## APPENDIX

Volume 5-(Exhibit Volume)—Pages 1989a to 2167a

## Supreme Court of the United States

OCTOBER TERM, 1971
No. 71-507


SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, DENVER, COLORADO, ET AL.
on writ of certiorari to the united states court of appeals for the tenth circuit

## CERTIORARI GRANTED JANUARY 17, 1972

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI FILED OCTOBER 8, 1971
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## INDEX

Plaintiffs' Exhibits: PAGE
1—Denver Public Schools Policy 5100 ..... 1989a
2-Resolution Number 1490 ..... 1991a
20-Excerpts from Report and Recommendations to the Board of Education ..... 1997a
40-Map, Barrett 1960 Census, Percent Negro ..... 2021a
41-Map, Overlay Barrett 1960 ..... 2022a
50-Map, 1961 Boundaries ..... 2024a
53-Map, Overlay of No. 50, Proposed Boundary Changes ..... 2026a
70-Map, Boundaries 1963 ..... 2028a
71-Map, Overlay of No. 70, Boundary Changes 1964 ..... 2030a
87-Eligible Open Enrollment Elementary Schools ..... 2032a
89-Table: Some Predominantly Anglo Elemen- tary Schools With No Available Openings for Limited Open Enrollment, 1968 ..... 2034a
90-Limited Open Enrollment Space in Predom- inantly Negro or Hispano Elementary Schools, 1968 ..... 2036a
97 -Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Elem. Schools, Sept. 23, 1968 ..... 2038a
98-Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Elem. Schools (Percentages), Sept. 23, 1968 ..... 2040a
106-Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils (Percen- tages) Elementary Schools, Sept. 23, 1968 ..... 2042a
203-Boundaries, Manual and East, 1955 ..... 2044a
Plaintiffs' Exhibits: PAGE
204-Boundaries, Manual and East, 1956 ..... 2046a
210-Capacity Utilization of Manual and East High 2048a
242-Elementary Students, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Number of Pupils ..... 2050a
243-Elementary Students, Racial Composition, 1963-68 Percentage ..... 2053a
244-Elementary Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Number ..... 2055a
245-Elementary Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Percentage ..... 2057a
258-Chart, Minority School Teachers, Minority vs. Anglo Elementary Schools (1964-68) ..... 2059a
263-Teachers with No DPS Experience, Elem. Schools ..... 2060a
264-Probationary Teachers, Elem. Schools ..... 2062a
265-Teachers with 10 or more years DPS Experi- ence, Elem. Schools (Percentage) ..... 2064a
266-Median Years DPS Experience, Elem. School Teachers, 1964-68 ..... 2066a
270-Acres per 100 Students, Minority vs. Anglo Schools ..... 2068a
271-Average Age of Original Structure, Minority vs. Anglo Elem. Schools, 1968 ..... 2070a
273-Jr. High Students, Racial Composition, 1963- 68, Number of Students ..... 2072a
274-Jr. High Students, Racial Composition, 1963- 68, Percentage ..... 2074a
275-Jr. High Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Number ..... 2075a
276-Jr. High Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Percentage ..... 2076a
Plaintiffs' Exhibits: ..... PAGE
289—Minority School Teachers, Minority vs. Anglo Junior High Schools, 1964-68 ..... 2077a
302-Sr. High Students, Racial Composition, 1963- 68, Number ..... 2078a
303-Sr. High Students, Racial Composition, 1963- 68, Percentage ..... 2080a
304-Sr. High Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Number ..... 2081a
305-Sr. High Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Percentage ..... 2082a
318--Minority School Teachers, Sr. High, 1964-68 ..... 2083a
336-Enrollment According to Race by Schools, 1946-47 ..... 2084a
356-The New Manual-Manual Training High School ..... 2086a
372-Achievement, 5th Grade, 1968 Average, Below 20th Percentile ..... 2088a
373-Achievement, 5th Grade, Below 30th Percentile ..... 2090a
374—Achievement, 5th Grade, Below 40th Percentile ..... 2092a
375-Achievement, 5th Grade, Below 60th Percentile ..... 2094a
376-R-Enrollment by Racial and Ethnic Groups; Correlation with Achievement Scores, 5th Grade, 1968 ..... 2096a
377-Average Mean Achievement Score, 3rd Grade, 1956 and 1968 ..... 2098a
378-Effects of "Normalizing" Achievement Scores ..... 2100a
380-Stanford Achievement Test Scores, 20 Minor- ity Schools ..... 2102a
381-Stanford Achievement Test Scores, 21 Anglo Schools ..... 2104a
410-Negroes in Denver Public Schools ..... 2106a
Plaintiffs' Exhibits: page
417-Secondary Membership 1955-1965 ..... 2108a
6-Excerpts from Minutes, June 9, 1969 ..... 2110a
6a-Resolution No. 1533 ..... 2111a
10-Review, Publication DPS, April 1969 ..... 2112a
11—Review, May 1969 ..... 2114a
38-Excerpts, "Characteristics of Negro Resi- dences in Park Hill Area of Denver, Colo. 1966" ..... 2116a
333-Ltr., June 20, 1956, to Bd. of Ed. from Supt. Oberholtzer ..... 2118a
405-Excerpts, "Report . . . A Study of, etc.", Feb. 1962 ..... 2120a
510-Target Schools, Ethnic \& Racial Data, Teacher Experience and Median Achievement ..... 2124a
509-Court Designated Elementary Schools, Ethnic \& Racial Data ..... 2122a
Defendants' Exhibits:
CG-Ethnic Distribution of Pupils ..... 2126a
D-Excerpts "Planning . . . Quality Education," A Proposal for Integrating the DPS, Oct. 1968 ..... 2128a
DA-Percentage of New Teachers Employed by DPS 1962-68 ..... 2143a
DB-Percentage of New Teachers by DPS with 3 or more years teaching experience ..... 2144a
DG-Percentage of Negro Teachers Elem. Schools 1964-68 ..... 2146a
Int. L—Annexation Map, City \& County of Denver ..... 2148a
EE-Ethnic Distributions, Percentages, Denver Elementary Schools, 1962-69 ..... 2150a

## $\nabla$

Defendants' Exhibits: PAGE
EF-Ethnic Distribution, Percentages, Denver Jr. High, 1962-69 ..... 2152a
EG-Ethnic Distribution, Percentages, Denver Sr. High, 1962-69 ..... 2154a
J-Ltr., July 23, 1969, from Director of Attendance \& Pupil Records, David R. Mc Williams ..... 2156a
HK—Excerpts "Facts \& Figures", DPS 1969 ..... 2158a
VA-Report to Board of Education by Supt. Robert D. Gilberts ..... 2160a
VM—Court Designated Elementary Schools, Ethnic \& Racial-Teachers ..... 2162a
210A-Capacity Utilization of Manual and East High, 1951-1961 ..... 2164a
S-1-DPS, Report of Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Oct. 27, 1969 ..... 2166a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1 <br> (Denver Public Schools Policy 5100) 

DPS Policy 5100

## Denver Public Schools Policy 5100

Subject: Equality of Educational Opportunity
Reference: Minutes of the Board of Education, May 6, 1964.

## 1. Policy

"This Board of Education recognizes that all children within the District, regardless of racial or ethnic backgrounds, are equally entitled to the benefits of good education and that to secure such benefits the needs and aspirations of all children must be considered.

Barriers of prejudice, discrimination, and of ignorance impede equality. Individuals, schools, and community need to work together to help to overcome these barriers. Equality of educational opportunity can be achieved most readily when school and community provide conditions which enable each child to develop to his full potential.

Because individuals differ greatly in their backgrounds, their capacities, and their motivations, equality of educational opportunity must not be conceived as the same opportunity for each person; that is, for example, as schools. with the same curriculum, guidance, and instruction.

The continuation of neighborhood schools has resulted in the concentration of some minority racial and ethnic groups in some schools. Reduction of such concentration and the establishment of more heterogeneous or diverse groups in schools is desirable to achieve equality of educational opportunity. This does not mean the abandonment

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1

of the neighborhood school principle, but rather the incorporation of changes or adaptations which result in a more diverse or heterogeneous racial and ethnic school population, both for pupils and for school employees.

The individual group contributions of ethnic and racial minorities, as well as those of the majority, must become increasingly notable in the school through educational opportunities in human and intercultural relations, both for pupils and for school employees.

Finally, this Board recognizes that full realization of equality of educational opportunity involves programs which include some tried and some untried practices."
2. Effective Date. This policy is effective on May 6, 1964.

Distribution
All schools
and departments
August 24, 1964

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

(Resolution Number 1490)

## Part I

Policy 5100, Denver Public Schools, recognizes that the continuation of neighborhood schools has resulted in the concentration of some minority racial and ethnic groups in some schools and that a reduction of such concentration and the establishment of an intergrated school population is desirable to achieve equality of educational opportunity.

Therefore, in order to implement Policy 5100, the Board of Education hereby directs the Superintendent to submit to the Board of Education as soon as possible, but no later than September 30, 1968, a comprehensive plan for the integration of the Denver Public Schools. Such plan then to be considered by the Board, the Staff and the community and, with such refinements as may be required, shall be considered for adoption no later than December 31, 1968.

Part II

1. The Board of Education is faced with a serious social crisis. We believe a majority of citizens of Denver have confidence in the ability of this Board to meet the complex, difficult and controversial issues involved in this crisis. However, the Board is aware of wide and deep distrust of its motives and actions by certain racial and ethnic groups, and individuals within those groups. It is accused of injustice, of perpetuating, without concern, the educational and social evils occurring with de facto segregation in schools. These groups have been promised much by society in general. Repeated failures of performance häve alienated good friends, have created wide distrust of motives and have created an atmosphere where responsible leadership

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

and concerned citizen support are being lost to the schools and to the community. We are increasingly aware of feelings of antagonism, of isolation, of hopelessness, of deep and unyielding bitterness, real and intense. These feelings are strongly held and are not subject to easy communication to those who do not have a similar background. The Board now states that its policy will be to eliminate distrust of its motives and performance by the minority community.
2. Also, the Board is aware of a different and widespread community distrust of Board motives and actions. This is evidenced by a substantial credibility gap, based on the fears of many citizens that their freedom of choice of home location and concurrent school selection is or will be threatened by proposed Board actions, particularly actions in the solution of the educational problems of de facto minority ethnic and racial segregation. The words "bussing", or "reverse bussing" (meaning the transportation of white children into minority populated schools), express the undefined fears of large numbers of Denver citizens that somehow the \&Board and its policies threaten deeply felt sensibilities. Here there is abroad in Denver a degree of distrust that is frightening in its intensity and has many ramifications. Expressions of such feelings are frequently prefaced by express denials of prejudice, racial or otherwise, and the Board accepts such denials at face value and as evidence of the existence of good will towards the minority communities of Denver. The Board recognizes that the voluntary support of citizens who presently hold such views is necessary to the proper functioning of the school system.
3. A third source of distrust of Board motives and performance is that body of citizens of all races, including many whites, who recognize and accept that segregated education

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

is harmful to both minority and majority children and who now insist that the Board increase its efforts to eliminate the educational evils of de facto segregation. The Board has obviously failed to convince these people that its past actions, and particularly the recent approval of major junior high school construction and the proposed voluntary movement of elementary minority pupils represent good faith efforts in this area. The confidence of these citizens must be restored and the Board proposes to seek their active support.
4. A fourth force presently apparent and widely communicated to the Board is a reluctance throughout the city to see the tax load-primarily the real estate tax loadincreased in any degree. In this area, the Board has apparently failed to communicate to the community the validity of the financial needs of the District. Increased State aid, if and when forthcoming, will be welcome but realistically can do little to reduce the real estate tax levy and will, in the long run, create a further class of concerned taxpayers to whom the function, purpose, method and objectives of the school system must be explained and whose understanding of such matters must be obtained. The Board states that its policy is and will be to foster such understanding.
5. The death of Dr. Martin Luther King has focused the attention of concerned people of good will upon the deep and festering injustices of modern urban existence with its contradictions of opportunity and achievement, in an America dedicated, at least in theory, to the equality of opportunity for all men. Particularly in the area of public education, Dr. King's death has caused thoughtful persons of all races, particularly whites, to reassess beliefs long

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

and dearly held and to question the pace of change and even its direction.
A. The Board is resolved to act as a unifying agency for Denver in these times. To this end, it requests the Superintendent in implementation of the purposes of Resolution No. 1490 and in response to the community concerns stated above, to include within the plan required by Resolution No. 1490 , or to submit separately but at the earliest practical time or times, a further plan, or a series of plans, including specific timetables, to accomplish the following:

1. The reduction of concentrations of minority racial and/or ethnic groups in schools and the integration of school populations.
2. The actual existence of equality of educational program in all schools, regardless of location, including, without limitation, faculty quality, training, experience and attitude, course offerings, equipment and facilities.
3. The active participation in programs within the metropolitan Denver area to establish more diverse or heterogeneous racial and/or ethnic school populations.
4. The emphasis at all instructional levels of the individual and group contributions of ethnic and racial minorities.
5. The maximum involvement, consistent with maintenance requirements, of the school plant in the community activities of the Denver metropolitan area, to commence during the forthcoming summer.
6. Human relations and sensitivity training for all teaching and administrative personnel and assurance that

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

personnel recruitment and assignment policies are consistent with the realities of our multiracial and multiethnic world.
7. The establishment of citizen community support to accomplish the widest possible community understanding of the aims, purposes, motives and affairs of the School District.
B. To consider, among such other factors as appear proper, the following:

1. The use of transportation and the degree to which transportation should be mandatory or voluntary.
2. The desirability of temporary or permanent closing of certain schools.
3. The existence of community attitudes and opinions.
4. The requirement for all children of course offerings in minority group cultural, historical, social and economic contributions to our society and of qualified minority group member teachers.
5. The development of "magnet" or "laboratory" schools in core areas, including attendance policies for such schools.
6. The use of community resources and resource people.
7. The availability to all children at all levels of textbooks and other instructional materials which fairly and favorably represent minority groups and individuals.
8. The availability for use by persons in all parts of the the District of school facilities for extracurricular educational, recreational and community purposes.

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

9. The feasibility of some form of extended school year.
10. The degree to which present vocational, technical and job oriented course offerings meet the needs of the children of this District.
11. The active extension of intercultural and interracial experiences for children, including the expansion of the cultural art center program and similar programs.
C. The Board is impelled by a sense of urgency in these matters. To this end, it has requested the Superintendent to submit his plan responsive to Part I of this resolution within the periods therein provided. The plans required by Part II should be submitted as and when prepared for Board and public consideration and for adoption at the earliest possible time. As an example only, plans for the fullest use of school facilities for community summer programs are obviously needed now. Also, preliminary plans for community organizations can properly be expected shortly. In any event, the Board requests the Superintendent to present plans responsive to Part II of this resolution not later than the regular meeting of the Board in September 1968 and periodically thereafter until complete plans are forthcoming.

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20 <br> (Excerpts from Report and Recommendations to the Board of Education, School District No. 1) 

Report and Recommendations to the<br>Board of Education<br>School District Number One<br>Denver, Colorado

by

## A Speclal Study Committee <br> ON

Equality of Educational Opportunity
In the Denver Public Schools
James D. Voorhees, Chairman
Irving P. Andrews, Vice-chairman
Earl Rinker, Vice-chairman

James A. Atkins
Miss Mildred Biddick
Mrs. Lyman Blackwell
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Mrs. Donald C. McKinlay
Mrs. Edmond F. Noel
Mrs. L. Joseph Pittroff
Mrs. Clyde W. Preston
Lloyd M. Schmidt
Pete Shannon, Jr. Bernard Valdez Mrs. Franklin P. Wherry Miss Vivienne S. Worley Minoru Yasqui

March 1, 1964
Established by the Board of Education
School District Number One
Denver, Colorado
1962

1998a
Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20
Table of Contents

## Introduction

Committee Reports On:
Administration and Organization A-1
Bulddings, Equipment,
Libraries, and Supplies $\quad$ B-1
Curriculum, Guidance,
and Instruction
Puplis and Personnel D-1
School-Community Relations E-1
Conclusion
Appendix

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> By School District No. 1
> In The City And County Of Denver
> And State Of Colorado

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

## INTRODUCTION

The Problem
The Special Study Committee on Equality of Educational
Opportunity is pleased to submit this Report and Recommendations. It was charged to study and report on the present status of educational opportunity in the Denver Public Schools, with attention to racial and ethnic factors, and to make recommendations. This it has done. The Committee's report is presented to the Board of Education and through the Board to the people of the Denver community in the hope that its findings and recommendations will be accepted in the constructive spirit in which they are made.

The members of the Committee brought with them the diverse attitudes of various segments of the total Denver community-geographic, ethnic, racial, economic-ranging from pride in the status quo and objection to any change, through various shades of interest without particular opinion, to feelings that real inadequacies exist, with strong desires for change. Over the period of its work, however, and when facts were fully known and freely discussed, the Committee has gradually found substantial areas of agreement as to principles, findings and recommendations. The extent of agreement within and by a group as diverse as this suggests that when facts are known and freely considered, with mutual respect for apparently conflicting attitudes, solutions can be found to sensitive problems which at first seem insoluble. In this the Committee sees reason to expect substantial acceptance of its report by the total Denver community. The approach must be, however, on a level of mutual trust and mutual respect; agreements of substance and purpose can be had only when each group admits the existence of a position other than its own. Happily, in the

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

Committee's experience, this did occur. Hopefully, in the public consideration of this report, it will also occur.

The Denver community has pride in its schools. There is pride in its programs for meeting the needs of the most able and ambitious; in its programs for the college bound; in the achievements of the "average" pupil who is motivated toward school accomplishments; in the programs for pupils who are physically handicapped; in the programs for pupils of limited ability (although the need is greater than the teachers and facilities available) ; in the broad offerings of Opportunity School to help adults in search of training and retraining; and in the national reputation of the Denver system as a forerunner in education.

There is also public concern. There is general concern about overcrowding; concern over the needs of pupils not truly interested in academic pursuits; concern about dropouts; concern for the adequacy of opportunity offered to the brilliant student; concern, widely found, that somehow, through the work of the Committee or otherwise, the rights of members of the majority culture freely to live and associate as they wish and to send their children to schools in their own community were in jeopardy; concern that Denver's residential patterns, however caused, result in unequal educational opportunity for minority children, particularly the Negro racial minority and the Spanish surnamed cultural minority.

It is with this last area of concern that the Committee, because of its charge, has been primarily concerned. There are two separate but interwoven problems. One is the problem of the education of the urban disadvantaged child; the other, the problem of the effect of racial segregation on the educational process. They are not the same problem but because of an apparent correlation of proportionately large numbers of minority racial (Negro) and ethnic

## Plaintiff s' Exhibit 20

(Spanish-American) groups with the other factors which create the class of urban disadvantaged, the two are generally linked. Care must be taken not to confuse available solutions.
In common with every large city in America, Denver has an appreciable number of citizens who, by virtue of the nature of their lives and their environment, probably, under present conditions, will never be able to compete and to succeed in accordance with the standards of the dominant urban middle class culture, although they may have been entirely adequate and successful in their former, often rural, environment. Experience elsewhere would indicate that unless present trends are reversed, this group will increase numerically and will form a caste whose adult members tend to be permanently uneducated, unemployed and unemployable. Not only does this create a financial drain on the entire community, but it represents a tragic loss in human potential and productivity. These people differ totally among themselves in background and heritage but when exposed to the urban, mechanized, automated and competitive society of a metropolitan center, develop certain similar characteristics. They live crowded into the area of lowest real estate values; they lack skills with which to compete and the skills they have are no longer of value; they lack the ability to achieve according to the standards of the dominant culture; they lack motivation for traditional education; they lack satisfaction from personal achievement; they are the last hired and first fired; they are in short, disadvantaged.

In Denver, as in other northern cities, the urban disadvantaged group is made up of all races and ethnic backgrounds. A large part are Negroes from the rural South, who arrive unskilled, partially educated, burdened by traditions of legal inequality and unable to compete success-

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

fully. In common with most Negroes, they have experienced subtle or overt acts of discrimination throughout their lifetimes, with inevitable damage to the self image in both adults and children. While they have been exposed to the cultural background and standards of the majority, they have not realized its benefits and to them the principles of democracy may be far from its practices.

Perhaps a greater number of the urban disadvantaged are the Spanish surnamed from New Mexico and southern Colorado, brought to the area first as miners and agricultural workers and forced into the city by the closing of the mines, the seasonal nature of agricultural work and the increased mechanization of farms. These people and their ancestors have lived for more than three centuries in the small villages in the valleys and mountains of the upper Rio Grande. They bring to Denver value patterns and cultural characteristics which often interfere with adjustment to urban life and the values now dominant in an urban competitive society. For example, goals based upon the concept that worth depends upon the accumulation of property or money have little meaning to a people whose traditional and most valued characteristic is that of sharing with others what they may acquire.

The urban disadvantaged most frequently move to the older sections of town, where race, ethnic identity, language barriers, lack of motivation factors, lower educational standards, lack of skills and chronic unemployment combine to create a "culture of poverty" from which escape becomes most difficult. A child of whatever racial or ethnic background in such a culture, without fault of his own, usually adapts to the value characteristics of his neighborhood. While these value concepts are not generally the accepted values of the middle class majority culture, they do have strengths and characteristics upon which much can be built.

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

However, the public schools, basically reflecting the interest of the majority culture, have established standards, methods, vocabulary and procedures based upon the experiences and value characteristics of that culture, and with these the urban disadvantaged child cannot achieve. Predictably, unless the educational system to which this child is inducted recognizes and compensates for the factors which since his birth have affected him, he will inevitably be behind when he enters the system, will get further behind as he attempts to progress through it, will achieve significantly less from it, and in a disturbingly high percentage of instances will never complete the secondary educational program. Because of the Committee's particular charge and because of the high incidence of minority racial and ethnic composition in the urban disadvantaged in Denver, this report will necessarily deal at some length with the problems of this group.

Entirely apart from the problem of the disadvantaged child, there is in Denver real possibility of unequal educational opportunity because of the existence of clusters of minority racial (Negro) and ethnic (Spanish surnamed) groups within the city.

In a "neighborhood" school system one inevitable result of concentrations of races and ethnic groups because of housing patterns is concentrations of children in the schools into the same groups. There is abundant authority to the effect that such "de facto" separation in schools may result in educational inequalities, and there is in Denver wide belief among the racial and ethnic minorities that the schools to which their children go are in some way unequal. In addition, however, there is the fact that there is not available to many children (perhaps a majority of the total school population, regardless of race or ethnic background) the democratic experience of education with members of

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

other races and groups with which they will have to live and compete. The responsibility to eliminate or reduce this result where possible and to compensate for it where elimination is not possible by the removal of prejudice (whether based on color, ethnic or religious background, false values, or any other cause) must be the responsibility of the school to its pupils. This report will suggest ways in which this may be done.

Denver retains two major assets: Effective leadership still within the community and a framework of public opinion which has not yet polarized into opposite camps. These assets have been lost to other cities to the east and west where similar problems have existed and have not been met firmly and openly. So far, perhaps because of the relative smallness of the numbers involved, or perhaps because of the initiative taken by various local groups, there has not yet been the massive flight to the suburbs which has so often occurred and is now occurring in other major population centers. This has resulted in the retention within metropolitan Denver of responsible leadership in all of the various groups which make up the population of the City. Also, while areas of tension exist, the people of Denver are still communicating. There is time in which to find and apply reasonable solutions.

The Committee hopes that what follows will be of help in reminding Denver that while it has a fine school system it also has problems, in common with all other large urban areas, the solution of which must be accepted as the responsibility of the total community. As a functioning part of the total community, the schools will have a part to play.

The Committee The Special Study Committee on Equality of Educational
Opportunity in the Denver Public Schools was created by resolution of the Board of Education on June 27, 1962.

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

Members of the Committee were selected by the Board from more than 500 names submitted by interested citizens and organizations and were formally appointed on November 7, 1962.

Formation of the Committee stemmed from proposals included in the School Administration's February 1962 Report to the Board on Pupil Population, School Boundaries, Pupil Transportation, and School Buildings to construct a new junior high school at 32nd and Colorado Boulevard and to continue certain optional boundary lines in the EastManual high school area. Because the population which lives within the boundaries proposed for the school at 32nd and Colorado Boulevard is predominantly Negro, these proposals led to statements by some citizens that any such action by the Board would constitute "de facto" segregation of pupils and that this was forbidden under the United States and Colorado constitutions.

At several of its meetings in March, April and May, 1962, the Board of Education was urged to consider racial-ethnic factors in determining school boundaries, in locating new schools, and in other aspects of school operation. In addition, other evidence had reached the Board that throughout certain areas of Denver there was public concern over the educational opportunity offered to pupils of minority racial and ethnic groups. Appointment of a special study committee to include citizens of the community, was urged by groups representing many segments of the community, not only those immediately affected.
In creating the Special Study Committee, the Board of Education affirmed in its resolution that "all children within the District, regardless of racial or ethnic background, are equally entitled to the benefits of good education, and that to secure such benefits, the needs and aspiration of all children must be considered."

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

The Committee was charged to "study and report on the present status of educational opportunity in the Denver Public Schools, with attention to racial and ethnic factors in the areas of curriculum, instruction and guidance; pupils and personnel ; buildings, equipment, libraries and supplies, administration and organization; school-community relations, and to recommend improvements in any or all of such specific areas."

The Committee which made this study and prepared this report was composed of a chairman, two vice-chairmen, three residents, not employed by the Denver Public Schools, from each of the eight high school areas of the District, and six professional staff members from the Denver Public Schools.

The members of the Committee, in addition to geographic diversity, also brought with them attitudes of the varied racial, ethnic, cultural and economic groups which form the total Denver community.

In the course of its study, the Committee invited all school employees and any interested organizations and citizens to write suggestions and comments relative to its area of inquiry. Nearly 200 letters were received and thoughtfully considered. Interviews were conducted with administrative personnel, with principals, teachers and non-teaching personnel, with parents, students and interested citizens. Elementary, junior and senior high schools were visited (including classroom visits) in all six general areas of the Denver school system. Reports from other cities where similar surveys had been conducted were studied. Consultants in the field, from Denver and from other parts of the country, spoke to and counseled with the Committee as a whole and with small groups. The school curriculum, its modifications, current pilot projects in instruction, text-

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

books and teaching materials and equipment were studied. Pertinent data in many areas were gathered and analyzed by the Committee. Open meetings were held in the eight high school districts in Denver, at which in excess of 2300 citizens expressed their views. A professional opinion research firm was employed to obtain information on community attitudes toward the schools. A summary of this report will be found commencing on Page 38 of the Appendix. Twenty-five meetings of the full Committee were held; 30 meetings of the steering committee were held; 132 meetings of individual subcommittees were held (not including countless interviews by individual members) ; and 87 visits in 62 different schools were made.

The Planning Services Department of the Denver Public Schools divides the school district into six areas. To compare data the same six areas have been used by the Committee. It must be noted that these area boundaries are based on elementary school districts so that, while junior and senior high schools are included in the areas where they are located geographically, such schools may draw pupils from beyond the area in which they are situated. Page (1) of the Appendix shows a map of these six areas and a detailed description of them commences at Page (9) of the Appendix.

The Committee is deeply grateful to the Denver Public Library and to the very many individuals and organizations who so unselfishly made available their help and counsel, without which this report would not have been possible.

In this area of the Committee's investigation, it has reviewed the principle of the "neighborhood" school and its application in the Denver school system; the method by which fixed but not unchangeable boundaries are established; the existence of optional areas of attendance; the
transfer of pupils; and the use of pupil transportation at School District expense.

Boundaries $\quad$| As used in this report, the |
| :--- |
| "neighborhood school" is a school |

which is more or less centrally located within an area bounded by definite lines which children within that area are expected to attend. The report will discuss the policies which in the past have governed the establishment of school boundaries and the location of schools in Denver and will suggest additional policies which now are applicable. However, the basic principle of neighborhood schools is the prescribing of a clearly defined geographic area, determined by considerations which best serve the interests of all of the pupil population. The neighborhood school principle should not, however, be used to freeze school boundaries and changing conditions will require periodic review and revision of established boundaries.

The Committee generally endorses the application of the neighborhood school concept in the organization of the Denver school system, not because it is traditional in the American school system or because it has been adhered to in the past in Denver but because in the Committee's opinion an objective evaluation of the benefits and predictable results outweigh deficiencies when compared with other methods of assigning pupils to schools. Among such benefits are rational distribution of the school population, convenience to the child in getting to and from the school, a close home and school relationship between parents and teachers, placement of pupils in relation to maximum use of school plants.

The Committee is fully aware that the composition of the school population within any attendance areas tends to be

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

homogeneous in all American cities, and its investigations confirm that in Denver this occurs in a substantial number of individual school areas, particularly at the elementary level. In approving the continued adherence to the neighborhood school principle, the Committee emphasizes that it should never be used deliberately as a device to contain or restrict any ethnic or racial group.
In administering the allocation of pupils to schools under a neighborhood school plan, it is axiomatic that the reasons and policies which dictate how boundaries are drawn and maintained are all important. The Denver Board of Education has no written policy governing the setting of boundaries ; however, the Committee was given the following unofficial summary of rules and procedures which currently govern decisions regarding boundaries and which are apparently well known to and followed by those charged with this duty:
There is every evidence that these rules and procedures have been followed carefully and without prejudice in the granting of transfers Approvals are granted only where exceptional circumstances, within these rules, permit an exception to the principle that each student should attend his own neighborhood school. Once such a transfer has been approved, the circumstances are reviewed annually to verify that the condition which resulted in transfer still applies.

During 1963, 122 transfers to a school other than the one in the district in which they live were approved for elementary school pupils (less than $2 / 10$ of one per cent of the total pupils); 29 for junior and senior high school students (less than $7 / 100$ of one per cent of the total pupils).

The Committee finds itself generally in accord with the rules governing pupil transfer which are being followed by Denver school administrators. It recognizes fully the need

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

for keeping tight control of any exceptions to the rules which govern the administration of the neighborhood school principle.

Nevertheless, there appears to be a possibility of continuing firm control of transfers while permitting a flexibility of individual choice.

The open enrollment plan as recommended would provide that at stated intervals (probably annually toward the close of the school year in the Denver system) all schools would be reviewed to determine their student population as compared with their student capacity. Those schools having a previously stated percentage ( $90 \%$ is working well in Detroit) of population to capacity would be declared as open schools. Such a plan of open enrollment has been used in other communities, with reported success.

The names and location of the open schools would be publicized widely before the end of the current school year, giving the number of enrollments outside its own boundaries which would be permitted for each school. Children from any place within the Denver School District would be permitted to request enrollment in those schools, with acceptance on a first-come, first-served basis. Such transfers would be permitted for each school until its previously established quota had been met, or until a previously announced date in the new school year had been reached.

Under this type of transfer, and this type only, no reason for the requested transfer would be expected or required. Students taking advantage of this open enrollment would be required to furnish their own transportation.

## Recommendation On Pupil Transfers

The Board of Education should supplement its present transfer policy by the adoption of a plan of limited open

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

enrollment generally in accordance with the procedures discussed above. The plan adopted by the school system in Detroit is suggested as a model.

Transportation
of Students

At the present time, students are transported at District expense only under certain circumstances.
The extent of transportation of students in the current year, together with the reasons for such transportation, is given in the following summary. Except for students at Boettcher School, no high school students are transported:

## Reason

From overcrowded schools to those with available capacity

From newly annexed areas which do not have any schools
From Lowry Field
From within own school subdistrict where required traveling distance (possibly allowing for unusual safety hazards) is over $3 / 4$ mile for alementary pupils or $11 / 2$ miles for junior high pupils
To Boettcher School

No. No.
Elementary Junior High Pupils Pupils

1830

1,552 436
$331 \quad 129$

1,493 3,270
10259 (senior high pupils included)

The Committee believes that/ the transportation of students is sometimes necessary but is never desirable because, among other disadvantages, it involves considerable added costs, inconveniences to pupils and parents, particularly in emergency or illness, inability of the pupil to enter into extra-curricular activities, and difficulty in promoting close contacts with parents.


## Plaintiff's' Exhibit 20

Transportation of pupils for the sole purpose of integrating school populations is regarded by the Committee as impractical.

Recommendation On Pupil Transportation
Transportation of pupils should be regarded as an expedient rather than as a solution to problems, including the problem of racial imbalance in the schools.

Optional Areas
Optional Areas are defined as specific geographic areas in which the students who reside therein have a free choice to attend either one or the other of two schools designated to serve such area. The Committee finds that optional areas, once established for whatever reason, have a tendency to continue after the reasons which caused them to be formed cease to exist. In recent years, however, existing optional areas have been reduced and at the present time, after the boundary changes which were made effective in September, 1962, only the following optional areas remain:
A. High Schools*

Manual-North, Manual-East (two areas), East-Washington
B. Junior High Schools**

Smiley-Cole

[^0]
# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20 

## C. Elementary Schools***

Columbine-Harrington, Park Hill-Stedman, Lincoln-McKinley

The advantages of establishing fixed geographic areas for all schools have been discussed and are recognized by the Committee, subject only to the adoption of a limited open enrollment policy and the continuation of the transfer policies now in effect. The use of optional areas forms no part of rational administration of the system for fixing boundaries which the Committee has recommended.

## Recommendation On Optional Areas

All optional areas should be fully eliminated at the earliest possible date.
2. The Board should adopt a written policy recognizing that the Denver school system necessarily deals with pupils of different racial, ethnic, economic and cultural backgrounds. To accomplish equality in the application of the education process, sensitivity to, and the practice of, good human relations at all levels is required.
3. The administration should formulate by the end of the current school year a program of inservice human relations training, making use of applicable and available resources, both in the community and from outside.
4. All teachers and all other school personnel should complete such program without delay, with priority

[^1]
## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

to be given to personnel assigned to schools containing substantial numbers of culturally disadvantaged pupils.
5. The administration should continue to cooperate with universities and colleges in promoting seminars in the field of human relations for teachers and other school personnel. These seminars should include materials drawn from intergroup relations, sociology, anthropology, psychology and other behavioral sciences.

Assignment and Teachers employed by the Denver Transfer of Teachers Public Schools are on probationary status for the first three years. After three years of successful experience, teachers achieve tenure status. During the probationary period the teacher's services are appraised twice each year, and if during this period a teacher is found to be unsatisfactory, he is "counseled out" and the usual result is that such teachers leave at the end of two years. The administration does not assure any particular assignment and reserves its prerogative to place the new teacher where it deems advisable.

Changes of assignment (transfers) are now governed by Policy 1617A effective April 1, 1963 (Appendix pages 31-34).

The Committee has seen no evidence that the administration has made any effort to appeal to qualified teachers to consider assignment or transfer to schools in areas largely populated by culturally disadvantaged children. It does appear that the percentage of teachers on probationary status in such schools may be higher than the percentage of such teachers in other areas.*

[^2]
## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

In the earlier part of this section of its report, the Committee has discussed various means to make more effective the educational process in schools largely attended by culturally disadvantaged children. These practices (small class sizes, use of teacher aides, reduction in administrative duties and human relations training) appear to the Committee to be incentives which should be used to implement the challenge to professional teachers to succeed in such assignment, so as to induce qualified teachers to seek assignment to such schools. An affirmative recognition of the value of such service by the Board and the administration would also help.

While precise statistics are not available, the Committee believes that almost all of Denver Negro teachers were initially assigned to schools having a high proportion of Negro students. A few have been transferred to other schools. There is now at least one Negro teacher in each senior high school except for Manual which has eleven. Nine out of thirteen junior high schools have one or more Negro teachers, and Cole has thirty-three. One or two Negro teachers have been placed in each of seven elementary schools other than those which contain large numbers of Negro children.*

Spanish surname teachers are fewer in number than Negro teachers and the housing pattern of people of Spanish-American background is more dispersed. However, it does appear that relatively few Spanish surnamed teachers have been assigned to areas where there are few or no residents with Spanish-American background.

As a result of its interviews the Committee is convinced that race has been relevant in the assignment of teachers.

[^3]
## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

It appears that the administration has been extremely reluctant to place Negro and Spanish-American teachers in predominantly white schools because of concern with a possible lack of acceptance on the part of a white neighborhood and a realistic assessment of the possible lack of support by some principals and faculties.

The Committee also has found evidence that some teachers are assigned and transferred without regard for their training for the particular grade. Because secondary teaching calls for certain definite skills and elementary teaching for others, the teaching process at all levels can suffer from this practice. This would be particularly true in the education of culturally disadvantaged children.

## Recommendations As To Teacher Assignment and Transfer

1. The Board of Education should establish and enforce a policy that qualified teachers of minority background will be assigned throughout the system.
2. The constructive policy of the Superintendent's office in establishing written transfer policies should be continued.
3. All transfer policies should be reviewed annually by the Board and by the administration.
4. School principals should communicate with the particular administrative official who actually makes assignment decisions in regard to transfer and assignment of teachers into and out of their schools. Teachers should be encouraged to undertake the same type of conference with such administrator. Principals, however, should not have final authority to accept or reject any teacher assignment or transfer.

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

5. After a transitional period during which the other recommendations of this Committee are implemented, particularly with respect to training in human relations, no teacher (probationary or permanent) should be assigned to teach in a school containing substantial numbers of culturally disadvantaged children unless his preparation, experience, and/or personal qualifications demonstrate the probability that he will be successful in teaching culturally disadvantaged children.
6. A systematic program should be established by the administration to encourage teachers to teach in schools attended by culturally disadvantaged children and to emphasize affirmatively the personal rewards and satisfactions gained by teachers who work in such schools.
7. In policy statements adopted by the Board and by the administration, it should be made clear that teacher preference as to assignment is subordinate to other criteria and that each qualified teacher in the system is expected to be able to teach and to be prepared to teach in any school where the administration thinks he can be most effective.
8. Teachers should be assigned or transferred to the elementary or secondary schools with major consideration given to their qualifications for teaching at a certain level.
9. So that this will not be used as an excuse for careless placement or perpetuation of assignments contrary to these recommendations, the residence of a teacher should have nothing to do with his assignment except in unusual cases.

2018a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20 <br> (Map) 

(See Opposite)


2019a

2020a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

Appendix-19

## Summary of Population Growth City and County of Denver

and
School District No. 1
Population-City and County of Denver

| 1940 Census | 322,412 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1950 Census | 415,786 |
| 1960 Census | 493,887 |

Comparison of Population by Census Tracts
Core area-composed of those census tracts each of which had a population of at least 4,000 persons in the 1940 census.

| 1950 Census | 273,279 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1960 Census | 256,240 |
|  | Decrease of 17,039 |

Sparcely populated areas within City and County of Den-ver-composed of those twelve census tracts each of which had a population less than 4,000 persons in the 1940 census.

| 1950 Census | 103,403 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1960 Census | 130,277 |
|  | Increase of 26,874 |

Annexed areas since 1940-listed in 1960 census.
1950 Census 17,553 (Many tracts listed
1960 Census 97,497 "no population")
Increase of 79,944

[^4]

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 40
(Map, Barrett 1960 Census, Percent Negro)

2022a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 41 <br> (Map, Overlay Barrett 1960-Copy Over No. 40)

(See Opposite)


2023a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 50 <br> (Map, 1961 Boundaries) 

(See Opposite)


2025a

2026a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 53<br>(Map, Overlay of No. 50, Proposed Boundary Changes, Feb. 1962)

(See Opposite)


2027a

2028a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 70 <br> (Map, Boundaries 1963) 

(See Opposite)


2029a

2030a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 71 <br> (Map, Overlay of No. 70, Boundary Changes 1964) 

(See Opposite)


## 203,2a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 87
(Eligible Open Enrollment Elementary SchoolsOffice of Asst. Supt. for Personnel Services)
(See Opposite)

Following are the clementaiy schools and grade levels now designated for possible Imited open enrollment for Soptember, 1963. These schocls are listed upon the best information we have on this date.

Acceptance of pupils on limited open enrollment must depend upon actual enrollnent in classes on Wednesday, September 4, 1968.

## ABRAHAR IINCOLN HZGH SCHOOL AREA <br> none <br> EAST HCGY SCHOOI, AREA E11sworth Elementary School <br> Kindergaiten 5 <br> First grade <br> 5 <br> Emerson Elementary'School

Kindergarten 2
First grade 8
Second grade 8
Third grade 4
Fifth grade 2
Sixth grade 2
Evans Elementary School
Kindergarten 10
First grade 5
Third grade 3
Fifth grade 3
Sixth grade 3
Harrington Elementary School
Kindergarten 5
GEORGE WASHINGTON HIGH SCHOOL AREA
McMeen Elementary School
Sixth grade
10
JOHY F. KENNEDY HIGH SCHOOL AREA

MANUAL HIGH SCHOOI APEA
Crofton Elementary School
Kindergarten 10
First gadie 15
Second grade 2
Third grade 5
Fifth grade 2
Sixth grade 5
Ebert Elementary School
Kindergarten 5
First grade 6
Second grade 1
Gilpin Elementary School
Kindergarten 20
First grade 5
Sixth grade 5
Wyatt Eiementary School
Kindergarten 32
NORTH HIGH SCHDOL AEEA
Beach Court Elementary School
Kindergarten 20
Smedley Elementary School
Kindergarten 30
none
50,
KnIpht Elerentary Sclool
KAndergarten ..... 12
Rosedais Elementary School
Fourth grade ..... 2
Fifth grade ..... 6
Woshingion Park E1ementary Sohoul
First Eumle ..... 7
Suennd made ..... 12
Thitrd exade ..... 8

none
WEST HTGR SCIOOL, AREA
Al ameda Elementary School
Kindergarten ..... 15
Elmond Elcmontras School.
Kindergarten ..... 10
Firse grade ..... 15
Second grade ..... 10
Third pride ..... 5
Fourth erade ..... 5
Firth grade ..... 5
Sixth grade ..... 5
Shoman Elementary School
Kindergarten ..... 10

Denver Public Schools
Office of the Assincent Superintondent for Pexsomme Servises

EITGTBLE ODET SNROTMENT SESOMDARY SCHOOLS

Following are the secondaxy schosls now destgnated for posefble limited opea enrollment for Septembex, 1968. These schools are listed upon the best difunir.. tion we have on this date on the basis of anticipated membership as related to the capacity of the building.

Acceptance of pupils on limited open envollment must depend upon acturi cryoll.. ment In classes on Wedresciay, September 4, 1968.

## JUNIOR HTGH SCHOOLS

Baker Junior High School 20
Cole Juntor Migh School 150
Grant Junior High School 35
Kepner Junior High School 225

Kunsmiller Junior High School 45

Lake Junior High School 10
Morey Junior High Schoo1 150

SENTOR HIGH SCHCOIS
East High School 35
Manual High School 35
West High School 50
Elrmontary Schools ..... 1968-1969
Kindergarten ..... 186
Finst grade ..... 66
Second grade ..... 33
Third grade ..... 25
Fourth giade ..... 7
Fifth grade ..... 18
Sixth grade ..... 30
Tores. Ficmencary ..... 365
Junioz ITGh Scrosls ..... 635
Sentor High Sclocls ..... 120
TOTAL ..... 1120

2034a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 89 <br> (Some Predominantly Anglo Elem. Schools- <br> Office of Supt. for Personnel Services)

(See Opposite)


# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 90 <br> (Limited Open Enrollment Space in Predom. Negro or Hispano Elem. Schools, 1968-Asst. Supt.) 

(See Opposite)
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$(25)$
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NEGGES BUSSED

SG:ROE:
Dervar Dublic Scholas Deaice of the fiswistant Superintendent for Personnel Services, My i, 2069

ELementary Principais Report to Plaming Sovices, Septeriber 9, 1968
Division of Personnei Services, Betimeted Ejlrice Distribuiton of Pupils, Sopteriver 33, 1967

2037a

2038a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 97

(Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Elem. Schools,
Sept. 23, 1968-Div. Personnel Sves.)
(See Opposite)


## 

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| Esh Gicre | ． 784 | 5 | 1 | $?$ | 0 | 2 | 805 |
| ashland | 236 | 0 | 367 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 609 |
| ushiey | 472 | 35 | 32 | 1. | 0 | $1)$ | 50 |
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| ふarreit | I | 410 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | $4: 3$ |
| Pcash Court | $=284$ | 33 | 128 | 0 | 2 | 0 | $44 ?$ |
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| Eoulevard | － 90 | 0 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 390 |
| Erciley | 983 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 998 |
| 3：0．\％noll | － 301 | ${ }_{4}$ | 9 | 3 | － | 0 | 327 |
| Excma | 432 | 2 | 200 | 19 | 2 | 0 | 70,7 |
| Exanü－rebster | 184 | 5 | 627 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 822 |
| Caisou | 553 | 42 | 5 | － 10 | 4 | 0 | 629 |
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| colfax | $220{ }^{\circ}$ | 2 | 349 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 382 |
| Collect Tigw | 1.67 | 2 | 159 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 633 |
| Columbian | 31.5 | 0 | 271 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 518 |
| Colurioine | 6 | 903 | 40 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 95\％ |
| Coiy | 542 | 30 | 18 | － 5 | 0 | 0 | $59 \%$ |
| Coweil | －323． | 2 | 155 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 103 |
| Crozion | $\mathrm{I}_{1}$ | 103 | 154 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 279 |
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| Ėison | 608 | 2 | 152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 701 |
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Donver PubJic S'chools
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## ESTIMTMD ITHIC DISTRIDUTIGN OF PIFIIS

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| zater | 135 | 89 | 64: | 0 | 13 | 0 | 384 |
| Byers | 1053 | 7 | 65 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 1233 |
| Colo | L, 6 | 884 | 271 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 12? 4 |
| Gove | 501 | 164 | 23 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 754 |
| Grant | 696 | 37 | 76 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 815 |
| Hill | 1685 | 26 | 23 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 275 |
| Kopner | 1015 | 24 | 395 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1437 |
| Kunsmiller | 254 | 5 | 151 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 1709 |
| Lake | 675 | 42 | 606 | . 13 | $i$ | 0 | 2336 |
| Vann | 452 | 64 | 553 | 12 | 9 | 0 | 1090 |
| Narrill | 2550 | 5 | 12 | '8 | 3 | 0 | 1578 |
| Toroy | 237 | 427 | 156 | 6 | 12 | 0 | 838 |
| Rishol | 939 | 3 | 305 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1250 |
| Skinnor | 929 | 0 | 290 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1222 |
| Smiley | 367 | 2712 | 57 | 15 | - 2 | 0 | 1553 |
| Totals | 11,385 | 2,888 | 3,629 | 123 | 50 | 0 | 18,576 |
| Senior High |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Horanam Lincoln | 2411 | . 6 | . 425 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 2851 |
| East | 14,09 | 1039 | $\therefore 251$ | - 20 | 4 | 0 | 2623 |
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| John F. Kernedy . | 2577 | 0 | 86. | 4 | 0 | 0 | $260 \%$ |
| Samual | 78 | 1200 | 2.50 | - 50 | 0 | 0 | 1578 |
| Nortin | 1802 | 5 | E95 | 25 | 2 | 0 | 2730 |
| South | 2330 | 6 | 325 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 2670 |
| Themas Jafferson | 3250 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3276 |
| Host | 1741 | 97 | 830 | 7 | 13 | 0 | 2 CSB |
| Totals | 17,821 | 2,447 | 2,995 | 130 | 30 | 1 | 23,425 |
| Totals-Jr. \& Sr. | 29,707 | 5,335 | 6,625 | 253 | 80 | 1 | 42, CO 2 |

2039a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 98

(Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Elem. Schools, (Percentages), Sept. 23, 1968-Div. Pers. Svcs.)
(See Opposite)

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| Sshool | Angio | Nefro | Hispano | Asian Derivation | Americna Indisin | Othere | Poual hapis |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shavons | 94.9\% | 4.9\% | . 0 \% | . $2 \%$ | . $0 \%$ | .0\% | $\underline{10} \%$ |
| Smedley | 37.7 | . 7 | 60.0 | . 9 | . 7 | . 0 | ico |
| Sinith | 2.8 | 94.9 | 1.6 | .? | . 0 | . 0 | 3.00 |
| steck | 86.1 | 10.7 | 1.0 | 2.7 | .5 | . 0. | 200 |
| Stciman | 3.9 | 92.4 | 2.9 | . 8 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| Stoelo | 85.0 | 6.6 | 7.6 | . 8 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| Sicvens | 77.2 | 12.2 | 8.3 | 2.3 | 1.0 | . 0 | 100 |
| Stansea | 35.3 | 5.2 | 57.9 | . 3 | . 3 | . 0 | 200 |
| Toller | 77.9 | 13.0 | 5.8 | 2.3 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| Thatcher | 81.1 | 1.2 | 17.7 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 200 |
| Frayior | 97.4 | . 1 | 1.7 | . 3 | -2 | . 0 | 100 |
| University Park | 94.5 | 3.9 | . 5 | 2.3 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| Valverce | 63.6 | . 5 | 35.1 | -5 | . 3 | . 0 | 100 |
| Kashington Park | 95.2 | . 0 | 1.6 | 2.8 | - 4 | . 0 | 100 |
| Festwood | 44.6 | 3.0 | 52.0 |  | - 0 | 0 | 100 |
| Whiteman | 88.1 | 8.0 | 2.6 | 1.3 | $\cdot$ | . 0 | 100 |
| Wittier | . 5 | 94.2 | 4.9 | . 0 | . 2 | . 0 | 100 |
| :yatt | 1.9 | 4.6 .5 | 51.6 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| wham | 29.9 | 35.2 | 30.6 | 1.5 | 2.8 | . 0 | 100 |
| Totals | 61.7\% | 15.2\% | 22.0\% | . $\%$ | . 2 \% | $0.0 \%$ | 100\% |

## 



| Scl:00] | Anflo | Nesm | Misnano | Asian Ijerivation | Ambinaz Indian | Oikers | 20ction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Junor Eigh . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eaker | 25.1\% | 10.0\% | 73. $2 \%$ | . 0 \% | $2.5 \%$ | $.00 \%$ | 0 |
| Byers | - 92.5 | . 6 | 5.7 | 1.0 | . 2 | .0 | $\cdots 0$ |
| Cole | 3.8 | 72.5 | 22.2 | 1.2 | .3 | . 0 | 100 |
| Cove | 74.4 | 21.8 | 3.1 | . 6 | . 1 | . 0 | 100 |
| G-aint | 85.4 | 4.5 | 9.3 | A | . 4 | . 0 | 100 |
| 12:31 | 96.1 | 7.5 | 1.3 | 之, $\therefore$ | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| $\therefore$ Kepner | 70.7 | 1.7 | 27.5 | $\cdots$ | . 0 | . 0 | I00 |
| Kunsmiller | 90.3 .- | . 3 | 8.8 | - | . 1 | . 0 | 100 |
| Ieko | 50.5 | 3.1 | 45.4 | . 9 | . 1 | . 0 | 300 |
| Sman | 1.7 .5 | 5.9 | 50.7 | 2.1 | . 8 | . 0 | 200 |
| Merwill | 98.2 | . 3 | . 8 | . 5 | . 2 | . 0 | 100 |
| Niorey | 28.3 | 51.0 | 18.6 | . 7 | 1.4 | . 0 | 100 |
| Kishol | 75.0 | -3 | 2!.4 | -3 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| Stimner | 76.0 | . 0 | 23.7 | . 3 | . 0 | . 0 | 1.00 |
| Smiley | 23.6 | 71.6 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 1 | . 0 | 100 |
| Totals | 64.0\% | 25.5\% | 29.5\% | $0.7 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | 0.0\% | 100\% |
| Senior High |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lbrahamilincoln | 84.6\% | . $2 \%$ | 14.9\% | . $2 \%$ | . $1 \%$ | . $0 \%$ | $10_{0}^{\circ}$ |
| East | $53.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 39.6 | 5.8 | . 7 | . 2 | . 0 | 100 |
| Ceorgo Washington | 96.0 | 2.9 | . 8 | - 3 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| Johz F. Konnedy | 95.6 | . 0 | 3.2 | . 2 | . 0 | . 0 | 100 |
| 1fanial | 4.9 | 76.1 | 15.8. | 3.2 | . 0 | . 0 | 200 |
| North | 66.0 | . 2 | 32.8 | . 9 | . 1 | . 0 | I00 |
| South | 87.3 | . 2 | 12.2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 0 | ICO |
| Thomas Jefferscn | 99.2 | $\cdot 3$ | .2 | . 2 | . 1 | . 0 | 100 |
| Westi | 54.7 | 4.6 | 39.8 | . 3 | . 6 | .0 | 100 |
| Totals | 76.2\% | 10.4\% | 12.6\% | $0.6 \%$ | 0.2\% | $0.0 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| Totals-Jr. \& Sr. | 70.7\% | 12.7\% | 15.8\% | 0.6\% | 0.2\% | $0.0 \%$ | 100\% |

2041a

2042a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 106 <br> (Est. Ethnic Distrib. of Pupils (Percentages), Elementary Schools, Sept. 23, 1968) 

(See Opposite)

Denver Public Schools
Division of Personnel Services

ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS (PERCENTAGES)
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 23, 1968



| School | Anglo | Negro | Hispano | Asian Derivation | American Indian | Others | Date of First Construction | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mean } \\ 1960 \\ \text { Income } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1968 \\ & \text { Median } \\ & \text { Teacher } \\ & \text { Exper- } \\ & \text { ience } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Number of <br> Teachers <br> With No <br> Prior Ex- <br> perience | Number <br> Black <br> Teachers | 1968 <br> Mean <br> Class <br> Size | $\begin{gathered} \text { Achie } \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\%$ <br> 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mitchell | .8\% | 73.4\% | 25.4\% | . $4 \%$ | . $0 \%$ | . $0 \%$ | 1898 | 3995 | 4 | 13 | 16 | 26.3 | 20 | 12 |
| Montbello | 86.4 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 3.2 | . 4 | . 0 | 1966? | - | 7.5 | 1 | 3 | 24.5 | 66 | 55 |
| Montclair | 92.7 | $2{ }^{2} .5$ | 3.2 | 1.3 | . 3 | . 0 | 1943 | 8725 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 30.8 | 65 | 56 |
| Montclair |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annex | 98.1 | 1.9 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 1890 | 8785 | - |  | 1 | 31.7 | - | - |
| Moore. | 79.3 | 8.3 | 8.9 | . 9 | 2.6 | . 0 | 1889 | 6820 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 31.1 | 55 | 62 |
| Munroe | 45.8 | . 6 | 52.7 | . 1 | . 8 | . 0 | 1962 | 4910 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 27.8 | 42 | 21 |
| Newlon | 63.0 | . 0 | 34.9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 0 | 1951 | 6735 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 30.8 | 51 | 37 |
| Palmer | 91.7 | 4.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 0 | 1950 | 8105 | 15.5 | 1 | 0 | 33.1 | 70 | 67 |
| Park Hill | 71.0 | 23.2 | 3.9 | 1.9 | . 0 | . 0 | 1901 | 8070 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 33.5 | 58 | 52 |
| Perry | 62.7 | . 0 | 37.3 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 1911 | 6735 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 20.7 | 44 | - |
| Philips | 55.3 | 36.6 | 5.2 | 2.9 | . 0 | . 0 | 1952 | 8785 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 28.7 | 66 | 46 |
| Pitts | 98.8 | . 5 | . 0 | . 7 | . 0 | . 0 | 1959 | 9100 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 31.2 | 77 | 77 |
| Remington | 37.4 | 4.4 | 57.4 | . 0 | . 8 | . 0 | 1955 | 6150 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 33.2 | 36 | 26 |
| Rosedale | 79.0 | . 7 | 18.9 | . 5 | . 9 | . 0 | 1924 | 6265 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 31.4 | 47 | 41 |
| Sabin | 96.9 | . 0 | - 2.6 | . 5 | . 0 | . 0 | 1958 | 8230 | 7.5 | 4 | 0 | 32.2 | 61 | 61 |
| Schenck | 86.8 | . 1 | 11.7 | . 6 | . 8 | . 0 | 1958 | 6800 | 3.5 | 1 | 1 | 31.0 | 57 | 45 |
| Schmitt | 85.6 | . 4 | 12.9 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 0 | 1955 | 7015 | 2 | 3 |  | 32.5 | 48 | 36 |
| Sherman | 76.7 | . 0 | 21.3 | . 9 | 1.1 | . 0 | 1892 | 5915 | 45 | 2 | 0 | 28.6 | 45 | 27 |
| Slavens | 94.9 | 4.9 | . 0 | . 2 | . 0 | . 0 | 1937 | 10000+ | 11 | 3 | 1 | 30.8 | 77 | 77 |
| Smedley | 37.7 | . 7 | 60.0 | . 9 | . 7 | . 0 | 1902 | 5080 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 30.9 | 33 | 19 |
| Smith | 2.8 | 94.9 | 1.6 | . 7 | . 0 | . 0 | 1955 | 7455 | 3 | 14 | 8 | 30.9 | 32 | 30 |
| Steck | 86.1 | 10.7 | 1.0 | 1.7 | . 5 | . 0 | 1930 | -10000+ | 2 | 2 | 0 | 31.5 | 68 | 73 |
| Stedman | 3.9 | 92.4 | 2.9 | . 8 | . 0 | . 0 | 1924 | 7930 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 24.0 | 34 | 28 |
| Steele | 85.0 | 6.6 | 7.6 | . 8 | . 0 | . 0 | 1913 | 6850 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 32.4 | 57 | 70 |
| Stevens | 77.2 | 12.2 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 10.0 | . 0 | 1900 | 5380 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 30.4 | 45 | 37 |
| Swansea | 36.3 | 5.2 | 57.9 | . 3 | . 3 | . 0 | 1891 | 5590 | 3.5 | 5 | 2 | 31.0 | 36 | 22 |
| Teller | 77.9 | 13.0 | 6.8 | 2.3 | . 0 | . 0 | 1920 | 6660 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 27.9 | 51 | 50 |
| Thatcher | 81.1 | 1.2 | 17.7 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 1920 | 6100 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 32.5 | 29 | 31 |
| Traylor | 97.4 | . 1 | 1.7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 0 | 1960? |  | 11 | 3 | 0 | - | 69 | 62 |
| University Park | 94.5 | 3.9 |  | 1.1 | . 0 | . 0 | 1893 | 8120 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 31.2 | 73 | 76 |
| Valverde | 63.6 | . 5 | 35.1 | 1. 5 | . 3 | . 0 | 1924 | 7050 | 4.5 | 3 | 2 | 31.8 | 34 | 42 |


| School | Anglo | Negro | Hispano | Asian Derivation | American Indian | Others | -4- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Date of <br> First <br> Construc- <br> tion | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mean } \\ 1960 \\ \text { Income } \end{gathered}$ | 1968 <br> Median <br> Teacher <br> Exper- <br> ience | Number of <br> Teachers <br> With No <br> Prior Ex- <br> perience | Number <br> Black <br> Teachers | $\begin{aligned} & 1968 \\ & \text { Mean } \\ & \text { Class } \\ & \text { Size } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Achie |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Park | 95.2\% | . $0 \%$ | 1.6\% | 2.8\% | . $4 \%$ | .0\% | 1906 | 7790 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 27.8 | 71 | 69 |
| Westwood | 44.6 | 3.0 | 52.0 | . 4 | . 0 | . 0 | 1912 | 4910 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 29.1 | 36 | 21 |
| Whiteman | 88.1 | 8.0 | 2.6 | 1.3 | . 0 | . 0 | 1955 | 10000+ | 13 | 1 | 1 | 31.9 | 67 | 36 |
| Whittier | . 8 | 94.2 | 4.9 | . 0 | . 1 | . 0 | 1883 | 4630 | 2 | 12 | 12 | 27.4 | 22 | 19 |
| Wyatt | 1.9 | 46.5 | 51.6 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 1887 | 4050 | 6 | 3 | 11 | 28.4 | 46 | 15 |
| Wyman | 29.9 | 35.2 | 30.6 | 1.5 | 2.8 | . 0 | 1891 | 4606 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 27.5 | 31 | 24 |
| Totals | 61.7\% | 15.2\% | 22.0\% | . $7 \%$ | . $4 \%$ | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2043a

## 2044a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 203 <br> (Boundaries 1955)

(See Opposite)


# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 204 <br> (Boundaries 1956) 

(See Opposite)


## 2048a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 210

(Capacity Utilization of Manual and East High, Statistical Reports, DPS 1951-1961)
(See Opposite)

| School Year | Manual |  | East |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Students | Percent Capacity Utilization | Number of Students | Percent Capacity Utilization |
| 1951 | 874 | 80 | 2344 | 100 |
| 1952 | 852 | 78 | 2422 | 100 |
| 1953 | 1003 | 64 | 2426 | 100 |
| 1954 | 1053 | 67 | 2494 | 103 |
| 1956 | 1098 , | 70 | 2597 | 107 |
| 1957 |  |  |  |  |
| 1958 | 1236 | 79 | 2990 | 123 |
| 1959 |  |  |  |  |
| 1960 | 1028 | 66 | 2005 | 83 |
| 1961 | 1256 | 80 | 2181 | 90 |
| Capacity | $\begin{aligned} & 1560 \text { (New } \\ & 1083 \text { (Old } \end{aligned}$ | Manual) <br> Manua1) | 2430 |  |

Sources: Statistical reports, Denver Public Schools, 1951-1961, Report - A Study of Pupil Population, School Boundaries, Pupil Transportation, School Building, DPS, Feb., 1962, Special Study Committee on Quality of Educational Opportunity in the DPS, School Buildings and Site Needs, DPS, 1955.

2050a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 242

## (Elementary Students, Racial Composition, 1963-68, No. Pupils)

(See Opposite)


 -
$84 \quad 151 \quad 0$




75


- चmannominna
$\therefore \underset{\sim}{\circ}$

c--
Plaintiffs' Exhibit 242



## PUPILS = ETHNTC DISTRIBITION <br> PERCENTAGE



2054a

NUMBER


 $\frac{.101 \cdot 0 \cdot H \cdot N \cdot V \quad 101 \cdot 6961}{6961}$

Plaintiffe Exhibit 245
faculty - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION (PERCENTAGE)
TOTAL TEACHERS


Plaintiffs' Exhibit 245


## MINORITY SCHOOL TEACHERS

 MINORITY vs. ANGLO ELEM. SCHOOLS PER CENT OF TOTAL TEACHERS

2059a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 258
(Chart-Minority School Teachers)

## 2060a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 263

(Chart-Teachers With No DPS Experience,
Elem. Schs., 1964-68)
(See Opposite)

TEACHERS WITH NO DPS EXPERIENCE ELEM. SCHOOLS, 1964-68

PER CENT OF TOTAL TEACHERS


2061a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 264 <br> (Chart-Probationary Teachers Elem. Schools, 1964-68) 

(See Opposite)

PROBATIONARY TEACHERS ELEM. SCHOOLS, 1964-68

PER CENT OF TOTAL TEACHERS


2063a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 265 <br> (Chart-Teachers With 10 or More Years DPS Experience) 

(See Opposite)

## TEACHERS WITH 10 OR MORE YEARS DPS EXPERIENCE

ELEM. SCHOOLS 1964-68


2066a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 266
(Chart-Median Years DPS Experience
School (Elem.) Teachers)
(See Opposite)

# MEDIAN YEARS DPS EXPERIENCE ELEM. SCHOOL TEACHERS, 1964-1968 



## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 270

(Chart—Acres per 100 Students, Minority v. Anglo Schools
(See Opposite)


## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 271

(Chart—Average Age of Original Structure, Minority vs. Anglo Elementary Schools)
(See Opposite)

AVERAGE AGE OF ORIGINAL STRUCTURE MINORITY VS. ANGLO ELEM. SCHOOLS


## 2072a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 273

(Jr. High Students, Racial Composition, 1963-68, No. Students)
(See Opposite)

2073a

2074a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 274

(Jr. High Students, Racital Composition 1963-68, Percentage)
PAUPILS - ETHNTC DISTRIBUTTION


| 1 | BAKEH | 21.2 | 3.9 | 17.A | 5.1 | 15.7 | 12.0 | 1A.7 | 3.9 | 0.3 | 7.5 | 15.4 | 10.1 | 1030 | 953 | $9 ? 2$ | 845 | 863 | 884 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | GYENS | 03.7 | 0.3 | 94.1 | 0.6 | 04.3 | 0.8 | 91.4 | 1.2 | 94.4 | 0.1 | 92.5 | 0.6 | 1161 | 1178 | 1198 | 1251 | 1225 | 1138 |
| 3 | COLE | 10.2 | 47.7 | 9.3 | 54.3 | 7.2 | 56.1 | 7.0 | 58.6 | 5.5 | 64, 7 | $3 . \mathrm{H}$ | 72.5 | 1513 | 1497 | 1506 | 1438 | 1417 | 1219 |
| 4 | GOVE | 97.8 | 0.5 | 86.8 | 0.1 | A2. 6 | 12.5 | 79.? | 18.3 | 74.2 | 22.0 | 74.4 | 21.8 | 764 | 714 | 809 | 763 | 774 | 754 |
| 5 | grant | 89.3 | 0.8 | 90.7 | 0.7 | 89.9 | 0.5 | 90.7 | 0.7 | 86.1 | 1:9 | 85.4 | 4.5 | 794 | 806 | 783 | 765 | 794 | 815 |
| 6 | HLLL | 98.1 | 0.8 | 97.9 | 1.3 | 27.4 | 0.9 | 97.1 | 1.2 | 96.6 | 1.2 | 96.1 | 1.5 | 1593 | 1571 | 1596 | 1642 | 1720 | 1753 |
| 7 | KENNED | **** | **** | **** | **** | **** | **** | 98.9 | 0.1 | 99.3 | 061 | 96.7 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1221 | 1333 | 1433 |
| 8 | KEPNER | 72.9 | 0.6 | 74.0 | 0. ? | 70.6 | 0.7 | 71.7 | 0.7 | 71.9 | $08^{8}$ | 70.7 | 1.7 | 1592 | 1602 | 1579 | 1440 | 1443 | 1437 |
| 9 | KUNSMX | 94.9 | 0.0 | 93.2 | 1). 1 | 96.1 | 0.1 | 9.3 .1 | $0 . ?$ | 91.8 | 0.1 | 90.3 | 0.3 | 2574 | 2696 | 28? 3 | 1740 | 1737 | 1709 |
| 10 | LAKEE | 58.3 | 2.0 | 56.3 | 1.5 | 53.7 | 2.6 | 49.4 | 5.2 | 50.8 | 4.9 | 50.5 | 3.1 | 1226 | 1168 | 1165 | 1240 | 1325 | 1336 |
| 11 | MANN | 38.4 | 11.9 | 34.7 | 14.0 | 33.2 | 14.5 | 33.2 | 14.5 | 40.9 | 6.0 | 41.5 | 5.9 | 1234 | 1150 | 1083 | 1083 | 1090 | 1090 |
| 12 | MERRIL | 99.3 | 0.0 | 99.2 | 0.3 | 99,0 | 0.2 | 98, 1 | 0.5 | 99.1 | 0.3 | 98.? | 0.3 | 13.47 | 1592 | 1661 | 1620 | 1487 | 1578 |
| 13 | MOREY | 40.9 | 36.4 | 34.? | 39.8 | 31.3 | 45.6 | 30.0 | 47.9 | 28.4 | 52.8 | 28.3 | 51.0 | 904 | 891 | 774 | 730 | 776 | 838 |
| 14 | RISHEL | 82.6 | 0.9 | 80.8 | 0.5 | 82.7 | 0.3 | 78.4 | 0.2 | 76.6 | 0.2 | 75.1 | 0.2 | 1313 | 1279 | 1442 | 1299 | 1283 | 1250 |
| 15 | SKINNE | 89.4 | 0,1 | 89.0 | 0.3 | 85, 3 | 0.2 | 8n, 4 | 0.2 | 72, 8 | 0.4 | 76.0 | 0.0 | 1289 | 1269 | 1308 | 1278 | 1235 | 1222 |
| 16 | SMILEY | 45.6 | $4{ }^{3} .3$ | 40.1 | 55.4 | 30.7 | A?.6 | 36.5 | 58.7 | 29.8 | 66.0 | 23.3 | 71.9 | 1589 | 1637 | 1640 | 1593 | 1593 | 1546 |
| 17 | THOMAS | 99.7 | 0.0 | 99.? | 0.0 | 99.6 | 0.1 | 99.7 | 0.1 | 99.0 | 0.1 | 90.2 | 0.3 | 1165 | 1241 | 1353 | 1454 | 1593 | 1597 |



2075a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 275

(Jr. High Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Number) faculty - ethnic oistribution (number)

| SCHOOL | $\mathrm{A}_{1} \mathrm{~N}_{1} \mathrm{H}_{0} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{TOT}_{4}$ |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1908 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | A. |  |  |  | rot. | A. | N. |  |  |  | A. | N. |  |  | OT. | A. |  |  |  | OT. |
| 1 Abraha | 148 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 153 | 147 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 154 | 122 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 128 | 120 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 12 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 13 |
| 2 EAST | 110 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 114 | 106 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 110 | 115 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 119 | 116 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 123 | 116 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 124 |
| 3 GEORGE | 114 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 116 | 115 | 2 | 2 |  | 120 | 120 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 125 | 129 | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  | 0 | 131 | 130 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 135 |
| 4 KENNED | 6 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 103 | ${ }^{3}$ | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 106 | 119 | ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2 | 123 | 133 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 136 |
| 5 manual | 63 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 75 | 63 | 11 | 0 | 4 | 78 | 69 | 12 | 1 | 3 | 85 | 80 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 103 | 93 | 25 | 4 | 5 | 127 |
| 6 NGRTH | 120 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 123 | 119 | 2 | - | 0 | 123 | 111 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 115 | 117 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 120 | 132 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 136 |
| 7 South | 124 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 126 | 115 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 117 | 110 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 113 | 118 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 120 | 120 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 125 |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ thomas | 118 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 122 | 124 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 129 | 144 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 149 | 145 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 150 | 154 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 159 |
| 2 WEST | 101 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 107 | 93 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 101 | 100 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 108 | 94 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 102 | 102 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 110 |



2076a
Plaintiffs' Exhibit 276


MINURITY SCHOOL TEACHERS
JR. HIGH SCHOOLS
1964. 68


## 2077a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 289

(Minority School Teachers, Jr. High Schools 1964-68 (Chart))

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 302

## (Senior High Students, Racial Composition 1963-68, Number of Students)

(See Opposite)
PUPIL = ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION GNUMBER:


## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 303

(Senior High Students, Racial Composition 1963-68 Percentage)
pupils - ethnic distribution



2081a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 304

(Senior High Faculty, Racial Composition faculty-Ethnic distribution (n)


Plaintiffs' Exhibit 305
(Senior High Faculty, Racial Composition 1963-68, Percentage)
faculty - ethnic distribution (percentage)


MINORITY SCHOOL TEACHERS SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

1964-68

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT
318


2083a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 318

(Chart, Minority School Teachers, Sr. High Schools 1964-68)

2084a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 336 <br> (Enrollment According to Race by Schools, 1946-47) 

(See Opposite)

ITYYER DUEIAC SCHCOLS
DRFARTNGN: OT RESEAFIGI
ENROIIMAHTM ACCOEDING TO RACE BY SCHOOLS, 19:46-1947
Exclusive of Westricod Schools



2085a

2086a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 356

(The New Manual—Manual Training High School)
(See Opposite)


# TEAE <br> AREMO 060 Foll <br>  

## TABLA OF COHTENTS

PAGEI. A NGD ARISIS IN DETVER ..... 1Lanual Training lifg School Is on theReplacement List2

A HRW ICATUAL ..... 4
III. The matual conaumiy burvey ..... 7
The Needs of Einnual Pupils aro Different from Those of the Youth of Other Sections of Denver. ..... 7
The Commanity Voices Its Opinion ..... 17
IV. HOW THE BUILDING PLAFS WARE lADE ..... 29
What Teachers Wanted ..... 20
The Architect States his Views ..... 28
Poople Aided in Planning the Now lfanual ..... 29
From the Adranistrator's Sido of tho Desk ..... 30
V. MLAT OF THL EDUCATIOML PBOGRAE? ..... 33
APPEIDTX I: LOG OF MAIUNL BUTLDIIT PROJET ..... 37
APY ..... 39


## CIIAPTOR II

SOEA BAJIC PMOBLBLS TO BE FACBD IN PLANNLUG A HEW IAMUAL

Thore was little doubt when it becamo knorm that Nanual mould be on the "mast" list of tho new buildings that banual could not be just a high school cut from a goneral pattorn. lanual is different. The college preparatory function of a high school is not the first consideration in lanual although it has not been neglectad for those boys and girls who do go to college. For roughly three-fourths of the student body college is virtually an impossibility.

The usual problems faced by youth are sharpened for the many Llanual boys and girls who ara mombers of minority groups. Since 1926 the Anglo population at lianual has dropped from over elghty per cent to about forty-one per cont; the Negro population has gono from ten to tirenty-seven per cent; the Spanish-American figure has risen from less than one por cent to twonty-three and one-half per cent; and the Oriontal has gone from seven-tonths of one per cent to eight per cent. These boys and girls have needs which the school must neet in order to prepare them for effective participation in the comunity. The chart following shows the changing racial distribution in bianual.

Teachers in their experienco with liamal students had a good understanding of the spocial needs mich should direct planning for a new building. Nany of their ideas wore based on information which had been structured toward changes in curriculum. Other changes could not be made effectively within the limits of the outdated building.

CIhat I
RACIAL DIStrilbujitioi of haval studerts, 1926-1950

| Year | number Mhite students | \% | Number <br> colored <br> studonts | \% | Number Spanish students | \% | Humber <br> Oriontal <br> students | $\%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1926-27 | 623 | 87.2 | 73 | 10.3 | 3 | . 4 | 7 | .7 |
| 1927-28 | 540 | 85.1 | 79 | 13.2 | 8 | 1.2 | 5 | . 9 |
| 1928-29 | 507 | 85.8 | 64. | 13 | 5 | -9 | 9 | . 7 |
| 1929-30 | 554 | 85.1 | 84 | 12.7 | 6 | . 9 | 10 | 1.5 |
| 1930-31 | 635 | 83.1 | 111 | 14.5 | 7 | 1.0 | $1{ }_{1}$ | 1.6 |
| 1931-32 | 724 | 83.8 | 124 | 14.1 | 7 | . 8 | 10 | 1.1 |
| 1932-33 | 807 | 82.1 | 153 | 15.4 | 12 | . 9 | 12 | 1.6 |
| 1933-34 | 880 | 80.5 | 172 | 15.8 | 29 | 2.7 | 21 | 1.7 |
| 1934-35 | 838 | 78.2 | 175 | 16.1 | 42 | 4.0 | 29 | 2.3 |
| 1935-36 | 890 | 77.9 | 195 | 16.1 | 47 | 1.5 | 26 | 2.4. |
| 1936-37 | 820 | 74.6 | 200 | 17.2 | 80 | 5.9 | 28 | 2.5 |
| 1937-38 | 869 | 72.7 | 199 | 16.6 | 101 | 8.15 | 27 | 2.4 |
| 1933-39 | 899 | 69.6 | 229 | 17.7 | 126 | 10.0 | 34 | 2.3 |
| 1939-40 | 895 | 67.2 | 235 | 17.2 | 171 | 13.4 | 35 | 2.4 |
| 1940-41 | 874 | 65.6 | 225 | 16.8 | 207 | 15.5 | 28 | 2.1 |
| 1911-412 | 770 | 62.0 | 24.9 | 19.5 | 200 | 16.3 | 32 | 2.3 |
| 291,2-4,3 | 614 | 59.0 | 227 | 20.5 | 191 | 17.3 | 40 | 3.4 |
| 19143-14 | 569 | 54.7 | 333 | 22.7 | 169 | 16.7 | 53 | 5.1 |
| 19144-45 | 515 | 53.9 | 231 | 24.2 | 141 | 14.7 | 65 | 6.8 |
| 191,5-46 | 547 | 47.5 | 231 | 20.4 | 178 | 15.7 | 174 | 15.3 |
| 1946-4.7 | 512 | 48.9 | 240 | 23.2 | 178 | 16.8 | 131 | 12.2 |
| 19118-49 | 419 | 44.0 | 239 | 25.1 | 230 | 24.2 | 64 | 6.7 |
| 194,9-50 | 404 | 40.7 | 275 | 27.7 | 234 | 23.5 | 81 | 8.1 |

One indication of serious problems was the large number of dropouts from school. A study of four classes entering lianual and their rate of drop-out is show in the following chart:

Chart II
PATE OF DROP-OUT OF MANUL STUDETAS


Another indication that an academic program was not in step with the actual life needs of many lamual boys and girls was the fact that the students wre for the most part going into early marriage and homemaking and into jobs falling into the unskilled and seri-skilled categories. Again, records showed that very few lanual students went on to college. Some of those who wont to college could do 30 only if they had somo kind of part-time job. From all of these observations lianual teachers were certain that their program must be cognizant of tho roalities confronting the boys and girls.

## CHAPTER III

## THE MMUAL CORUNITY SURVEY

In order to have derinite evidonce for planning, Superintendent Kenneth E. Oberholtzer instituted a program looking to a survey of commuity opinion. Two lanual teachers were released from classroom dutios to propare an instrument of evaluation to include remonsos from Lanual toachors and teachers working in othor schools in the area, Lanual students and junior high school students wo would eo to Manual, Manual graduates, drop-outs, parents, and commity leaders. From these responses would come the answers to what unique noeds the now building must meet. After the instruments were prepared and approved by the faculty, student interviewers ware trainod to secure responses from graduates, drop-outs, and parents. Teachers interviewod community leaders. Responsos fron students still in school were obtained on school time. After tho data were gathered, the coordinator of instruction at lanual wan released from duty in the school to sumarize data and prepare the roport.

The Heeds of linual Pupils are Differont fron Those
of the Youth of Other Sections of Denver
A study of the characteristics of the lanual district, particularly of the noods of boys and girls of high school age, has been made by the faculty of lianual Training Hirh School. These needs as studied and analyzed are different from those of other sections of Denver in that

Fever pupils go to college.
Fever take college preparatory subjects.
Loro go to work immediately.
Hore go into unckilled and scmiskilled labor.
This siudy includos the following: 1. Investigation of the interests and oducational noods of pupils whilo they are in school as show by their vocational interests, acadomic abilities, and selection of classes. 2. Investieation through study or school records as to tho length of tine theso boys and girls stay in school and why thoy leave. 3. A survey of formor pupils, both graduates and dropouts, to find out what happens to them after they leave school and what jobs they can eat. L. A sampling of the opinions of members of the community about tho opportunities the school should provide. 5. Evaluation of the present procram of the schocl to see if it moets adequately the noeds reco:nnizod as conrion to all youth. Tho common needs are stated in Plannint for Anerican Youth as the "Ton Imperative Needs." The findings of these invostigations ars the basis for some conclusions wish should affect the plans for tine now building.

1. Vocational and educational intorests and needs of pupils. Analysis of 813 Kuder Vocational Interest Profilos of hanual pupils (See Chart III) indicates that the number of Lamal pupils interestod in vocational fields on professional levels is much smaller than the mumber interestod in artistic, masical, clerical, and social service areas. The relatively small interost shom in vocational areas that require scholastic ability indicates that approximately 75 por cent
of pupils do not have vocational interests which demand college proparatory studies. Instead such pupils may profit more by greater opportunity to prepare for unskilled and semiskilled jobs. The needs of the
smaller academic group should contime to be met, but lanual should do
much more prevocational education in the fields which interest the
larger number.

## CHART III

VOCATHOLAL ITTERETS BONN BY KUDER

Analysis of 813 Interest Profiles

lost of these totals indicate interest expressed during grado 10. Both
charts indicate that the five areas of greatest interest to largo mumbers of lanual pupils are artistic, musical, clerical, computational, and mechanical.

The proportion of acadomic and nonacadomic pupils at lianual is approxirately 25 per cent acadomic and 75 per cont nonacadonic as compared to national figures of 40 per cent academic and 60 per cent nonacadenic. This proportion, 25 per cent to 75 per cent, is substantiated by the study of tests of academic ability (See Chart IV). Granted that the I. Q. is not an infallible measure of intelligence, especially in lower sociomeconomic groups, the I. Q. still remains ono of the nost effective means of predicting ability to do academic work. A large proportion of lanual pupils fall below the average in academic apititude (See Chart IV). Approximately 25 per cent show ability to do scholastic rork accentable to most colleges.

2087a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 372 <br> (Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average, <br> Below 20th Perc't'l) 

(See Opposite)


# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 373 <br> (Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average, Below 30th Perc'til) 

(See Opposite)


2091a

2092a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 374<br>(Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average, Below 40th Perc'til)

(See Opposite)


2093a
-

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 375

(Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average,
Below 60th Perc'til)
(See Opposite)


2096a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 376-R <br> (Enrollment by Racial and Ethnic Groups; <br> Correlation With Achievement Scores, Fifth Grade, 1968) 

(See Opposite)

## ENROLLMENT BY RACIAL AND ETHNIC GROUPS;

## CORRELATION WITH ACHIEVEMENT SCORES

Fifth Grade, 1968
(Arithmetic Average of Percentiles)

| Percentile Score | Percent of citywide enrollment at each group <br> of schools. |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Anglo | Negro | Hispano |
| below 20 | 3 | 36 | 28 |
| below 30 | 13 | 61 | 64 |
| below 40 | 26 | 87 | 78 |
| above 60 | 42 | 4 | 4 |

Each percentage represents the percent of the total number of students in Denver of that ethnic or racial group enrolled at those schools.

Source: P1. Exh. 83; Defendants Ehx. S. P1. Exh. 241.

2097a

2098a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 377

(Average Mean Achievement Score; Third Grade)
(See Opposite)
AVERAGE MEAN ACHIEVEMENT SCORE; THIRD GRADE
TRIENNIAL TESTING; 1956 and 1968

| School | 1956 | 1968 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Whittier | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Gilpin | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Garden Place | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| Fairview | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| Mitchell | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| Wyatt | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| Elmwood | 3.2 | 3.4 |
| Ebert | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Greenlee | 3.9 | 2.9 |
| Boulevard | 3.1 |  |
| Bryant Webster | 3.2 |  |

2099a

2100a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 378 <br> (Effects of "Normalizing" Achievement Scores on Published Mean) 

(See Opposite)

SCORES; 1965, GRADE 5; PARAGRAPH MEANING
Comparison with 1962 and 1968 scores

| School | 1962 | 1965 | 1968 | 1968 -percentile |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Greenlee | 4.2 | 5.4. | 4.4 | 24 |
| Fairview | 4.2 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 18 |
| Mitchell | 4.4 | 5.9 | 4.1 | 16 |
| Whittier | 4.5 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 24 |
| Wyatt | 4.8 | 6.4 | 3.9 | 14 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Ash Grove | 7.3 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 75 |
| Bradley | 7.6 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 76 |
| Doull | 7.3 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 65 |
| McMeen | 7.3 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 82 |
| Pitts | 7.5 | 6.7 | 7.2 | 80 |

Source: Triennial testing, 1962,1965,1968; fifth grade- paragraph meaning

2101a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 380 <br> (Stanford Achievement Tests-Paragraph Meaning, 20 Minority Schs.) 

(See Opposite)

әрехэ pue tooчos Kq saxoos uean 6 696t 'trudy

Twenty Minority Schools

2103a
2104a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 381 <br> (Stanford Achievement Tests-Paragraph Meaning, 21 Anglo Schs.) 

(See Opposite)

Twenty-one Anglo Schools


[^5]Primary II Leviel - Form $W$; no parentheses
$2105 a$

2106a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 410 <br> (Negroes in the Denver Public Schools (Urban League Rept.)) 

(See Opposite)

## NEGROES IN THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

The first Negro teacher to be emploved by the Denver Public Schools was Miss Dorothy Burdine. She began teaching at W'hittier Elementary School in Scptember 1934.

The second Negro teacher, Mrs. Marie Greenwood, began teaching at Whittier school in September 1935.

In January 1955, almost 21 years later, Mrs. Jessie Maxwell was appointed principal in the Denver Public Schools. Mrs. Maxwell was promoted from her position as teacher at Whitier to the principalship of the same school.

The history of the Negro teacher in the Denver schools during those 21 years is interesting.

From that time until $194+$ the number of Negro teachers in the Denver schools at any one time never exceeded five and all were assigned to Whitticr Elementary School.

In lyyt the numike uf Neỹo teachers was increased.

In September $19+7$ Mrs. Florida Waller and Mrs. Ramona McHenry were assigned as the first Negro teachers to Gilpin School.

In 1949 Gilbert Cruter at Manual became the first Negro teacher in a Denver High School.

In September 1952, Gene Carter and Maicusun Broadnos, becane the first Necero teachers to be assigned to Mitchell School. C… :- nior Iligh acted two Negro faculty members.

September 1953 saw the number of Negro teachers increased to approximately thirty. Fairview and Wyman schools each had a Negro teacher assigned to their faculties. Mrs. Ama Collins became the second Negro teacher on the Manual I ligh School staff. The number of N'gro teachers at Cole Junior Iligh was increased to six.

By the end of the $195+55$ school year the Denter schools hated their first Negro principat and a total of +3 Negro teachers. By September 1955 the number of Negro teachers had been increased to 58.

As of February 1, 1956, the Denver schools had Negro personnel distributed as follows:

1 Principal $\qquad$ Whitticr Elementary School
5 Teachers $\qquad$ Manual High School
12 Teachers $\qquad$ Cole Junior High School
1 Teacher .-.-.---------.-.--........ Baker Junior High School
11 Teachers .------------------ Whitticr Elementary School
6 Teachers .------------.----..... Mitchell Elementary School
1 Teacher :---------------...... Wyman Elementary School
7 Teachers .--.-.-................ Fairview Elementary School

2 Teachers .--.-...-.-.--.......... Wyatt Elementary School
1 Teacher .-..- -.-.................. Newlon Elementary School
3 Teachers ﹎…..........th St. Elementary School
1 Teacher $\qquad$ Ebert Elementary School
1 Teacher $\qquad$ Columbine Elementary School
2... 1 School Nurse Washington Park School and Garden Place School
1 School Psychologist $\qquad$ Administration Bldg.
2 School Social Workers
1 Education Counselor $\qquad$ Boys, Inc., Gilpin

JOIN THE URBAN LEAGUE NOW!

## COMMUNITY BELIEFS CONCERNING THE SCHOOLS

The present controversy over the proposed school boundaries has unearthed several widely held beliefs which are prevalent in the East Denver Manual area. Many persons think that:

1. The curriculum at Manual High School is inferior to that of other Denver Senior High Schools.
2. The upper-level student at Cole does not receive the same kind of special attention provided in other junior high schools.
3. Students going from Cole to Manual are not encouraged to choose college preparatory courses because such courses are limited at Manual.

The Ltrban I_eague is deeply concerned with these and other questions involed in the school situation. W'e are interested in helping the community determine to their own satisifiction the truth or falsity of these beliefls. We hope the schools will cooperate with the Levigue and interested parents and citizens in this effort.

2107a

## $2108 a$

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 417

(Secondary Membership 1955-1965,
Report from Principals, Manual Area)
(See Opposite)

2109a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 6 <br> (Excerpts from Minutes, June 9, 1969 (pp. 10-11)) 

## B. Voluntary Open Enrollment

It was moved by Mr. Southworth, that in addition to the existing voluntary open enrollment policies with transportation provided, which includes all schools of the District, the Superintendent and his staff be directed to develop and initiate concentrated and effective plans and programs designed to achieve a voluntary exchange of pupils now residing in the Smily Junior High School and East High School attendance areas with pupils now residing in the attendance areas of South, Thomas Jefferson and George Washington high schools, provided that such exchanges in school assignment result in improved understanding and integration, both in the sending school and in the receiving school, that such plans and programs be made effective as soon as feasible, and by the opening of school in September of 1969, if possible, and, if not, by the commencement of the second semester of the 1969-1970 school year and all such exchange programs shall be with transportation provided by the District. The motion was seconded by Mr. Perrill.
-11-
A roll call vote was recorded as follows: voting "yes," Mr. Berge, Mr. Knight, Mr. Perrill, and Mr. Southworth; voting "no," Dr. Amesse, Mrs. Noel, and Mr. Voorhees. The motion was declared duly carried.

June 9, 1969

RESOLUTION NO. 1533

WHEREAS, this Board of Education has rescinded previous resolutions adopted by it and numbered 1520, 1524, and 1531 for the reasons that such resolutions were hastily prepared, inappropriate to accomplish their intended purposes and lacked community support; and

WHEREAS, this Board of Education now having considered the views of the citizens of this School District, Resolution No. 1490 passed by this Board on May 16, 1968, school building capacities, optimum pupil memberships for schools, the need for providing transportation to pupils and the cost thereof, the need to stabilize pupil membership in certain schools of this District and the feasibility of implementing some of the planning undertaken by the Superintendent of this School District and his staff, FINDS that the following steps are necessary and appropriate to the improvement of education in the Denver Public Schools and that such steps are in the public interest;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED by the Board of Education of School District No. 1 in the City and County of Denver and State of Colorado, that

1. The Superintendent is directed to continue development of plans in accordance with the concept of the Elementary School Complex as outlined in his report entitled
"Planning Quality Education" heretofore received by this Board of Education, and to initiate voluntary implementation of such plans, commencing with the opening of school in September of 1969, for the following groupings of elementary schools of this District to be known as Complex 1 and Complex 2, respectively:

| Complex 1 | Complex 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ashley | Ashland |
| Carson | Barnum |
| Hallett | Boulevard |
| Montclair | Brown |
| Montclair Annex | Cheltenham |
| Palmer | Colfax |
| Park Hill | Cowell |
| Philips | Eagleton |
| Steck | Edison |
| Teller | Fairview |
| Whiteman | Newlon |
|  | Perry |

2. The Superintendent is directed to develop and institute plans and programs for a Hallett Elementary School voluntary exchange plan, before September 1969, by sponsoring a voluntary exchange of Hallett Elementary School pupils with pupils of other elementary schools throughout the District, and with transportation provided by the District.
3. The Superintendent is directed to take steps to establish pre-primary educational programs in the schools of the North-Central portion of the District in September 1969, as proposed in his said report "Planning Quality Education."
4. For the purpose of improving education and furthering the integration of schools included in Elementary School Complex 5, as described in the report "Planning Quality Education," such schools shall be grouped for cooperative planning with the elementary schools of other elementary school complexes as follow, or with such other or different schools as the Superintendent may designate from time to time, utilizing the criteria of ratio of school and group memberships, racial composition of memberships, potential for promoting educational understanding, and utilization of school facilities; that such cooperative planning shall be accomplished by the local schools included within such groupings through planning committees composed of school staff members, P.T.A. representatives, parents and other citizens in the school community; that such planning committees shall be selected and shall operate under rules and regulations prescribed by the Superintendent; that any cooperative plans so developed shall be mutually agreed upon by such committees prior to implementation thereof; that implementation of such cooperative plans may be undertaken by the Superintendent within the limitations of law and the policies of this Board of Education; and that participation by individual families shall be optional.

| Schools in Complex V | Schools Grouped with Complex V Schools |
| :---: | :---: |
| Crofton Harrington | ```Bradley Pitts Slavens University Park``` |
| Wyatt | Bromwell <br> Moore <br> Stevens |
| Columbine Gilpin | Godsman Goldrick Gust Sabin Schmitt Traylor |
| Whittier | Asbury <br> Lincoln <br> Rosedale <br> Thatcher <br> Washington Park |
| Mitchell <br> Stedman | Denison <br> Doull <br> Force <br> Johnson <br> Schenck |
| Smith | Ash Grove Cory Ellis Fallis Knight McMeen |

5. The present practices of transporting pupils from the attendance areas of schools of this District deemed to be overcrowded to other schools of this District, whenever necessary to relieve such overcrowding, be continued.
6. The Superintendent is directed to proceed with plans to reduce the pupil population of Stedman Elementary School to the extent that four mobile units now located at that school may be used where needed at other Schools of this District, by soliciting approximately 120 voluntary pupil transfers from Stedman Elementary School to other elementary schools of this District having space available and with transportation provided by the District.

## 2111a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 6a
(Resolution No. 1533)

2112a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 10 <br> (Review, Publication $\mathrm{DP}_{\mathrm{S}}$, April 1969) 

(See Opposite)

## School-Community Days . .

Come Visit Your Schools-this is an invitation from all who have planned the annual School-Community Days, April 22, 23, and 24, for the Denver Public Schools.

As a traditional part of Colorado Public Schools Week, the Denver Public Schools have again planned School-Community Days to show the community and its citizens the programs and activities that are going on in their schools. To better accommodate school visitors, three days have been set aside for visitation - Tuesday, April 22, for elementary schools; Wednesday, April 23, for junior high schools; and Thursday, April 24, for senior high schools.
"Quality Education for All—Responsible Citizenship" has been designated as the theme of this year's observance which has been proclaimed officially by Governor John A. Love and the State Board of Education as the week of April 20 through 26. The Colorado Department of Education coordinates the planning for the event which is sponsored this year by 22 civic and service organizations.

## What's Nem? . . .

Systems Analysis for Educational Planning - An approach to the solution of predetermined educational problems (not exclusive to the field of education). Through such an approach the overall objectives of a school, a class, indeed an individual student, are identified and through the skillful use of planners, consultants, and community acting as team members with the regular school staff that the data is processed by a computer to the end that the optimum benefit will accrue to the individual student. As this is done it is anticipated that teaching efficiency will increase and that alternative systems and strategies can be utilized to meet the established goals all the time effecting economies and efficiencies in the educational process. The end result should be a curriculum, organization and staffing plan that will be adapted to meet the needs of a given, school, room, or student better than they have been met in the past.

Discussion Pictures - A recently employed concept and the technique in the beginning social studies program for first-and second-grade classes. The purpose and approach here is to stimulate pupil discussion dealing with human understandings; to develop an appreciation of attitudes and values through group interplay and exchange.

Social Studies Materials - Minority Groups - These materials, for use in all schools, are being utilized to supplement existing textbooks whose treatment of the contributions of minority peoples is sometimes less than adequate. The materials are not graded, by intent, in order that teachers will be able and feel free to use them with children at any grade level where their use will enhance the teaching of these important concepts. Included among these materials are The Heritage and Contributions of The Negro American, The Heritage and Contributions of the Hispanic American, and The Heritage and Contribution of the Chinese and Japanese Americans. Significant is the fact that these materials were prepared by Denver Public Schools teachers who are members of the minority groups they wrote about, but, more inportant, know about. (More on pages three and four)


Official Publication, Denver Public Schools
Vol. XLIX, April, 1969


## Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan . . .

The voluntary pupil transfer program authorized by the Board of Education last November 21, attracted 1,245 requests for changes of schools as of February, 1969: The plan went into effect this semester which began January 27.

Of the 1,245 who requested the transfer, 865 are presently being transported to schools other than their home school. Two hundred fifty-nine of the remaining 378 requests were not honored because the pupils did not meet the requirement that the requested transfer would improve the racial balance. Fifty-one requests had conditions attached which could not be met and 68 requests were cancelled by parental request or by the district because of transportation problems.

Of the 1,245 who applied, 724 were Negro, 390 were white and 131 were Hispano. Of the 865 being transported, 573 are Negro, 253 are white and 39 are Hispano.

The 865 pupils being transported represent an increase of almost $10 \%$ in number of pupils who were transported last semester.

The voluntary open enrollment plan adopted by the Board contains, in part, the following:

- "Any pupil, with the permission of his parents, who wishes may request enrollment in a school of his choice provided the requested transfer is one where pupils in his school are the majority of his race to a school where the pupils of his race are a minority and whenever the numbers are reasonable.
- The request for transfer could be for a full day or half day, or enrollment in seminar classes, for a minimum of one semester for senior high school pupils; and full day enrollment for elementary school and junior high school pupils for a minimum of one semester. The maximum would be determined by the pupil and his parents.
- In previously integrated schools a reasonable ethnic ratio must be maintained for transportation of pupils to schools in other parts of the city where space is available. The purpose of the plan is to help integration and to prevent schools from becoming resegregated.
- Transportation of pupils will be subsidized by the Denver Public Schools. The Denver Public Schools may provide service by school bus, public transportation, private automobile, or chartered bus, depending upon the transportation problems."

[^6]Plan to Stabilize Racial and Ethnic Composition of Pupil Membership at East and Smiley


The Board of Education last December directed the superintendent and staff to prepare a plan which would provide for the stabilization of pupil mem
Junior High School and East High School.

It was felt by the majority of the Boord " "ber It was felt by the majority of the Board that "because of
the housing patterns in the City and County of Denver, East High School and Smiley Junior High School contain growing numbers of pupils of racial and ethnic minorities; that a reduction of such numbers is desirable as one of the steps to improve educational opportunity in such schools; and that
the clanges in the attendance areas. . . will reasonably accomplish such reduction and thereafter stabilize the racial and ethnic composition of pupil memberships in these schools; and that such changes are in the public interest." The Board approved this plan at the meeting at South
School auditorium on Thursday, January 30 . Details are contained in the accompanying maps and captions.
As a result of these changes all pupils involved will
attend schools that are integrated but are predominately
white.
The effect of these changes will be as follows:
effect of these changes will be as follows
Estimated Racial Composition-Smile

|  | Anglo | Negro |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January 1969 | 27\% | 67\% |
| September 1969 | 72\% | 23\% |
| Estimated Racial Composition-Eas |  |  |
| January 1969 | 54\% | 40\% |
| September 1969 | $68^{\circ}$ | 25 |


of the Junior Hulative Effects East

| of the Junior High School Boundary changes |
| :---: |
| $88 \%$ |
| $4 \%$ |

Social Studies Changes Include Citywide Minority-group History Courses and New Materials

Elective course offerings in Afro-American history are available to students in all of the nine Denver public high schools. The course was introduced a year ago at one school. the city-wide curriculum. A course outline list of materials and the like is available in all high schools. One junior high school is participating in this course offering on an experimental basis. Popularity of the course ranges from one class
section in some buildings to as many as 15 sections in other section in some buildings to as many 15 sections in other
naings

In this same manner a course in Latin American history with emphasis on the Southwest is available for students also. This course deals largely with Hispano history and culture. Again it is being used on an experimental basis in one junior high school

Still another possibility-this one a course in Minority thought of inclusion at all schools if its success and interest warrant it.
Although elective offerings will accomplish part of the job of teaching about minorities, the remaining part must be done in the required American history courses. In order
to upgrade the teaching about minority groups in grades eight to upgrade the teaching about minority groups in grades eight
and 11 history classes, substantial quantities of new materials have been purchased and distributed to schools. Also
recognizing that teachers themselves had few professional recognizing that teachers themselves had few professional
resource materials on which to draw, each 8th and 11th resource materials on which to draw, each 8 th and 11 th
grade history teacher has been supplied with four types of commercially prepared, professional materials which enable
which he needs.
Recognition also has been given to the fact that some to Negro history and thus a need for supplementary pupil materials. Therefore, schools have been supplied with additional books and instructional materials, including audio visual aids, in order to provide a meaningful, accurate, and that these materials do not replace the standard American history texts.
Similar efforts are being made with respect to materials dealing with Hispanos-particularly in regard to Hispani
people of the Southwest. Publishers have not, as yet, provided the materials for this important need as they have with the Negro. Limited amounts are available, some is not rele vant to our section of the country since it it largely directed in the Puerto Ricans of New York or the Mexican American
in the in our own schools and with the cooperation of our institutions of higher learning it is felt that significant advances in his area soon will be made.
siastically involved in the areas are intimately and enth groups. It is not reasonable to assume that educational mate rials and a soundly conceived social studies program can
solve all of our society's or community's problems. Howerer solve all of our society's or community's problems. However,
we feel that at a time in our nation's history when it is imperative to teach about our nation's heritage we are making good progress.

Teacher involvement, understanding, sensitivity-
whatever the term, the concern and need is present. This ha been a little publicized but deeply involved aspect of the pro gram for developing understanding minority groups. During
this school year two seminars involving more than 100 teachers were conducted using a title "Using New Instruc tional Materials on Minority Peoples in American Life". Th seminars included Hispano life, history, culture and contri expert, knowledgeable persons, every junior high and senio high school social studies department was represented assur ing that every secondary school would have at least on materials for teaching about minorities For the last several years many of our teachers have attended summer workshop sessions on human relations in only a few, Denver University Loretto Heights College Met opolitan State University, Colorado College. However, thei work has not been confined to workshops only. Evenin tasses, summer institutes, summer schools and even ful ing of the needs and problems present in teaching these important concepts. It is also worthy of mention that our to improns of higher learning are making a sincere effor generously offering facilities and services to thame tim making it possible for us to have a large number of college time.

## Pupils to Make Elementary School Science Teaching Materials

During the summer of 1969, Neighborhood Youth Corps pupils will be designing and manufacturing materials for use in the elementary school in the Denver Public Schools. It is anticipated that both boys and girls will participate in the program which will give them opportunities for meaningful work experiences. Such skills as woodworking, drafting, welding, metal working and office work will be developed. In addition to fostering an attitude of self-worth in the participants the program hopes to develop increased self-understanding and good work habits by permitting pupils to work as a team.

The industrial arts facilities of a Denver Public School high school will be used. Items such as balances, balance beams, electrical kits, periscopes and simple machines will be manufactured in sufficient quantity for use in all Denver elementary schools. Other items for consideration are centrifrugal force kits, sand pendulums, range finders, and other similar equipment.

This program was proposed by Mr. Buel Robinson, a physics teacher at George Washington High School. He and Mr. Donald Forster, an industrial arts teacher at George Washington, will plan the design of the pupil projects. Both men will do the actual teaching and supervision during the six-week sumrıer session.

In the future a project of this type might also provide for science equipment needed in the secondary schools.

## Changes in Cole Area . . .



The Report, Planning Quality Education, suggested that consideration be given to phasing out Cole Junior High School. Seventh and eighth graders would be assigned to various junior high schools throughout the School District and the ninth graders accommodated at Manual High School as the program with Colorado State College is developed for that school. These steps not only would aid in further integrating the junior high schools but also would priovide for equalizing educational opportunity for Cole pupils.

Although reduction in membership at Cole Junior High School is not specifically a step to "phase out" the school as noted above, a lower membership will produce an environment in which appropriate instructional programs can be developed to motivate pupils and provide for their educational needs in the most effective way.

Pupil membership will be reduced, effective in September, 1969, by transporting 275 children from the Cole Junior High School area to the five schools where there is room for them: Byers, Kepner, Kunsmiller, Rishel, and Smiley junior high schools.

## Junior High Subdistrict Changes . . .



The following areas, now a part of the Smiley Junior High School subdistrict, will become a part of the subdistricts of the junior high schools listed-effective September, 1969.


## attendance area to which the respective areas are assigned. <br> Merrill Junior High School- <br> Grant Junior High School- <br> Byers Junior High School- <br> Kunsmiller Junior High School- <br> Hill Junior High School. <br> Hamilton Junior High School- <br> Thomas Jefferson Junior-Senior High School

Area 7 now in the Cole Junior High School attendance area is assigned to the Smiley Junior High School attendance area.

Area 8 now in the Hill Junior High School and Area 9 now in the Merrill Junior High School attendance areas are assigned to the Hamilton Junior High School and Thomas Jefferson Junior-Senior High School attendance area.

[^7]2113a

2114a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 11 <br> (Review, Publication DPS, May 1969) 

(See Opposite)

## Elementary School Integration . . .

Excerpts from the remarks made by Dr. Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent of Schools, to the Board of Education on April 16, 1969:

In Resolution 1490 the Board of Education recognized that the continuation of neighborhood schools has resulted in the concentration of some minority racial and ethnic groups in certain schools, and that a reduction of such concentration and the establishment of an integrated s.chool population is desirable to achieve equality of educational opportunity.

The long range plan, Planning Quality Education, prepared by the staff, consultants, and me has received wide consideration.

From time to time I have proposed action on recommendations contained in the plan in order that implementation could proceed as fast as possible and yet produce lasting results consistent with long range objectives.

One such recommendation related to the stabilization of secondary school populations in Northeast Denver. Particularly affected were East High School and Smiley Junior High School.

Complementary to the recommendation for secondary schools is the plan relating to the stabilization of elementary school memberships in Northeast Denver. As with the recommendations for the secondary schools, this plan is an integral part of the long range plan for integrating the Denver Public Schools, as directed by Resolution 1490.

The major consideration in formulating these recommendations to provide quality integrated education is the welfare of Denver's children. I have been guided by these well-established and accepted principles: sound fiscal management, availability of personnel and staff resources, and the extent of potential community acceptance.

Unlike many cities, the citizens of Denver have a unique opportunity to insure a high quality of education for all of Denver's children.

Our contacts with the community have shown that there is no consensus about the action which is required. On the one hand some people feel that steps such as these are too modest. Conversely, others feel that too much is being proposed. It is my professional judgment that these time-phased steps, part of the long-range plan, are reasonable, necessary, can be accomplished, and will result in meaningful progress.

## ACTION TO DATE

No other large city has undertaken steps toward integration on such a large scale; and reports describing integration efforts in smaller cities fail to emphasize the differences in scale in such factors as geographical size, costs, numbers of schools involved, size of pupil memberships, and the racial composition of the city.

## Facilities -

Twelve additional classrooms are being added to Hamilton Junior High School. A new junior high school is being constructed at East Florida Avenue at South Quebec Street. At Park Hill Elementary School a half-million dollar classroom and cafeteria addition was built.

## Transportation -

Voluntary Open Enrollment -
As of February 1969, 847 pupils involving 23 secondary and 28 elementary sending schools are being transported for integrative purposes.
Limited Open Enrollment -
638 children from 33 sending schools are participating in this program.
Additional Transportation for Integration -
618 pupils in four elementary schools are being transported to 19 schools throughout the city.
225 junior high school pupils are being transported to two other schools.
The total transportation required for these programs involves 2,328 pupils.


Official Publication, Denver Public Schools

## 1969-70 School Calendar

Pupil registration and classes begin
Seplember 3, 1969
State professional meetings
Schools closed
October 9 and 10, 1969
Thanksgiving intermission
Schools closed . . . . . . November 27 and 28, 1969
Winter intermission
Schools closed . . . December 20, 1969 to January 5, 1970
First semester ends . . . . . . . . . January 23, 1970
Second semester begins . . . . . . . January 26, 1970
Spring intermission
Schools closed . . . . . . March 21 to March 30, 1970
Second semester ends . . . . . . . . . June 4, 1970
Resolution 1520 -
Implementation of this Resolution involves 2,932 children and 15 secondary schools. Twenty-seven new buses costing about $\$ 450,000$ are being purchased for this program. Additional capital outlay for storage, operation, and maintenance of these vehicles will be required.

## Total Children Transported -

The above four programs involve the transportation of 5,260 children, thus providing integrative experiences in a large number of schools in Denver.

This plan will provide integration for 10,102 elementary pupils in 22 schools by the reassignment of 2,001 additional pupils. Additional pupils will be involved in the cooperative programs linking core area schools with those in the rest of the city.

## CONCLUSION

We are limited severely in both money and knowledge. Knowledge we can develop with the talent we have and a commitment on the part of all of us in the school system. We have a good start in this direction--it will take timethere are no instant solutions for the huge tasks before us. The schools cannot solve society's problems alone; all community agencies have a role to play in that process. Some needed actions in the areas of housing and employment are even more critical than those required of the educators.

The finances required to make the changes that will be necessary are critical. Developing the solutions will without question cost money and it is likely that the solutions, when developed, (Continued on page 4 )

## CORRECTION

The April Review printed the following statement which is not correct:

| Cumulative Effects at East |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| of the Junior High School Boundary changes |  |  |
| Anglo | Negro | Hispano |
| $88 \%$ | $\mathbf{4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ |

The figures which should have been used are as follows:
Negro
Hispano

| Anglo | Negro | Hispan |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $73 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $7 \%$ |

# Denver and for Further Integration of the Denver Public Schools <br> From Barrett to： 


－From Barrett to Carson Area B－From Barrett to Montclair Area C－From Barrett to Whiteman Area D－From Barrett to Asbury Area E－From Barrett to Moore Area F－From Park Hill to Steele Area G－From Park Hill to Steck

Area H－From Philips to Ashley
Area 1－From Philips to Palmer Area J－From Montclair to Philips
Area K - From Whiteman Moore， Area K - From Whiteman，Moore，Mont
clair and Montclair Annex to


This plan for elementary schools consists of a number
of elements relating to the implementation of the superinten－
dent＇s Report，Planning Quality Education which was pres－ dent＇s Report，Planning Quality Education，which was pres－
ented to the Board of Education on October 10，1968．Con－ sideration was given to the effects reassignment of pupils will have upon

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - racial and ethnic composition of pupil member- } \\
& \text { ships } \\
& \text { potential quality of the instructional program }
\end{aligned}
$$

－potential quality of the instructional program
－availability of time and staff to develop programs， communicate with parents and
orient the personnel involved．
The views of individuals and groups of citizens have been considered．Consideration also was given to traffic conditions，housing patterns，school building capacities，and
memberhips．
The proposal is financially feasible in that the additional The proposal is financially feasible in that the additional
transportation requirements can be handled by means of leasing additional buses and by maximum utilization of
buses already purchased out of the capital outlay accounts． buses already purchased out of the capital outlay accounts．
Effective utilization will be possible by varying the opening Efective utilization will be possible by varying the opening current staff will minimize the need for additional personnel．

The Plan is to be effective in the fall of 1969.
Facilities for the initial operation of complexes are
available in the addition to Park Hill Elementary School （Complex Number One）and the replacement of the Chelten－
（Cam Elementary School（Complex Number ham Elementary School（Complex Number Two）．This is
an important consideration since capital reserve funds an important consideration since capital reserve funds are Programs in Complexes One and Two
Programs in Complexes One and Two
The report，Planning Quality Education，notes the fol－
lowing programs and services which can be provided for lowing programs and services which can be provided for elementary schools in a cluster with a central complex
1．Cultural Arts Program
2．Resource Materials Center
3．Reading Clinic
4．Special Academic Facility
5．Pre－Primary Facility
6．Community Agencies Facility
7．Recreation Facilities
8．Administrative Facility
9．Special Education
The tables below show the capacities and racial compo－


Stabilization of Memberships，Complex One
Pupil memberships of schools in Northeast Denver will
be stabilized by means of boundary changes and transporta－
tion．These changes will assure that children will be trans－ ported to schools whose membership is at least $70 \%$ Anglo， thus providing integrated education．The changes which －Pupils presently transported will be：
－Pupils presently transported will be diverted to nearby
schools

- Differen

Travel tim in travel distances are minimized
Boundary Changes

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Boundary Changes } \\
& \text { 1. Ashley } \text { - Philips } \\
& \text { 2. Montclair - Philips } \\
& \text { Transportation }
\end{aligned}
$$

32 pupils
30 pupils

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Transportation } \\
& \text { 1. Philips to: }
\end{aligned}
$$

2．Park Hill to：Palmer $\begin{gathered}\text { Ashley } \\ \text { Steck }\end{gathered}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1. Philips to: Ashle } \\
& \text { 2. Park Hill to. } \\
& \text { Palme }
\end{aligned}
$$

C．Resulting Racial Composition of Memberships

| School | nt |  |  |  |  | Resalting Me |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 宕 | 管毞 |  |  | 㡶 |
| Ashley | 570 | 86 | 6 | 8 | 550 | 81 | 11 | 8 | 548 |
| Carson | 750 | 90 | 7 | 3 | 629 | 78 | 20 | 2 | 720 |
| Montclair |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Palmer | 450 | 92 | 5 | 3 | 482 | 81 | 15 | 4 | 482 |
| Park Hill | 1，080 | 71 | 23 | 6 | 963 | 79 | 13 | 8 | 863 |
| Philips | 570 | 55 | 37 | 8 | 555 | 70 | 22 | 8 | 584 |
| Steck | 420 | 86 | 11 | 3 | 410 | 82 | 17 | 1 |  |
| Whiteman | 570 | 88 | 8 | 4 | 610 | 78 | 18 | 4 |  |

Change of Racial Composition of Membership at Barrett
The modifications which follow will change Barrett from
predominately Negro to predominately Anglo．
predominately Negro to predominately Anglo．
1．To Barrett from：Whiteman 110 pupils

| Moore | 110 pupils |
| :---: | ---: |
| Montclair | 42 pupils |
| Mor | 125 pupis |


| Moore | 42 pupils |
| ---: | ---: |
| Montclair | 115 pupils |
| Total | 267 pupils |

2．From Barrett to： $\begin{array}{r}\text { Montclair } \\ \text { Whiteman }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r}\text { 100 pupil } \\ 50 \text { pupils }\end{array}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Eomplex Number Two } \\
& \text { Schools, Capacities, Racial Composition of } \\
& \text { Memberchinc Raced on Octoher 1068 Data }
\end{aligned}
$$

Moor 42 pupils
100 pupils
30 $\begin{array}{rrr} & \text { Asbury } & 30 \text { pupils } \\ & \text { Total } & 322 \text { pupils }\end{array}$

| School | Builiding <br> Capacity | Annlo <br> Percent | Necro <br> Perecent | Hispano <br> Perecent | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Barrett | 450 | 73 | 24 | 3 | 368 | Pre－Primary Programs

Steps will be taken in September，1969，to establish pre primary educational programs in the North－Central portion of the City as proposed in Planning Quality Education． Change of Racial Composition at Hallet Elementary School
Hallett school will become a demonstration integrated school on the basis proposed by certain interested citizens Present enrollment at Hallett is 751 of which 634 are
Negro and approximately 76 Anglo．The Denver Public Segro and approximately 76 Anglo．The Denver Pubic minimum of 500 white volunteers from throughout the Cit who desire an integrated elementary school education for their boys and girls．Likewise，approximately 500 Negro schools．Hallett would then have a pupil population which would be approximately $60 \%$ Anglo， $40 \%$ Negro．
Expansion of the Transportation Program at Stedman Ele mentary School to Further the Integration Program．
Currently， 286 pupils are being transported from Sted man to other schools．An 120 additional pupils will be trans ported in order to integrate more schools in the District．Thi
 Continue Transportation Program at Smith School Continue Transporta Cuphils are being transported to other Currently 214 pupils are
schools throughout the District．

Summary of Pupil Transportation and Integration
Previous recommendations of the Superintendent ap－ proved by the Board of Education have provided for trans－ The current proposal provides for transporting pupils， more pupils integrating 10,102 additional elementary pupils． ch Additional numbers of children will be in integrated 5 schools with schools in other complexes for linking Area

Sury in
Summary Integration Planned for September 1969

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Interated |  |  |
| School Level |  |  |  |  |

# Cooperative Planning to Achieve Integration . . . 

(Continued from page 3) Integration of Schools in Area 5 (Northeast and North Central Denver )

Residential housing patterns result in the concentration of minority pupils in Area 5. In order to integrate these children, transportation will be required as stated in the report, Planning Quality Education. The accompanying data illustrate how schools are grouped for cooperative planning to achieve integration in these complexes.
(Schools in bold face type are in Area 5)

| Schouls | ${ }^{\text {Building }}$ Capaeity | Current Membership |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Anglo |  | Negro |  | Hispano |  | Total |
|  |  | No. | Percent | No. | Pereent | No. | Percent |  |
| Crofton | 360 | 14 | 5 | 108 | 39 | 157 | 56 | 279 |
| Harrington | 570 | 28 | 5 | 435 | 78 | 97 | 17 | 560 |
| Bradley | 960 | 983 | 98 | 3 | * | 12 | 2 | 998 |
| Pitts | 450 | 429 | 99 | 2 | * | , | 1 | 434 |
| University |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Park | 960 | 945 | 95 | 39 | 4 | 16 | 1 | 1,000 |
| Slavens | 690 | 633 | 95 | 33 | 5 | 1 | * | 667 |
| Wyatt | 450 | 8 | 2 | 201 | 47 | 223 | 52 | 432 |
| Bromwell | 270 | 301 | 92 | 14 | 4 | 12 | 4 | 327 |
| Moore | 660 | 460 | 79 | 48 | 8 | 72 | 13 | 580 |
| Stevens | 390 | 297 | 77 | 47 | 12 | 41 | 11 | 385 |
| Columbine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,125 | 6 | 1 | 908 | 95 | 43 | 4 | 957 |
| Gilpin | 900 | 20 | 3 | 282 | 45 | 325 | 51 | 627 |
| Gust | 780 | 754 | 93 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 7 | 813 |
| Sabin | 1,320 | 1,262 | 97 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 3 | 1,303 |
| Schmitt | 690 | 622 | 86 | 3 | * | 102 | 13 | 727 |
| Traylor | 750 | 849 | 97 | 1 | * | 22 | 2 | 872 |
| Whittier | 1,050 | 7 | 1 | 818 | 94 | 44 | 5 | 869 |
| Asbury | 630 | 480 | 89 | 31 | 6 | 29 | 5 | 540 |
| Lincoln | 540 | 512 | 86 | 1 | * | 81 | 14 | 594 |
| Rosedale | 420 | 354 | 79 | 3 | 1 | 91 | 20 | 448 |
| Thatcher | 360 | 284 | 81 | 4 | 1 | 62 | 18 | 350 |
| Washington |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Park | 540 | 481 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 5 | 505 |
| Mitchell 1 | 1,050 | 8 | 1 | 726 | 73 | 255 | 26 | 989 |
| Stedman | 795 | 27 | 4 | 634 | 92 | 25 | 3 | 686 |
| Denison | 570 | 482 | 88 | 1 | * | 67 | 12 | 550 |
| Doull | 930 | 921 | 94 | 13 | 1 | 47 | 4 | 981 |
| Force | 915 | 744 | 86 | 26 | 3 | 92 | 11 | 862 |
| Johnson | 750 | 672 | 86 | 0 | 0 | 111 | 14 | 783 |
| Schenck | 750 | 638 | 87 | 1 | * | 96 | 12 | 735 |
| Smith 1 | 1,245 | 31 | 3 | 1,041 | 95 | 25 | 2 | 1,097 |
| Ash Grove | e 720 | 784 | 98 | 5 | * | 12 | 1 | 801 |
| Cory | 600 | 542 | 91 | 30 | 5 | 23 | 4 | 595 |
| Ellis | 900 | 791 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 806 |
| Fallis | 360 | 391 | 99 | 2 | * | 2 | * | 395 |
| Knight | 630 | 632 | 99 | 2 | * | 6 | 1 | 640 |
| McMeen | 840 | 839 | 97 | 1 | * | 26 | 3 | 866 |

## *Less than $1 \%$

Basic planning among these cooperating groups of schools will originate at the local school level. Parents from cooperating schools will exchange visits to initiate the planning process. Central office staff will be available to assist local committees in their planning, and in the implementation of their plans. Local planning ccmmittees will be composed of staff members, PTA representa-
tives, and other citizens in the community. The plans that are developed will be mutually agreed upon. An initial step in the development of the plans will be to provide committee members of cooperating schools with opportunities to become acquainted, and to develop ideas for innovative programs.
Educational Programs

1. One-half of a class from one school could exchange places with a similar number of children from another school for a designated period of time to carry out a planning project, study a required unit, engage in selected classroom activities, or visit places of interest pertaining to the unit of study.
2. Activities similar to the present Cultural Arts and Cultural Understanding programs can be organized among the cooperating schools.
3. Teachers of selected grades or subjects can arrange to exchange assignments for a pre-determined period.
Exploration of these and other ideas and development of understanding are necessary first steps leading toward additional mutually-agreeded-upon quality education programs involving several classes or entire grade levels. At the same time, each school would retain its distinctive individual character.

## Elementary School Integration . . .

(Continued from page 1)
will cost money. Hopefully some of these costs can be offset by more effective use of what we already have, but to get to that point we will need more money.

I would like to urge our legislators to consider seriously our educational problems and provide us the resources we need to complete our task. Be appropriately critical of our effectiveness, but please do not foreclose the possibility of proper responses to needed change by punitive reduction and control of the fiscal support we so desperately need.

What we have proposed is, we feel, a reasonable and possible start in solving our problems. I hope that we shall be able to proceed now with the appropriate actions necessary. Time is limited.

## 58\% of DPS Grads Enter College . . .

The percentage of Denver Public Schools graduates who enter college has risen steadily since 1958. Figures released by the Office of College and Scholarship Guidance are as follows:

| Year | Number of <br> Graduates | Number of <br> Colleqe Bound | Per Cent <br> In College |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1958 | 2705 | 1253 | 46 |
| $1959^{*}$ | 3055 | 1379 | 46 |
| 1960 | 3159 | 1490 | 47 |
| 1961 | 3532 | 1826 | 52 |
| $1962^{*}$ | 3436 | 1819 | 53 |
| 1963 | 3505 | 1900 | 54 |
| 1964 | 4292 | 2496 | 58 |
| $1965^{*}$ | 5077 | 2913 | 57 |
| 1966 | 4989 | 2846 | 57 |
| 1967 | 5053 | 2913 | 58 |
| 1968 | 5081 | 2947 | 58 |

*Figures from College Surveys-Actual entries.
All other figures are from school lists of pupils' future plans.
THE REVIEW
Official Publication of the Denier Public Schools
l'repared by Department of Public Information
Administration Building $\quad 414$ Fourteenth Street - Denver, Colorado 80202 MAY, 1969
BOARD OF EDUCATION-James D. Voorhees, Jr., President; Allegra Saunders, VicePresident; John H. Amesse, M.D.; A. Edgar Benton; William G. Berge; Stephen J. Knight, Jr.; Rachel B. Noel.
ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF-Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent; Howard L. Johnson, beputy Saperintendent; Charles E. Armstrong, Assistant Superintendent; Richard 1 . Kocppe, fsisant Superintendent; Edgar A. Olander, Asistant Superintendent.

2115a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 38

(Excerpts, "Characteristics of Negro Residences in Park Hill Area of Denver, Colo. 1966")
(See Opposite)
CHA RA CTEFISTICS OF NEGRO RESIDENCES IN PARK HILL AREA OF DENVER, COLORADO 1966

Prepared by
George E. Bardwell, Ph.D.

Consultant to
City and County of Denver
Denver, Colorado
this proportion in 1966 is about 37.1 per cent. (Table 4.) Frop 960 to 1966, the increase in Negro population in Park fill has been about 67 per cept per year.

## TABLE 4 <br> total negro population in park hill

1950, 1960, 1966

| Year | Negro <br> Population | Total <br> Population | Percent <br> Negro |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| SOURCE: 1950, 1960: | Based upon non-institutional population only, U. S. Bureau of |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | the Census enumeration District data. There is a very slight |
| over-estimate of Negro population in 1950 in each category |  |

> To meet this will likely require a public effort of very large proportions.

2117a

2118a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 333

## (Ltr., June 20, 1956, to Bd. of Ed., Sch. Dist. \#1, from Oberholtzer, Supt. of Schools)

(See Opposite)

Board of Education
School District. No. I
City and County of Denver
State of Colorado
Ladies and Gentlemen:
On January 18, 1956, you approved some proposed boundary lines affecting (I) Gove, Smiley, and Hill junior high schools and (2) Money, Gove, and Hill junior high schools, because of the opening of the Hill Junior High School at the second semester of this school year. Furthermore, on January 18, 1956, we recommended that you postpone a decision on the proposed boundary lines affecting (l) Cole, Morey, and Smiley junior high schools and (2) Manual and East high schools. After a period of five months further study of the proposals not acted upon on January 15, we now recommend the approval of the following boundary lines affecting these schools:
I. Change in Boundary Line Botwoen Cole, Morey, and Smiley Junior High Schools.
A. Tho present optional ara betwoon Colo and Smiley junior high schools from Thirty-fourth Avenue to Twonty-third Avonuo wast of York Stroot will become Colo District.
B. . Tho prosont optional aron botwoon Moray and Colo junior high schools from Twonty-first Avonuc to Twonty-third Avonuc wast of York Strcot will become Colo District.
C. All prosont Fth, 8th, and 9th grado pupils living in theso aromas ( $A$ and B) may continuo at Smiloy, horoy, or Colo junior high schools undo tho prosont option. All pupils ontoring junior high school from those aroas in tho futuro, boginning Scptomber, 1957, will attond Colo Junior High School.
D. Tho aroa botwocn Colo and Smiley junior high schools north of City Park to Smith Road, botwoon York Stroct and Colorado Boulovard, will remain optional to Colo and Smiley junior high schools,
II. Chango in Boundary Lino Bctwoon Manual and East High Schools.'
A. Tho area from York Stroct to Franklin Stroot, botwoon

B. Tho remainder of the area west of York Street and nortin of Seventoenth Avenuo, which is presently optional between East and Manual high schools, will become Manual District. All prosent loth, llth, and l2th grado pupils living in this area may continue at East and Manual high schools under the prosent option. All pupils entoring senior high school from this area in the futuro, beginning September, 1957, will attend Manual High School.

We have met with groups and individuals in an effort to understand thoir viewpoints and to explain our viewpoints which were involved in the postponement of action on January 18. As a result we are of the opinion that these proposals meot tho noods of the pupils and of tho district fairly, in torms of travol distanco, capacity of schools, and tho desiros of most school patrons.

During tho courso of discussions it has bocomo apparont that thero are othor guestions than tho boundary lincs that nood further discussion with intorestod citizons, and wo Wolcome tho opportunity to do this; for illustration, tho quostion of tho curriculum at manual vorsus the curriculum at othor high schools. Whilc such quostions aro of importance, thoy aro not diroctly rolatod to tho mattor of boundary innos and should bo considcrod soparatoly.

Howovor, wo bclicvo that tho timo has como to roach a docision with rospoct to tho boundary lincs. Wo, accordingly, rocommond tho proposals as statod in this lottor to you.

Rospoctfully submittod, Konnoth ㄹ. Obcrholtzor Suporintondont of Schools

Upon motion by Mr. Traylor, seconded by Mrs. Saliman, duly put and carried, the recommendation of Superintendent Oberholtzer was approved.

The following question relating to boundary lines was asked by Mr. Bain and answered by Superintendent Oberholtzer:
"You mentioned, Dr. Oberholtzer, planning for the future. I assume that in setting thesa boundaries you have recommended here, that probably before January 18th and certainly since, you have given consideration to changes in school capacities and populations, as far as we are able to project them? In other words, you would have given that consideration in arriving at these conclusions?"

Dr. Oberholtzer: "That's right. That's certainly part of it. As a matter of fact, we have felt that changes of this sort are long overdue, and we chose the time of making the other changes to propose these so as to coordinate all of them.
"When I said 'future, ' there are so many plans, in terms of looking ahead and planning for the program of the schools and the other types of planning, particularly for junior and senior high schools, where long before an action is to take effect the sooner we can act on it, the better it is. In this sort of situation, we try to look at least a year ahead."

Superintendent Oberholtzer read the following communication:

2119a

## 2120a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 405 <br> (Excerpts, "Report . . . A Study of, etc." DPS, Feb. 1962) 

(See Opposite)

## Ant of $5 \times 405$

Report . . . A study of

- PUPIL POPULATION
- SCHOOL BOUNDARIES
- PUPIL TRANSPORTATION
- SCHOOL BUILDINGS


DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
Denver, Colorado

FEBRUARY 1962

## INTRODUCTION

The Denver Public Schooi system faces a continuing problem of housing growing numbers of children. The growth trend, begun in 1946, extends through 1961 and, according to the current pupil membership studies will be increasing, thus creating a need for more facilities. Coupied with this need for more facilities is the question of what to do with some of the older buiidings.

The table below shows these growth trends for filiotime day schools from 1946 to 1966.

Membership in Fuil-Time Day Schools
as of Sentember 30 Each Year

| 1946 | 43,960 | 1956 | 78,251 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1947 | 48,171 | 1957 | 82,339 |
| 1948 | 49,079 | 1958 | 84,898 |
| 1949 | 50,525 | 2959 | 86,951 |
| 1950 | 51,870 | 1960 | 90,518 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1951 | 55,456 | 1961 | 93,555 |
| 1952 | 60,411 |  |  |
| 1953 | 64,533 |  |  |
| 1954 | 69,150 |  |  |
| 1955 | 73,290 |  |  |

Estimated Including
Estimated

1962
96,370
1962
97,970
1963
98.977

1963
103,514
1964
100,144
1964 105,447
1965
1966
100,328
1965 106,26?
100,977
2966
107.361

During this period of rapid growth, there has been a continuing study of school reeds. Recommendations based on previous studies resulted in bond issues approved by Denver citizens in 1948, 1952, and 1955. Additlonal funds also were appropriated by the Board of Education from current budgets to supplement the funds from the three bond issues. The funds, .
totaling $\$ 83,400,000$, were used to build 44 new school buildings and 46 additions to existing buildings. One new elementary school is now under construction. Upon completion of this school, Denver wili have a total of 114 schools including two special schoois, as well as warenousing facilities, a Service Building, and administrative headquarters. The number of school buildings classified by grade level is: elementary 89, Junior high 15, senior high 7, Junior-senior high $I_{0}$ Boettcher Schocig and Opportunity Schooi.

Because of the many variables involved in determining school papulation needs, continuing study is essential. The Board of Education authorized this study of pupil memberships and school building conditions so that proposals could be made for changes in school boundaries, pupil transportation, and school buildings.

The basic question is, what school accommodations should be provided for the children of Denver in the future, and especially what should be accomplished during the next five years? Relevant to that fundamental. problem are the following considerations:

1. What is the potential pupil population from 1962 through 1966 In the elementary, Junior high, and senior high schools within the present School District bcundaries?
2. What are the educational facilities provided in each elementary, funior high, and senior high school building?
3. What are the implications fur public school enrollments of the land use pattern of Denver?
4. Which school buildings are overcrowded?
5. Which school buildings have excess capacity for pupils?
6. What should be the percentage factor used to determine the amount of school building space as compared to peak enrollment in the district served by an individual school?
7. What changes in facilities are needed to improve the educational adequacy of the school buildings?
8. What are feasible charges in boundaries which can be made to adjust pupil memberships to building capacities?
9. What is a feasible plan of transportation of pupils which can be used to adjust pupil memberships to building capacities?
10. What additions to buildings and new buildings are needed to accommodate the children?
11. What is a feasible method of acccmmodating pupils living in annexations that are presently being challenged in the courts?

To determine answers to these questions, certain research procedures were followed.

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# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 509 <br> (Court Designat̃ed Elementary Schools-Ethnic \& Racial) 

(See Opposite)


2123a

2124a

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 510<br>(Target Schools, Ethnic \& Racial Data, Teacher Experience and Median Achievement)

(See Opposite)

TARGET SCIIOOLS, ETINIC \& RACIAL DATA, TEACIIER EXPERTENCE AND MEDIAN ACIIIEVEMENT

|  | ```Ethnic Enrollment(%) 1969``` |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Teacher Data (\%) } \\ (1968) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Median Achievement (1968) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | New | Probationary | Median <br> Experience | Percentilc, Grade 5 |
| Gilpin | 3 | 36 | 60 | 25 | 42 | 4.5 | 23 |
| Crofton | 7 | 38 | 52 | 21 | 43 | 4.0 | 18 |
| Ebert | 11 | 35 | 52 | 21 | 42 | 3.0 | 18 |
| Wyatt | 2 | 46 | 52 | 14 | 27 | 6.0 | 15 |
| Boulevard | 30 | 1 | 68 | 17 | 50 | 3.0 | 20 |
| Garden Pla ce | 17 | 17 | 65 | 18 | 37 | 4.0 | 16 |
| Wyman | 28 | 38 | 30 | 22 | 50 | 4.0 | 24 |
| Smedley | 20 | 2 | 77 | 21 | 57 | 2.0 | 19 |
| Elyria | 27 | - | 73 | 33 | 50 | 2.5 | 23 |
| Swansea | 29. | 4 | 67 | 18 | 36 | 3.5 | 22 |
| Average | 16 | 20 | 64 | 20 | 42 | 3.7 | 20 |
| Ave., Court Schools | 11 | 52 | 37 | 23 | 48 | 3.5 | 21 |
| City Average | 60 | 15 | 24 | 16 | 37 | 5.6 | 43 |

2125a

## Defendants’ Exhibits

The following list of Defendants' Exhibits are large maps which cannot conveniently be reproduced in this Appendix. The originals are to be filed with the Clerk of this Court.

Exhibits AC
AF
AH
AN
BD
BF

## Defendants' Exhibit CG

(Chart, Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Limited Open Enroll.)
(See Opposite)

ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS

LIMITED OPEN ENROLLMENT

$$
1965-1969
$$


$Y E \wedge R$

2127a

Defendants' Exhibit D
(Excerpts "Planning . . . Quality Education,"
A Proposal for Integrating the DPS, Oct. 1968)
(See Opposite)


## PLANNING... DUALITY EDUCATION

APROPOSAL FOR INTEGRATING THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHȮOLS
ROBERT D. GILBERTS, Superintendent

2129a

# 2130a <br> Defendants' Exhibit D (Continued) 

(See Opposite)

2131a


Defendants Exnmine
TABLE OF CONTENTS

Transportation and Pupil Ass
Instructional Programs
Staffing
Facilities
2132a

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)
FINANCING QUALITY-INTEGRATED EDUCATION
PLANS FOR INVOLVEMENT . . . . . . . .
WHAT THE PLAN ACCOMPLISHES - A SUMMARY
APPENDICES . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

2133a
Defendants' Exhibit D

## INTRODUCTION

In May 1968 the Board of Education of the Denver Public Schools, through Resolution 1490, directed
the Superintendent to submit a comprehensive plan for the integration of the Denver Public Schools;
such plan then to be considered, and refined by the Board, the Staff, and the community prior to its
號 prehensive plan for integration. Second is the provision for thoughtful consideration and refinement of the proposal. The plan which is proposed meets these criteria.

## Quality-Integrated Education

As the Superintendent, the consultants, and the staff began studying possible courses of action it became clear that while the reduction of concentrations of minority racial and ethnic groups in the schools would be an important step toward integrating school populations, the actual existence of equality of educational programs in all schools would rest upon provisions for quality education as well. These, then, are the bases upon which the plan is built--so that the goal of quality-Integrated A Comprehensive Plan for Quality Integrated Education That plans for racial integration must be accompanied by concomitant provisions for quality educa-
tion is obvious. Research has indicated that even when integrated education is achieved, the need for
intensified educational programs continues. Children of all races who come from deprived environments

## 2134a.

Defendants' Exhibit D
require adiitional educational efforts if they are to overcome the limitations imposed by their back-
ground and to realize their full achievement potential.
A second, major justification exists for constructing integration plans upon a comprehensive
progranl of quality education. Parents of all races desire the best possible education for their boys
and girls. When parents are presented with a comprehensive integration plan, combined with the benefits
of superior educational programs, they are likely to support such proposals.
Consideration of some of the more important elements of the proposal will assist in understanding
Model-School Concept
Key to the plan is the concept of elementary and secondary Model-School Complexes--each a local-
ized unit of the school system. The Model-School Complexes are designed to preserve the best of two
worlds. The neighborhood school would be maintained as the basic unit, but maximum social and racial
integration would be anioved by providing special programs too expensive to offer on a neighborhood
integration would be achieved by providing special programs--too expensive to offer on a neighborhood
basis--in the larger areas comprising the cluster.
Each cluster will form an administrative unit that designs its own instructional program to con-



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\text { Defeniants, E.ihibit } D
$$

diffusion of educational inrovations. It is planned that the special opportunities offered within
these centers will promote integration by attracting pupils of all races.
Pupil Transportation and Assignment
Study has shown that the Model Education Complexes will go far toward broadening integration in
meaningful integration in these areas other approaches will be required. These include:
. transportation of minority pupils, on the basis of geographical
attendance areas, to other schools where room exists
an open-enrollment plan, with transportation provided by the
School District whenever integration in the receiving school is
improved and when the requests are reasonable in terms of numbers
and the district's resources.

## Quality Instruction

Within the comprehensive plan are proposals for outstanding, innovative educational programs which
will promote integration through racially and socially shared learning, such as:
an outdoor education center with "live-in" experiences


#### Abstract

a new "Space Age" high school center to offer a wide spectrum


of educational offerings ranging from the technological to initial
college course work
2136a

Defendants' Exhibit D
the establishment of Manual-College High as a joint venture between
the Denver Public Schools and a leading institution of higher

## learning

pre-primary education programs designed to alter the environment of
disadvantaged children by beginning their education at earlier ages

is parental involvement, training, and perhaps employment as teacher
aides.
Staffing for Integration
Competent teachers and administrative staff skilled in providing quality, integrated education are
most important. Continuing attention will be qiven to their recruitment and assignment. Special
efforts will continue to recruit and assign qualified teachers or administrators from minority groups.
Employees will also be provided with a well-planned Human Relations Program designed to promote sen-
sitivity, understanding, and respect for peoples of varied ethnic backgrounds.

## School Construction

Implementation of the Model-School Complex concept will make possible the continuing use of many
existing structures. However, in some areas schools will be converted to other than their present
uses. In addition some older buildings will need to be replaced, and new schools built utilizing the
$a$
2137a
Defendant: Exhibit $D$
latest design concepts to insure that teachers and pupils will have the most modern educational
environment.
Briefly, then, these are the components of the comprehensive plan for quality-integrated educa-
tion. The elenents are presented in more detail in the pages which follow. The time for their development has been short. More refinement will come througn the work of the Superintendent, the consultarts, and the professional staff of the School District. The consideration of the plan by the Board of Education and the commity will lead to further improvements. This is as it should be for a plan is
but a beginning. The wholehearted efforts of concerned parents, teachers, and citizens will be re-
quired to translate the plan into action.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Integration in the City's high schopls will also occur through expansion of the open enrollment } \\
& \text { plan with transportation being provided whenever the requested transfer improves integration and when- }
\end{aligned}
$$

the number of pupils who will exercise their option under this plan can be made during the current
school year.

## Other Integration Plans

Education Center providing live-in, integrated quality education for as many as 1,000 youngsters per week: and in other culturally-shared learning experiences such as are provided by the Cultural Understanding Program, the Cultural Arts Center, the regular summer school programs, and the after-school recreation programs.
Transportation and Pupil Assignmen

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { utilized to improve integration. Careful study has revealed that such boundary changes will be } \\
& \text { of most value in preventing resegretion in certain areas } 0^{\circ} \text { the city. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Open Enrollment Plan

Defentant • Exhilit D وq quamu6!sse 1 !dnd u! sa6uryo

> こity and County of Denver there are 24 eienentary schools, 5 junior $\because$ igh schools, and $4:$ ior high $\equiv: 001 \mathrm{~s}$ which have less thin 10 Negro and Spanish-American pupils. In
:ontrast, there art elementar : hools, 2 junior high s. 001 s , and 1 senior high school having more
> A: the present

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Defendants' Exhibit D
than $50 \%$ Negro, and 18 elementary schools and 2 junior high schools having an enrollment of over $50 \%$
Spanish-American pupils. Students who attend these schools live within almost completely segregated
communities, and cannot be placed in integrated school situations by means of revising subdistrict area
boundaries. Offering integrated school experience to these pupils will require transportation of some
pupils.
There is crowding in some schools in the city. Schools in other sections have under-utilized
capacity. These schools may be used to improve integration. When new schools are constructed, addi-
tional capacity will be included so that pupils from inner-city schools may attend.
The proposed plan, effective the second semester of the 1968-1969 school year, is presented as proposed plan, effective the second semester of the $1968-1969$ school year, is presented
Any senior high school student who wishes may request enrollment in the school of his
choice provided the transfer will permit him to participate in an integrated school
follows:
choice provided the transfer will permit him to participate in an integrated school
program. This request for transfer could be full-day or half-day enrollment for a
minimum of one semester. The maximum time would be determined by the student and nis
parents. Transportation of students will be subsidized by the Denver Public Schoois
The schools may provide services by school bus, public transportation, private auto-
mobile, or chartered bus, depending on the transportation problem.

2140 a
The plan will operate under the following conditions:

1. Request for enrollment in another school must improve integration in the receiving
2. Request for enrollment must be in writing and signed by the student and his parent or guardian.
3. Request for enrollment must be approved by the school administration since decisions must be based upon the reasonableness of the numbers of pupils involved.
4. Request for enrollment must be for one-ralf or a full-day for a minimum of one semester.
5. If a student elects full enrollment in another school. he will be eligible to participate in all student activities in that school, subject to existing limitations on students who transfer from other situations. Otherwise, he will continue to participate in student activities at the school of his original enrollment:
6. Transportation will be established so that any brothers and sisters of a pupil requesting a transfer also may be enrolled in the new school
Junior High Schools
public transportation, private automobile, or chartered bus, depending on the transportation problem.
The plan will operate under the following conditions:

choice provided the transfer will improve integration. This request for transfer must be made for

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[^8]Dcfendants' Exhibit $D$.
Defendants' Exhibit D
 guardian.
$\varepsilon$
3. Request for enrollment must be approved by the administration since decisions must be
based upon the reasonableness of the numbers of pupils involved.
4. Request for enrollment must be for a full-day for a minimum of one semester.
5. Transportation will be established so that any brothers and sisters of a pupil request-
ing a transfer may also be enrolled in the new school.
Any parent or guardian of an elementary school pupil who wishes may request to have his child
enrolled in any elementary school provided the transfer will improve integration. This request for
transfer must be for a full-day enrollment for a minimum of one semester. Transportation of the
students will be provided by the School District.

## The plan will operate under the following conditions:

1. Request for enrollment in another school must improve integration in the receiving
2. Request for enrollment must be in writing and signed by the parent or legal guardian.
3. Request for enrollment must be approved by the school administration since decisions must be based upon the reasonableness of numbers involved.
4. Request for enrollment must be for a full-day for a minimum of one semester.
5. Students will be assigned in such a way that they will be integrated throughout the
6. Transportation will be established so that brothers and sisters of a pupil request-

2142a
Dejendants: Exhilit I)
These provisions for voluntary open enrollment - with transportation provided by the District -
 phases may be coverred by the reasonableness of numbers in terms of space and the ability of the District to finance the program, the long-term implications are extremely promising.
Implementation of pupil transportation proposals to provide quality, integrated education has been

$$
\text { started. Approximatelv } 900 \text { pupils already are being transported from Philips, Smiley, Smith, and }
$$

started. Approximatelv 900 pupils already are being transported from Philips, Smiley, Smith, and
Stedman Schools to other schools with available capacity. This aspect of the integration plan can be expanded as needed schools constructed in newer parts of the city provide additional capacity. Instructional Programs The real value of any trasportation plan depends upon the educational program that awaits pupils
at the end of their journey. This is the key to the proposed plan for quagity, integrated education. The real value of any trasportation plan depends upon the educational program that awaits pupils
at the end of their journey. This is the key to the proposed plan for quanty, integrated education. Programs of massive cross-busing for racial balance do not, in themsglves, contain sufficient promise of long-range educational benefits. Instructional Programs The real value of خ
The recommended plan is based upon programs of edrctional excellence. When transported pupils
arrive, they will benefit from the educational exprience whth has been carefully planned to provide ip every school.
The racially and socially shared Parning experiences proposed in the will succeed, because

PERCENTAGE OF NEW TEACHERS* EMPLOYED BY THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS WITH PREVIOUS TEACHING EXPERIENCE 1962-1968

*Includes new teachers employed for the second semester of the preceding year.

## 2143a

Defendants' Exhibit DA
(Chart, Percentage of New Teachers Employed by DPS 1962-68)

2144a

## Defendants' Exhibit DB

(Chart, Percentage of New Teachers Employed by DPS w/3 or More Years Teaching Exper.)
(See Opposite)

PERCENTAGE OF NEW TEACHERS* EMPLOYED BY THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS WITH THREE OR MORE YEARS TEACHING EXPERIENCE 1962-1968
$\square$
*Includes new teachers employed for the second semester of the preceding year.

2145a

2146a

## Defendants' Exhibit DG

(Chart, Percentage of Negro Tchrs., 1964-1968
in Elem. Schs. w/Faculties $20 \%$ or More Negro)
(See Opposite)

PERCENTAGE OF NEGRO TEACHERS FROM 1964 THROUGH 1968 IN ELEM. SCHOOLS WITH FACULTIES TWENTY PERCENT OR MORE NEGRO AS OF SEPTEMBER, 1964


2147a

2148a

Defendant Intervenors' Exhibit L
(Annexation Map, City \& County of Denver)
(See Opposite)


| No. |  | Ord. No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Engineer } \\ \text { File } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Engineer Plat Book | Recording Sate of Pla: | Name | 6 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Location |  |  |  |  | Acres | Total Sp Miles |
| 88 |  |  | 466-59 | 723 | 33/27A | Dec. 29, 1955 | Giendale Area No. 8 | Tennessee Ave. \& Birch St. | 3.000 | 73.7912 |
| 89 |  | 233-60 | 726 | 41/4 | Sept. 13, 9950 | Garrett-Bromfield | Hampden Ave. \& Holly St. | 91.247 | 73.9338 |
| 90 |  | 287-60 | 728 | 41/8 | Nov. 9, 1960 | Bear Valley - | Yale Ave. \& Sheridan Blvd. | 470.190 | 74.6685 |
| 91 |  | 347-60 | 730 | 41/10 | Dec. 28, 1960 | Airport Annexation | W. 1/2 Sec. 15, T. $3 \mathrm{~S} .$, \& parts of Sec. 22 \& 27, T.3S., R.67W., of the 6 th P.M. | 816.480 | 75.9443 |
| 92 |  | 49-61 | 735 | 41/21 | March 13, 1961 | Evans Ave. Annexation | Jewell Ave. \& Quebec St. | 424.600 | 76.6077 |
| 93 |  | De-annexed by Court Order |  |  | Feb. 14, 1961 | Hutchinson Jniversity P1. | Colorado Blvd. \& Wesley Ave. | -69.952 | 76.4984 |
| 94 |  | 109-61 | 737 | 41/22 | May 8, 1961 | Green Meadows | Evans Ave. \& Sheridan Blvd. | 82.500 | 76.6273 |
| 95 |  | 140-61 | 739 | 41/27 | June 13, 1961 | McMeen | Cherry Creek \& Mississippi Ave. | 36.900 | 76.6850 |
| 96 • |  | 141-61 | 740 | 41/28 | June 13, 1961 | Robinson Brick \& Tile | Platte River Dr. \& Yale Ave. | 59.000 | 76.7772 |
| 97 |  | 142-61 | 741 | 41/29 | June 13, 1961 | George Washington | Virginia Ave. \& Kearney St. | 357.720 | 77.3361 |
| 98 |  | 167-61 | 742 | 41/31 | July 3, 9961 | Union Pacific | Smith Rd. \& Havana St. | 522.500 | 78.1525 |
| 99 |  | 186-61 | 743 | 41/32 | July 25, 1961 | Futchinsons University P1. | Colorado Blvd. \& Wesley Ave. | 66.192 | 78.2559 |
| 100 |  | 197-61 | 744 | 41/34 | Aug. 7, 1961 | Fort Logan | Hampden Ave. \& Lowell Blvd. | 1040.520 | 79.8817 |
| 101 |  | 355-61 | 750 | 41/39 | Dec. 29, 1961 | Oaksdale No. 1 | Oneida St. \& Jewell Ave. | 15.420 | 79.9058 |
| 02 |  | 356-61 | 751 | 41/40 | Dec. 29, 1961 | Third Christian Reformed Church | Wesley Ave. \& Ash St. | 2.550 | 79.9098 |
| 03 |  | 357-61 | 752 | 41/41 | Dec. 29, 1961 | Prince of Peace | Colorado Blvd. \& Wesley Ave. | 1.000 | 79.9114 |
| 13 | iv | 65-62 | 756 | 41/46 | March 19, 1962 | College View | Federal Blvd. \& Jewell Ave. | 571.800 | 80.8048 |
| 05 | -1 | $73-62$ | 757 | 41/52 | March 27, 1962 | :ast Jewell | Depew St. \& Jewell Ave. | 33.593 | 80.8573 |
| 06 |  | 256-62 | 763 | 41/62 | July 31, 19822 | West Bear. Valley | Lamar St. \& Yale Ave. | 254.340 | 81.2547 |


| 0. | Ord. No. | Engineer File | Engineer Plat Book | Recording Date of Plat | Name | Location | Acres | Total Sq. Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07 | 282-62 | 764 | 41/64 | Sept. 6, 1962 | Forest St. | Leetsdale Dr. \& Forest St. | 4.500 | 81.2617 |
| 08 | 291-62 | 765 | 41/65 | Sept. 11, 1962 | Centennial Estates' | Lowell Blvd. \& Wagon Trail Dr. | 44.230 | 81.3308 |
| 09 | 306-62 | 767 | 42/3 | Oct. 2, 1962 | Inspiration Point Estates | Sheridan Blvd. \& W. 52nd Ave. | 68.660 | 81.4381 |
| 110 | 339-62 | 769 | 42/7 | Oct. 15, 1962 | Garrett-Bromfield No. 2 | Hampden Ave. \& Quebec St. | 379.870 | 82.0316 |
| 111 | 125-63 | 774 | 42/17 | April 15, 1963 | University Heights | Evans Ave. \& Valley Hwy. | 93.230 | 82.1773 |
| 112 | 158-63 | 776 | 42/20 | May 23, 1963 | Deane Buick | Colorado Blvd. \& Mississippi Ave. | 5.009 | 82.1851 |
| 113 | 175-63 | 778 | 42/22 | June 6, 1963 | Marycrest | Federal Blvd. \& W. 52nd Ave. | 26.100 | 82.2259 |
| 114 | 196-63 | 780 | 42/24 | June 18, 1963 | Oakesdale No. 3 | Jewell Ave. \& S. Oneida St. | 15.313 | 82.2498 |
| 115 | 222-63 | 781 | 42/25 | June 24, 1963 | Bear Valley Church | Yale Ave. \& S. Lamar St. | 2.215 | 82.2533 |
| $116^{\circ}$ | 236-63 | 782 | 42/26 | July 9, 1963 | Bear Valley South | Kenyon Ave. \& S. Sheridan Blvd. | 80.187 | 82.3786 |
| 117 | 255-63 | 784 | 42/28 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | Aug. 6, 1963 | Elm St. | Leetsdale Drive \& Elm St. | 10.120 | 82.3944 |
| 118 | 256-63 | 786 | 42/30 | Aug. 6, 1963 | Centennial Acres Trumac | Federal Blvd. \& W. Union Ave. | 98.870 | 82.5483 |
| 119 | 257-63 | 785 | 42/29 | Aug. 6, 1963 | Harris | Niagara St. \& Panorama Lane | 6.720 | 82.5594 |
| 120 | 271-63 | 787 | 42/35 | Aug. 27, 1963 | East Mississippi | Quebec St. \& Mississippi Ave. | 1085.380 | 84.2553 |
| 121 | 279-63 | 789 | 42/42 | Sept. 4, 1963 | Hampden North | Monaco St. Pkwy. \& Hampden Ave. | 560.000 | 85.1303 |
| 122 | 280-63 | 790 | 42/43 | Sept. 4, 1963 | Hampden South | Quebec St. \& Hampden Ave. | 640.000 | 86.1303 |
| 123 | 435-63 | 794 | 42/51 | Dec. 17, 1963 | Bruno | Colorado Blvd. \& Arizona Ave. | . 820 | 86.1316 |
| 124 | 458-63 | 796 | 42/53 | Dec. 30, 1963 | East Belleview | Quincy Ave. \& Syracuse St. | 400.003 | 86.7566 |
| 125 | 459-63 | 797 | 42/54 | Dec. 30, 1963 | Eastern Star | Highline Canal \& Wesley Ave. | 19.890 | 86.7877 |
| 126 | 20-64 | 800 | 42/57 | Feb. 10, 1964. | Range View No. 2 | Fulton St. \& Mississippi Ave. | 15.000. | 86.8111 |


| No. | Ord. No. | Engineer File | Engineer Plat Book | Recording Date of Plat | Name | Location | Acres | Totals: Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 127 | 21-64 | 801 | 42/59 | Feb. 11, 1964 | Stapleton East | Havana St. \& E. 56th Ave. | 476.380 | 87.5554 |
| 128 | 105-64 | 803 | 42/61 | April 27, 1964 | Galilee Baptist C'Church | Parker Rd. \& Mississippi Dr. | 3.350 | 87.5606 |
| 129 | 133-64 | 805 | 43/2 | May 11, 1964 | Range View No. 3 | Mississippi Ave. \& Havana St. | 12.040 | 87.5794 |
| 130 | 175-64 | 806 | 43/3 | June 9, 1964 | Lowry | 6th Ave. \& Dayton St. | 584.250 | 88.4923 |
| 131 | 183-64 | 807 | 43/4 | June 24, 1964 | Bear Valley South No. 2 | Kenyon Ave. \& Harlan St. | 5.030 | 88.5002 |
| 132 | 184-64 | 808 | 43/5 | June 24, 1964 | Bear Valley South No. 3 | Sheridan Blvd. \& Kenyon Ave. | 1.210 | 88.502! |
| 133 | 185-64 | 809 | 43/6 | June 24, 1964 | Hillcrest Reservoir | Happy Canyon Rd. \& Monaco Blvd. | 38.420 | 88.5621 |
| 134 | 220-64 - | 811 | 43/8 | July 21, 1964 | Ames | Dahlia St. \& C \& S R.R. | 2.240 | 88.5656 |
| 135 | 221-64 | 812 | 43/9 | July 21, 1964 | Maddox | Vassar Ave. \& Fairfax St. | 8.690 | 88.5792 |
| 36 | 222-64 | 813 | 43/10 | July 21, 1964 | Rieger | Evans Ave. \& Grape St. | 20.670 | 88.6115 |
| 37 | 348-64 | 817 | 43/14 | Oct. 20, 1964 | Runyan | Sheridan Blvd. \& W. 10th Ave. | 9.210 | 88.6259 |
| 38 | 349-64 | 818 | 43/15 | Oct. 20, 1964 | Crosby | Hampden Ave. \& Lamar St. | 10.020 | 88.6416 |
| 39 | 395-64 | 820 | 43/17 | Nov. 16, 1964 | Myrtle Hill | Colorado Blvd. \& Amherst Ave. | 7.267 | 88.6552 |
| 40 | 414-64 | 821 | 43/18 | - Nov. 24, 1964 | Bethesda | Iliff Ave. \& Birch St. | 19.930 | 88.6863 |
| 41. | 420-64 | 822 | 43/19 | Dec. 4, 1964 | Hallcraft | Hampden Ave. \& Yosemite St. | 142.610 | 88.9091 |
| 42 | 421-64 | 823 | 43/27 | Nov. 30, 1964 | Stapleton West | 56th Ave. \& Quebec Street | 970.680 | 90.4258 |
| 43 | 432-64 | 824 | 43/28 | Dec. 8, 1964 | Warren Avenue | Warren Ave. \& Grape St. | . 360 | $\subseteq 0.4271$ |
| OT | 476-64 | 825 | 43/29 | Dec. 31, 1964 | Dahlia-Iliff | So. Dahlia \& East Iliff Ave. | 8.380 | 90.4402 |
| $5$ | 477-64 | 826 | 43/30 | Dec. 31, 1964 | Associated Grocers | Valley Hwy. \& 52nd Ave. (extended) | 6.890 | 90.4510 |
| :5 | 478-64 | 827 | 43/31 | Dec. 31, 1964 | Ruby Hill | So. Pecos St. \& West Mexico Ave. | 5.000 | 90.4588 |


| Ord. No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Engineer } \\ \text { File } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Engineer <br> Plat Book | Recording Date of Plat | Name | Location | Acres | Total Sq. $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 316-64 | 829 | 43/33 | Mar. 18, 1965 | Hampden Heights | Hampden Ave. \& Yosemite St. | 640.000 | 91.4588 |
| 57-65 | 830 | 43/47 | Mar. 22, 1965 | Golden Key | Yosemite St. \& Syracuse Way | 193.350 | 91.7609 |
| 68-65 | 831 | 43/48 | April 5, 1965 | Moore | Valley Hwy. \& Yale Ave. | 5.870 | 91.7701 |
| 69-65 | 832 | 43/49 | April 5, 1965 | Dahlia-Evans | Dahlia St. \& Evans Ave. | 10.710 | 91.7868 |
| 72-65 | 833 | 43/50 | April 19, 1965 | Holly Ridge | Hampden Ave. \& Monaco St. | 129.390 | 91.9890 |
| 98-65 | 835 | 43/52 | May 3, 1965 | Barnes | Colorado Blvd. \& Arizona Ave. | . 730 | 91.9901 |
| 105-65 | 836 | 43/53 | May 17, 1965 | Transfer Station | Cherry Creek, Jewell Ave. (extended) \& Quebec St. (extended). | 14.970 | 92.0135 |
| De-annexed by Court Order |  |  | May 17, 1965 | Fort Logan Annexation Colo. Supreme Court Action \#20743 402P2d P. 206 | Hampden Ave. \& Lowell Blvd. | -1040.520 | 90.3877 |
| Dismissed by Court Order | - |  | June 30, 1965 | Centennial Estates \& Centennial Trumac | Lowell Blvd. \& Wagon Trail Dr. Federal Blvd. \& Union Ave. | $-143.100$ | 90.1641 |
| 198-65 | 840 | 44/5 | July 12, 1965 | Moore No. 2 | Vassar Ave. \& Colo. State Hwy.\#185 | 1.280 | 90.1661 |
| 249-65 | 845 | 44/10 | Aug. 23, 1965 | Rutter | Evans Ave. \& Elm St. | 33.140 | 90.2179 |
| 262-65 | 846 | 44/11 | Sept. 13, 1965 | Interstate | Havana St. \& Interstate Hwy. \#70 | 2931.680 | 94.7987 |
| 278-65 | 847 | 44/12 | Sept. 27, 1965 | P.E.C. | Sheridan Blvd. \& Hampden Ave. | 907.070 | 96.2160 |
| 343-65 | 851 | 44/16 | Dec. 6, 1965 | Federal-Jartmouth | Dartmouth Ave. \& Federal Blvd. | 9.420 | 96.2307 |
| 344-65 | 852 | 44/17 | Dec. E, 1965 | Kenrecy bulf Course | Hampden Avenue \& Havana St. | 363.540 | 96.7987 |
| N 345-65 | 853 | 44/18 | Dec. E, 1965 | Jeffersenian Adartments | Iliff Ave. \& Valley Hwy. | 4.752 | 96.8061 |
| - 354-65 | 854 | 44/19 | Dec. 13, 1965 | Harris No. 2 | Colorado Ave. \& Oneida St. | 19.580 | 96.8367 |
| 355-65 | 855 | 44/20 | Dec. 13, 1965 | Union Pacific No. 2 | Smith Road \& Peoria St. | 10.830 | 96.8536 |


| Vo. | Ord. No. | Engineer File | Engineer Plat Book | Recording Date of Plat | Name | Location | Acres | Total Mil |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 165 | 381-65 | 856 | 44/21 | Dec. 27, 1965 | State Hospital | W. Oxford Ave. \& S. Lowell Blvd. | 310.59 | 97.33: |
| 166 | 82-66 | 858 | 44/23 | Jan. 21, 1966 | Holly Evans | Holly St. \& Evans Ave. | 47.765 | 97.41: |
| 167 | 142-66 | 865 | 44/31 | March 28, 1966 | Fehlmann | W. Yale Ave. \& S. Wadsworth Blvd. | 47.790 | 97.48: |
| 168 | 143-66 | 866 | 44/32 | March 28, 1966 | Treatment Plant | Clifford Ave. between Lafayette St. \& Downing St. | 10.390 | 97.50 |
| 169 | 178-66 | 868 | 44/35 | April 18, 1966 | Treatment Plant \#2 | Clifford Ave. (54th Ave.) between Downing St. \& Ogden St. | 5.345 | $97.51 i$ |
| $170$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { De-annexed by } \\ \text { Court Order } \\ \text { Col }\end{array}\right.$ |  |  | July 1, 1966  <br> July 1, 1966 <br> July 1, 1966 | Bear Valley South <br> Bear Valley South \#2 <br> Bear Valley South \#3 <br> Jefferson County Civil <br> Action \#23899 | W. Kenyon Ave. \& S.Sheridan Blvd. - 80.187 <br> W. Kenyon Ave. \& S.Harlañ St. -5.030 <br> S.Sheridan Blvd. \& W. Kenyon Ave.- 1.210 | 86.427) | 97.311 |
| 171 | 377-66 | 876 | 45/24 | Aug. 22, 1966 | Bear Valley Heights | W. Lehigh Ave. \& S. Sheridan Blvd. | 53.4124 | 97.46. |
| 172 | 504-66 | 882 | 45/32 | Nov. 21, 1966 | Cherry Creek No. 4 | Yale Ave. \& S. Galena St. | 19.4003 | 97.49: |
| 173 | 505-66 | 883 | 45/33 | Nov. 21, 1966 | General Motors | Warren Ave. \& S. Dahlia St. | 3.4100 | 97.49\%: |
| 174 | 546-66 | 884 | 45/34 | Dec. 27, 1966 | Teen City | Iliff Ave. \& S. Parker Rd. | 166.2300 | 97.75 |
| 175 | 547-66 | 885 | 45/35 | Dec. 27, 1966 | Cherry Creek Galleries No. 1 | Cherry Creek ROW \& Jewell Ave. Ext. | 22.3780 | 97.79\% |
| 176 | 11-67 | 886 | 45/36 | Jan. 16, 1967 | Bear Valley Heights No. 2 | W. Kenyon Ave. Ext. \& S. Sheridan Blvd. | 30.4920 | 97.83 |
| 177 | De-annexed by Court Order |  |  | Nov. 1, 1967 | A part of Lowry Decree in Arapahoe County Civil Action \#26074 | 1st Ave. \& Dayton St. | - . 6800 | 97.83\% |
|  | 419-67 | 902 | 46/8 | Dec. 11, 1967 | Glasier | Kentucky Ave. \& Cherry Creek ROW | 2.3700 | $97.88{ }^{\circ}$ |
|  | 7-68 | 903 | 46/9 | Jan. 22, 1968 | Bear Valley Park | W. Teller Ave. \& Bear Creek | 4.7700 | 97.84 |
| 180 | 13-68 | 904 | 46/10 | Jan. 22, 1968 | Belquince | Quincy Ave. \& Valley Hwy. | 316.2200 | 98.341 |


| Ord. No. | Engineer File | Engineer <br> Plat Book | Recording Date of Plat | Name | Location | Acres | Total $\qquad$ Mil |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 47-68 | 906 | 46/13 | Feb. 19, 1968 | Golden Key Park | S. Syracuse Way \& S. Xanthia St. | 2.8470 | י' 98.34 |
| 139-68 | 908 | 46/15 | May 13, 1968 | Marycrest No. 2 | W. 54th Ave. \& Columbine Rd. | 2.2310 | 98.35 |
| 299-68 | 912 | 46/23 | Sept. 9, 1968 | Decatur-Dartmouth | W. Dartmouth Ave. \& S. Decatur Ave. | 10.9520 | 98.361. |
| 434-68 | 917 | 46/29 | Dec. 30, 1968 | Glasier No. 2 | Kentucky Ave. \& Cherry Creek ROW | 22.6300 | 98.401 |
| 48-69 | 920 | 46/33 | March 24, 1969 | West Inspiration Point | W. 52nd Ave. \& Jay St. (extended) | 14.0300 | 9と. 42 : |
| 49-69 | 921 | 46/34 | March 24, 1969 | Floyd-Federal | W. Floyd Ave. \& So. Federal Blvd. | 7.7800 | 98.13 |
| 301-69 | 924 | 46/38 | Sept. 9, 1969 | Sheridan-Kenyon | S.Sheridan Blvd. \& W.Hampden Ave. | 25.4110 | $98.47^{\prime}$ |
| 441-69 | 929 | 46/43 | Nov. 21, 1969 | Fehlman No. 2 | West Vassar Ave. \& East of S. Wadsworth | . 6300 | 93.47 |
| 462-69 | 930 | 46/44 | Dec. 15, 1969 | Pinehurst | West Quincy Ave. \& S. Sheridan Blvd. | 367.0580 | 99.05 |
| 489-69 | 931 | 46/45 | Dec. 29, 1969 | Centennial Estates \#2 | W. Wagon Trail Dr. \& S. Perry St. | 37:7200 | 99.11 |
| 490-69 | 932 | 46/46 | Jan. 6, 1970 | Stapeleton North | 56th Ave. \& Yosemite St. | 622.0000 | 100.03 |
| 510-69 | 933 | . $46 / 47$ | Jan. 6, 1970 | Havana-Parker | S. Havana St. \& Parker Rd. | 27.2400 | 100.12 |

2149a

2150a

Defendants' Exhibit EE
(Ethnic Distribs. (Percentages), Denver Elem. Schs. '62-'69)
(See Opposite)

2151a

# Defendants' Exhibit EF <br> (Chart, Ethnic Distrib. (Pctgs.) Denver Jr. Hi 1962-69) 

(See Opposite)


2153a

# Defendants' Exhibit EG <br> (Chart, Ethnic Distrib. (Petgs.) Denver Sr. High, 1962-69) 

(See Opposite)

2155a

## Defendants' Exhibit J

(Ltr., July 23, 1969 fr David R. McWms., Dir. Attend. \& Pupil Records)
(See Opposite)

## Denver Public Schools

ROBERT D. GILBERTS, Superintendent

ADMINISIRATION BUILDING • 414 FOURTEENTH STREET • DENVER,COLORADO 90202

DIVISION OF EDUCATION
RICHARD P. KOEPPE, Assistant Superintendent
DEPARTMENT OF PUPIL SERVICES
JAMES M. O'HARA, Executive Director

July 23, 1969

On June 9, 1969, the Board of Education of the Denver Public Schools rescinded Resolutions 1520,1524 , and 1531 which related primarily to the assignment of pupils to schools in September 1969. Specifically, the area in which you reside has been reassigned from the East High Scnool attendance area to the South High School attendance area.

The class programs for high school pupils residing in this area are now being prepared at South High School and questions relating to individual pupil schedules should be directed to the school. Every effort will be made to provide pupils with the same program requested by them at an earlier date.

The Board of Education and its administrative staff are committed to an educational program which includes the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan. This plan affords pupils the opportunity to attend a school which brings about a voluntary exchange of pupils with a goal of improved understandings and integration. Attached are a description of the plan, a list of eligible open enrollment schools, and a request card. If your child is eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan and if you want your child to attend a school other than South High School, please complete the enclosed request card and return it to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records, School Administration Building, 414 Fourteenth Street, Denver, Colorado, 80202, by August 5, 1969. Since the school assignment must improve integration at both the residence and receiving schools, please indicate the racial or ethnic background of the pupil on the card.

If you have further questions regarding the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan, please call Mr. Edward W. Mohr, Office of Attendance and Pupil Records, 266-2255, ex. 304.

Sincerely,


David R. McWilliams, Director Office of Attendance and Pupil Records

# DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS <br> DIVISION OF EDUCATION <br> Department of Pupil Services <br> Office of Attendance and Pupil Records 

JUNE 1969=

## VOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT PLAN WITH TRANSPORTATION

The purpose of the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan is to provide parents with an opportunity to enroll their child in another Denver public school of their choice if space is available at the receiving school and if the change in school assignment results in improved integration both at the residence and receiving school. Transportation is provided for by School District No. 1 (elementary, more than 1 mile; secondary, more than 2 miles).

The following administrative procedures have been adopted to implement the plan:

1. Errollment is for 2 period of at least one semester an the maximum would be determined by the pupil and his parents.
2. Pupils entering a Denver public school for the first time or re-entering a Denver public school may participate in the program upon application for enrollment.
3. The request for transfer may be for a full day or a half day for senior high school pupils and a full day for junior high scheol and e?ementary school pupils (grades 1 through 6). Kindergarten pupils are not eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan.
4. Pupils who have compieted the sixth or ninth grade in June 1969 may continue on Voluntary Open Enrollment in the junior or senior high school (whichever is apolicable) in September 1969 at the school which that sixth or ninth grade feeds. This is contingent upon available open pupil stations at the requested receiving school and improved integration at both the sending and receiving schools.
5. Yourger brothers or sisters of pupils continuing on Voluntary Open Enrcilment may enroll in the school the older child is attending if space is available.

Belmont Elementary
Force Elementary Godsman Elementary Goldrick Elementary

Viunroe Elementary Schenck :lementary Scimitt Elementary Valverde Elementary 'estnood Elementary

EA.ST HIC: STHOL AREA
ashley Elementary barrett Elementary
Columíne Elementary
Clls:orth Elementary
Emerson Elementary

Evans Elementary
Harrington Elementary
:Oore Elementary
Stevens Elementary
Teller Elementary 'yman Elementary

GEORGE UASHI GTOU HIG: SCHOOL AREA
Carson Elementary Steck Elementary Palmer Elenentary
J. F. KEMEEY HIGii SCHOOL AREA

Denison Elementary
Johnson Elementary Loull Elcmentary

Sabin Elementary Traylor Elementary
$\therefore$ AUML IIIE:C BC:MOL AREA

Crofton Elementary Ciloin Elementary iitchell Elementary

S'..ansea Elementary ..Inttier Elementary :yatt Elementary

BURTH :i:IL.: SCHOOL AREA

Alcott Elamentary Seach Court Elamentary
jro:n Elementery
Colfax Elemer:3ry
Smedley Elemeidary

SSIUTI UIGH SCHOOL AREA
Ccíinley Elementary
Steele Elemertary Thatcier I.lepenary Uashinaton Park Elementary

Tij) AS JEFFERS?: HIGII SCH: DL AREA
uradley Elementary
slavens Elementary Pitts Elementary

* Tinis list will receive continual revie: to cietermine if nupil selections v:arrant the addition of schcols not oresently list:a or tie delation of schools currently shown as open enrollment schools.


## I. TEERTIN: IS I:PROVED IF

A: A:ICLO PUPIL
Transfers from:

Transf:rs to:
A. HISFATO PUPIL
iransfors from:

Transfars to:

A ERTPUPIL
Transfers from:

Transfers to:

Alcott, Asbury, Ash Crove, Asiiley, Berkeley, oradley, Jromuell, Carson, Cory, Denison, Joull, Ellis, Ells!orth, Emerson, Fallis, Force, Godsman, Goldrick, Gust, Johnson, Knight, Lincoln, icninley, icieen, ionthello, icntclair, ontclair Annex, ioore, Palmer, Pitts, Cosedale, Sabin, Scnenck, Scimitt, Sherman, Slavens, Steck, Steele, Stevens, Teller, Thatcier, Traylor, University Park, 'lashincton Park ard 'iiiteman.
sarrett, veach Court, welmont, Colfax, Columine, Crofton, Evans, Gilyin, Harrington, .itchell, lunroe, Smedley, Smansea, Valverde, 'est'rood, ''hittiar, ''yatt, and 'lyman.

Alameda, Asiland, Barnum, Leacl; Court, Jelmont, soulevard, Sroin, oryant-: eoster, Cicl tennam, Colfax, College Vien', Columbian, Cowell, Crofton, Eacleton, Etart, Edison, Eln ood, Elyria, Evans, Fairnont, Fairviel, Earcian Place, Giloin, Greenlee, Knanp, iftciell, iunroe, - e:!lon, P!rry, Reminoton, Sherman, Snedley, S"ansea, "alverde, !est"cod, 'yatt and !'yran.

Alcott, Asillay, Earrett, Bradley, Carson, Columi,ire, Denison, Doull, Ellswortil, Emerson, Force, Godsman, Goldrick, ilarrington, Joinson, :Cíinley, ioore, falmer, Pitts, J̈àin, Schenck, Scimitt, Slavens, Steck, Jteale, Stevens, Teller, Traylor, '!as'ington Park and !!hittier.

Barrett, Columtine, Crofton, Eiert, Evans, Garden flace, eilpin, Creenlee, lallett, ilarrinnton, ifitchell, Park hill, Philios, Smitil, Steciman, 'nittier, !'yatt and !'yman.

Alcott, Is:ley, woch Court, ielront, Uradley, Erow, Carson, Colfax, Denison, Loull, [1l: 'ortil, Emerson, Force, Godsnian, Coldricin, Joinson, ickinley, foore, unroe, falner, fitts, Rosciale, Sabir, Sctianck, Sciritt, Slavens, Smodloy, Steck, Steele, Stevens, S!!ansea, Teller, Tiatcher, Traylor, Valverde, and 'ashincton Fark.

```
VOLLETTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT SCHOOLS
            JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS
                        1969-1970 School Year
                        REVISED June 16, 1969
                    *JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS
    Baker Junior High
    Byers Junior High
    Gove Junior High
    Grant Junior High
    Hamilton Junior High
**J. F. Kennedy Junior High
    Kepner Junior High
    Kunsmiller Junior High
    Lake Junior High
    Mann Junior High
    Merrill Junior High
    Thomas Jefferson Junior High
```

* This list will receive continual review to determine if pupil selections warrant the addition of schools not presently listed or the deletion of schools currently shown as open enrollment schools.
** Double Session Schedule (Junior High School 12:05 p.m. to 5:25 p.m.)


## INTEGRATION IS IMPROVED IF

AN ANGLO PUPIL
Transfers from: Byers, Grant, Hamilton (7th \& 8th grade only), Hill, J. F. Kennedy, Kepner, Kunsmiller, Merrill, Rishel, Skinner and Thomas Jefferson (9th grade only)

Transfers to : Baker, Lake and Horace Mann

A HISPANO PUPIL
Transfers from: Baker, Cole, Kepner, Horace Mann, Lake Morcy, Rishel and Skinner.

Transfers to : Byers, Gove, Grant, Hamilton (7th \& 8th grade only), J.F. Kennedy, Kunsmiller, Perrill and Thomas Jefferson (9th grade only)

A NEGRO PUPIL
Transfers from: Cole, Gove, Morey and Smiley
Transfers to : Baker, Byers, Grant, Hamilton (7th \& 8th grade only), J.F. Kennedy, Kepner, Kunsmiller, Lake, Mann, Merrill and Thomas Jefferson (9th grade only)

```
VOLINTARY OPEN ENROLLHENT SCHOOLS
    SENIDP只 HIGH SCHOOLS
    1969-i970 Schocl Year
    REVISED June 16, 1969
    *SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS
    Abraham Lincoln High School
    East High School
**J. F. Kennedy High School
    Manual High School
    North High Schcol
    South High School
    Thomas Jefferson High School
    West High School
```

* This list will receive continual review to determine if pupil
selections warrant the addition of schools not presently listed
or the deletion of schools currently shown as open enrollment
schools.
** Double Session Schedule (Senior High School 7:00 a.m. to Noon)
INTEGRATION IS IMPROVED IF
AN ANGLO PUPIL
Transfers from: Abraham Lincoln, George Washington,
J. F. Kennedy, North, South, and
Thomas Jefferson
Transfers to : East, Manual and West
A HISPANO PUPIL
Transfers from: North and West
Transfers to : Abraham Lincoln, East, J. F. Kennedy
Manual, South and Thomas Jefferson
A NEGRO PUPIL
Transfers from: East and Manual
Transfers to: Abraham Lincoln, J. F. Kennedy,
North, South, Thomas Jefferson
and West

I request that
(Type or print Grst, middle, and last name of pupil)
be enrolled in School (lst choice) School (2nd choice) School (3rd choice)
instead of $\qquad$ School. (Senior high only: full day $\qquad$ or half day__._)

This pupi! is rurrently arn? wet in srode $\qquad$ sectin! me:n! s. $\qquad$ a: $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $9:$


Date

The purpose of the Volmatary Open Emollment Plan is to provide parents with an opportunity to emroll their child in another Denver public school of their choice if space is arailable in the receiving school and if the change in school assignment results in improved integration both in the receiving and sending schools.

Requests under the V'olmutiry Open Enrollment Plan are for either a full day or half day program for scnior high pupils, and a full day program for junior high and elementary pupils in grade 1 -ti. Kindergarten pupils are not eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan.

This request must be returned to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records. Den-



Transportation under the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan is provided for by School District No. 1. (Elementary, more than one mile; secondary, more than two miles.)

2157a

## Defendants' Exhibit HK

## (Excerpt "Facts \& Figures" DPS 1969)

(See Opposite)
Exconpt Fnomex. Hf

## DENVER PUBLIC SSHOOLS 1940-1065

|  | 1940 | 1959 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SCHCOL CAFACITY | 44,610 | 95,64.6 |
| PUPIL MEMZERSHIP <br> (Full time Day Schools) | 48,581 | 95,634 |
| NUMEER OF |  |  |
| SCHOOLS | 79 | 120 |
| CLASSROOMS | 1,487 | 3,394 |
| TEACHERS <br> (Full time Day Schools) | 1,468 | 4,380 |
| TOTAL EMPLOYEES (Including Teachers) | 3,043 | 6,782 |
| CITY SQUARE MILES | 58.8 | 98.4 |

2159a

# Defendants' Exhibit VA <br> (Rept. to Bd. of Ed. by Supt. Robt. D. Gilberts) 

(See Opposite)

# report to ihe Board of Education 

A YLAN DEVELOPED IN ACCORD KITH RESOLUTION 1562

Submitted by
Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent

[^9]A Plan Submitted to the Board of Education by Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent

This plan has been developed in response to Board Resolution 1562, a copy of which is included for reference. The intent of the Resolution is to improve pupil achievement in the schools.

Although the time available for preparing the plan was limited, it was possible to do so because of the cooperative efforts of central administrative staff, principals, and other school staff members. The preparation was further facilitated because the basic concepts were contained in Planning Quality Education.

A summary analysis is included as a first part of the report to show briefly the major elements of the programs proposed, the time schedule, and estimated costs.

The Board may wish to assign priorities to the various elements in the plan in terms of available resources and potential future funds, and on the basis of these financial considerations to direct the appropriate division heads to prepare the required operational details for the plan.
. RESOLUTION NO. $156 ?$

WHEREAS, this Board of Education, in common with other boards of education in urban areas in this country, has before it the extremely difficult task of providing relevant and effective education to children of infinitely varied backgrounds and abilities; and

WHEREAS, this Board of Education is concerned about all the children of Denver and is constantly searching for ways and means to improve the quality of education offered to them; and

WHERERS, this Board of Education has, as an interim measure, adopted various plans and approaches toward the improvement of the quality of education offered to the children of Denver, including voluntary open enrollment with transportation provided; and

WHEREAS, the intervention of a lawsuit in the United States District Court has prevented this interim measure from achieving its full potential; and

WHEREAS, that Court in its Memorandum Opinion dated ilarch 21, 1970, has found that certain schools of this School District show average pupil achievement below the city-wide average achievement of pupils; and

WHEREAS, this Board is, and has been, aware of these differences in average pupil achievement among the various schools and has been attempting to set educational
policy which will permit the professional staff of this School District to devise and employ new methods of education designed to improve achievement in all schools including those with lov achievement averages, by such means as early childhood education, intensified reading programs, cultural arts centers, outdoor education centers, school clusters or complexes, in-service education, modification and expansion of curricular offerings, and other promising ideas; and
whereas, the United States District Court now has invited this Board to devise and present to it a plan designed to improve the achievement of pupils in certain of its schools;

NON, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED by this Board of Education that, regardless of the final outcome of the litigation, this Board reaffirms its intent to continue improvement in the quality of education offered to all of the children of Denver, and it hereby directs the Superintendent and his staff to devise a plan directed toward raising the educational achievement levels at the schools specified by the District Court in its opinion. This plan shall be a pilot program which shall include consideration of the following:

## 1. Differentiated staffing;

2. Increasing the level of faculty experience and decreasing faculty turnover;
3. Increased and improved inservice training for staff:
4. Voluntary open enrollment as opposed to mandatory transfers for pupils;
5. The school complex concept which will focus on decentralized decision-making, community and parent involvement, new educational programs and agency cooperation;
6. Early childhood education;
7. Special programs now being implemented at Cole Junior High School and Manual High School;
8. Special programs available under the Educational Achievement Act of Colorado (Senate Bill 174);
9. Other promising educational innovations.

The plan shall be feasible and within the financial ability of the District, and include a timetable for implementation.

Such a plan shall be submitted to the Board on or before May 6, 1970.

| Program | Schedule <br> of Implementation | Estimated Costs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New voluntary open enrollment | January 1971 | *Unit costs: |
| . fifteen subject schools. <br> - transportation provided <br> - choice of schools <br> - attendance - one year minimum <br> - guaranteed space - <br> use of available space <br> extending building capacity $10-15 \%$ <br> extended school day mobile units additional construction |  | $\$ 3.50$ per bus hour <br> .25 per bus mile <br> Bus purchase - $\$ 9,000$ per unit |
| Current voluntary open enrollment | Currently operational |  |
| . applies to all schools <br> - transportation provided <br> . full day enrollment |  |  |

*Total crox $\therefore$ ilj $\quad \therefore \quad: \quad: \quad$ in the number of pupils who avail themselves of the program. Current transportation requirements utilize all available transportation.

## SUMMARY

## Staff Stabilization

| Schedule |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Program | of Implementation | Estimated Costs |
| Staff Stabilization | 1970 |  |
| Increasing faculty experience and decreasing faculty turnover. |  |  |
| Voluntary incentives: | 1970 |  |
| - additional pay - extended work year <br> experienced teacher transfer with cooperation of DCTA <br> superior materials <br> - special programs <br> - smaller classes <br> - previsitation to assigned school <br> orientation program |  | $\$ 633,000$ per year <br> \$1,500 per year $\$ 15,000$ per year |
| Hiring experienced teachers: | 1970 | No additional |
| recruiting teachers trained to work in minority schools <br> - Hispano and Negro recruiters |  |  |
| Maintaining level of staff experience | 1970 | No additional |
| . Denver Public Schools percent probationary <br> 34.4\% <br> . subject schools $30.1 \%$ <br> . employment of career teachers |  |  |


*Total cost will depend on the extent of implementation.

## SUMMARY

. Improved Inservice Training

| Program | Schedule <br> of Implementation | Estimated Costs |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Improved Inservice Training | Phase I - September | Implemented to extent <br> of currently budgeted |
|  |  | 1970 |

- human relations seminars
- workshops - history and culture of minorities
- building inservice meetings related to minority instructional materials
- teaching the disadvantaged pupil
- improving educational climate for minority pupils
- corrective instructional. techniques
. language problem of bilingual children
- cooperative work shops Black Educators United, Congress of Hispanic Educators

School Complex Concept

| Program | Schedule of Implementation | Estimated Costs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Complex Concept | 1971 | \$159,967 |
| Elementary Complex One <br> - Ashley <br> - Carson <br> - Hallett <br> - Montclair <br> - Montclair Annex <br> - Palmer <br> - Park Hill <br> - Philips <br> - Steck <br> - Teller <br> - Whiteman |  |  |
| - Ashland <br> - Barnuin <br> - Boulevard <br> - Brown <br> - Cheltenham <br> - Colfax <br> - Cowell <br> - Eagleton <br> - Edison <br> - Fairview <br> - Newlon <br> - Perry |  |  |
| Elementary Complex Five 1971 <br> Planning to start <br> - Barrett January. Impleme <br> - Columbine to start in Septe <br> - Crofton  <br> - Gilpin  <br> - Harrington  <br> - Mitchell  <br> - Smith  <br> - Stedman  |  |  |
| Planning for this Complex will begin in 1971. The organization and programs will be a replication with appropriate modifications of those in Complexes One and Two. |  |  |

## SUMMARY

Early Childhood Education in Minority Areas
-
Schedule
Program
Early Childhood Education. in
Minority Areas Continuing
. Head Start -

- 3 and 4 year olds
- 18 centers, 600 children
- Early Childhood Education Centers -

Continuing

- 4 year olds
- 3 centers, 90 children
- Follow Through

Continuing

- 5 year olds (kindergarten)
- 6 centers - 376 children
- Follow Through

Continuing

- 6 year olds (lst grade)
- Garden Place and Gilpin 100 children
. National Follow Through (proposed) 1971
- 5 and 6 year olds
- Garden Place and Gilpin 200 children
$\$ 480,580$ per year
Federal - \$384,464
Denver Public
Schools - \$ 96,116

Denver Public Schools \$ 66,492
\$151,367
Federal - \$123,938
Denver Public
Schools - \$27,429
$\$ 42,411$ State Funds
$\$ 80,000$ Federal Funds

# Special Programs Being Implemented at Manual High School 

Special Programs Being Implement-

## . Vocational Skills

- building trades
- cosmetology
- power and transportation
- metals .
- machine metals
- Home Economics Related Occupations
- Pre-professional
- pre-medicine, University of Colorado Medical School
- pre-law
- pre-education, University of Northern Colorado
- data processing, Opportunity School
- Communications, KRMA-TV
- pre-cngineering, University of Denver School of Engineering
- advanced placement, University of Denver Community College
- Future Programs

1970-1971

- Environmental Design, University of Colorado Architectural School and Alumni
Denver Urban Renewal Authority
- Outdoor Education Job Corp Camp, Grand Junction, Colorado
- Airline Cadet, United Airlines and University of Denver
- Teacher Resource (counseling students with academic deficiencies)


## SUMMARY

## Special Programs Being Implemented at Cole Junior High School

| Schedule |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Program | of Implementation | Estimated Costs |

Special Programs Being Implement-
\$147,510 ed at Cole Junior High School
. Reading Programs

- laboratory
- improvement
- speech classes
- individual tutoring

Mathematics

- laboratory
- Social Science
- laboratory
- Afro-American history
- Hispano history
- urban studies
. Science
- laboratory
- expanded biology program
- earth science - Earth
- science curriculum project
. Art
- ceramics
- weaving
- Business Education
- work study
. Home Economics
- family and consumer economics
- home management occupations
. Industrial Arts
- graphic arts
- power motor mechanics

Program | Schedule |
| :---: |
| of Implementation |

Special Programs Being Implemented at Cole Junior High School

- Music
- guitar classes
. Physical Educatıon
- ROTC for boys
- Cadettes for girls
- gymnastics
- modern dance
- Language
- Spanish
- French
- Counseling
- college
- vocational
. Educational Laboratories
- Crisis room
. Extension Centers
- rehabilitating disruptive pupils
. Other Programs
- tutor assistants
- Special Education
. Work-Study
. Extra Curricular Activities
- motivation
- to instill school spirit
. Instructional Materials Center

Total cost is shown on preceding page.

## SUMMARY

Special Programs - Educational Achievement Act SB 174

| Program | Schedule of Implementation | Estimated Costs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Special Programs - Educational. Achievement Act SB 174 | 1970-1971 |  |
| . Fairview - Interest-Motivated Approach <br> - ungraded system <br> - individualized reading <br> - learning centers <br> - multi-media communication <br> - skill systems <br> - differentiated staffing |  | \$110,671 per year |
| . Baker <br> - bilingual, bicultural program <br> - Hispano emphasis <br> - difforentiated staffing <br> - Hispano culture and history <br> - individualized teaching <br> - flexible scheduling <br> - home liaison <br> - improved reading diagnosis <br> - Crisis rooms <br> - educational laboratories <br> - storefront centers | 1970-1971 | $\$ 260,222$ per year <br> Total for Cole and Baker |
| . Cole <br> - individualized teaching <br> - flexible "catch up" <br> - improved reading diagnosis <br> - home liaison <br> - Crisis rooms <br> - educational laboratories <br> - extension centers <br> - differentiated staffing | 1970-1971 |  |

## Other Promising Educational Innovations

| Program | Schedule of Implementation | Estimated Costs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other Promising Educational Innovations |  |  |
| . Cultural Arts | Continuing | \$165,503 |
| - Metropolitan Area Student Exchange | Continuing | 2,400 |
| . Outdoor Education (Balarat) | Continuing | \$247, 281 |
| P anded Summer Schools | Continuing | \$604,063 |
| - After School Programs | Continuing | 5,000 |
| - Metropolitan Youth Opportunity Program | Continuing | \$450,706 |
| Educational Center - <br> Vocational-Technical facility | Continuing | \$250,000 |
| - Cooperative Education | Continuing | \$200, 500 |
| - Work Study Program | 1971 | \$ 61,200 |
| - Individually Guided |  |  |
| Instruction | 1971 | $\$ 16,200$ per school per year |



## CURRENT YOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT PLAN

The following is a statement of current procedures which the Board intends to continue:

The Voluntary Open Enrollment plan provides parents with an opportunity to enroll their child in another Denver Public School of their choice if space is available at the receiving school and if the change in school assignment results in improved integration both at the school of residence and at the receiving school.

1. The plan is based upon a commitment by the pupil and his parents that the pupil will complete at least one full semester at the receiving school. The maximum commitment would be determined by the pupil and parent. Generally, as the semester progresses, pupils should be encouraged to complete the semester before a request to discontinue enrollment is considered. An unusual situation may arise which would prompt an immediate transfer request by the parent to permit the pupil to return to his
subdistrict school of residence. If a pupil does not complete a full semestcr on Voluntary Open Enrollment, he is ineligible to participate again until the beginning of the semester one year following the effective date of the cancellation.
?. Transportation is provided for by School District ivo. l (elementary, more than one mile; secondary, more than 2 miles).
2. The request for transfer is for a full-day in Grades 1 through 12.
3. Pupils entering a Denver Public School for the first time or reentering a Denver Public School may participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan upon application for enrollment.

## Voluntary Open Enrollment Procedures, September 1970

A. Priority enrollment privileges for pupils eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan for September 1970 are as follows:

1. First Priority: Pupils currently enrolled in a school and continuing at the same school
a. A pupil currently attending a school need not re-enroll or complete any forms to continue at the same school in September 1970.
2. Second Priority: Pupils entering seventh or tenth grade who $\underline{\text { have attended a feeder elementary or junior }}$ high school respectively
a. This includes pupils currently enrolled under the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan and pupils zoned to a school under Resolution 1524 or 1531.
b. A Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Card must be completed by the parent since all such pupils must qualify for Voluntary Open Enrollment.
c. Pupils not eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan must attend their school of residence according to the approved boundary lines on the official maps of the School District and are not eligible to atterd the school which their present school of attendance feeds.
3. Third Priority: Younger brothers-or sisters of pupils currently attending a school on Voluntary Open Fnrollment
a. A Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Card must be completed by the parent and the school should indicate on the front of the card that an older brother or sister is attending the requested school.
4. Fourth Friority: Now requests from parents of pupils requesting Voluntary Open Enrollment for the first time
a. A Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Card must be completed by the parent, and submitted to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records by May 1, 1970. Priority IV requests will be considered after Priority I and III requests are processed.
b. The selection of second and third choice is important since schools eligible to receive new pupil requests for Voluntary Open Enrollment will be named at a later date.

## B. Operational Details

1. A pupil seeking to return to his school of residence must have his parent complcte the top half of DPS Form H543, "Request to Discontinue Voluntary Open Enrollment," and return it to the office at the school he is currently attending. Procedures relating to such a request are describec in an Interdepartmental Commication from this office, "Request to Discontinuc Voluntary Open Enrollment," dated November 26 , 1969. Each school office has received a supply of Form 1543 at an earlicr date.
2. All request cards or discontinuing forms should be forwarded to the Office of ittendance and Pupil Records by May 1, 1970. (liowever, deadlines for other materials from feeder schools may be different and should be adhered to.)
3. Schools should note on the front of cach completed loluntary Open lin rollment kequest card the ethnic background by $A, 11$, or $N$, (The Board of Lducation has substantive concern that making these notations on the V.O.E. Request card, cven though for beneficial purposes, may be in conflict with the constitution of Coloracio ) and the priority classification by I, II, III, or IV of the pupil.
4. This bulletin relates only to pupils who will be attending junior or senior high schools in September 1970. Application procedures for elementary school pupils, including the Hallett Plan, will be distributed and processed at a later date. However, principals of elementary schools can be canvassing present loluntary Open Enrollment pupils attending their school to see if they plan to continue enrollment under
the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan.
5. Voluntary Open Enrollment for senior high school pupils is limited to a full-day program only effective September 1970. Pupils currently attending a senior high school on a halfday program and wishing to continue on a full-day program must complete a new request card to be classified as a Priority I pupil.
6. Pupils on Limited Open Enrollment are permitted to continue enrolkment at the receiving school until they have completed the sixth, ninth, or twelfth grade (whichever is applicable). A pupil currently attending a school under the Limited Open Enrollment Plan need not re-enroll or complete any forms to continue at the same school in September 1970. If a pupil is discontinuing Limited Open Enrollment, DPS Form H543 should be completed and foniarded to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records.
7. The completion of discontinuing Form hi543 is not required for any pupil completing sixth, ninth, or twelfth grade in June 1970; however, such pupils must be listed on the attached "Pupil Assignment to Schools" roster.
C. Participation Report - Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan (See Appendix)
8. Instructions on the Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Cards state that "Pupils currently participating in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Program and who wish to continue for the
first semester of the 1970-1971 school year are not required to complete this card." This applies only to pupils continuing in the same school. A card must be completed if a pupil is continuing on voluntary open enrollment at a different school, (For example: from ninth grade at Grant to tenth grade at South or from sixth grade at knight to seventh grade at :lerrill).
9. Additional request cards, Discontinuing Forrs H543, and "Pupil Assignment to Sciool" Rosters may be obtained by calling 266-2255, extension 391. Information regarding this directive also can be obtained by calling the same number.

PUPIL PARTICIPATION
SUMMMARY SHEET

| LEVEL | PARTICIPATION |  | INCREASE (DECREASE) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PERCENT } \\ & \text { INCREASE } \end{aligned}$ | ETHNIC BACKGROUND |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-69 | 9-69 |  |  | A | H | N | D |
| ELEMENTARY | 387 | 553 | 166 | 42.6 | 5 | 23 | 523 | 2 |
| .HALLETT PLAN <br> To Hallett From Hallett TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & \underline{63}^{1} \\ & 119 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 221 \\ & -205 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 165 \\ & 142 \\ & \hline \end{aligned} 307$ | $\begin{aligned} & 294.6 \\ & \underline{225.4} \\ & 258.0 \end{aligned}$ | 215 | 6 | 205 |  |
| JUNIOR HIGH | 301 | 368 | 67 | 22.3 | 10 | 42 | 316 |  |
| SENIOR HIGH Half Day Full Day Seminar TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & 114 \\ & 101 \\ & 31 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 260 \\ & -\quad 303 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (71) \\ & 159 \\ & (31) \end{aligned}$ <br> 57 | $\begin{array}{r} \left(\begin{array}{r} 62.3) \\ 157.4 \\ (100.0) \\ \end{array} 23.2\right. \end{array}$ | 40 138 | 23 | 989 |  |
| TOTAL ALL LEVELS | 1053 | 1650 | 597 | 56.5 | 408 | 94 | 1146 | 2 |

2161a

# Defendants' Exhibit VM <br> (Court Designated Elem. Schs.-Ethnic \& Racial-Teachers) 

(See Opposite)


| Schools | ```Frohationary Experienc: eercent 1970``` | ```Tedian Experience. Years* 1970``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bryant-Webster | 28.0 | 10 |
| Columbine | 16.0 | 7 |
| Elmvood | $+2.0$ | 10 |
| Fairmont | 54.0 | 5 |
| Fairview | 35.0 | 10 |
| Greenlee | 52.5 | 5 |
| Hallett | 46.0 | 5 |
| Harrington | 37.0 | 4 |
| Mitchell | 49.0 | 4 |
| Smith | 48.0 | 6 |
| Stedman | 32.0 | 8 |
| Whittier | 47.5 | 5 |
| Average | 44.7 | 6.5 |

*This is Denver Public Schools plus prior experience.

2163a

2164a

# Defendants' Exhibit 210A <br> (Capacity Utilization of Manual and East High, 1951-1961) 

(See Opposite)


Sources: Statistical reports, Denver Public Schools, 1951-1961. Report - A Study of Pupil Population, School Boundaries. Pupil Transportation, School Building, DPS, Feb., 1962, Special Study Committee on Quality of Educational Opportunity in the DPS, School Buildings and Site Needs, DPS, 1955.

* Using pupil membership reports to Office of Budgetary Services at end of fourth week of school year.

2165a

2166a

# Defendants' Exhibit S-1 <br> (DPS, Rept. of Est. Ethnic Distrib. of Pupils, 10/27/69) 

(See Opposite)


DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
REPORT OF ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS, CLASSROOM TEACHERS AND OTHER CERTIFICATED AND CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL SEPTEMBER 26, 1969

Office oi planning, Research, and budgeting October 27, 1969

Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent Howard L. Johnson, Deputy Superintendent

Joseph E. Brzeinski, Executive Director Office of Planning, Research and Budgeting

Gaarld C. Hicken, Director of Budgeting Office of Plannint, Research and Budgeting

Office of Planning, Research, and Budgeting
ESTIMATED EMNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS
ELFMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMRER 26, 1969

|  | Ansio |  | Negro |  | Hispano |  | Asian Derivation |  | Anerican Indian |  | Others |  | Total <br> Pupils |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | No. | Percent | NO. | Percent | NO. | Percent |  | Percent |  | Percent | No. | Percent | No. | Dercer.t |
| \armeda | 105 | 46.2\% | 2 | . $9 \%$ | 114 | 50.2\% | 2 | . $9 \%$. | 2 | . $9 \%$ | 2 | . $99 \%$ | 227 | 100.0\% |
| - Alcott | 409 | 80.2 | 11 | 2.1 | 88 | 17.3 |  |  | 2 | . 4 |  |  | 510 | 100.0 |
| Asbury | 552 | 85.9 | 54 | 8.4 | 26 | 4.0 | 4 | :6 | 3 | . 5 | 4 | . 6 | 6 6 5 | 200.0 |
| Ash Grove | 735 | 97.1 | 12 | 1.6 |  |  | 10 | 1.3 |  |  |  |  | 757 | 100.0 |
| Yehland | 273 | 42.0 |  |  | 376 | 57.8 | 1 | . 2 |  |  |  |  | 650 | 10 ! |
| Achioy | 479 | -81.2 | 69 | 11.7 | 31 | 5.3 | 9 | 1.5 | 2 | . 3 |  |  | 500 | 100.0 |
| Bnrnuen | 625 | 68.3 |  |  | 283 | 30.9 | 1 | . 1 | 6 | . 7 |  |  | 915 | 100.0 |
| surett | 248 | -67.0 | 113 | 30.5 | 5 | 1.4 | 4 | 1.1 |  |  |  |  | 370 | 100.0 |
| Reach Court | 247 | 63.6 | 21 | 5.4 | 118 | 30.4 | 1 | . 3 | 1 | . 3 |  |  | 383 | 100.0 |
| Belmont | 197 | 70.9 |  |  | 81 | 29.1 |  |  |  |  |  | / | 275 | 100.0 |
| Berieley | 356 | 89.0 |  |  | 43 | 10.8 | 1 | . 2 |  |  |  | + | 4:00 | 100.0 |
| Boettcher | 160 | 73.7 | 31 | 24.3 | 24 | 11.1 | 2 | . 9 |  |  |  |  | 21.7 | 100.0 |
| `oulevard | 118 | 29.9 | 2 | . 5 | 269 | 68.1 |  |  | 6 | 1.5 |  | \% | 395 | 100.0 |
| Dradey | 958 | 97.7 | 16 | 1.6 | 2 | . 2 | 2 | . 2 |  |  | 3 | . 3 | 981. | 100.0 |
| Bummell | 280 | 91.8 | 10 | 3.3 | 12 | 3.9 | 3 | 1.0 |  |  |  |  | 305 | 100.0 |
| Erown | 497 | б8.1 | 1 | . 1 | 217 | 29.7 | 15 | 2.1 |  |  |  |  | 730 | 100.0 |
| Yeyant-hebster | 172 | 23.3 | 4 | . 5 | 559 | 75.5 | 5 | . 7 |  |  |  |  | 740 | 100.0 |
| Carson | 559 | -78.0 | 140 | 19.5 | 6 | . 8 | 12 | 1.7 |  |  |  |  | 717 | 100.0 |
| -Cheruenhem | 301 | 37.0 | 37 | 4.5 | 453 | 55.7 | 10 | 1.2 | 3 | . 4 | 10 | 1.2 | 814 | 100.0 |
| Coliax | 203 | 50.1 | 1 | . 2 | 199 | 48.0 | 2 | . 5 | 5 | 1.2 |  |  | 425 | 100.0 |
| College View | 463 | 75.7 | 2 | . 3 | 139 | 22.7 |  |  | 8 | 1.3 |  |  | 612 | 100 |
| Colunibian | 390 | 71.7 | - 2 | . 4 | 152 | 27.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54.4 | 100., |
| Columbine. | 5 | . 6 | 874 | 97.2 | 20 | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 899 | 100.0 |
| Cory | 527 | 88.5 | 39 | 6.6 | 19 | 3.2 | 10 | 1.7 |  |  |  |  | 595 | 100.0 |
| Cowell | 302 | 57.3 | 3 | . 6 | 216 | 40.9 | 3 | . 6 | 3 | . 6 |  |  | 527 | 200.0 |
| Crofton | 23 | 7.3 | 121 | 38.4 | 162 | 51.5 | 2 | . 6 | 7 | 2.2 |  |  | 315 | 100.0 |
| Denison | 420 | 90.8 | 3 | . 6 | 40 | 8.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 463 | 100.0 |
| Doull | 831 | 90.3 | 43 | 4.7 | 38 | 4.1 | 6 | . 7 | 2 | . 2 |  |  | 920 | 100.0 |
| Earieton | 166 | 34.1 |  |  | 312 | 64.1 | 7 | 1.4 | 2 | . 4 |  |  | 487 | 100.0 |
| Evert | 35 | 10.6 | 115 | 34.6 | 174 | 52.4 | 2 | . 6 | 6 | 1.8 |  |  | 332 | 100.0 |
| Edison | 571 | 75.4 | 1 | . 1 | 184 | 24.2 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | 759 | 100.0 |
| Ellis | 835 | 88.5 | 95 | 10.1 | 9 | 1.0 | 4 | . 4 |  |  |  | - | 943 | 100.0 |
| Ellsworth | 151 | 87.3 | 5 | 2.9 | 7 | 4.0 | 9 | 5.2 | 1 | . 6 | $=$ |  | 173 | 100.0 |
| ． | Anrio |  | Nerro |  | Hispeno |  | Asian Derivation |  | American Indian |  | Others |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rotal } \\ & \underline{2} 2.2 s \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sct：00？ | No． | ercent | NO． | percent | No． | percent |  | cent |  | cent | NO． | rcent | NO． | Percent |
| Eimanod | 37 | 7．9\％ |  | \％ | 360 | 93．6\％ |  | \％ | 2 | ． $5 \%$ |  | $\%$ | ． 393 | 120．0 |
| Elyria | 35 | 26.7 |  |  | 96 | 73.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 231 | 100.0 |
| Imerson | 198 | 70.0 | 6 | 2.1 | 55 | 29.4 | 3 | 1.2 | ． 21 | 7.4 |  |  | 283 | 100.0 |
| Fuans | 137 | 55.9 | 33 | 13.7 | 69 | 23.6 | 1 | ． 4 |  |  | 1 | ． 4 | 24.1 | 100.0 |
| Faimmont | 125 | 29.8 |  |  | 503 | 79.9 |  |  | 2 | ． 3 |  |  | 630 | 100.0 |
| こairriew | 53 | 7.0 | 68 | 8.2 | 695 | 83.2 |  |  | 13 | 1.6 |  |  | 83！ | 100.0 |
| Tallis | 354 | 97.5 | 5 | 1.4 | 3 | ． 8 | 1 | ． 3 |  |  |  |  | 363 | 100.0 |
| Force | 702 | 84.8 | 35 | 4.2 | 87 | 10.5 | 1 | ． 1 | 3 | ． 4 |  |  | 828 | 1．00．0 |
| Corcion Place | 138 | 17.0 | 240 | 17.2 | 525 | 64.7 |  |  | 9 | 1.1 |  |  | fi？ | ？ mon |
| Gispin | 22 | 3.2 | 252 | 36.4 | 411 | 59.4 | 7 | 1.0 |  |  |  |  | 692 | 200.0 |
| Gocisman． | 407 | 81.9 |  |  | 203 | 28.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 570 | 100. |
| Golicicis | $6 \div 3$ | 83.6 | 3 | ． 4 | 119 | 15.5 | 2 | ． 3 |  |  |  |  | 767 | l00．6 |
| Grecilee | 180 | 17.0 | 95 | 9.0 | 772 | 73.0 | 5 | ． 5 | 5 | ． 5 |  |  | 1057 | 100.0 |
| －1uSむ | 750 | 93.2 |  |  | 54 | 6.7 | 1 | ． 1 |  |  |  |  | E05 | 100.0 |
| Kalこのtt | 290 | 38.2 | 444 | 58.4 | 20 | 2.6 | 6 | ． 8 |  |  |  |  | 760 | 100.0 |
| Harrington | 12 | 2.2 | 409 | 76.3 | 105 | 19.6 | 7 | 1.3 |  |  | 3 | ． 61 | 530 | 100.0 |
| Johnson | 635 | 82.4 | 28 | 3.6 | 108 | 14.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 771 | 100.0 |
| Krop | 450 | 57.0 | 6 | ． 8 | 329 | 41.6 | 4 | ． 5 | 1 | ． 2 |  |  | 790 | 100.0 |
| Snizut | 572 | 92.9 | 38 | 6.2 | 1 | ． 2 | 1 | ． 2 | 3 | ． 5 |  | ． | 61.5 | 100.0 |
| Iincoln | 505 | 85.4 | 3 | ． 5 | 74 | 12.5 | 8 | 1.4 | 1 | ． 2 |  |  | 591 | 100.0 |
| $\because$ ¢Kinley | 223 | 80.8 | 12 | 4.3 | 40 | 14.5 |  |  | 1 | ． 4 |  |  | 270 | 100.0 |
| $\because$ 亿reen | 831 | 93.2 | 38 | 4.0 | 10 | 1.1 | 16 | 1.7 |  |  |  |  | 945 | 100．0． |
| $\because$ 亿tchelı | 19 | 2.2 | 608 | 70.9 | 229 | 26.7 | 2 | ． 2 |  |  |  |  | 858 | 100.0 |
| $\because$ Ontbello | 420 | 81.8 | 36 | 7.2 | 30 | 6.0 | 17 | 3.4 | 2 | ． 4 | 6 | 1.2 | 501 | 200.0 |
| $\because$ 亿ontclair | $4 こ 2$ | 74.9 | 123 | 21.3 | 14 | 2.4 | 8 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  | 577 | 100.0 |
|  | 188 | 93.4 | 2 | 1.5 | 3 | 2.2 | 4 | 2.9 |  |  |  |  | 137 | 100：0 |
| Yoore | 383 | 65.8 | 110 | 18.9 | 75 | 12.9 | 3 | ． 5 | 1 | ． 0 | 11 | 1.9 | 583 | $100 . \mathrm{r}$ |
| Uunroe | 293 | 50.9 | 4 | ． 7 | 275 | 47.7 |  |  | 4 | ． 7 |  |  | 576 | 100． |
| Yerrlon | $1+30$ | 63.1 |  |  | 240 | 35.2 | 7 | 1.0 | 5 | ． 7 |  |  | 682 | 100.0 |
| Pamer | 381 | 80.3 | 69 | 14.6 | 9 | 1.9 | 8 | 1.7 | 1 | ． 2 | 6 | 1.3 | 474 | 100.0 |
| Park Hill | 635 | 67.7 | 231. | 24.6 | － 54 | 5.8 | 18 | 1.9 |  |  |  |  | 938 | 100.0 |
| Derry | 61 | 58.1 |  |  | 44 | 41.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100.0 |
| Plinips | 337 | 59.4 | 195 | 34.3 | 28 | 4.9 | 8 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  | 568 | 100.0 |
| Di乞ts | 428 | 0.60 | 14 | 3.1 |  |  | 4 | ． 9 |  |  |  |  | 446 | 100.0 |
| Remington | 150 | 38.2 | 17 | 4.3 | 222 | 56.5 |  |  | 4 | 1.0 |  |  | 393 | 100.0 |
| Rosedale | 387 | 85.5 | 6 | 1.3 | 59 | 13.0 | 1 | ． 2 |  |  |  |  | 453 | 100.0 |
| - | Anclo |  | Nerro |  | II: |  | Asian Dcrivation |  | American Indian |  | Others |  | Total <br> Pupils |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conool | Mo. | Percent | 1.0. | Percent | ITO. | Fercent |  | rccnt |  | rcent | No. | reent | Iic. | Percent |
| Saioin | 1238 | 96.1\% | 2 | . $2 \%$ | 39 | 3.0\% | 3 | . $6 \%$ | 1 | . $1 \%$ |  | \% | 1283 | 100.0\% |
| Schenok | 572 | 81.5 | 16 | 2.3 | 101 | 14.4 | 6 | . 9 | 6 | . 9 . |  |  | 701 | 100.0 |
| Schmitt | 580 | 81.6 | 9 | 1.3 | 113 | 15.9 | 6 | . 8 |  |  | 3 | . 4 | 71. | 100.0 |
| Sherman | 255 | 74.1 |  |  | 84 | 24.4 | 2 | . 6 | 3 | . 9 |  |  | 344 | 100.0 |
| Slavens | 574 | 84.8 | 98 | 14.5 | 1 | . 1 | 4 | . 6 |  |  |  |  | 677 | 100.0 |
| -smedley | 140 | 19.9 | 11 | 1.6 | 542 | 77.0 | 8 | 1.1 | 2 | . 3 | 1 | . 1 | 704 | 100.0 |
| $\rightarrow$ Smith | 42 | 4.0 | 957 | 91.7 | 34 | 3.3 | 3 | . 3 |  |  | 7 | . 7 | 10143 | 100.0 |
| Steck | 323 | 71.6 | 110 | 24.4 | 10 | 2.2 | 7 | 1.6 | 1 | . 2 |  |  | 4,51 | 100.0 |
| - Stedman | 27 | 4.1 | 613 | 92.7 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 3 | . 5 |  |  |  |  | 651 | 200.0 |
| Steele | 385 | 73.7 | 84 | 16.1 | 50 | 9.6 | 3 | . 6 |  |  |  |  | $52 ?$ | 100.0 |
| Stevens | 287 | 80.2 | 42 | 11.7 | 20 | 5.6 | 5 | 1.4 |  |  | 4 | 1.1 | 350 | Ir 0 |
| Swansea | 197 | 29.2 | 24 | 3.6 | 450 | 66.6 | 2 | . 3 | 2 | . 3 |  |  | 675 | 16.0 |
| Teller | 352 | 80.8 | 63 | 24.4 | 13 | 3.0 | 8 | 1.8 |  |  |  |  | 436 | 100.0 |
| Thatcher | 296 | 84.1 | 2 | . 6 | 54 | 15.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 352 | 100.0 |
| Traylor | 855 | 96.9 |  |  | 18 | 2.0 | 8 | . 9 | 2 | . 2 | * |  | 883 | 100.0 |
| University Park | 922 | 89.9 | 77 | 7.5 | 12 | 1.2 | 14 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  | 1025 | 100.0 |
| Vaiverde | 414 | 61.1 | 2 | . 3 | 251 | 37.0 | 7 | 1.0 | 4 | . 6 |  |  | 678 | 100.0 |
| Washington Park | 453 | 92.7 | 12 | 2.5 | 9 | 1.8 | 7 | 1.4 | 3 | . 6 | 5 | 1.0 | 489 | 100.0 |
| Mestwood | 306 | 41.9 | 23 | 3.2 | 397 | 54.3 | 2. | . 3 | 2 | . 3 |  |  | 730 | 100.0 |
| raiteman | 356 | 75.8 | 81 | 17.2 | 24 | 5.1 | 9 | 1.9 |  |  |  |  | 470 | 100.0 |
| Wnittiex | 12 | 1.4 | 802 | 94.0 | 38 | 4.5 |  |  | 1 | . 1 |  |  | 853 | 100.0 |
| \ryait | 9 | 1.9 | 223 | 46.4 | 248 | 51.5 | 1 | . 2 |  |  |  |  | 481 | 100.0 |
| STyman | 203 | 27.5 | 142 | 38.0 | 111 | 29.7 | 7 | 1.9 | 11 | 2.9 |  |  | 374 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 836 | 23.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totals | 32,778 | 60.2\% | 8250 | 15.1\% |  |  | 391 | . $7 \%$ | 176 | . $3 \%$ | 67 | . $1 \%$ | 54,498 | 100.0\% |

## ESMA:ATWD EITATC DISTRIBUITON OF PUPILS

SECONDARY SCHOOIS - SEPTTY RER 26, 1959

|  | Anglo |  | Nerro |  | Hispano |  | Asian Derivation |  | Anerican Indian |  | Others |  | Total Pupils |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Junior High Schools | 170. | Percent | No. | Fercent | Fio. | Percent |  | ercent |  | Percent |  | rcent | \%o. | Perce |
| $\backslash$ Paker | 103 | 11.6\% | 59 | 6.7\% | 720 | 81. $4 \%$ |  | \% | 3 | . $3 \%$ |  | $\%$ | 885 | 100.1 |
| Byers | 978 | 81.1 | 101 | 8.4 | 115 | 9.6 | 7 | . 6 | 1 | . 1 | 2 | . 2 | 1.,204 | 100, 1 |
| - Cole | 14 | 1.4 | 713 | 72.1 | 247 | 25.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 3 | . 3 |  |  | 989 | 100.1 |
| Gove | 533 | 66.5 | 294 | 24.3 | 63 | 7.4 | 8 | 1.0 | 2 | . 3 | 2 | . 7 | 500 | 20ivin |
| Grant | 657 | 74.1 | 215 | 12.7 | 103 | 11.4 | 4 | . 4 | 3 | . 3 | 10 | 1.1 | 902 | $200^{\circ}$ |
| Yemilton | 1,309 | 84.8 | 212 | 13.7 | 14 | . 9 | 9 | . 6 |  |  |  |  | 1,544 | 10... |
| Hill | 975 | 74.0 | 309 | 23.4 | 20 | 1.5 | 15 | 1.1 |  |  |  |  | 1,529 | 100, 1 |
| Keprer | 1,061 | 68.6 | 60 | 3.9 | 420 | 27.2 | 5 | . 3 |  |  |  |  | 1,546 | 100,6 |
| Kunsmiller | 1,502 | 81.9 | 146 | 8.0 | 175 | 9.6 | 7 | . 4 | 1 | . 1 |  |  | 1,831 | 100.6 |
| Iake | 602 | 4.8 .2 | 47 | 3.8 | 535 | 46.8 | 15 | 1.2 |  |  |  |  | 1,21:9 | 100.0 |
| - Mann | 259 | 23.3 | 70 | 6.3 | 761 | 63.6 | 9 | . 8 | 7 | . 6 | 4 | 4 | 1, 120 | 100,0 |
| lerrill | 1,240 | 73.6 | 315 | 20.0 | 15 | 2.0 | 6 | . 4 |  |  |  |  | 1,576 | 200,0 |
| Yorey | 215 | 26.8 | 419 | 52.4 | 149 | 18.6 | 5 | . 6 | 11 | 1.4 | 2 | . 2 | EOI | 100.6 |
| Riskel | 918 | 70.5 | 36 | 2.8 | 340 | 26.1 | 8 | . 6 |  |  |  |  | 1,302 | 100,0 |
| Stinner | 2,011 | 78.7 | 4 | . 3 | 270 | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,205 | 100.0 |
| mincy | 852 | 61.2 | 424 | 30.4 | 95 | 6.9 | 20 | 1.4 | 1 | . 1 |  |  | 1,393 | 100.0 |
| motals | 12,239 | 62.00 | 3224 | 16. $3 \%$ | 4,092 | 20.7\% | 130 | . $7 \%$ | 32 | . $2 \%$ | 19 | . $1 \%$ | 19,736 | 100, 6 |
| Serior Hirin Schools |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noraham Lincoln | 2,431 | 85.0\% | 13 | . $5 \%$ | 413 | 14. $4 \%$ | 4 | . 19 | 1 | . $0 \%$ |  | \% | 2,862 | 100.0 |
| - さast | 1,285. | 50.1 | 1023 | 39.9 | 189 | 7.4 | 48 | 1.9 | 2 | . 1 | 15 | . 6 | 2,562 | $100{ }^{\prime}$ |
| George Washington | 2,727 | 94.4 | 125 | 4.4 | 20 | . 7 | 15 | . 5 | 1 | . 0 |  |  | 2,839 | 100. |
| John F. Kennedy | 2,755 | 97.2 | 17 | . 6 | 61 | 2.2 | 1 | . 0 |  |  |  |  | 2,834 | 100.1 |
| - Manual | 126 | 8.2 | 930 | 60.2 | 425 | 27.5 | 61 | 3.9 | 4 | . 2 |  |  | 1,5!6 | 100,1 |
| Horth | 1,677 | 61.4 | 27 | 1.0 | 960 | 35.1 | 55 | 2.0 | 13 | . 5 |  |  | 2,732 | 100.6 |
| South | 2,318 | 91.6 | 30 | 1.2 | 164 | 6.5 | 15. | . 6 | 2 | . 1 |  |  | 2,529 | 100.6 |
| Thomas Jefferson | 2,391 | 94.5 | 120 | 4.7 | 10 | . 4 | 10 | . 4 |  |  |  |  | 2,531 | 100.6 |
| - West | 1,084 | 56.6 | 172 | 9.0 | 651 | 34.0 | 8 | . 4 |  |  |  |  | 1,915 | 100.1 |
| rotals | 16,70! | $75.0 \%$ | 2458 | 11.0\% | 2893 | 12.0\% | 217 | 1.0\% | 23 | . $1 \%$ | 15 | . $0 \%$ | 22,400 | 100: |
| N TOTALS - Junior <br> O and Senior H.Sch. | 29,033 | 68.9\% | 5082 | 13.5\% | 6925 | 16.6\% | 347 | . $80 \%$ | 55 | . $2 \%$ | 34 | . $1 \%$ | 42,130 | 100, |

## ESTMMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUMION OF CLASSROOM TEACEDRS

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTETRER 20, 1959

| School | Anglo |  | Negro |  | Hispano |  | Asian Derivation |  | American Indion | Other |  | Total Ceacher:s |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ITO: | Percent | No. | Percent |  | rcent |  | ercent | - Dercent |  | Percent | OO. | Percert |
| Alameda | 10 | 83.3\% | 2 | 16.7\% |  | $\%$ |  | \% | \% |  | \% | '12 | 100.0\% |
| Alcott | 18 | 94.7 | 1 | 5.3 |  |  |  | \% |  |  |  | 29 | 100.0 |
| Asbury | 24 | 92.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 7.7. | 26 | 1000 |
| Ash Grove | 24 | 92.3 | 2 | 7.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | IC ${ }^{\text {l }}$ |
| $A \sin$ and | 29 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 | 100.0 |
| Ashiey | 16 | 84.2 | 3 | 15.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | 100.0 |
| Darnum | 2.9 | 93.6 |  |  | 1 | 3.2 | 1 | 3.2 |  |  |  | 31 | 100.0 |
| Barrett | 9 | 50.0 | 9 | 50.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 | 100.0 |
| Beach Court | 17 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 100.0 |
| Belmont | 9 | 90.0 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 10.0 |  |  |  | 1.0 | 100.0 |
| Eerizeley | 14 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.4 | 100.0 |
| Boctitcher | 22 | 84.6 | 3 | 11.5 | 1 | 3.9 |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | 100.0 |
| Eoulcvard | 18 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 | 100.0 |
| Sradiley | 32 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 | 100.0 |
| Brommell | 10 | 90.9 | 1 | 9.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 100.0 |
| Sromi | 26 | 92.8 | 1 | 3.6 |  |  | 1 | 3.6 |  |  |  | 20 | 100.0 |
| 3nerat-Webster | 27.5 | 90.2 | 3 | 9.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30.5 | 100.0 |
| Carson | 23 | 88.5 | 2 | 7.7 |  |  | 1 | 3.8 |  |  |  | 26 | 100.0 |
| Cheltenham | 29 | 85.3 | 2 | 5.9 | 3 | 8.8 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 34 | 100.0 |
| Colfax | 14 | 93.3 | 1 | 6.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 | $10 \cdot$ |
| College View | 25 | 94.3 | 1.5 | 5.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26.5 | 1.00.0 |
| Columoian | 18 | 94.7 | 1 | 5.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19. | 100.0 |
| Colunoine | 24 | 60.0 | 16 | 40.0 |  |  | , |  |  |  |  | 40 | 100.0 |
| Cory | 19 | 90.5 | 2 | 9.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 J | 100.0 |
| Cowell | 18 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 | 100.0 |
| Croiton | 11 | 73.7 | 1 | 7.1 | 1 | 7.1 | 1 | 7.1 |  |  |  | 14 | 100.0 |
| Denison | 18 | 94.7 |  |  | I | 5.3 |  |  |  |  | . | 19 | 100.0 |
| Doull | 32 | 97.0 | 1. | 3.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33 | 100.0 |
| Eagleton | 18 | 85.7 | 1 | 4.8 | 2 | 9.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 21 | 100.0 |
| Ejoert | 11 | 61.7 | 5 | 29.4 |  |  | 1 | 5.9 |  |  |  | 17 | 100.0 |
| Edison <br> Ellis | 26 | 96.3 100.0 | 2 | 3.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 | 100.0 |
| Ellisworth | $\stackrel{33}{8.5}$ | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | 33 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8.5 | 100.0 |

```
scisco:
Simrood
EMria
Zucrson
    Brans
    Faimont
    Fairview
Fallis
    Force
    Garcicn Place
    Cxipin
    Gcicman
    Cozurict
    Grcenlee
    Gust
    Fallett
    Nerrington
    joinson
    Kapp
    Knight
    Lincoln
    Mcrinley
    Nowecr
    Mitcheil
    #crobello
    Nontclair
    Kontclair Annex
    Yoore
    Munroe
    Nevlon
    Palmer
    Parí Hill
    Perry
    Philips
    Pitts
    Remington
    Rosedale
    Sabin
    Schenck
```



School
Scimitt
Sherman Slavens St:edrey Smith
Steck
Stedman
Steele
stevens
Swansea
Teller
Trateher
Traylor Thiversity Park Valverde Washington Park Viestwood Finitcman Whit广ier Wyatt Wyrian
$\frac{\text { Angio }}{\text { No. Percent }}$

Nearo $\begin{array}{ll}21 & 87.5 \% \\ 13 & 92.9\end{array}$

8.3\%
8.3 $\begin{array}{llll}21.5 & 91.7 & 87.7 & 1\end{array} \quad 4.1$
$19.1 \quad 1.1 \quad 1 \quad 4.1$ $\begin{array}{lll}36 & 76.6 & 9\end{array}$

| 34 | 19.1 | 2 | 4.3 |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 24 | 93.3 | 9 | 6.7 |  |  |  |
| 24.6 | 9 | 25.0 | 1 | 2.8 | 2 | 5.6 |



Total
Totals

## SECCNDREY SCECOES - SEDTREER 26, 1969

School

| Baicer | 46 | 83.6\% | 6 | 10.9\% | 3 | 5. $5 \%$ |  | \% |  | \% | $\%$ | 55 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Byers | 53 | 96. ${ }^{6}$ | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 1.8 |  |  |  |  |  | 55 | 10 |
| Cole | 47 | 61.0 | 23 | 29.9 | 5 | 7.8 | I | 1.3 |  |  |  | 77 | 10 |
| Cove | 33 | 84.6 | 3 | 7.7 | 2 | 5.1 | 1 | 2.6 |  |  |  | 39 | 16 |
| Grant. | 38 | 90.5 | 3 | 7.1 |  |  | 1 | 2.4 |  |  |  | 42 | 100 |
| Ficmilton | 65.5 | 94.3 | 2 | 2.9 | 1 | 1.4 | 1 | 1.4 |  |  |  | 69.5 | 100 |
| Hill | 62 | 98.4 | 1 | 1.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 | 100 |
| Kepner | 65 | 92.9 | 4 | 5.7 | 1 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  | 70 | 100 |
| Kunsmiller | 76 | 92.7 | 4 | 4.9 | 2 | 2.4 |  |  |  |  |  | \&2 | ich |
| Lare | 57 | 90.5 | 4 | 6.3 | 2 | 3.2 |  |  |  |  |  | 63 | 100 |
| Vann | 55 | 93.2 | 2 | 3.4 |  |  | 2 | 3.4 |  |  |  | 59 | 10. |
| Merrill | 72 | 93.6 | 1 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 73 | 1030. |
| Korey | 44 | 81.4 | 7 | 13.0 | 2 | 3.7 | 1 | 1.9 |  |  |  | 54 | 100 |
| Rishel | 58 | 95.7 | 2 | 3.3 | 1 | 1.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 61 | 10. |
| Skinner | 55 | 94.8 | 1 | 1.7 | 2 | 3.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 58 | 10. |
| Smiley | 55 | 70.5 | 20 | 25.6 | 2 | 2.6 |  |  | 1 | 1.3 |  | 78 | 100 |
| Totals | 831.5 | 88.3\% | 84 | 3.46 | 25 | 2.5 | 7 | . 7 | 1 | . 1 |  | 998.5 | 100 |

## Senior fisgh Scricols

| Abraham Lincoin | 124.5 | 95. $2 \%$ | 2 | 1.5\% | 3 | 2.3\% |  | \% | 1 | . $8 \%$ | \% | 230.5 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| East | 127 | 91.4 | 10 | 7.2 | 2 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  | 139 | 10.3 |
| George washington | 122 | 95.8 | 1 | . 8 | 2 | 1.6 | 1 | . 8 |  |  |  | 126 | 100 |
| John F. Kennedy | 138 | 99.6 | 1 | . 7 |  |  | 1 | . 7 |  |  |  | 240 | 200 |
| Manual | 81 | 68.6 | 27 | 22.9 | 6 | 5.1 | 4 | 3.4 |  |  |  | 1.18 | 100. |
| Morth | 129 | 97.0 | 2 | 1.5 | 2 | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 233 | 30 |
| South | 118.5 | 99.3 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1.7 |  |  |  | 120.5 | 100 |
| Thomas Jefferson | 112.5 | 98.3 | 2 | 1.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 114.5 | 100. |
| is West | 102 | 88.7 | 3 | 2.6 | 10 | 8.7 |  |  |  |  |  | 215. | 103 |
| Fntols | 1.054 .5 | 92.8\% | 143 | $4.2 \%$ | 25 | $2.2 \%$ | 8 | . $7 \%$ | $i$ | . $17 \%$ |  | 1236.5 | 100 |
| wotais - Junior and Seninr Fieh Schnols | 1936 | 90.7\% | 132 | 6. $2^{\text {a }}$ | 50 | 2.3\% | 15 | . $7 \%$ | 2 | . $2 \%$ |  | 2.235 | 30 |

ESTMATED EAMIC DISTRIBUTION OF CTER CERTIFICATED AND CIAEFIFIDD PERSONVEL


## 

|  | Anrlo |  | Negro |  | Tasgano |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Asian } \\ \text { Derivation } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Arerican Indian |  | Others | Totna |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLSSETED, Continued | Mo. Percen |  | \%o. Percent |  | \%. Percert |  | Dercent |  | To. Percent |  | No. Percent | To. Percem |  |
| Classified Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personnel, Cont. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iuncrroom | 417 | 70.7\% | 70 | 11.9\% | 97 | 16.4\% | 3 | . $5 \%$ | 3 | . $5 \%$ | $\%$ | 50: | 10\%.\% |
| fücic Visual-Spec. ard Unchmics | 6 | 85.7 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Totai, Certinicäed <br> and Classified |
| :--- |

2167a


[^0]:    * Appendix page 7. Map of Senior High School Boundaries and Optional Areas.
    ** Appendix page 6. Map of Junior High School Boundaries and Optional Areas.

[^1]:    *** Appendix Map 1. Six Areas Based on Elementary School Boundaries.

[^2]:    * Appendix page 35, Study of Teacher Status-Elementary and Secondary Schools.

[^3]:    * Appendix page 36, Estimate of Distribution of Teachers of Minority Background.

[^4]:    * Based on 51 census tracts for which data is available at Denver Planning Office. Population Report by Denver Planning Board 1962.

[^5]:    * Primary I Level - Form X; indicated by parentheses

[^6]:    A pamphlet describing the opportunities available through the Voluntary Open Enroliment Plan is being prepared for distribution this Spring.

[^7]:    THE REVIEW
    official Publication of the Denver Public Schools
    Prepared by Department of Information Services
    Administration Building - 414 Fourteenth Street - Denver, Colorado 80202 APRIL, 1969
    BOARD OF EDUCATION-James D. Voorhees, Jr., President; Allegra Saunders, VicePresident; John H. Amesse, M.D.; A. Edgar Benton; William G. Berge; Stephen J. Knight, Jr.; Rachel B. Noel.
    ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF-Robert D. Gilberts, Suferintendent; Howard L. Johnson, Deputy Superintendent; Charles F. Armstrong, Assistant Superintendent; Richard P. Koeppe, Assistant Superintendent; Edgar A. Olander, Assistant Superintendent.

[^8]:    Request for enrollment in another school must improve integration in the receiving school.

[^9]:    Denver Public Schools
    May 1970

