LEVISON suggested that KING attempt to contact PHIL as sonn as possible in order to discuss this matter in detail.

KING asked LEVISON if LEVISON, along with JACK O'DELL (NUMBER PITTS O'DELL) would be able to get some statistics on the annual Negro income of the average Negro family, as against the annual income of the average white family on a national level, and then for some southern states, like Alabama, where "we" are now working. KING would like to use these statistics at a luncheon in New York City on June 12, 1963. LEVISON stated that he would attempt to get the statistics along with JACK O'DELL, and pointed out that the main point of these statistics is that the gap between Negro and white income today is greater than the gap that existed between Negro and white income during the Depression days. KING and LEVISON made arrangements to discuss these and other matters later in the week.



on June 10, 1963, STANLEY LEVISON took part in a conference with the Reverend MARTIN LUTIER KING, JR., CLARENCE JONES, the Roverend WYATT THE WALKER, and Reverend RALPH ABERNATHY, among others. According to the source, the purpose of this conference was to obtain ideas as to how to dramatize the proposed march on Washington. Reverend KING stated that the basic purpose of the march on Washington would be to put the pressure on Congress so that the civil rights legislation would be passed. KING said that President KENNEDY would be able to get off the hook if the legislation was not passed by saying that he attempted to get it through.

It was felt that the National Council of Churches can be utilized in this demonstration and also in the similar demonstrations that will be simultaneously held throughout the rest of the country. Reverend KING stated that he had mixed emotions about President KENNEDY in that the President should be made to know that "we" are not satisfied with him and what he has done in the field of civil rights. On the other hand, according to KING, there are some Negro people that think KENNEDY has done a good job in this field.

Those participating in the conference were in agreement that the Washington demonstration should be focused on the Congress rather than the White House. It was felt that the timing of the demonstrations should be coincided with the anticipated filibuster of the civil rights legislation. However, CLARENCE JONES did not agree with this because he felt it would be impossible to properly prepare a demonstration in advance if the demonstration has to wait for the filibustering to begin before it can be put into effect. It was felt that possibly 100,000 people, including children, would be

utilized in the Washington demonstration in order for it to be politically impressive and that the demonstrations can possibly start in the balcony of Congress. It was felt that more than likely, some time in August, 1963, would be when the demonstration and the march on Washington would take place.

Reverend KING stated that he planned to attend a conference soon with leaders of other organizations in order to discuss the march on Washington with them.

LEVISON suggested to KING that KING take advantage of the two public appearances he will make in New York City, during the coming week, to announce his plans for the march on Washington and the demonstrations that will go along with it.

Je bu

WYATT TEE WALKER

WYATT TEE WALKER is assistant to MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. and Executive Director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC).

RALPH ABERNATILY

RALPH ABERNATHY is assistant to MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. and Vice President of the SCLC.

On June 12, 1963, STANLEY LEVISON had a discussion with MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., Leader of the SCLC. STANLEY LEVISON informed MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. that, after he had read President "ENNEDY's speech of June 11, 1963, his feelings are stronger than ever that the focus of any Washington action should not be directed against the President. KING agreed and asked LEVISON if he had heard the President's speech. KING said it was the strongest statement the President has made and "he was really great."

LEVISON commented that he had not heard the President's speech, but this is what KING has been asking the President to do and, therefore, KING has to take a positive approach to it, otherwise, it would sound as if KING was not dealing with changing realities himself.

Continuing, LEVISON commented that "we" cannot put the President in the position of being the enemy and focus the Washington demonstration against him. LEVISON stated that the enemy to be dealt with is the Congress. KING said he agreed completely with LEVISON.on this.

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2. HUFTER PETTS O'DELL

On June 20, 1962, STANLEY LEVISON conversed with HUNTER PHTS O'DELL, and they discussed the following:

LEVISON stated that in a recent conversation with MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., KING said that he was thinking of getting another administrative assistant. LEVISON stated that in the past, LEVISON had not considered it wise for O'DELL to take on such a position but he is the only one who could do the job and should be considered for it. LEVISON stated as long as O'DELL did not have the title of Executive Director, there would not be "as much lightning flashing around him." O'DELL could be called a Coordinator and still fulfill all the duties of an Executive Director.

LEVISON stated that KING liked LEVISON'S suggestion with respect to O'DELL taking this position because KING felt that O'DELL must face it sooner or later, stating "that no matter what a man was, if he could stand up now and say he is not connected, then as far as I am concerned, he is eligible to work for me."

C b()

The "Long Island Star Journal" issue of November 2, 1962, page 1, carried an article entitled "Communist Resigns from Reverend King's Group." The article stated, "the Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr. said today that Jack H. O'Dell, who was identified as a Communist in a story in the 'Star Journal' October 26, has resigned as an official of the SCLC."

"In a prepared statement from Atlanta, Dr. King denied knowledge of any previous activity of O'Dell. King said that O'Dell was never Director of the SCLC nor was ever considered for the position."

The article further stated, "SCLC has a policy, King said that no person of known Communist affiliation could serve on the staff, Executive Board, or its membership at large."

The October 25th story (in the "Star Journal") said that from his birth in Detroit in 1923, and as late as 1958, O'DELL was known as HUNTER PITTS O'DELL.



On June 9, 1963, STANLEY LEVISON conferred with HUNTER PITTS O'DELL. LEVISON inquired if O'DELL had located the statistics which MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. had requested regarding the annual income of the average Negro family as against the annual income of the average white family. O'DELL stated that he believed he had given a copy of the statistics to CLARENCE JONES, and that he would get them from JONES today and send them to KING airmail, special delivery.

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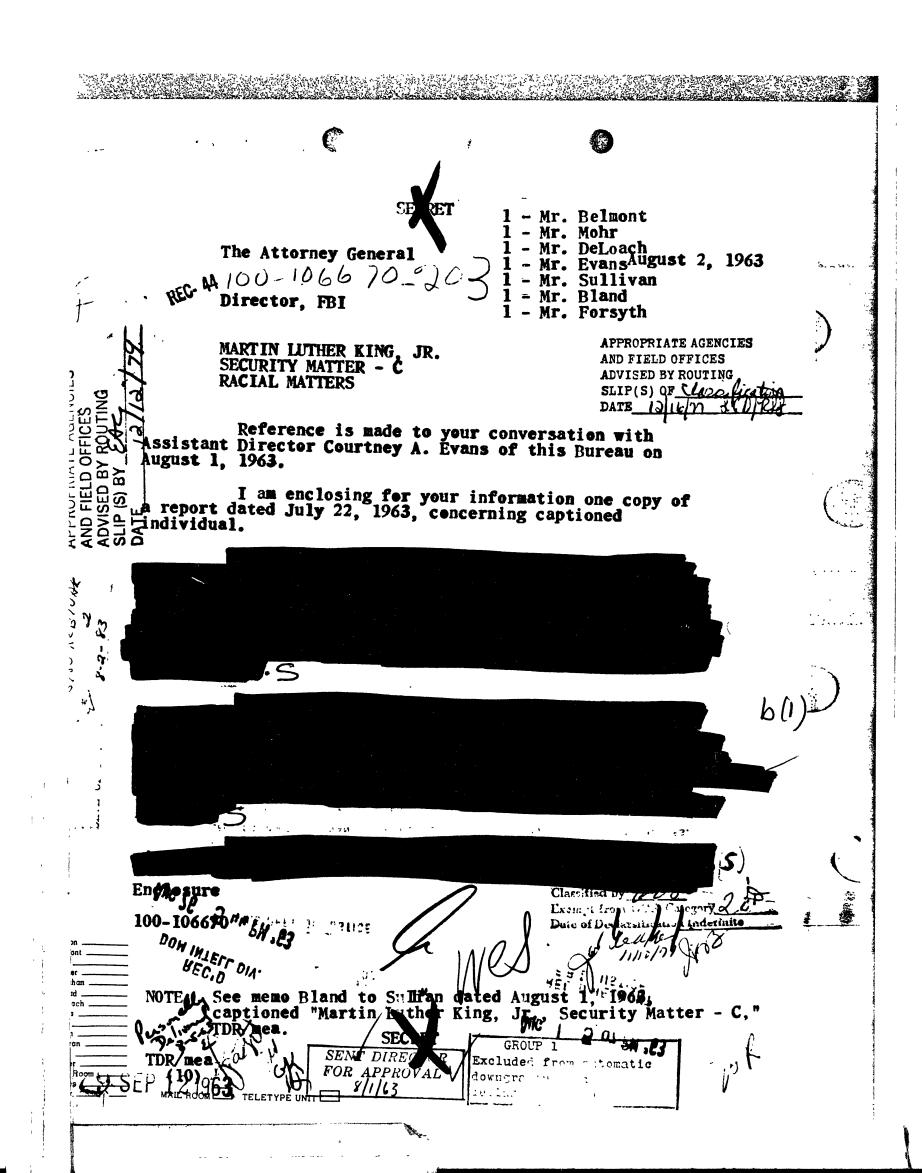
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Sources of this Bureau whose identities are concealed in.
this document have furnished reliable information in the past



4-750 (2-7-79)







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	be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.			
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FBI Date: 8/29/63 Transmit the following in (Type in plain text or code) AIRTEL Via (Priority or Method of Mailing) APPROPRIATE AGENCIES TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-16670) AND FIELD OFFICES & ADVISED BY ROUTING SAC. NEW YORK (100-13658 FROM SLIP(S) PF C SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING SM-C (00: Atlanta) Enclosed herewith are 8 copies of a letterhead FIELD OFFICES memorandum which deals with STANLEY LEVISON's observationsED BY ROUTING regarding KING's appearance in Washington on 8/28/63. SLIP (S) BY b(1) This memorandum has been classified confidential because it contains information from sources, the unauthorized disclosure of which would seriously impair the investigation of the CPUSA and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national defense interests of the country. 5-Bureau (100-166670) (Encl. 8) (BM) (1-100-392452) (STANGEY LEVISON) (1-157-286) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) 2-Atlanta (100-5586) (Info) (Encl. 2) (RM) (1-157) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) 1-New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (414)
1-New York (157-826) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (412) 1-New York (100-151548) (CPUSA - NEGRO QUESTION, COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS) (414) 1-New York (100-136585) (412) FTT: rmv Classified by 6050 (12)Exempt 'n

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UNITED STATES PEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bu 100-1**6**6670

New York, New York August 29, 1963

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF Claration
DATE 1463

Re: Martin Luther King Security Matter - C

A confidential source advised on August 28, 1963, that Stanley Levison in commenting on the March on Washington that day, singled out Martin Luther King as the "Man of the hour" for everybody. Levison stated it was marvelous the way King handled the white and Negro question in his speech, completely repudiating "the nonsense" of Adam (Clayton) Powell and the "Muslims" (Nation of Islam). Levison also said King measures up to his introduction "the moral leader of America." Levison described this as the "mark of a man." Levison characterized King as a "pure guy."

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Martin Luther King is the President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

A characterization of the Nation of Islam is contained in the appendix of this memorandum.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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CONFIDENTIAL

Re: Martin Luther King Security Matter - C

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM

1.

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam".

On July 10, 1963, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2,5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, MULAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam".

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils", in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon".

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that rembers owe no allegiance to the United States.

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Re: Martin Luther King Security Matter - C

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APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On July 10, 1963, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.
Bu 100-166670

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York August 29, 1963

Title:

Martin Luther King

Character:

Security Matter - C

Reference: Letterhead memorandum dated

and captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

> This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

September 4, 1963 he Attorney Genera 1-Mr. Belmont 1-Mr. Sullivan Director, FBI 1-Mr. Evans 1-Mr. Bland 1-Mr. Eorsyth 12-11-79 RCBIAR A source that has furnished reliable information in the past advised on August 28, 1963, that Stanley Levison in commenting on the March on Washington that day singled out Martin Luther King, Jr., as the "man of the hour" for everybody. Levison stated it was marvelous how King handled the white and Negro question in his speech, completely repudiating "the nonsense" of Adam Clayton Powell and the Nation of Islam. Levison also said King measures up to his introduction as "the moral leader of America." Levison describes this as the "mark of a man."

He further characterized King as a "pure guy." MARTIN LUTHER KING 100-106670 SEP 4 - 1963 The Beputy Attorney General MAILED 1 F.Mr. Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General **REC- 95** 1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley Assistant Attorney General Letter classified "Sect" because it contains information from confidential informants, the disclosure of which could prove injurious to the national defense, and result in serious damage to the Nation. NOTE: WTF/mea (11)31 5H at 2 Sullivan Excluded from automatic downgrading and hugeling Trotted. Tele. Ro leclassification Holmes MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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The Attorney General

September 11, 1963

Director, FBI

CLARENCE BENJAMIN JONES SECURITY MATTER - C RACIAL MATTERS

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Mr. Evans - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Bland 1 - Mr. Lavin 1 - Mr. Haack

On September 6, 1963, a confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that Harry Belafonte, Negro entertainer, told Clarence Benjamin Jones he wanted Jones to represent him in a matter concerning how the networks have been treating colored entertainers. Belafonte indicated the case would have to be taken to the Supreme Court. He said he had been taken off the air by Revion because Revion did not want Belafonte's company integrated. Belafonte said he was not going into this for publicity but to win and in referring to the networks he stated he wanted to "break their backs" and open things up so that every other Negro artist in the country could sue. Belafonte also told Jones he wished to put on a season concert in New York City for the benefit of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights. 4 U

During the same conversation Jones mentioned to Belafonte that Martin Luther King was seriously considering combining the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee with the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. & U

On the same date, the above-mentioned source stated Jones had indicated to a person unidentified that in connection with the recent anti-segregation protest by Negroes in Danville, Virginia, the legal work was being done by a team of 13 lawyers who had been operating in Danville since early June, 1963, and who represented the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. According to the unidentified individual, the "Danville film" was "brutal." He said Jones would be

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The Attorney General

able to use the film for fund raising purposes. Jones said a client of his had just purchased all of the "footage" on Birmingham and was putting it together in a full-length movie.

As of July 3, 1963, Clarence Jones was general counsel for the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, an organization formed by Martin Luther King to promote his aims.

C

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 1 The Deputy Attorney General
- 1 Mr. Burke Marshall Assistant Attorney General
- 1 Mr. J. Walter Yeagley
 Assistant Attorney General

NOTE:

Letter is classified "Confidential" on the basis of the fact that it contains information from informants. Both of these informants are of continuing value and the information if disclosed could compromise them.

- 2 -

CONFIDENTIAL

4-312 (Rev. 1-18-62) Date of Mail 9-6-63

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DAYARD RUSTIN

Rustin was born March 17, 1913, at West Chester. Pennsylvania, and was educated at Wilberforce University in Ohio and the City College of New York.

The "Washington Post" of August 11, 1963, contained an article captioned "Organizer of D. C. March is Devoted to Nonviolence." This article described Bayard Rustin as the Deputy Director of the committee planning the August 28, 1963, march in Washington, D. C. According to the abovementioned newspaper article, Rustin is an ardent pacifist and integrationalist who has been associated with a number of pacifist and civil rights organizations. In 1952 he became Executive Secretary of the War Resisters League, an international pacifist organization and has worked for this organization to the present time. From 1955 to 1960 he was a part-time aide to Dr. Martin Luther King.

Connections with the Communist Movement

In the above-mentioned article appearing in the "Mashington Post", Rustin Indicated he had joined the Young Communist League (YCL) in 1936. He claimed to have soon dropped out of this organization breaking completely with it when the YCL accepted racial segregation in the Armed Forces after Hitler attacked Russia.

The above montioned article in the "Washington Post" also stated thee //ccording to his own admission he was a member of the American Student Union in 1939. Rustin said that he withdrew from this organization in 1940 to embrace the Quaker religion.

On October 6, 1950, a meeting sponsored by the Fellowship of Reconciliation was held at the Williams Avenue Young Mens Christian Association in Portland, Oregon. Bayard Rustin addressed the meeting as the principal speaker and in reply to a direct question from a member of the audience stated he had been a member of the Communist Party (CP) but was no longer so affiliated.

The "Daily Worker" of February 25, 1957, contained an article which stated that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resistors League, was one of eight noncommunist observers at the CP national convention who had signed a declaration that the CP convention had been "democratically conducted."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-1340 BY 5/43 CMILL
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Bayard Rustin

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast communist newspaper which stopped publication on January 13, 1958.

The "National Guardian" of March 4, 1957, contained an article captioned "Eight Noncommunist Observers Condemn Dennis Subpoena After CP Convention." The article stated that eight noncommunist observers at the recent CP convention in New York strongly protested the action of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee in summoning Eugene Dennis. The group said it found the convention "democratically conducted" and said there were many indications that no individual or group was in a position to control the convention. They added that it was not possible to take seriously the idea that anything that happened at the convention threatened the nation's security. One of the signers of the statement was Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary of the War Resisters League, Eugene Dennis was the former General Secretary of the CP who died on January 31, 1961. The "National Guardian" is a weekly publication described by the House Committee on Un-American Activities as a "Virtual propaganda arm of the Soviet Union.

During November, 1958, Rustin contacted Benjamin J. Davis to talk over a coming unidentified election. Rustin was in contact with Davis again in May, 1959, concerning his support of an unidentified hospital strike. During January, 1963, Rustin asked Davis to sell tickets for a concert at Carnegia Hall in colebration of the third anniversary of

Carnegie Hall in celebration of the third anniversary of the "Sit-ins,"

CONFIDENTIAL Benjamin J. Davis is the National Secretary of the CP.

Pertinent information concerning Rustin has been furnished to the Attorney General.

- Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr Mohr The Attorney General September 13, 1963 - Mr. Sullivan Director, FBI - Mr. Evans 1 - Kr. Rosen APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
ADVISED BY ROUTING - Mr. Bland MARTIN LUTHER KING, 1 - Mr. Forsyth SECURITY MATTER - C RACIAL NATTERS Enclosed herewith for your information As a memorandum dated September 11, 1963, concerning a discussion between Martin Luther King, Jr., and Clarence B. Jones and a discussion between aforementioned Jones and Stanley Levison concerning their organizational problems and racial activities. Enclosure 100-106670 12-11-79 1 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure) 1 - Mr. Burke Marshall (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General 1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General NOTE: Letter classified "Secret" because it contains information from confidential informants the disclosure of which could prove injurious to the national defense and result in serious damage to the nation. Enclosure is a letterhead memorandum from New York dated September 11, 1963, captioned "Martin Luther King, Security Matter - C, Racial Matters. WTF:scs MAILED 2 SEP 1 3 19 COMM-FBI "Room 2 327 16 1363 lorngrading and MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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SAC, New York (100-13658) - Mr. Bland September 16, 1963 Director, FBI (100-106670) APPROPRIATE AGENCIÉ AND FIELD OFFICES . etin Luther King, Jr. Gurity Matter - C ADVISED BY ROUTING DATE 13/16/7 Reurairtel dated 9/11/63. 1 - Atlanta (100-5586) APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY EAC SLIP (S) BY_ NOTE: DATE. Principal source mentioned above is reporting on details of the conversation ag and Clarence B. Jones had a second between King and Clarence B. Jones, head of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights. L EX-103 19 SEP 16 1963 MAILERE SEP 13 . 3 MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

July 26,

Mr. Tolson. Mr. Belmon Mr. Mohr.__ Mr. Casper.

Mr. Callahan. Mr. Conrad...

Mr. DeLoach.. Mr. Evans ...

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Mr. Trotter_ Tele. Room.

Miss Holmes. Miss Gandy-

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On the evening of July 25, 1963,

Washington, D. C., telephoned the Washington Field Office of the FBI and stated he wished to take umbrage at the statement made by Attorney General Robert Kennedy which appeared in the Washington, D. C. "Evening Star" newspaper on July 25, 1963, that the Department of Justice and the FBI have no record of Communist Party affiliation of the various colored leaders.

67(c) stated he has a copy of the "Southern Patrio which contains a photograph of Reverend Martin Luther King in company with one Ann Revere and others whom stated were notorious as members of the Communist Party.

stated he intends to have this issue of the "Southern Patriot" photostated and he will "flood officials of the United States Government with it."

12-11-79

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mr. DeLoach.... Mr. Evans ... Mp. Gale... Mr. Pavel Mr. Trotter July 26,

Mr. Tolson_

Mr. Belmon Mr. Mohr .__ Mr. Casper_

Mr. Callahan... Mr. Conrad

Tele. Room...

Miss Holmes. Miss Gandy

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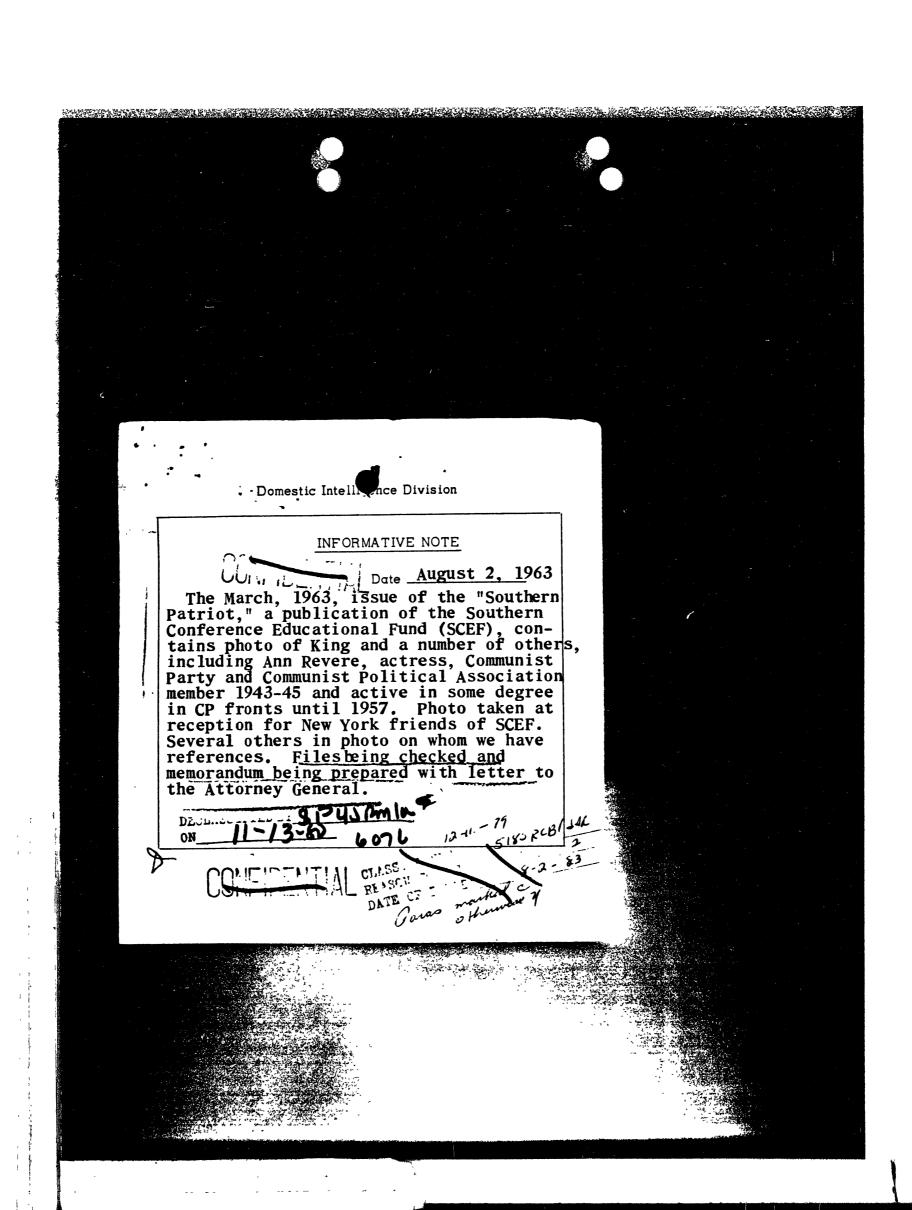
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	*		Mr. Belmont
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OPT ONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27 UNITED STATES C MemorandumCallaha DeLoach Mr. W. C. Sullivan DATE: August 6, 1963 Sullivan Tavel Mar A Belmont Trotte TULL Mr. Mohr Tele. Room FROM Mr. J. F. Bland Holmes 1 - Mr. Evans 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Rosen SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER SECURITY MATTER 1 - Mr. Bland 1 - Mr. Forsyth **SYNOPSIS:** 67(C) telephonically advised the Washington Field Office he had a copy of the "Southern Patriot" which contained a photograph of Martin Luther King, Jr., in company with individuals he stated were notorious members of the Communist Party (CP) and he intends to have copies of this made and will direct them to officials of the U.S. Government. "Southern Patriot" is official publication of Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc. (SCEF), which is the successor organization of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare (SCHW), an organization cited by the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) as a CP front group. Our files contain copy of this newspaper dated March, 1963 which contains what is believed to be the photograph of which speaks. The affair was the annual meeting of the New York Friends of the SCEF. The main speaker was Martin Luther King, Jr. Also ∮participating were Wyatt Tee Walker, Executive Director of Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC); James L. Hupp, Secretary of SCEF; Reverend Henry Clay Bunton, member of the Board of Directors, SCEF; and Anne Revere, an actress who was member of the CP 1943-45 and member of various CP front groups and her name is included in the company of the CP 1943-45 and member of various CP front groups and her name is included in the company of the compa ?Reserve Index.

EX-117 REC 31 100-106670=2 Additional participants were Maurice Mogulescu, admitted In member of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions and acquaintance of Alfred K. Stern espionage subject: Diane Bevel, integrationist who is affiliated with Nashville Christian Leadership Conference; William Howard Melish, New England representative of SCEF who formerly was an ordained Episcopal minister but was defrocked in 1958 because of, activity in CP front groups and his name is included in the Security Index, John Henry Faulk, who was identified as having attended CP meetings in 1943-45; Reverend Clarence H. Snelling, Jr., Methodist Chaplain at Tulene University; and James Dombrowski, Exesutive Secretary of SCHW and its successor organization, the SCET; who las beer's described as an individual who has gone along with the communities has not become a member because he resents CP 47 sellp 10 no 63 c has not become a member because he resents CP 47584p16n963 c Enc. 100-106670

Enc. 100-106670 WTF/mea (9)

bKC

Memorandum for Mr. Sullivan RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. 100-106670

OBSERVATIONS:

This information has been compiled because of possible inquiries that may be received concerning this matter and the participants.

In view of the nature of the information and the possibility that the Attorney General may be specifically questioned concerning this matter, it is believed that he should have the information available to him.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the attached letter and letterhead memorandum with information regarding these individuals be furnished to the Attorney General.

د/ ' سالم

DETAILS:

Washington Field Office that he had in his possession a copy of the "Southern Patriot" which has in it a photograph of Martin Luther King, Jr., in company with Anne Revere and others described by as "notorious members of the CP." stated he was going to have copies of this issue made and was going to "flood officials of the U. S. Government with it." cannot be identified with any information in our files. The "Southern Patriot" is the official publication of the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc., which is the successor organization of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, an organization cited by the HCUA as a CP front group.

Memorandum for Mr. Sullivan RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. 100-106670



Our files contain a March, 1963, issue of the "Southern Patriot" which has several pictures of Martin Luther King, Jr., and other individuals in attendance at an affair described as an annual reception for New York Friends of the Southern Conference Educational Fund. The main speaker was Martin Luther King, Jr., head of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. Others participating in this affair, some of whom were in the photograph, are Reverend Wyatt Tee Walker, James L. Hupp, Reverend Henry C. Bunton, Anne Revere, Maurice Mogulescu, Diane Bevel, Reverend William Howard Melish, John Henry Faulk, Reverend Clarence Snelling, Jr., and James Dombrowski.

Wyatt Tee Walker is Executive Director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and has been very active in the integration movement.

Our files show that James L. Hupp was one of 3,000 signers of a petition for clemency which was submitted to the President of the United States in an appeal for executive clemency in regard to Carl Braden and Frank Wilkinson, who were convicted of contempt of congress for refusal to testify before HCUA regarding their communist connections. Hupp is on the Board of Directors of the Southern Conference Educational Fund.

Reverend Henry Clay Bunton is pastor of the Mount Olive C.M.E. Church in Memphis, Tennessee. He is on the Board of Directors of the Southern Conference Educational Fund and formerly served in the U.S. Army as a major and chaplain. He has been active in sit-in demonstrations and other integration attempts.

Anne Revere is included in the Reserve Index. She is an actress and was a member of the CP from 1943-45. She has been identified as a member of various CP front groups. In 1951 when called before HCVA she took refuge in the 5th Amendment when questioned regarding her CP membership.

Maurice Mogulescu in 1959 was reported to be president of "Designs for Business, Inc.," 16 West 46th Street, New York City. He has reportedly admitted membership in the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, cited as a CP front by the HJUA. He was contacted by Agents in late 1957 in regard to an espionage case on Alfred K. Stern. He admitted acquaintanceship with Stern and said he met Stern at several meetings and parties sponsored by liberal groups.

3 -

Memorandum for Mr. Sullivan RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. 100-106670

Diane Bevel is the wife of James Bevel, Vice Chairman of the Nashville Christian Leadership Conference, a group affiliated with the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. James and Diane Bevel continue to be active in the integration movement.

William Howard Melish is the New England representative of the Southern Conference Educational Fund. He was an ordained Episcopal minister but was defrocked in 1958 because of his activities in behalf of numerous CP front groups, such as the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, the Civil Rights Congress, and the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (all cited pursuant to Executive Order 10450). His name is included in the Security Index.

John Henry Faulk was the subject of investigation from 1942 to 1953 as a result of association with communist front groups and his reported attendance at CP meetings in Austin, Texas, in 1943 and 1945. His Security Index card was cancelled January 3, 1949. When interviewed he denied CP affiliations but admitted association with individuals known as CP members. He was black-listed in the entertainment field because of accusation of "Aware, Inc.," to the effect he had belonged to CP fronts and that his first wife was a communist. Faulk sued and won a libel case against Aware, Inc.

According to a news release in the "New Orleans Courier" dated March 2, 1957, Reverend Clarence H. Snelling, Jr., is the Methodist Chaplain at Tulane University and has been active in the integration movement.

James Dombrowski was Executive Secretary of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare and holds the same position with the successor organization, the Southern Conference Educational Fund. He was described by a former Bureau informant who was a member of the CP in New Orleans as a person who has for years gone along with the communists but cannot be recruited into the CP because of his resentment of CP discipline. In 1954 in testimony before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, one John Butler stated that Dombrowski had been introduced to him as a CP member. He has been connected with numerous organizations described as communist fronts.

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CONFIDENTIAL

- Mr. Belmont - Ar. Mohr 1 = Mr. Evans 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 = Mr. Sullivan 1 = Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Bland August 7, 1963

1 - Mr. Forsyth

The March, 1963, issue of the "Southern Patriot," the official publication of the Southern Conference Educational Fund which is the successor of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, anorganization cited by the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) as a Communist Party (CP) front group, has several pictures of Martin Luther King, Jr., and other individuals in attendance at an affair described as an annual reception for New York Friends of the Southern Conference Educational Fund. The main speaker for this affair was Martin Luther King, Jr., head of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. Others participating in this affair, some of whom were photographed with King, are Reverend Wyatt Tee Walker, James L. Hupp, Reverend Henry C. Bunton, Anne Revere, Maurice Mogulescu, Diane Bevel, Reverend William Howard Melish, John Henry Faulk, Reverend Clarence Snelling, Jr., and James Dombrowski.

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100-106670 See Note, Page 3 WTF: scp (13) CONFIDENTIAL

ORIG. to Attorney copies to Deputy Attorney General and AAGS Marshall and Yeagley

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Martin Luther King, Jr.

Anne Revere is a actives who has been identified by a source that has furnished reliable information in the past as a member of the CP from 1943 through 1945. She has also been identified as a member of various front groups. In 1959 when she was called before HCUA she took refuge in the Fifth Amendment when questioned regarding her CP membership.

Maurice Mogulescu in 1959 was reported to be President of "Designs for Business, Inc.," 16 West 46th Street, New York City. A source who has furnished reliable information in the past has advised that Mogulescu had admitted membership in the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions. This group was cited as a CP front by the HCUA. He was contacted in late 1957 in regard to an espionage case involving Alfred K. Stern. He admitted acquaintanceship with Stern and said he met Stern at several meetings and parties sponsored by "liberal groups."

Diane Bevel is the wife of James Bevel, Vice Chairman of the Nashville Christian Leadership Conference, a group affiliated with the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. Both she and her husband continue to be active in the integration movement.

William Howard Melish is the New England representative of Southern Conference Educational Fund. Melish was an ordained Episcopal minister but was defrocked in 1958 because of his activities in behalf of numerous front groups such as the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, the Civil Rights Congress and the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born. All of these organizations have been cited pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A source that has furnished reliable information in the past has advised that John Henry Faulk was in attendance at CP meetings in Austin, Texas, in 1943 and 1945. When he was interviewed by this Bureau, he denied any CP affiliations but admitted that he associated with individuals who were known CP members. Faulk was black-listed in the entertainment field because of accusations of "Aware, Inc.," to the effect that he had belonged to CP fronts and that his first wife was a communist. Faulk sued and won a libel case against "Aware, Inc."

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Martin Luther King, Jr.

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NOTE:

See memorandum Bland to Sullivan dated August 6, 1963, captioned "Martin Luther King, Jr., Security Matter - C, Racial Matters," WTF/mea.

CONDIDENTIAL

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The Attorney General

Attached herewith is a summary of information in the Bureau files concerning individuals named in the article accompanying the photographs.

il Artistani

Enclosure

- 1 The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)
- 1 Mr. Burke Marshall (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General

a depart operate a

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General

NOTE: See Memorandum Bland to Sullivan, dated August 6, 1963, captioned as above, WTF:mea. Letter classified "Confidential" because information from sources the disclosure of which could prove detrimental to the security interests of the Nation.

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The Attorney General 1 - Mr. Belmont September 17, 1963 1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Evans Director, FBI 1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Bland MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. 1 - Mr. Forsyth SECURITY MATTER - C RACIAL MATTERS APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIFED CPFICES Enclosed herewith for your information is a memorandum dated September 16, 1963, concerning a discussion between Stanley Levison and Clarence Jones in which they discussed the recent bombing of a church SLIF(S) in Birmingham, Alabama, and possible action to be taken by Martin Luther King, Jr. Enclosure 195-106670 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure) Mr. Burke Marshall (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General 1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosure) Assistant Attorney General NOTE: Letter classified "Sect" because it contains information from confidential informants, the disclosure of which could prove injurious to the national defense and result in serious damage to the Nation. The enclosure is a letterhead memorandum from New York dated 9-16-63 captioned "Martin Luther King, Security Matter - C, Racial Matters." 100 - 166670B SEP 18 1963 (13) ITF/mda SEP 17 la llahan downgreding and devisesference 272 SEP 19 1963 64 11/11/17 Tedhes MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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F B I Date: Transmit the following in text or code) AIRTEL Via ethod of Mailing) DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670) TO SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585 MARTIN LUTHER KING SM - C RACIAL MATTERS SUBJECTES ReNYairtel 9/16/63, captioned as above. Enclosed herewith are nine copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning information received on 9/16/63, from b(2) b7(D) . (C) KU) The letterhead memorandum is classified "Confidential" because it contains information furnished by the b(2) 67(b) unauthorized disclosure of which could seriously impair the investigation of subversive matters and thereby be injurious to the national security of the U.S. 4 - Bureau (100-106670) (Encl. 9) (RM) (1 - 100-407018) (CLARENCE JONES) 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Encl. 2) (RM) 2 - Birmingham (Encl. 2) (INFO) (RM) 2 - Birmingham (Encl. 2) (INFO) (RM)

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UNITED STATES EPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION NEW YORK, New York

NowReplopkasel 10 10 mal 36585 Büreau 100-106670

September 16 1963

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY_ DATE

Martin Luther King Security Matter - C Racial Matters

Otherwise U

DATE On September 16, 1963, a confidential scurce who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on that date, Martin Luther King was in contact with Clarence Jones concerning the new Birmingham incident and King federal government to re-establish a sense of hope in the Negro people here: to gain a sense of hope in the "I think something dramatic has to be done by the Negro people here; to gain a sense of protection from the federal government. The people here feel they aren't safe at home, at church, walking in the streets. It's just that bad. No bombers are ever found. Unless some kind of national pressure is brought to bear on the President to do something, it's just going to lead to an even deeper night of bitterness, frustration and despair that will lead inevitably to extensive violence. I think the main thing is to try to get that kind of pressure on the President to have federal intervention here. We feel also that a national something, a national period of mourning should take place."

Jones stated he had been thinking the same thing and suggested that Negroes and white supporters consider a five minute work stoppage to dramatize the heinousness of the thing.

> As of July 3, 1963, Clarence Jones was the General Counsel for the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York City.

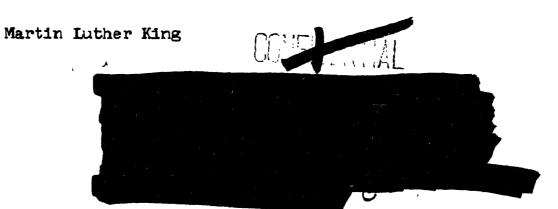
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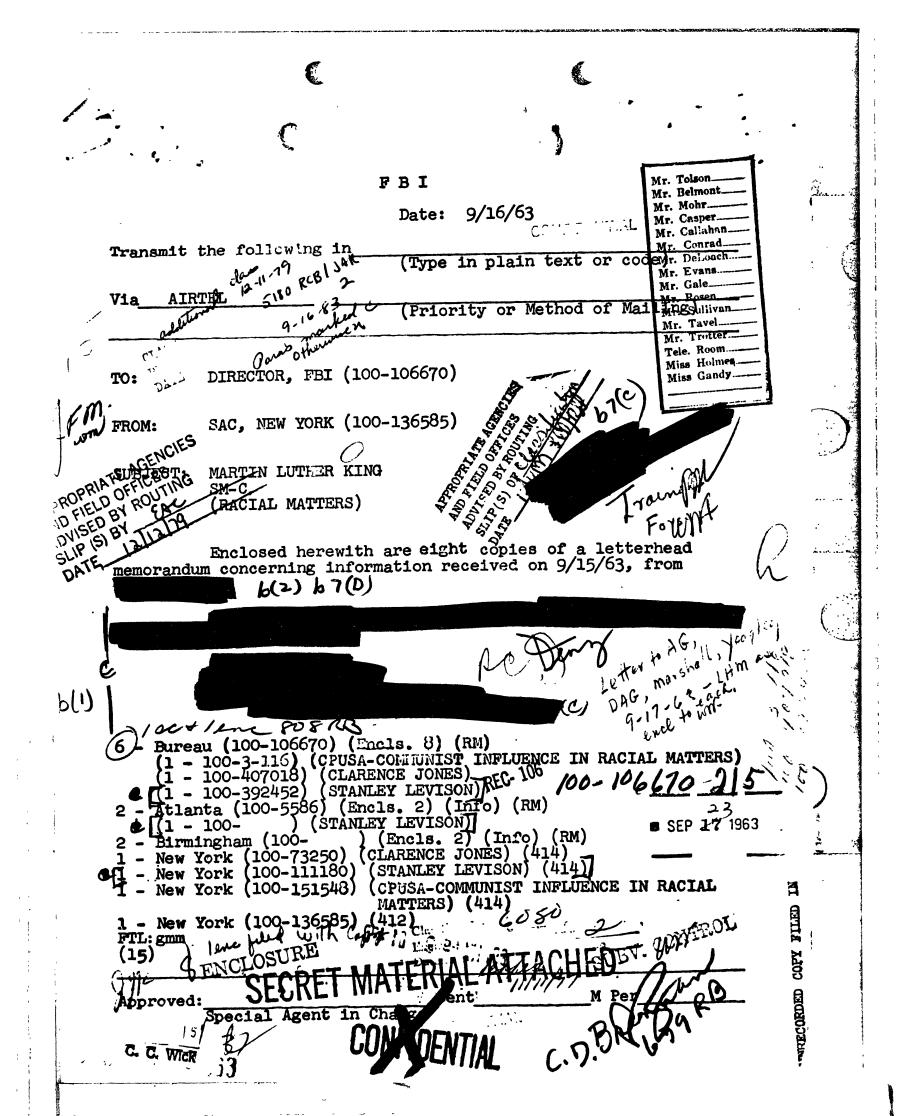
CONFIDENTIAL



The LYL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On September 16, 1963, the first source furnished further information indicating that Clarence Jones had held a discussion with one Miss Judy Tarlow (Phonetic) in Barry Gray's office in which Jones was requested to appear on the Barry Gray radio program that evening. Jones was told that the program would be "on Birmingham" and that Miss Tarlow was attempting to include on the program Roy Wilkins (Executive Secretary - National Association for the Advancement of Colored People) and one Lou-Lomax (Phonetic). According to this source, Miss Tarlow was also attempting to contact Martin Luther King in Birmingham in an effort to get him to agree to participate in this program whereby King and Jones could talk to each other by phone on the program. Jones then suggested that Gray include in this program a representative from the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, possibly the chairman, John Lewis. Miss Tarlow agreed to attempt to obtain John Lewis.





NY 100-136585

It should be noted that in the conversation with JONES, LEVISON claimed that the FBI, in all this time, has not been able to apprehend the person responsible for the earlier bombings and could not avert future ones which he thought should be relatively easy as "there are not so many guys who could handle dynamite".



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bureau 100-106670

New York, New York September

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DATE OF MINEY FOR 9-16-8.

Martin Luther King Security Matter - C (Racial Matters)

Mr. Tolston Mr. Belimput Mr. Mohr_ Mr. Casper Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad Mr. DeLnach. Mr. Evans_ Mr. Gele_ Mr. Rosen Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel Mr. Trotter_ Tele. Room_ Miss Holmes Miss Gandy.

L. L ...

On Scomemoer 15, 1963, a confidential gourse, who has furnished reliable information in the part, furnished information of a discussion that took place on that date between Stanley Levison and Clarence Jones.

As of July 3, 1963, Clarence Jones was the General Counsel for the Ghandi Society ROPRIATE AGENCIES for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, AND FIELD OFFICES New York City. ADVISED BY ROUTING

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APPROPRIATE AGENCIE AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY F SLIP(S) OF TAGE

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Re: Martin Luther King Security Matter - C (Racial Matters)

The LYL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The first source advised that Levison and Jones discussed the bombing that took place that day in the Baptist Church in Birmingham, Alabama. Levison described the bombing as "barbaric" and said that Martin Luther King had issued an excellent statement with respect to the bombing. 1

Levison stated, "The Administration did nothing, the Birmingham police did nothing except hold back Negroes when they got angry and I feel that what is needed is to make a real demonstration - a mass funeral in which Negroes should strike, not go into the mills and shops".

Levison also stated that Attorney General Robert Kennedy had announced that the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) was going to conduct an investigation with respect to the bombing. Levison told Jones that Martin Luther King should be called upon to personally organize this massive public funeral and should personally lead it. Jones stated that King was in Birmingham now and Jones will attempt to contact King so that he can furnish King Levison's thoughts on the funeral demonstration.

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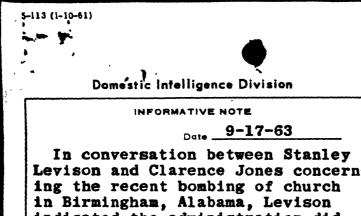
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	be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
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In conversation between Stanley
Levison and Clarence Jones concerning the recent bombing of church in Birmingham, Alabama, Levison indicated the administration did nothing and the Birmingham Police did nothing except hold back Negroes. Levison indicated he thought King should lead a mass funeral during which Negroes should strike and not go into the mills or shops. Jones indicated King in Birmingham now and he will furnish Levison's thoughts to King. Dissemination being made to Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, and Assistant Attorney Generals
Marshall and Yeagley.

10-0-106670 REC'D-READING I 67(c) Salt Lake City 8, Utah Dear Mr. Hoover received your letter of September 18th,

with enclosure, and asked me to advise you that he has not made the statement you indicated. Results of FBI investigations are furnished to the Department of Justice for its consideration.

This Bureau is strictly an investigative agency of The Regeral Government and, as such, does not make evaluations For draw conclusions as to the character or integrity of any organization, publication or individual. Also, information in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice and is available for official use only. In view of these policies, you will understand why it is not possible for Mr. Hoover to comment as you requested.

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Enclosed is some interactive it is hoped with be or	
interest to you.	
Sincerely yours of Sincerely you	

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Enclosures (5) Internal Security Statement, 4-17-62
The FBI's Role in the Field of Civil Rights Know your... FBI
The Communist Party Line The Current Communist Threat

NOTE: Correspondent cannot be identified in Bufiles.

- 2 -

Salt Lake City, 8, September 10, 1963

J. Edgar Hoover, Director, F.B.I. Justice Department Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover,

As a Social Studies teacher, I stress the study of current events in my classroom regularly. Recently my class discussed the Civil Rights March on Washington. I commented favorably on Rev. Martin Luther King s leadership while urging peaceful demonstrations Since then, copies of the enclosed and other similar materials have been presented to me as an indication of his "communistic" leanings As a vitally interested citizen and a responsible teacher, I must know if these charges of communistic tendencies are true.

I am concerned about the political philosophies taught in the Highlander Folk School and the Southern Conference Education Bund. Since Rev. King attended some of their meetings and was photographed with "known communistic sympathizers," he is accused of being guilty by association.

I have been told that on pages one and six of the NEW YORK TIMES, July 25, 1963, an article describes a letter from attorney General Kennedy in which J. Wagar Hoover is quoted as saying that the Justice Department has cleared Rev. King of communistic affiliations. Can you confirm for me that Rev. King has no known communistic

affiliations or tendencies?

2 SEP 12 1963

67(0)

"Full prototion for any Negro trying to register for voting at's what Attorney General Robert Kennedy promised the Rev. Martin King at a private meeting in Washington last week. The Negro leader is about to launch a new campaign throughout the South to add 250,000 vegro voters to the rolls."

The WEEKLY CRUSADER is at a loss to understand why the Attorney General, who was active in the McCarthy hearings into Communist and un-American activities, is now making promises to Communist collaborators as an official of the U.S. government.

FULL SCALE INVESTIGATION CALLED FOR

Martin Luther King's open, deceitful influence over so much of our population is a national disgrace. The WEFKLY CRUSADER calls for an all out investigation into the activities of this co-operator with known Communists. Concerned Americans would like the answers to the following pertinent questions:

- 1. Is Martin Luther King interested in the Negro for the Negro's sake or for the furtherance of Communist objectives in our country?
- 2. Where does Martin Luther King derive the income for his multitudinous activities? What large interests are paying his way?
- 3. What are the REAL reasons for his objections to the House Committee on Un-American Activities? Could it be that he fears exposure of his true motives from this investigating committee?
- 4. Why does this man, who has selected known Communists as his closest associates and advisers, have access to the top offices of our government and personal audiences with our policy making leaders?

It is time Martin Luther King was unmasked before the American public. Only a full-scale investigation will serve the best interests of both the Negroes and whites of our nation.

A Reprint From Christian Crusade's Weekly Editorial Voice THE WEEKLY CRUSADER

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BY DR. BILLY JAMES HARGIS A CHRISTIAN CRUSADE PUBLICATION

10-0-116675-217



Recent statements by race agitator Martin Luther King, Jr., clearly indicate that it is time to rip off his picus mask and reveal the real purpose and drive behind his anti-American activities. Though King has been sainted in many popular weekly magazines, his infamous alliance with Communist objectives and personalities has been kept a carefully guarded secret.

The Tulsa Fribune, May 3, 1961, carried an article datelined Atlanta, (Ga.) which read: "The Rev. Martin Luther King, fr. and 16 other big names in the Southern Negro integration movement joined today in demanding that the controversial House Un-American Activities Committee be abolished and that a man pailed for defying it be pareloned by President Kennedy.

"Carl Braden of Louisville, Ky., whose release the bi-racial leaders were demanding, was jailed Monday along with Frank Wilkinson et Los Angeles. The two were convicted by a toleral jury in Atlanta in early 1959 for refusing to tell the Flouse Committee whether they were Communists...

"King said the jailing of Wilkinson and Braden is evidence that 'Met'arthyism' is on the rise again. He told United Press International that 'I have no should they are being punished—particularly Mr. Braden—for their integration activities."

Rev King, in his statement that Braden was jailed because of his integration activities, conveniently ignores the fact that both Braden and Wilkinson are known, identified Communists and that Braden is field director of the Southern Conference Educational Fund. According to sworn testimony before the Florida Legislation Investigation Committee, Feb. 10, 1958, Dr. J. B. Marthews said. The principal function of the Southern Conference Educational Fund is to serve as a bridge between the Communist Party on the one hand and mis-guided Southern Liberals on the other hand. The Southern Conference Educational Fund is the new name for the Southern Conference for Human Welfare of which the Senate Security Subcommittee said '... was conceived, financed and set up by the Communist Party in 1938 as a mass organization to promote Communism throughout the Southern States.

Mr. Wilkinson could hardly be punished for his integration activities since his particular function for the Communist Party is field representative for the Communist front The National Commutee to Abolish the House Un American Activities Commutee.

ASKING IMPO

An editorial in the Petershurg Independent, March 7, 1961, said a criting the sentencing of Braden and Wilkinson:

QUESTIONS

"It was most certainly pertinent to and important for the (House Un-American Activities) committee to find out if possible whether Wilkinson was fighting the committee as an American or as a Communist. And it was equally pertinent to find out whether Braden was working for integration as an American with concern for the Negro or as a Communist concerned for the advancement of the cause of the Kremlin."

The same all-searching questions could well be asked in the case of the pro-Soviet agitator Martin Luther King, Jr. King's constant agitation of racial troubles, his attack against our private enterprise system as guaranteed in our Federal Constitution in an Indiana speech last summer, and his recent open alliance with enemies of our nation, places him squarely in the camp of subversives.

King's Communist attitutions and acquaintances go back many years and establish a clear pattern of Marxist affinity.

Over the Labor Day weekend, 1957, Martin Luther King was a participant in the 25th anniversary semmar on the integration struggle sponsored by the Highlander Folk School, Monteagle, Tennessee. He has been closely associated with the leadership of the school since that time. The Highlander Folk School was tounded in 1932 by Myles Horton and Don West; James Dombrowski joined them shortly thereafter. Don West was district director of the Communist Party of North Carolina.

Paul Crouch, the top Communist Party functionary in the south, testified before the Subcommittee of the Committee on Un-American Activities that Dombrowski "gave me the impression of being completely pro-Communist and anxious to collaborate with the Communist Party and follow its leadership without taking the risk of actual Party membership."

KING ASSOCIATES WITH COMMUNIST SCHOOL

Paul Crouch further testified that "The Highlander Folk School is . . . operated . . . ostensibly as an independent labor school but actually working in close co-operation with the communist Party."

Pictures taken at the Highlander Folk School over the 1957 Labor Day weekend show Martin Luther King

The first of the second of the

with Abner W Berry, Negr z of the Central Arry and columnist for Committee of the Communish the Daily Worker. Another in photograph was Aubry Williams, President of the Southern Conference Education Fund and a top leader of all out integration According to dift Daily Worker, Sept. 10, 1957, Williams spoke "propherically" when he declared that the situation in the south "is only a short step to general violence," and that the "stuft out of which rebellions are made is definitely being planted." Aubry Williams has at least 13 separate listings as being associated with Communist fronts and organizations. Pere Seeger, a nationally known folk singer who has been prominently identified with the Communist movement in this country for many years, was another Labor Day attraction at the school. Seeger has been named as a member or the Communist Party in sworn

KING LAUDED BY COMMUNIST PRESS

Rev. King is president of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and led the bus boycott in Monteomery, Alabama. His activities are usually highly praised in the Communist press as is evidenced by these gushing lines from the pen of Herbert Aptheker, Communist editor of Political Affairs:

"And in Montgomery, Alabama, there is the opic struggle of the entire 50,000 members of its Negro community. . . . Here, with women in the lead, is the unparalleled and unbreakable splendor of an entire people speaking out to the world in tones of purity and self-sacrifice and saying. "We will live in freedom, in our own day and here in our own city."

King also led the Negro "March on Washington" and was accompanied by his manager Bayard Ruskin, who, according to the Daily Worker, attended the 1957 convention of the Communist Party. According to one ann-Communist paper, 'Bayard Ruskin is listed as a member of the Editorial Board of Liberation... (a) pacifist-anarchist publication. Ruskin contributes another article and is identified as having 'had many years of direct experience in racial conflicts in the South.' In 1946 he served a sentence on the chain gang in N. C. for refusing to sit in the Negro section of a bus. He went to India in 1947 and Africa in 1953. He is an expert on Civil Disobedience."

KING WORKS WITH COMMUNISTS

In the Youth March for Integrated Schools of Washington, D.C. in 1958, Martin Luther King was co-chairman of the group along with veteran Communist-fronter A Philip Randolph. The march was fortified by three bus loads of Communists from the

cited Communist A Teacher's Union. Again, Rev. King made ages of the Communist Worker which reported: "Rev. King aid: The Oppressed Always Marched For Freedom On May 17, 1959, the Worker devoted the entire front page and fourteen columns of print to the March. That King's Washington March was aided and engineered by the Communists is attested to by the Worker. On page 15 they said:

"Large numbers of the Left (Communist) forces actively aided in mobilizing support for the Youth March and were in vast audience."

Challenge, official publication of the Young People's Socialist League (11-1-58) headlined the story and pointed out that the Marchers White House Student delegation leader and 1-4 of the main youth organizers were members of the YPSL.

LAWLESSNESS AND VIOLENCE ACCOMPANY KING

Martin Luther King also has the dubious distinction of being associated with integrationist groups designed to stir up racial trouble. The Tulia World, May 15, 1961 reported the violence associated with two bus loads of Negroes and whites sponsored by Treedom Riders' a group sceking to break the segregation barrier in the South. The "Freedom Riders" were part of a group connected with CORE—Congress of Racial Equality. The 1958 CORE letterheads show King on the National Advisory Continittee along with a number of other Red-fronters.

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with Abner W. Berry, Negr of the Central Committee of the Communist and columnist for the Daily Worker Another in — photograph was Aubry Williams, President of the Southern Conference Education Fund and a top leader of all our integration According to tift Daily Worker, Sept. 10, 1957, Williams spoke "propherically" when he declared that the situation in the south "is only a short step to general violence," and that the "stuft out of which rebellions are made is definitely being planted." Aubry Williams has at least 13 separate listings as being associated with Communist fronts and organizations. Pere Seeger, a nationally known folk singer who has been prominently identified with the Communist movement in this country for many years, was another Labor Day attraction at the school. Seeger has been named as a member of the Communist Party in sworn

KING LAUDED BY COMMUNIST PRESS

Rev. King is president of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and led the bus boycott in Monteomery, Alabama. His activities are usually highly praised in the Communist press as is evidenced by these gushing lines from the pen of Herbert Apticker, Communist editor of Political Affairs:

"And in Montgomery, Alabama, there is the epic struggle of the entire 50,000 members of its Negro community. . . . Here, with women in the lead, is the unparalleled and unbreakable splendor of an entire people speaking out to the world in tones of purity and self-sacrifice and saying. "We will live in freedom, in our own day and here in our own city."

King also led the Negro "March on Washington" and was accompanied by his manager Bayard Ruskin, who, according to the Daily Worker, attended the 1957 convention of the Communist Party. According to one anti-Communist paper, 'Bayard Ruskin is listed as a member of the Editorial Board of Liberation . . (a) pacifist-anarchist publication. Ruskin contributes another article and is identified as having 'had many years of direct experience in racial conflicts in the South.' In 1946 he served a sentence on the chain gang in N.C. for refusing to sit in the Negro section of a bus. He went to India in 1947 and Africa in 1953. He is an expert on Civil Disobedience."

KING WORKS WITH COMMUNISTS

In the Youth March for Integrated Schools of Washington, D.C. in 1958, Martin Luther King was co-chairman of the group along with veteran Communist-fronter A Philip Randolph. The march was fortified by three bes loads of Communists from the

cired Communist A. Teacher's Union. Again, Rev. King made Lages of the Communist Worker which reported: "Rev. Ki aid: The Oppressed Always Marched For Freedom. On May 17, 1959, the Worker devoted the entire front page and fourteen columns of print to the March. That King's Washington March was aided and engineered by the Communists is attested to by the Worker. On page 15 they said:

"Large numbers of the Left (Communist) forces actively aided in mobilizing support for the Youth March and were in vast audience."

Challenge, official publication of the Young People's Socialist League (11-1-58) headlined the story and pointed out that the Marchers White House Student delegation leader and 14 of the main youth organizers were members of the YPSL.

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"Elizabeth Dilling and in her book, uring the seven years from 1923 to 1930, the NAACP received name \$43,000 from the ramong whose directors we communist William Z. Foster and Elizabeth Gurley Flynn. She also disclosed that the official report of the Fourth National Convention of the Communist Party of the United States held in 1925 stated that the Party had penetrated the NAACP."

In 1958, J. B. Matthews, an expert on Communist infiltration, wrote:

"Listed on the current letterheads of the NAACP are the names of 236 different national officers. One hundred forty-five (or more than 61 per cent) of these individuals have been involved, in one way or another, with Communist enterprises, for a grand total of 2,200 affiliations of public record."

KING AIDS COMMUNIST PARTY OBJECTIVES

The Communist Party has often and in numerous places outlined its objectives for the Negro in America. In 1928, the Party published a pamphlet written by John Pepper, the representative of the Communist Par y in the United States, in which he said: "The Communists must participate in all national liberation movements of the Negroes which have a real mass character."

Negro Communist leader Benjamin Davis published his pamphlet entitled "The Path of Negro Liberation," in which he wrote:

"Consequently the Negro people are moving in the direction of some form of statehood in the Black Belt. This would mean an adjustment or rectification of the lines demarking 12 states through which runs the Black Belt area where Negro people are in a majority."

The remarkable way in which Martin Luther King has fitted into these goals of the Communist Party is attested to on the pages of the official Party organ, The Worker. The October 30, 1960 edition left no question as to the importance which the Communists recognize in the person of Rev. King toward achieving their Communist goals. After Rev. King was jailed in Atlanta following three days of mass sit-ins and picketing by hundreds of students of the Atlanta University Center, in an appeal usually reserved for top Party functionaries, the Worker told its Communist subscribers:

"The outrageous sentencing of Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr., requires the protest of all decent Americans.

"Demand Dr. King's immediate release. Demand

that the person the sit-inners be haulted. Demand that the degovernment protect those who exercise their Constitutional 'right of the people peaceably to assemble and to redress of grievances.' (Note that the Worker takes no notice of the "civil disobedience" engaged in by the "peaceful" sit-inners. Ed.)

". . . The cause for which Dr. King speaks is the cause, not of the Negro people alone, but of all democratic America.

"Let, then, labor speak out. Let all organizations of the people speak out. Let all right-minded Americans speak out.

"Wire or phone to President Eisenhower and to both presidential candidates, Richard Nixon and John Kennedy. Let your Representatives and Senators hear from you.

"Let every candidate — for every post from state legislator to president — back up his avowed allegiance to civil rights by acting now. If he won't act now, what can you expect after election?"

TOP COMMUNISTS SPEAK FOR KING

So ingrained into the workings of the Communist Party are the policies and actions of Rev. King that his incarceration evoked protests from the top Communist command in the U.S. The same issue of the Worker said:

"Gus Hall, general secretary, and Benjamin Davis, national secretary of the Communist Party, on Monday protested the arrest of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, in wires to President Eisenhower, vice-president Richard Nixon and Sen. John Kennedy, and demanded the Rev. King's release."

Rocketed to national prominence through the distorted and one-sided coverage given his infamous and illegal activities by the left-wing press and Life, Time, and Look magazines, Martin Luther King now has the official ear of Washington on behalf of his crusade. The February 5, 1961 issue of the Communist Worker quoted King as saying, "The Justice Department 'has vast potential' to open up 'hitherto untried avenues in the desegregation struggle.' The power inherent in executive orders has never been exploited."

KING PULLS WASHINGTON STRINGS

As is the case with most Communist directives these days, the step from announcement to fulfillment is a short one. The Newsweek magazine, May 1, 1961 reported:

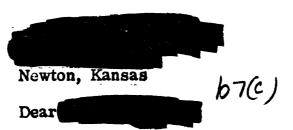
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September 18, 1963

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Mr. Hoover was preparing to leave the city. He asked that I thank you for your interest in writing and for your kind sentiments.

Although he would like to be of assistance to you, information in the files of this Bureau must be maintained as confidential pursuant to regulations of the Department of Justice and is available for official use only. He expressed the hope you will understand his

MAILED 311
SEP #1253

Sincerely yours,

Helen W. Gandy Secretary

NOTE: No record of correspondent in Bufiles. The Highlander Folk School has been the subject of numerous allegations that it is a communist school and the headquarters of communism in eastern Tennessee due RMW:ngf (3) (Note continued next page)

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primarily to its racial character. These allegations have not been substantiated although the Bureau is cognizant of the numerous communist affiliations of personnel of this organization. The organization itself has not been investigated by the Bureau. In-absence believed appropriate in view of correspondent's disapproval of the current Administration and its policies. Names noted in the incoming are well known at the Bureau and no commentary is being set forth.

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TRUE COPY

Sept. 13, 1963

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am deeply troubled over the many things that are happening in our country today. It seems there was a time when dignity made a man trustworthy and in due time he led groups of people to do good deeds which in turn made this country great. Now days we've questionable people leading groups of people to do things that makes this country look weak. I'm greatly concerned over groups that give us such movies as ''I Hate Your Guts.'' Surely these people do not have the welfare of this nation in mind. Could it be they're interested in the welfare of another country? You know any great man full of courage and dignity and the spirit of God can fall if the evil forces work on him long enough. As sure as I sit here I'm sure we are being sold out by dangerous agents instigated by men who are without scruple. Our government seems to have no firm foundation anymore. How many times have we been taken by Russia and its communist party? Isn't it funny how Japan bombed Pearl Harbor in a sneak attack! How Russia took over Cuba! The Peace Treaties Mr. K. has made and not kept! The U. N. and its part in Africa! The U. S. giving Cuba aid through the U. N. Many things that I can not relate here are happening which I sincerely believe finds our few responsible leaders up against a flood-tide of evil which they can not control. Most of all and the main reason I'm writing is that I want to know if its true that Martin Luther King has 60 communist front citations, as documented by Karl Prussion, ex-F. B. I. Counter spy? Also, is the Highlander Folk School, Monteagle, Tenn. a Communist training school? I also understand Bayar Ruskin, King's, manager and the deputy director of the August March on Washington for Equal Rights is a former communist. What shocks me is that our own President welcomed these people! What do they mean Equal Rights? From what I can see and hear, tells me that if a negro-really wants to make something of himself he does. It isn't your color. In fact, we all are discriminated by one means or another. Also, it is a disgrace to God to tell the world you can't do this and that because your black. All Martin 15. King is doing is causing ill feelings. Here in the city of Newton we find negroes living like first class citizens if thats what - they want. Others, who don't care, like animals which Martin King is telling the whole world is the way all negroes live because white man has made it that way. That is a lie and therefore a disgrace to our country. Negroes just aren't like the white man and they couldn't run this country if they had the chance but if this country doesn't get back on its feet and realize what is happening then the negro may have a chance to run it. I'm not blaming the negro for anything - I'm concerned over the evil forces who are pushing their evil deeds upon the race (black) because it is the black race that can cause the rot which will cause our beloved country to decay in all that it stands for. No, no government is perfect but I still like ours best because it stands for God and God, is perfect through Jesus Christ, our savior.

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Thank you for reading my letter and may God richly bless you for helping keep our country safe. Please let me know as I worry more and more. Even my motherinlaw says that Martin King is doing a great thing for his race. If hes leaning towards the communist side how can he be doing a great thing? Also, shes extremely worried about my relationship with God sence I will not accept the fact the negro is like the white man.

Sincerely,

/s/

Address per envelope:

Newton, Ks.

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L'cat Mr . Now

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to

New York 100-136585 Bureau 100-106670

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES BY SED BY ROUTING

Re: Martin Luther King Security Matter - C Racial Matters

On September 17, 1963, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information indicating that Martin Luther King and Clarence Jones held a discussion regarding the manner in which they could dramatize the bombing incident which occurred September 15, 1963, in Birmingham.

> As of July 3, 1963, Clarence Jones was the General Counsel for the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York City.

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The LYL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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SECRET

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its content are not to be distributed of side your agency.



Martin Luther King



According to this first source, Jones suggested to King that King, A. Phillip Randolph (head of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters) and Roy Wilkins (Executive Secretary - National Association for the Advancement of Colored People) issue a call to the six organizations (presumably civil rights organizations) and to the Negro population of the nation for a work stoppage or a period of silence at the time of the funeral for the Birmingham bombing victims. Jones stated that the funeral was to be held Wednesday September 18, 1963, at 3:30 p.m. Jones also stated that this type of proposal would demonstrate King's leadership in civil rights in this country. King stated that he felt that this idea was an excellent one and that immediate action would have to be taken.

The first source further advised that on the same date, Clarence Jones spoke to Bayard Rustin (Deputy Director of the March on Washington) advising him that Jones and King had discussed a tentative plan whereby King, Randolph, Wilkins and the other three Negro organizations would issue a joint appeal to the Negro citizenry and our friends in the white community, that there be a complete stoppage of activity, a national standstill of activity for five or ten minutes at the time of the funeral of the Birmingham bombing victims. Rustin agreed that something like this should be done but stated that there was not sufficient time to do it properly. Rustin further stated that it was his opinion that King could do a much better job after the funeral and suggested to Jones that they take more time to think this through more carefully. Jones agreed and nothing further was decided on this point.

