### **APPENDIX**

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## Supreme Court of the United States

OCTOBER TERM, 1971

No. 71-507

WILFRED KEYES, ET AL.,
PETITIONERS, SEL

INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY

SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, DENVER, COLORADO, ET AL.

ON WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES
COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE TENTH CIRCUIT

CERTIORARI GRANTED JANUARY 17, 1972
PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI FILED OCTOBER 8, 1971



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# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1 (Denver Public Schools Policy 5100)

DPS Policy 5100

DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS POLICY 5100

Subject: Equality of Educational Opportunity

Reference: Minutes of the Board of Education, May 6, 1964.

#### 1. Policy

"This Board of Education recognizes that all children within the District, regardless of racial or ethnic backgrounds, are equally entitled to the benefits of good education and that to secure such benefits the needs and aspirations of all children must be considered.

Barriers of prejudice, discrimination, and of ignorance impede equality. Individuals, schools, and community need to work together to help to overcome these barriers. Equality of educational opportunity can be achieved most readily when school and community provide conditions which enable each child to develop to his full potential.

Because individuals differ greatly in their backgrounds, their capacities, and their motivations, equality of educational opportunity must not be conceived as the same opportunity for each person; that is, for example, as schools with the same curriculum, guidance, and instruction.

The continuation of neighborhood schools has resulted in the concentration of some minority racial and ethnic groups in some schools. Reduction of such concentration and the establishment of more heterogeneous or diverse groups in schools is desirable to achieve equality of educational opportunity. This does not mean the abandonment

### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1

of the neighborhood school principle, but rather the incorporation of changes or adaptations which result in a more diverse or heterogeneous racial and ethnic school population, both for pupils and for school employees.

The individual group contributions of ethnic and racial minorities, as well as those of the majority, must become increasingly notable in the school through educational opportunities in human and intercultural relations, both for pupils and for school employees.

Finally, this Board recognizes that full realization of equality of educational opportunity involves programs which include some tried and some untried practices."

2. Effective Date. This policy is effective on May 6, 1964.

Distribution
All schools
and departments

August 24, 1964

### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2 (Resolution Number 1490)

#### Part I

Policy 5100, Denver Public Schools, recognizes that the continuation of neighborhood schools has resulted in the concentration of some minority racial and ethnic groups in some schools and that a reduction of such concentration and the establishment of an intergrated school population is desirable to achieve equality of educational opportunity.

Therefore, in order to implement Policy 5100, the Board of Education hereby directs the Superintendent to submit to the Board of Education as soon as possible, but no later than September 30, 1968, a comprehensive plan for the integration of the Denver Public Schools. Such plan then to be considered by the Board, the Staff and the community and, with such refinements as may be required, shall be considered for adoption no later than December 31, 1968.

#### Part II

1. The Board of Education is faced with a serious social crisis. We believe a majority of citizens of Denver have confidence in the ability of this Board to meet the complex, difficult and controversial issues involved in this crisis. However, the Board is aware of wide and deep distrust of its motives and actions by certain racial and ethnic groups, and individuals within those groups. It is accused of injustice, of perpetuating, without concern, the educational and social evils occurring with de facto segregation in schools. These groups have been promised much by society in general. Repeated failures of performance have alienated good friends, have created wide distrust of motives and have created an atmosphere where responsible leadership

and concerned citizen support are being lost to the schools and to the community. We are increasingly aware of feelings of antagonism, of isolation, of hopelessness, of deep and unyielding bitterness, real and intense. These feelings are strongly held and are not subject to easy communication to those who do not have a similar background. The Board now states that its policy will be to eliminate distrust of its motives and performance by the minority community.

- 2. Also, the Board is aware of a different and widespread community distrust of Board motives and actions. This is evidenced by a substantial credibility gap, based on the fears of many citizens that their freedom of choice of home location and concurrent school selection is or will be threatened by proposed Board actions, particularly actions in the solution of the educational problems of de facto minority ethnic and racial segregation. The words "bussing", or "reverse bussing" (meaning the transportation of white children into minority populated schools), express the undefined fears of large numbers of Denver citizens that somehow the Board and its policies threaten deeply felt sensibilities. Here there is abroad in Denver a degree of distrust that is frightening in its intensity and has many ramifications. Expressions of such feelings are frequently prefaced by express denials of prejudice, racial or otherwise, and the Board accepts such denials at face value and as evidence of the existence of good will towards the minority communities of Denver. The Board recognizes that the voluntary support of citizens who presently hold such views is necessary to the proper functioning of the school system.
  - 3. A third source of distrust of Board motives and performance is that body of citizens of all races, including many whites, who recognize and accept that segregated education

is harmful to both minority and majority children and who now insist that the Board increase its efforts to eliminate the educational evils of de facto segregation. The Board has obviously failed to convince these people that its past actions, and particularly the recent approval of major junior high school construction and the proposed voluntary movement of elementary minority pupils represent good faith efforts in this area. The confidence of these citizens must be restored and the Board proposes to seek their active support.

- 4. A fourth force presently apparent and widely communicated to the Board is a reluctance throughout the city to see the tax load—primarily the real estate tax load—increased in any degree. In this area, the Board has apparently failed to communicate to the community the validity of the financial needs of the District. Increased State aid, if and when forthcoming, will be welcome but realistically can do little to reduce the real estate tax levy and will, in the long run, create a further class of concerned tax-payers to whom the function, purpose, method and objectives of the school system must be explained and whose understanding of such matters must be obtained. The Board states that its policy is and will be to foster such understanding.
- 5. The death of Dr. Martin Luther King has focused the attention of concerned people of good will upon the deep and festering injustices of modern urban existence with its contradictions of opportunity and achievement, in an America dedicated, at least in theory, to the equality of opportunity for all men. Particularly in the area of public education, Dr. King's death has caused thoughtful persons of all races, particularly whites, to reassess beliefs long

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

and dearly held and to question the pace of change and even its direction.

A. The Board is resolved to act as a unifying agency for Denver in these times. To this end, it requests the Superintendent in implementation of the purposes of Resolution No. 1490 and in response to the community concerns stated above, to include within the plan required by Resolution No. 1490, or to submit separately but at the earliest practical time or times, a further plan, or a series of plans, including specific timetables, to accomplish the following:

- 1. The reduction of concentrations of minority racial and/or ethnic groups in schools and the integration of school populations.
- 2. The actual existence of equality of educational program in all schools, regardless of location, including, without limitation, faculty quality, training, experience and attitude, course offerings, equipment and facilities.
- 3. The active participation in programs within the metropolitan Denver area to establish more diverse or heterogeneous racial and/or ethnic school populations.
- 4. The emphasis at all instructional levels of the individual and group contributions of ethnic and racial minorities.
- 5. The maximum involvement, consistent with maintenance requirements, of the school plant in the community activities of the Denver metropolitan area, to commence during the forthcoming summer.
- 6. Human relations and sensitivity training for all teaching and administrative personnel and assurance that

### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2

personnel recruitment and assignment policies are consistent with the realities of our multiracial and multiethnic world.

- 7. The establishment of citizen community support to accomplish the widest possible community understanding of the aims, purposes, motives and affairs of the School District.
- B. To consider, among such other factors as appear proper, the following:
  - 1. The use of transportation and the degree to which transportation should be mandatory or voluntary.
  - 2. The desirability of temporary or permanent closing of certain schools.
  - 3. The existence of community attitudes and opinions.
  - 4. The requirement for all children of course offerings in minority group cultural, historical, social and economic contributions to our society and of qualified minority group member teachers.
  - 5. The development of "magnet" or "laboratory" schools in core areas, including attendance policies for such schools.
  - 6. The use of community resources and resource people.
  - 7. The availability to all children at all levels of textbooks and other instructional materials which fairly and favorably represent minority groups and individuals.
  - 8. The availability for use by persons in all parts of the the District of school facilities for extracurricular educational, recreational and community purposes.

- 9. The feasibility of some form of extended school year.
- 10. The degree to which present vocational, technical and job oriented course offerings meet the needs of the children of this District.
- 11. The active extension of intercultural and interracial experiences for children, including the expansion of the cultural art center program and similar programs.
- C. The Board is impelled by a sense of urgency in these matters. To this end, it has requested the Superintendent to submit his plan responsive to Part I of this resolution within the periods therein provided. The plans required by Part II should be submitted as and when prepared for Board and public consideration and for adoption at the earliest possible time. As an example only, plans for the fullest use of school facilities for community summer programs are obviously needed now. Also, preliminary plans for community organizations can properly be expected shortly. In any event, the Board requests the Superintendent to present plans responsive to Part II of this resolution not later than the regular meeting of the Board in September 1968 and periodically thereafter until complete plans are forthcoming.

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

(Excerpts from Report and Recommendations to the Board of Education, School District No. 1)

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS
to the
BOARD OF EDUCATION
SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER ONE
DENVER, COLORADO

by

A SPECIAL STUDY COMMITTEE

ON

EQUALITY OF EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY
IN THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

James D. Voorhees, Chairman Irving P. Andrews, Vice-chairman Earl Rinker, Vice-chairman

James A. Atkins
Miss Mildred Biddick
Mrs. Lyman Blackwell
G. Keith Bogert
Alfred G. Brown
Ronald E. Carlson
Roger Cisneros
Milton A. Davidson
Miss Mary C. Doremus
Mrs. W. Ross Ewing
Thomas Faxon
Mrs. Edward J. Fikany
Mrs. James C. Flanigan
Harry D. Hawkins
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Raymond A. Kimball
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L. Edward Lashman, Jr.
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Mrs. Donald C. McKinlay
Mrs. Edmond F. Noel
Mrs. L. Joseph Pittroff
Mrs. Clyde W. Preston
Lloyd M. Schmidt
Pete Shannon, Jr.
Bernard Valdez
Mrs. Franklin P. Wherry
Miss Vivienne S. Worley
Minoru Yasqui

March 1, 1964

Established by the Board of Education School District Number One Denver, Colorado 1962

### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

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#### APPENDIX

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By School District No. 1

In The City And County Of Denver

And State Of Colorado

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

#### INTRODUCTION

THE PROBLEM

The Special Study Committee on . Equality of Educational

Opportunity is pleased to submit this Report and Recommendations. It was charged to study and report on the present status of educational opportunity in the Denver Public Schools, with attention to racial and ethnic factors, and to make recommendations. This it has done. The Committee's report is presented to the Board of Education and through the Board to the people of the Denver community in the hope that its findings and recommendations will be accepted in the constructive spirit in which they are made.

The members of the Committee brought with them the diverse attitudes of various segments of the total Denver community-geographic, ethnic, racial, economic-ranging from pride in the status quo and objection to any change, through various shades of interest without particular opinion, to feelings that real inadequacies exist, with strong desires for change. Over the period of its work, however, and when facts were fully known and freely discussed, the Committee has gradually found substantial areas of agreement as to principles, findings and recommendations. The extent of agreement within and by a group as diverse as this suggests that when facts are known and freely considered, with mutual respect for apparently conflicting attitudes, solutions can be found to sensitive problems which at first seem insoluble. In this the Committee sees reason to expect substantial acceptance of its report by the total Denver community. The approach must be, however, on a level of mutual trust and mutual respect; agreements of substance and purpose can be had only when each group admits the existence of a position other than its own. Happily, in the

Committee's experience, this did occur. Hopefully, in the public consideration of this report, it will also occur.

The Denver community has pride in its schools. There is pride in its programs for meeting the needs of the most able and ambitious; in its programs for the college bound; in the achievements of the "average" pupil who is motivated toward school accomplishments; in the programs for pupils who are physically handicapped; in the programs for pupils of limited ability (although the need is greater than the teachers and facilities available); in the broad offerings of Opportunity School to help adults in search of training and retraining; and in the national reputation of the Denver system as a forerunner in education.

There is also public concern. There is general concern about overcrowding; concern over the needs of pupils not truly interested in academic pursuits; concern about dropouts; concern for the adequacy of opportunity offered to the brilliant student; concern, widely found, that somehow, through the work of the Committee or otherwise, the rights of members of the majority culture freely to live and associate as they wish and to send their children to schools in their own community were in jeopardy; concern that Denver's residential patterns, however caused, result in unequal educational opportunity for minority children, particularly the Negro racial minority and the Spanish surnamed cultural minority.

It is with this last area of concern that the Committee, because of its charge, has been primarily concerned. There are two separate but interwoven problems. One is the problem of the education of the urban disadvantaged child; the other, the problem of the effect of racial segregation on the educational process. They are not the same problem but because of an apparent correlation of proportionately large numbers of minority racial (Negro) and ethnic

(Spanish-American) groups with the other factors which create the class of urban disadvantaged, the two are generally linked. Care must be taken not to confuse available solutions.

In common with every large city in America, Denver has an appreciable number of citizens who, by virtue of the nature of their lives and their environment, probably, under present conditions, will never be able to compete and to succeed in accordance with the standards of the dominant urban middle class culture, although they may have been entirely adequate and successful in their former, often rural, environment. Experience elsewhere would indicate that unless present trends are reversed, this group will increase numerically and will form a caste whose adult members tend to be permanently uneducated, unemployed and unemployable. Not only does this create a financial drain on the entire community, but it represents a tragic loss in human potential and productivity. These people differ totally among themselves in background and heritage but when exposed to the urban, mechanized, automated and competitive society of a metropolitan center, develop certain similar characteristics. They live crowded into the area of lowest real estate values; they lack skills with which to compete and the skills they have are no longer of value; they lack the ability to achieve according to the standards of the dominant culture; they lack motivation for traditional education; they lack satisfaction from personal achievement; they are the last hired and first fired; they are in short, disadvantaged.

In Denver, as in other northern cities, the urban disadvantaged group is made up of all races and ethnic backgrounds. A large part are Negroes from the rural South, who arrive unskilled, partially educated, burdened by traditions of legal inequality and unable to compete success-

fully. In common with most Negroes, they have experienced subtle or overt acts of discrimination throughout their lifetimes, with inevitable damage to the self image in both adults and children. While they have been exposed to the cultural background and standards of the majority, they have not realized its benefits and to them the principles of democracy may be far from its practices.

Perhaps a greater number of the urban disadvantaged are the Spanish surnamed from New Mexico and southern Colorado, brought to the area first as miners and agricultural workers and forced into the city by the closing of the mines, the seasonal nature of agricultural work and the increased mechanization of farms. These people and their ancestors have lived for more than three centuries in the small villages in the valleys and mountains of the upper Rio Grande. They bring to Denver value patterns and cultural characteristics which often interfere with adjustment to urban life and the values now dominant in an urban competitive society. For example, goals based upon the concept that worth depends upon the accumulation of property or money have little meaning to a people whose traditional and most valued characteristic is that of sharing with others what they may acquire.

The urban disadvantaged most frequently move to the older sections of town, where race, ethnic identity, language barriers, lack of motivation factors, lower educational standards, lack of skills and chronic unemployment combine to create a "culture of poverty" from which escape becomes most difficult. A child of whatever racial or ethnic background in such a culture, without fault of his own, usually adapts to the value characteristics of his neighborhood. While these value concepts are not generally the accepted values of the middle class majority culture, they do have strengths and characteristics upon which much can be built.

However, the public schools, basically reflecting the interest of the majority culture, have established standards, methods, vocabulary and procedures based upon the experiences and value characteristics of that culture, and with these the urban disadvantaged child cannot achieve. Predictably, unless the educational system to which this child is inducted recognizes and compensates for the factors which since his birth have affected him, he will inevitably be behind when he enters the system, will get further behind as he attempts to progress through it, will achieve significantly less from it, and in a disturbingly high percentage of instances will never complete the secondary educational program. Because of the Committee's particular charge and because of the high incidence of minority racial and ethnic composition in the urban disadvantaged in Denver, this report will necessarily deal at some length with the problems of this group.

Entirely apart from the problem of the disadvantaged child, there is in Denver real possibility of unequal educational opportunity because of the existence of clusters of minority racial (Negro) and ethnic (Spanish surnamed) groups within the city.

In a "neighborhood" school system one inevitable result of concentrations of races and ethnic groups because of housing patterns is concentrations of children in the schools into the same groups. There is abundant authority to the effect that such "de facto" separation in schools may result in educational inequalities, and there is in Denver wide belief among the racial and ethnic minorities that the schools to which their children go are in some way unequal. In addition, however, there is the fact that there is not available to many children (perhaps a majority of the total school population, regardless of race or ethnic background) the democratic experience of education with members of

other races and groups with which they will have to live and compete. The responsibility to eliminate or reduce this result where possible and to compensate for it where elimination is not possible by the removal of prejudice (whether based on color, ethnic or religious background, false values, or any other cause) must be the responsibility of the school to its pupils. This report will suggest ways in which this may be done.

Denver retains two major assets: Effective leadership still within the community and a framework of public opinion which has not yet polarized into opposite camps. These assets have been lost to other cities to the east and west where similar problems have existed and have not been met firmly and openly. So far, perhaps because of the relative smallness of the numbers involved, or perhaps because of the initiative taken by various local groups, there has not yet been the massive flight to the suburbs which has so often occurred and is now occurring in other major population centers. This has resulted in the retention within metropolitan Denver of responsible leadership in all of the various groups which make up the population of the City. Also, while areas of tension exist, the people of Denver are still communicating. There is time in which to find and apply reasonable solutions.

The Committee hopes that what follows will be of help in reminding Denver that while it has a fine school system it also has problems, in common with all other large urban areas, the solution of which must be accepted as the responsibility of the total community. As a functioning part of the total community, the schools will have a part to play.

THE COMMITTEE The Special Study Committee on Equality of Educational

Opportunity in the Denver Public Schools was created by resolution of the Board of Education on June 27, 1962.

Members of the Committee were selected by the Board from more than 500 names submitted by interested citizens and organizations and were formally appointed on November 7, 1962.

Formation of the Committee stemmed from proposals included in the School Administration's February 1962 Report to the Board on Pupil Population, School Boundaries, Pupil Transportation, and School Buildings to construct a new junior high school at 32nd and Colorado Boulevard and to continue certain optional boundary lines in the East-Manual high school area. Because the population which lives within the boundaries proposed for the school at 32nd and Colorado Boulevard is predominantly Negro, these proposals led to statements by some citizens that any such action by the Board would constitute "de facto" segregation of pupils and that this was forbidden under the United States and Colorado constitutions.

At several of its meetings in March, April and May, 1962, the Board of Education was urged to consider racial-ethnic factors in determining school boundaries, in locating new schools, and in other aspects of school operation. In addition, other evidence had reached the Board that throughout certain areas of Denver there was public concern over the educational opportunity offered to pupils of minority racial and ethnic groups. Appointment of a special study committee to include citizens of the community, was urged by groups representing many segments of the community, not only those immediately affected.

In creating the Special Study Committee, the Board of Education affirmed in its resolution that "all children within the District, regardless of racial or ethnic background, are equally entitled to the benefits of good education, and that to secure such benefits, the needs and aspiration of all children must be considered."

The Committee was charged to "study and report on the present status of educational opportunity in the Denver Public Schools, with attention to racial and ethnic factors in the areas of curriculum, instruction and guidance; pupils and personnel; buildings, equipment, libraries and supplies, administration and organization; school-community relations, and to recommend improvements in any or all of such specific areas."

The Committee which made this study and prepared this report was composed of a chairman, two vice-chairmen, three residents, not employed by the Denver Public Schools, from each of the eight high school areas of the District, and six professional staff members from the Denver Public Schools.

The members of the Committee, in addition to geographic diversity, also brought with them attitudes of the varied racial, ethnic, cultural and economic groups which form the total Denver community.

In the course of its study, the Committee invited all school employees and any interested organizations and citizens to write suggestions and comments relative to its area of inquiry. Nearly 200 letters were received and thoughtfully considered. Interviews were conducted with administrative personnel, with principals, teachers and non-teaching personnel, with parents, students and interested citizens. Elementary, junior and senior high schools were visited (including classroom visits) in all six general areas of the Denver school system. Reports from other cities where similar surveys had been conducted were studied. Consultants in the field, from Denver and from other parts of the country, spoke to and counseled with the Committee as a whole and with small groups. The school curriculum, its modifications, current pilot projects in instruction, text-

books and teaching materials and equipment were studied. Pertinent data in many areas were gathered and analyzed by the Committee. Open meetings were held in the eight high school districts in Denver, at which in excess of 2300 citizens expressed their views. A professional opinion research firm was employed to obtain information on community attitudes toward the schools. A summary of this report will be found commencing on Page 38 of the Appendix. Twenty-five meetings of the full Committee were held; 30 meetings of the steering committee were held; 132 meetings of individual subcommittees were held (not including countless interviews by individual members); and 87 visits in 62 different schools were made.

The Planning Services Department of the Denver Public Schools divides the school district into six areas. To compare data the same six areas have been used by the Committee. It must be noted that these area boundaries are based on elementary school districts so that, while junior and senior high schools are included in the areas where they are located geographically, such schools may draw pupils from beyond the area in which they are situated. Page (1) of the Appendix shows a map of these six areas and a detailed description of them commences at Page (9) of the Appendix.

The Committee is deeply grateful to the Denver Public Library and to the very many individuals and organizations who so unselfishly made available their help and counsel, without which this report would not have been possible.

In this area of the Committee's investigation, it has reviewed the principle of the "neighborhood" school and its application in the Denver school system; the method by which fixed but not unchangeable boundaries are established; the existence of optional areas of attendance; the

transfer of pupils; and the use of pupil transportation at School District expense.

Boundaries

As used in this report, the "neighborhood school" is a school which is more or less centrally located within an area bounded by definite lines which children within that area are expected to attend. The report will discuss the policies which in the past have governed the establishment of school boundaries and the location of schools in Denver and will suggest additional policies which now are applicable. However, the basic principle of neighborhood schools is the prescribing of a clearly defined geographic area, determined by considerations which best serve the interests of all of the pupil population. The neighborhood school principle should not, however, be used to freeze school boundaries and changing conditions will require periodic review and revision of established boundaries.

The Committee generally endorses the application of the neighborhood school concept in the organization of the Denver school system, not because it is traditional in the American school system or because it has been adhered to in the past in Denver but because in the Committee's opinion an objective evaluation of the benefits and predictable results outweigh deficiencies when compared with other methods of assigning pupils to schools. Among such benefits are rational distribution of the school population, convenience to the child in getting to and from the school, a close home and school relationship between parents and teachers, placement of pupils in relation to maximum use of school plants.

The Committee is fully aware that the composition of the school population within any attendance areas tends to be

homogeneous in all American cities, and its investigations confirm that in Denver this occurs in a substantial number of individual school areas, particularly at the elementary level. In approving the continued adherence to the neighborhood school principle, the Committee emphasizes that it should never be used deliberately as a device to contain or restrict any ethnic or racial group.

In administering the allocation of pupils to schools under a neighborhood school plan, it is axiomatic that the reasons and policies which dictate how boundaries are drawn and maintained are all important. The Denver Board of Education has no written policy governing the setting of boundaries; however, the Committee was given the following unofficial summary of rules and procedures which currently govern decisions regarding boundaries and which are apparently well known to and followed by those charged with this duty:

There is every evidence that these rules and procedures have been followed carefully and without prejudice in the granting of transfers. Approvals are granted only where exceptional circumstances, within these rules, permit an exception to the principle that each student should attend his own neighborhood school. Once such a transfer has been approved, the circumstances are reviewed annually to verify that the condition which resulted in transfer still applies.

During 1963, 122 transfers to a school other than the one in the district in which they live were approved for elementary school pupils (less than 2/10 of one per cent of the total pupils); 29 for junior and senior high school students (less than 7/100 of one per cent of the total pupils).

The Committee finds itself generally in accord with the rules governing pupil transfer which are being followed by Denver school administrators. It recognizes fully the need

for keeping tight control of any exceptions to the rules which govern the administration of the neighborhood school principle.

Nevertheless, there appears to be a possibility of continuing firm control of transfers while permitting a flexibility of individual choice.

The open enrollment plan as recommended would provide that at stated intervals (probably annually toward the close of the school year in the Denver system) all schools would be reviewed to determine their student population as compared with their student capacity. Those schools having a previously stated percentage (90% is working well in Detroit) of population to capacity would be declared as open schools. Such a plan of open enrollment has been used in other communities, with reported success.

The names and location of the open schools would be publicized widely before the end of the current school year, giving the number of enrollments outside its own boundaries which would be permitted for each school. Children from any place within the Denver School District would be permitted to request enrollment in those schools, with acceptance on a first-come, first-served basis. Such transfers would be permitted for each school until its previously established quota had been met, or until a previously announced date in the new school year had been reached.

Under this type of transfer, and this type only, no reason for the requested transfer would be expected or required. Students taking advantage of this open enrollment would be required to furnish their own transportation.

#### RECOMMENDATION ON PUPIL TRANSFERS

The Board of Education should supplement its present transfer policy by the adoption of a plan of limited open

#### 2011a.

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

enrollment generally in accordance with the procedures discussed above. The plan adopted by the school system in Detroit is suggested as a model.

Transportation At the present time, students are of Students transported at District expense only under certain circumstances.

The extent of transportation of students in the current year, together with the reasons for such transportation, is given in the following summary. Except for students at Boettcher School, no high school students are transported:

	No.	No.
		Junior High
${f Reason}$	$\operatorname{Pupils}$	$\mathbf{Pupils}$
From overcrowded schools to those with available capacity	183	0
From newly annexed areas which do not have any schools	1,552	436
From Lowry Field	331	129
From within own school sub-district where required traveling distance (possibly allowing for unusual safety hazards) is over $\frac{3}{4}$ mile for elementary pupils or $\frac{1}{2}$ miles for		
junior high pupils	1,493	3,270
To Boettcher School	102	59 (senior high pupils included)

The Committee believes that the transportation of students is sometimes necessary but is never desirable because, among other disadvantages, it involves considerable added costs, inconveniences to pupils and parents, particularly in emergency or illness, inability of the pupil to enter into extra-curricular activities, and difficulty in promoting close contacts with parents.

1

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

Transportation of pupils for the sole purpose of integrating school populations is regarded by the Committee as impractical.

#### RECOMMENDATION ON PUPIL TRANSPORTATION

Transportation of pupils should be regarded as an expedient rather than as a solution to problems, including the problem of racial imbalance in the schools.

Optional Areas are defined as specific geographic areas in

which the students who reside therein have a free choice to attend either one or the other of two schools designated to serve such area. The Committee finds that optional areas, once established for whatever reason, have a tendency to continue after the reasons which caused them to be formed cease to exist. In recent years, however, existing optional areas have been reduced and at the present time, after the boundary changes which were made effective in September, 1962, only the following optional areas remain:

### A. High Schools\*

Manual-North, Manual-East (two areas), East-Washington

### B. Junior High Schools\*\*

Smiley-Cole

<sup>\*</sup> Appendix page 7. Map of Senior High School Boundaries and Optional Areas.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Appendix page 6. Map of Junior High School Boundaries and Optional Areas.

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

#### C. Elementary Schools\*\*\*

Columbine-Harrington, Park Hill-Stedman, Lincoln-McKinley

The advantages of establishing fixed geographic areas for all schools have been discussed and are recognized by the Committee, subject only to the adoption of a limited open enrollment policy and the continuation of the transfer policies now in effect. The use of optional areas forms no part of rational administration of the system for fixing boundaries which the Committee has recommended.

#### RECOMMENDATION ON OPTIONAL AREAS

All optional areas should be fully eliminated at the earliest possible date.

2. The Board should adopt a written policy recognizing that the Denver school system necessarily deals with pupils of different racial, ethnic, economic and cultural backgrounds. To accomplish equality in the application of the education process, sensitivity to, and the practice of, good human relations at all levels is required.

- 3. The administration should formulate by the end of the current school year a program of inservice human relations training, making use of applicable and available resources, both in the community and from outside.
- 4. All teachers and all other school personnel should complete such program without delay, with priority

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Appendix Map 1. Six Areas Based on Elementary School Boundaries.

to be given to personnel assigned to schools containing substantial numbers of culturally disadvantaged pupils.

5. The administration should continue to cooperate with universities and colleges in promoting seminars in the field of human relations for teachers and other school personnel. These seminars should include materials drawn from intergroup relations, sociology, anthropology, psychology and other behavioral sciences.

Assignment and Teachers employed by the Denver Transfer of Teachers Public Schools are on probationary status for the first three years. After three years of successful experience, teachers achieve tenure status. During the probationary period the teacher's services are appraised twice each year, and if during this period a teacher is found to be unsatisfactory, he is "counseled out" and the usual result is that such teachers leave at the end of two years. The administration does not assure any particular assignment and reserves its prerogative to place the new teacher where it deems advisable.

Changes of assignment (transfers) are now governed by Policy 1617A effective April 1, 1963 (Appendix pages 31-34).

The Committee has seen no evidence that the administration has made any effort to appeal to qualified teachers to consider assignment or transfer to schools in areas largely populated by culturally disadvantaged children. It does appear that the percentage of teachers on probationary status in such schools may be higher than the percentage of such teachers in other areas.\*

<sup>\*</sup> Appendix page 35, Study of Teacher Status—Elementary and Secondary Schools.

In the earlier part of this section of its report, the Committee has discussed various means to make more effective the educational process in schools largely attended by culturally disadvantaged children. These practices (small class sizes, use of teacher aides, reduction in administrative duties and human relations training) appear to the Committee to be incentives which should be used to implement the challenge to professional teachers to succeed in such assignment, so as to induce qualified teachers to seek assignment to such schools. An affirmative recognition of the value of such service by the Board and the administration would also help.

While precise statistics are not available, the Committee believes that almost all of Denver Negro teachers were initially assigned to schools having a high proportion of Negro students. A few have been transferred to other schools. There is now at least one Negro teacher in each senior high school except for Manual which has eleven. Nine out of thirteen junior high schools have one or more Negro teachers, and Cole has thirty-three. One or two Negro teachers have been placed in each of seven elementary schools other than those which contain large numbers of Negro children.\*

Spanish surname teachers are fewer in number than Negro teachers and the housing pattern of people of Spanish-American background is more dispersed. However, it does appear that relatively few Spanish surnamed teachers have been assigned to areas where there are few or no residents with Spanish-American background.

As a result of its interviews the Committee is convinced that race has been relevant in the assignment of teachers.

<sup>\*</sup>Appendix page 36, Estimate of Distribution of Teachers of Minority Background.

It appears that the administration has been extremely reluctant to place Negro and Spanish-American teachers in predominantly white schools because of concern with a possible lack of acceptance on the part of a white neighborhood and a realistic assessment of the possible lack of support by some principals and faculties.

The Committee also has found evidence that some teachers are assigned and transferred without regard for their training for the particular grade. Because secondary teaching calls for certain definite skills and elementary teaching for others, the teaching process at all levels can suffer from this practice. This would be particularly true in the education of culturally disadvantaged children.

# RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO TEACHER ASSIGNMENT AND TRANSFER

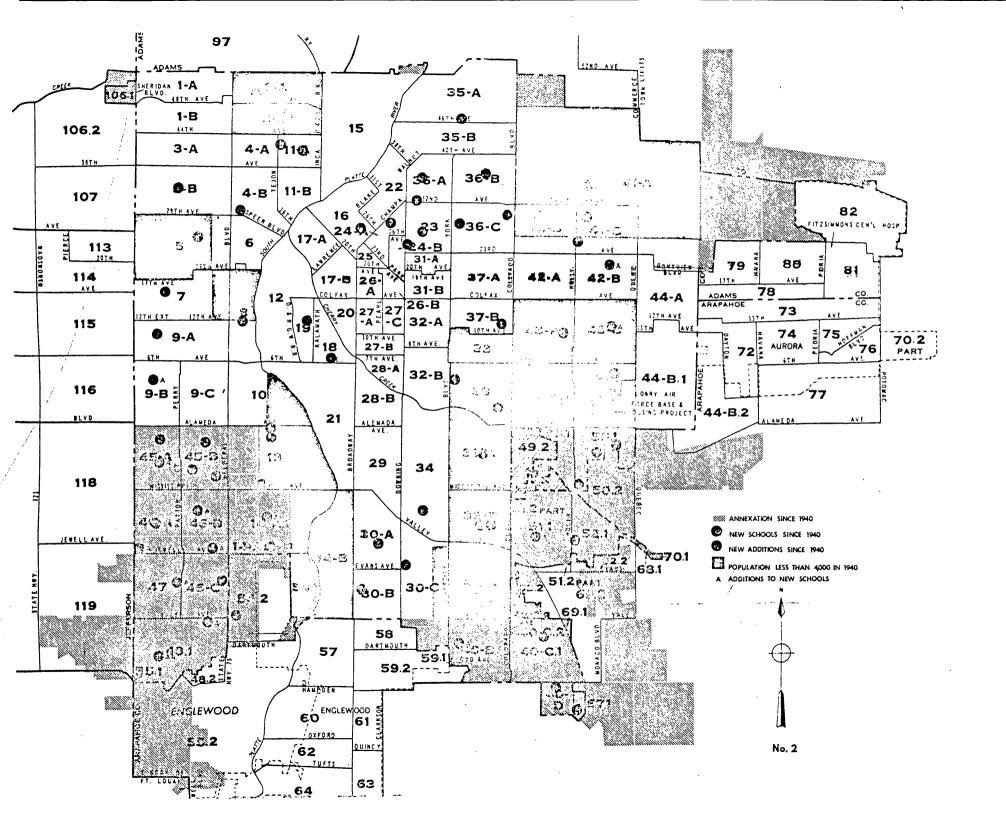
- 1. The Board of Education should establish and enforce a policy that qualified teachers of minority background will be assigned throughout the system.
- 2. The constructive policy of the Superintendent's office in establishing written transfer policies should be continued.
- 3. All transfer policies should be reviewed annually by the Board and by the administration.
- 4. School principals should communicate with the particular administrative official who actually makes assignment decisions in regard to transfer and assignment of teachers into and out of their schools. Teachers should be encouraged to undertake the same type of conference with such administrator. Principals, however, should not have final authority to accept or reject any teacher assignment or transfer.

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

- 5. After a transitional period during which the other recommendations of this Committee are implemented, particularly with respect to training in human relations, no teacher (probationary or permanent) should be assigned to teach in a school containing substantial numbers of culturally disadvantaged children unless his preparation, experience, and/or personal qualifications demonstrate the probability that he will be successful in teaching culturally disadvantaged children.
- 6. A systematic program should be established by the administration to encourage teachers to teach in schools attended by culturally disadvantaged children and to emphasize affirmatively the personal rewards and satisfactions gained by teachers who work in such schools.
- 7. In policy statements adopted by the Board and by the administration, it should be made clear that teacher preference as to assignment is subordinate to other criteria and that each qualified teacher in the system is expected to be able to teach and to be prepared to teach in any school where the administration thinks he can be most effective.
- 8. Teachers should be assigned or transferred to the elementary or secondary schools with major consideration given to their qualifications for teaching at a certain level.
- 9. So that this will not be used as an excuse for careless placement or perpetuation of assignments contrary to these recommendations, the residence of a teacher should have nothing to do with his assignment except in unusual cases.

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

(Map)





#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20

#### Appendix-19

## SUMMARY OF POPULATION GROWTH CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER

#### AND

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1

#### Population—City and County of Denver

1940 Census	322,412
1950 Census	415,786
1960 Census	493,887

#### Comparison of Population by Census Tracts

Core area—composed of those census tracts each of which had a population of at least 4,000 persons in the 1940 census.

1950	Census	273,279
1960	Census	256 240

Decrease of 17,039

Sparcely populated areas within City and County of Denver—composed of those twelve census tracts each of which had a population less than 4,000 persons in the 1940 census.

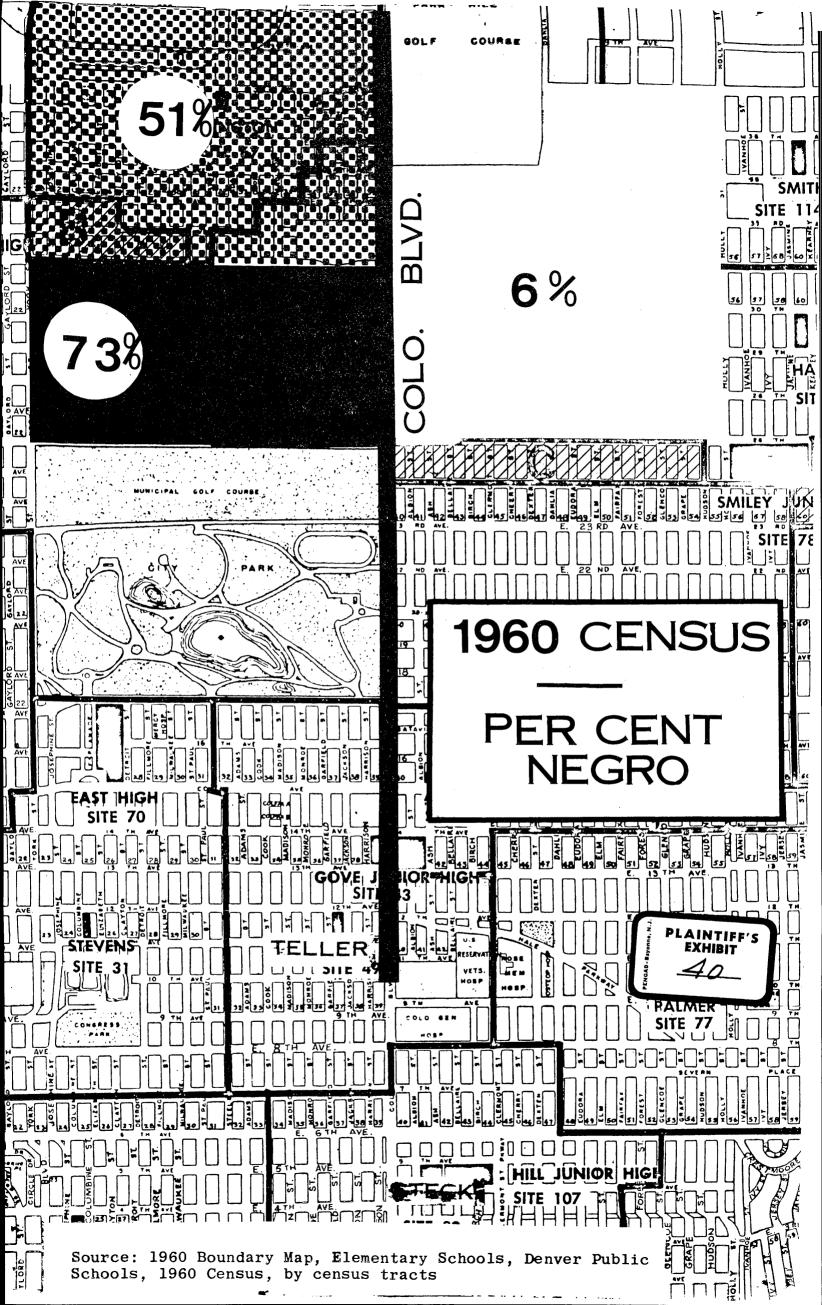
1950	Census	103,403
1960	Census	130.277

Increase of 26,874

Annexed areas since 1940—listed in 1960 census.

1950 Census	17,553 (Many tracts listed
1960 Census	97,497 "no population")
	Increase of 79,944

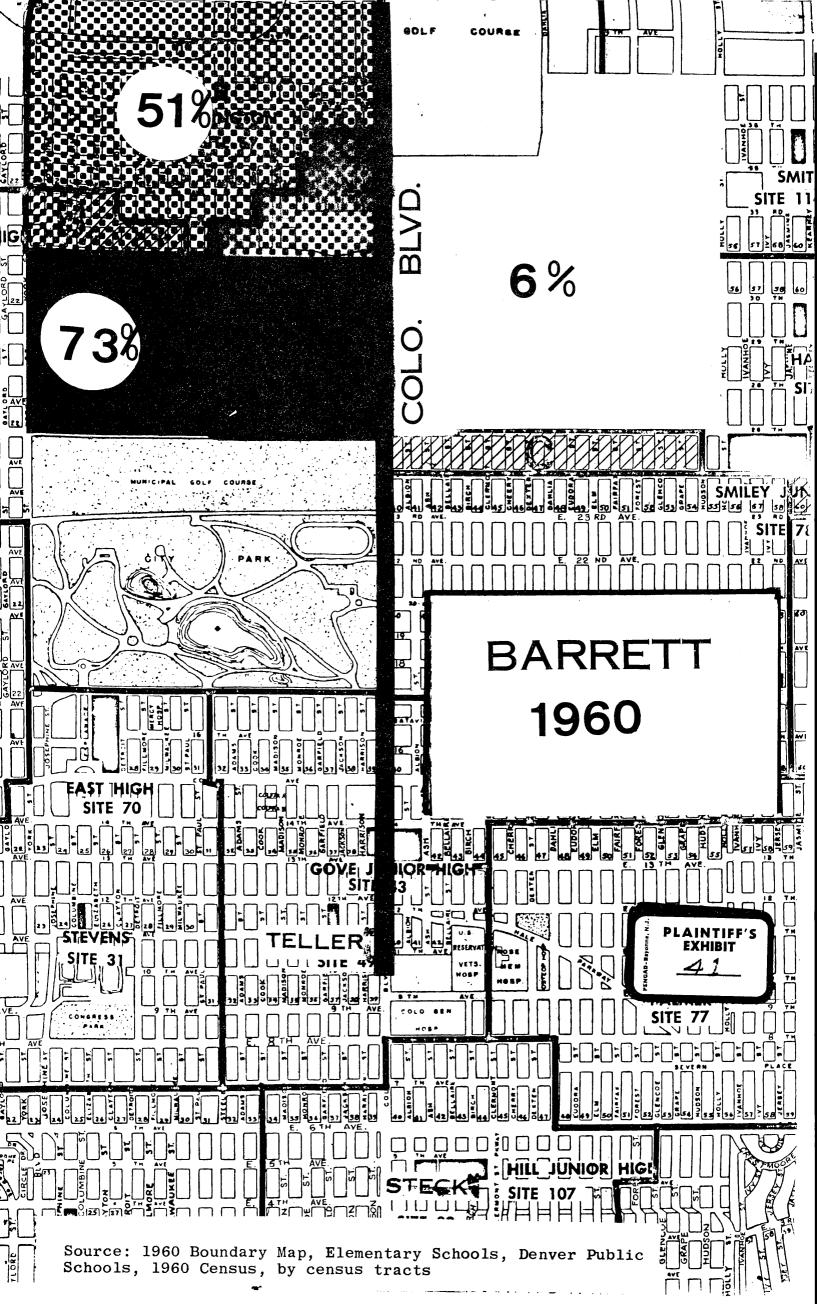
<sup>\*</sup> Based on 51 census tracts for which data is available at Denver Planning Office. Population Report by Denver Planning Board 1962.



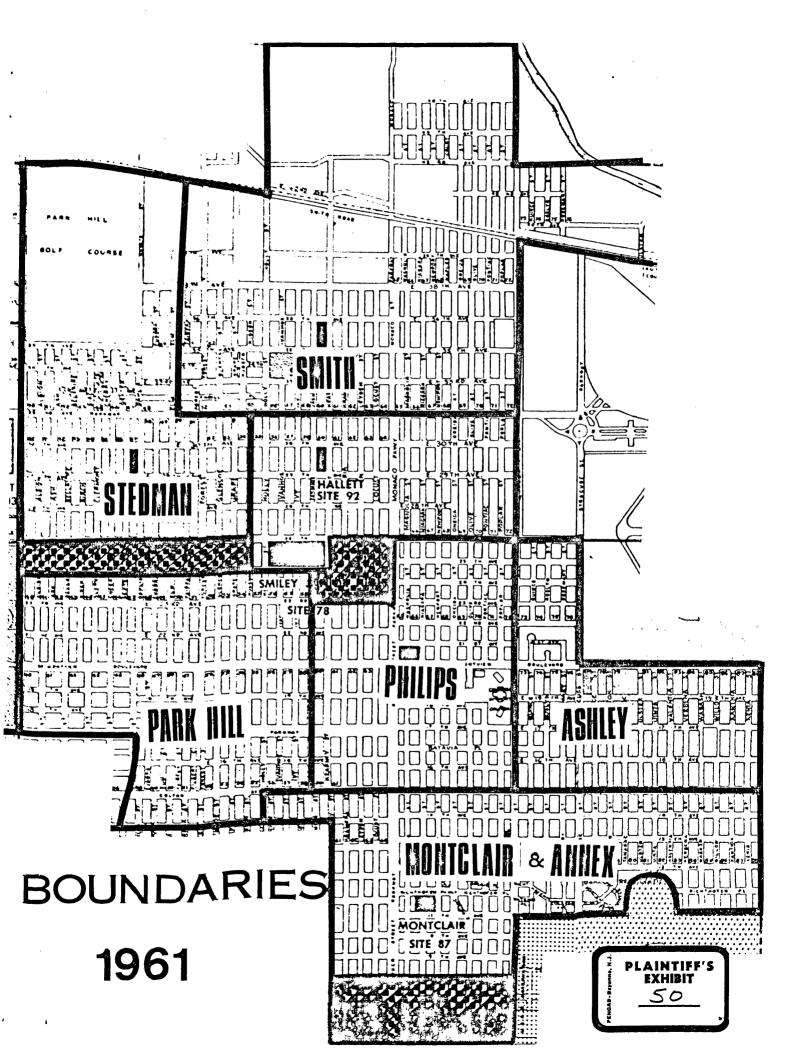


# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 40 (Map, Barrett 1960 Census, Percent Negro)

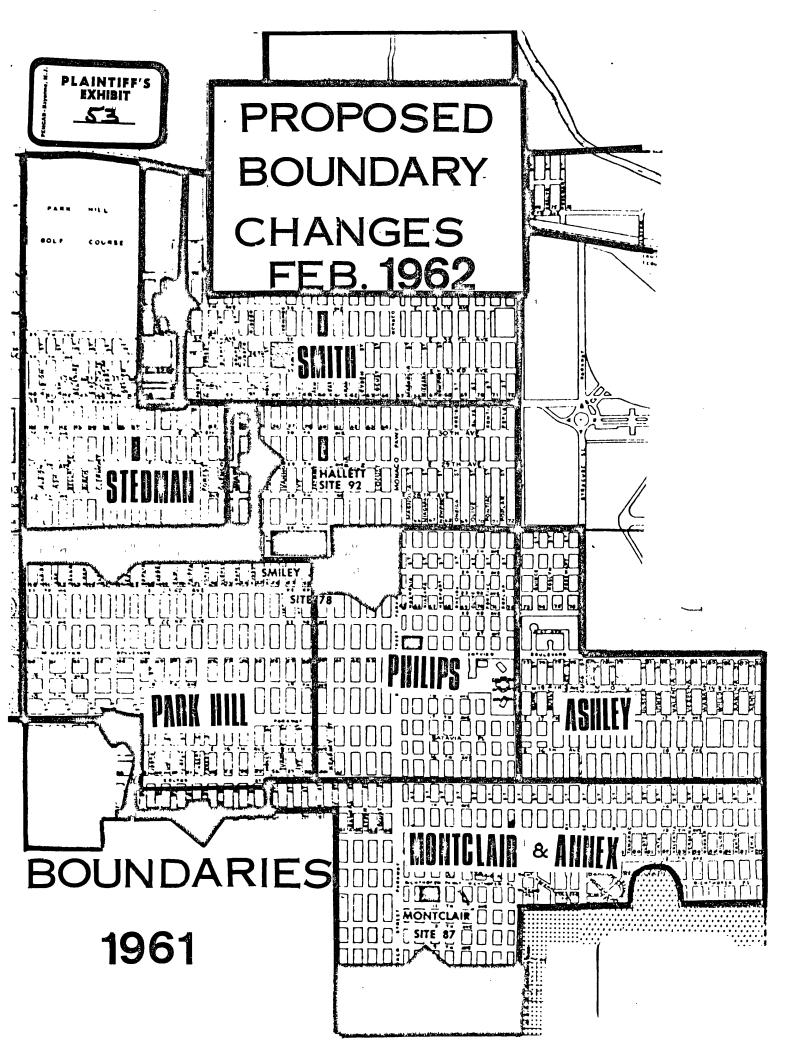
# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 41 (Map, Overlay Barrett 1960—Copy Over No. 40)

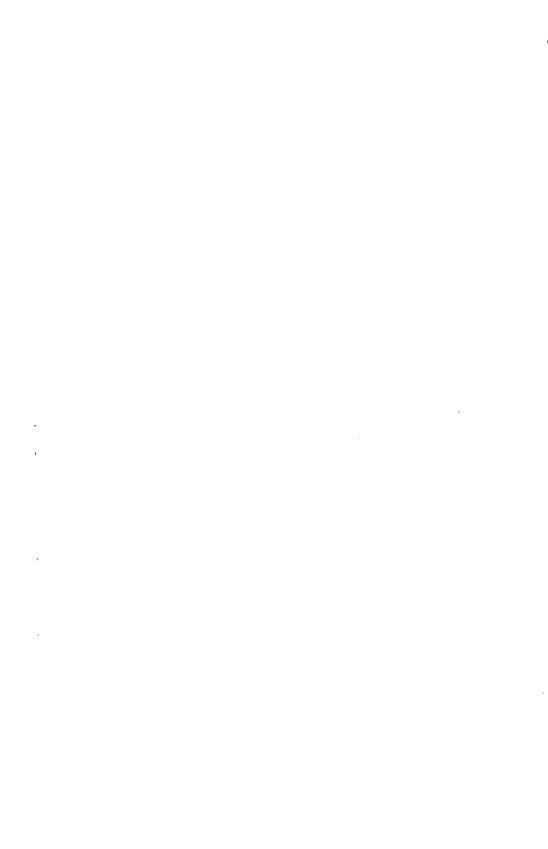


Plaintiffs' Exhibit 50 (Map, 1961 Boundaries)

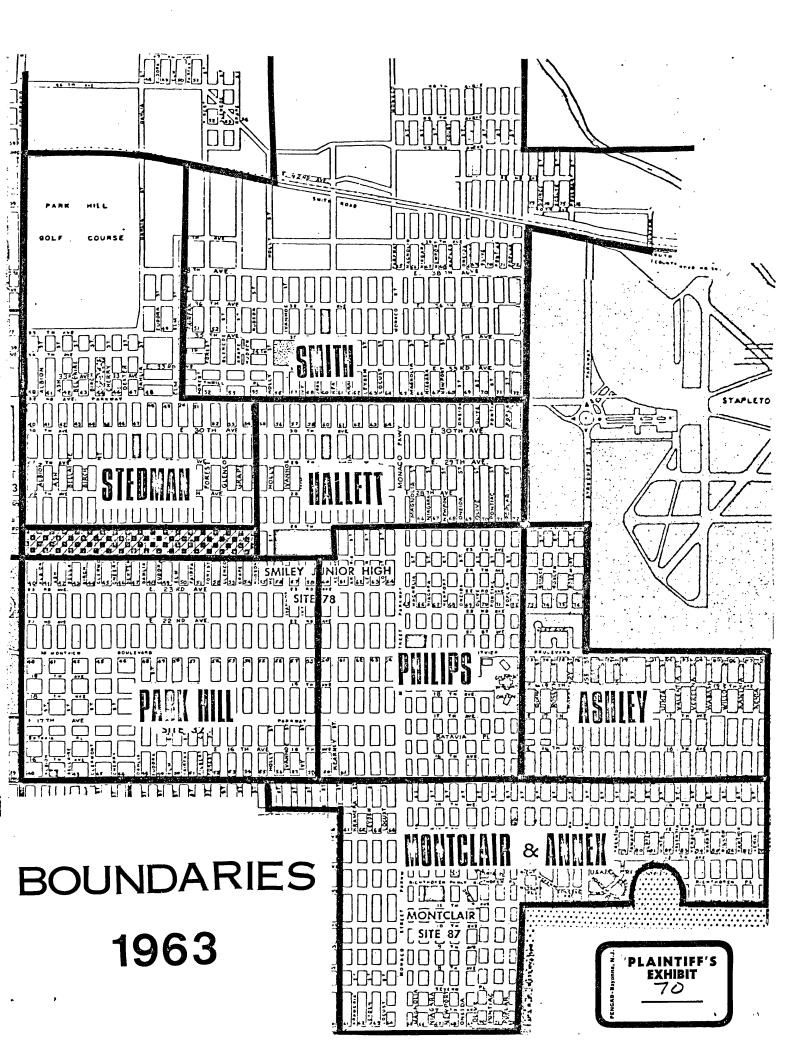


# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 53 (Map, Overlay of No. 50, Proposed Boundary Changes, Feb. 1962)

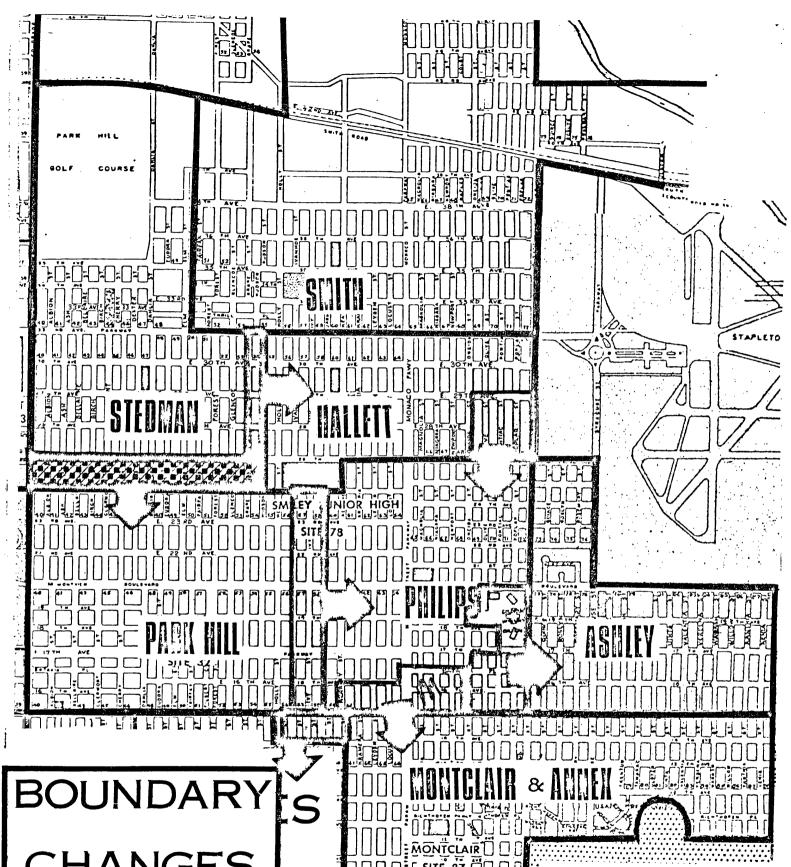




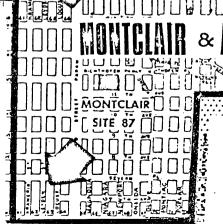
Plaintiffs' Exhibit 70 (Map, Boundaries 1963)



## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 71 (Map, Overlay of No. 70, Boundary Changes 1964)



**CHANGES** 1964







#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 87

(Eligible Open Enrollment Elementary Schools— Office of Asst. Supt. for Personnel Services)

## Denver Public Schools Office of the Assistant Superintendent for Personnel Services

#### ELIGIBLE OPEN ENROLLMENT ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

Following are the elementary schools and grade levels now designated for possible limited open enrollment for September, 1968. These schools are listed upon the best information we have on this date.

Acceptance of pupils on limited open enrollment must depend upon actual enrollment in classes on Wednesday, September 4, 1968.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN HIGH SCHOO	L AREA	MANUAL HIGH SCHOOL AREA	
none		Crofton Elementary School	
EAST HIGH SCHOOL AREA	•	Kindergarten First grade	10 15
Ellsworth Elementary	School	Second grade	2
- Anderson	**************************************	Third grade	5
Kindergarton	5	Fifth grade	2 5
First grade	5	Sixth grade	5
Emerson Elementary Sch	0001	Ebert Elementary School	
Kindergarten	2	Kindergarten	5
First grade	8	First grade	6
Second grade	8	Second grade	1
Third grade	4	•	
Fifth grade	2	Gilpin Elementary School	
Sixth grade	2		
		Kindergarten	20
Evans Elementary School	<u>01</u>	First grade	5 5
		Sixth grade	5
Kindergarten	10		
First grade	5	Wyatt Elementary School	
Third grade	3		
Fifth grade	3	Kindergarten	32
Sixth grade	3		
		NORTH HIGH SCHOOL AREA	
Harrington Elementary	School .		
		Beach Court Elementary Sch	001
Kindergarten	. 5		
		Kindergarten	20
GEORGE WASHINGTON HIGH SCH	OOL AREA		
McMeen Elementary Sch	o <u>01</u>	Smedley Elementary School	
		Kindergarton	30
Sixth grade	10	-	

JOHN F. KENNEDY HIGH SCHOOL AREA

#### William Ramera Construction Salvage

#### Knight Eleventary School

Kindergarten 12

#### Rosedale Elementary School

Fourth grade 2 Fifth grade 6

#### Woshington Park Elementary School

First grade 7
Second grade 12
Third grade 8

#### THOM C JEFFERSON HIGH SCHOOL AREA

none

#### WEST HIGH SCHOOL AREA

#### Alameda Elementary School

Kindergarten 15

#### Elmuood Elementary School

Kindergarten 10
First grade 15
Second grade 10
Third grade 5
Fourth grade 5
Fifth grade 5
Sixth grade 5

#### Sherman Elementary School

Kindergarten 10

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### Denver Public Schools Office of the Assistant Superintendent for Personnel Services

#### ELIGIBLE OPEN ENROLLMENT SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Following are the secondary schools now designated for possible limited open enrollment for September, 1968. These schools are listed upon the best information we have on this date on the basis of anticipated membership as related to the capacity of the building.

Acceptance of pupils on limited open enrollment must depend upon actual enrollment in classes on Wednesday, September 4, 1968.

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS	
Baker Junior High School	20
Cole Junior High School	150
Grant Junior High School	35
Kepner Junior High School	225
Kunsmiller Junior High School	45
Lake Junior High School	10
Morey Junior High School	150
SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS	
East High School	35
Manual High School	35
West High School	50

## Denver Public Schools Office of the Assistant Superintendent for Personnal Services

#### TOTAL ELIGIPLE LIMITED OPEN ENROLLMENT SPACES

Elementary Schools		1968-1969
Kindergarten First grade Second grade Third grade Fourth grade Fifth grade Sixth grade	186 66 33 25 7 18 30	·
Total Elementary	•	365
Junior High Schools		635
Senior High Schools		120
	TOTAL	1120

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 89

(Some Predominantly Anglo Elem. Schools— Office of Supt. for Personnel Services)

# SOME PREDOMINANTLY ANGLO ELFMENTERY SCHOOLS WITH YO AVAILABLE OPENINGS FOR LIMITED OPEN ENPOLHMENT, 1968

SCHOOL	L. O. E. OPENINGS	NUMBER OF STUDENTS UNDER CAPACITY	PERCENT ANGLO ENFOLLMENT	NO. ANGLOS BUSSED	NO. NEGRIES NISSED
Montclair and Annex	0	22	95	259	<b>o</b> .
Pitts	0	16	99	103	0
Corry	0	6	91	. 155	0
Ellis	. 0	94	98	5	Э
Denison	0	21	88	1,38	0 .
Traylor	0	32	97	17	0
Asbury	0,	93	89	86	30
Slavens	0	26	95	135	33
Carson	0	120	<b>2</b> 3	68	55
Goldrick	0	52	<b>8</b> A	103	ď
				;a	
TOTALS	. 0	482	93	1071	121

SOURCE: Denver Public Schools, Office of the Assistant Superintendent for Personnel Services, May 1, 1969

Elementary Principals Report to Planning Services, September 9, 1963

Division of Personnel Services, Estimated Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, September 20, 1967

### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 90

(Limited Open Enrollment Space in Predom. Negro or Hispano Elem. Schools, 1968—Asst. Supt.)

LINITID OPEN ENROLLMENT SPACE IN

# PREDOMINANTLY NEGRO OR HISPANO

### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS, 1968

<u>80 î00î.</u>	L. O. E. OPENINGS	NUMBER OF STUDENTS UNDER- (OVER) CAPACITY	PERCENT ANGLO ENROLLMENT	ANGLOS BUSSED	NEGROFS BUSSED
Crofton	39	81	5.	0.	0
Ebert	12	87	12	0	0
Gilpin	30	33	3	. 0	0
Lyutt	32	18	2	0	0
Ha <i>r</i> rington	5	16	5	0	0
 Smodley	30	(25)	38	0	0
El: wood	55	66	16	0	0
TODAL	203	270	12	0	0

SOURCE: Deriver Public Schools, Office of the Assistant SuperIntendent for Personnel Services, May 1, 1969

Elementary Principals Report to Planning Services, September 9, 1968

Division of Personnel Services, Estimated Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, September 23, 1967



#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 97

(Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Elem. Schools, Sept. 23, 1968—Div. Personnel Svcs.)

# Donvor Public Schools Division of Personnel Services

## ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS

# EIEMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 23, 1968

		111	SHIMIANI SCHOO	A CONTINUOUS 239	±90.0		
School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asian Derivation	American Indian	Others	Toval Pupils
Alameda	135	ı	119	0 .	5	O	263
Alcott	472	21	66	i	Ō	Ö	580
Asbury	- 480	31	21	8	0	Ö	540
Lah Grove	784	31 5	1	Q	0	· 2	203
Ashland	236	ō	367	E	C	O	603
Ashley	472	35	32	IJ.	0	i)	550
Barnum	608 -	ī.	261	C	. 0	C	870
Barrett	1	410	8	<u>1</u>	0	0	423
Beach Court	= 281;	23	128	0	2	O	447
Belmont	- 205	0	80	0,	0	0	235
Berkeley	341	5	1,8	1	0 .	0	395
Bosttchor & Hospit		15	25	1	. 0	0	161
Eoulevard	- 90	Ó	300	0	· C	0	. 390
Bradley	983	3	. 6 .	l	. 5	0.	998
Bromwell.	- 301	1). 2 5	9	3	0	0	327
Brown	432	2	200	19	1;	Q	707
Bryant-Webster	184	5	621	9	l	2	622
Carson	568	42	5 ·	10	4	. 0	629
Chaltenham	301	42 27	443	8	9	2	790
Colfax	220 '	1	31;9	. 2	5	5	382
Collega View	1:67	2	159	0	3	0	631 .
Columbian	31.5	0	171	0	2	O	518
Columbine	6	908	40	3	Ο.	0	957
Cory	<i>51</i> <sub>1</sub> 2	30	18	. 5 .	0	0	595
Corell	- 323.	2	155	3	Ο ·	0	483
Crofton	_ IJ₁	<b>10</b> 8	154	. 3	0	. 0	. 279
Donis <b>cn</b>	482	ì	65	2	0	0	550
Doull	921	13	40	- ?	0	O	981
Eagleton	190	14	140 283	6	, 2	0	485
Ebart	39	95	197	2	0	0	333
Edison	39 608	1	152	0	0	0	761
Ellis	<b>- 791</b>	0	11	14	0	0	805
Ellewarth	- 160	1.	6	7	0	0	1?7

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT S

				. 2 -			
School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asian Derivation	American Indian	Others	Total Pup
Elmwood	60	1	318	. 0	5 ′	()	
Elyria	<u>1.7</u>	3	70	. ē	ć	• 0	364 33.
Emerson	- 251	3	ÉÌ	<u>.</u> !1	28	•	المسلم
Evers	- 121:	50	70 51. 76	4. 1	, i ()	0	384 325 328 252 601
Fairmont	115	, ),	485	٠	<u>.</u>	Ç	252
Fairvion	108	75	629	0	0	Ó	Gijî.
Fallis	- 391	2		U	13	0	825
Force	744	<b>2</b> 5	. 0	2	0	0	395
Garden Place	74 <del>4</del>		85	. 0	6	ο.	862
Gilpin	11:3	199	447	3	11	0	දිරට
Godsman	` 20	<b>28</b> 2.	319	. ك	0	1	627
Godsman Goldrick	483	0	80	0	1	0	564
	_ 668	0	125	O	. 0	Ö	793
Greenlee	193	<b>25</b> 2 .	<b>5</b> 50	5 '	20	, o	1010
Gust	<i>?5</i> 4 .	0	55 26	1	0 .	Ó	813
Hallett '	76	634	28	13	Ô	0	ל בנים מר
Harrington	23	, 435	• 85	īo ´	. 2	0	751
Johnson	- 672	0	,111	0	2	C C	560
Mapp	1,57	7	347	)		O .	783
Kni <sub>e</sub> ht	632	2	<i>)</i> 41	4	6	0	1.83
Lincoln	512	7	. يې	· 3	. 0	0	· 61:0
McKinley	- 225	16	75	<b>6</b>	. 0	. 0	594
Kokoen	22.7	70 '	43	4	1	0	289
Mitchell	- 839		19	7	O	O	594 269 866
	8	<b>7</b> 26	253.	4	0	. 0	989
Montbello	21,2	13	15	. 9	1	. 0	200
Montelair	કંઈ્8 🗸	16	20	8	2	Ö	634
Montclair Annex	158	3	. 0	0	. 0	Ď.	. 151
Moore	. 460	48	52	ġ.	15	0 .	580
Munros	2.1	3	277	. 1	),	0	526
Newlon	1:69	· C	260	· 8	7	Ö	71:1:
Palmer	- 442	01.	C ·	7	· •		100
Park Hill	981† - 1 <sup>†</sup>  15	24 223	38	78	<u> </u>	0	7:25
Forry	- 64	0	28 ·	<u>1</u> 8 0	, 0	0	953
Philips .	= 04 = 307		38 38 29	0	. 0	Ō	102
Pitts	- 429	203	29	16	0	0	1,82 963 102 555 1,34
2 cmin min	7 44Y	2 17	0 -	3	0	0	1,34
Remington	11:6	17	. 224	0	3	0 .	390
Rosedale	354	3	85	2	7	o .	390 LL8
Sabin	- 1262	0	31,	7	0	. 0	1303
Schenck	638	l	86	1.	. 6	Ŏ	735
Schnitt	638 622	· 3	5/٢	$\vec{7}$	ĭ	O.	727
Sherman	- 267	ō ·	$\vec{7}$	3	<u>,                                     </u>	,	735 727 348
Sherman	- 267	0	22l; 85 3l; 86 9l; <b>7</b> l	3	<u> 4</u> .	Ö	بَلْدُ

•

	•			<b>-</b> 3 <b>-</b>		·	
Social	Anglo	Nemo	ids ano	Asian Derivation	Americac Indian	Cthe	Total Pup ls
Slavens Smedley Smith Stock Stechan Steele Stevens Swansca Teller Thatcher Traylor University Park Valvords Washington Park Westwood Miteman Mittier Wyatt	633 256 31 - 353 - 27 - 424 297 240 346 - 346 - 346 537 - 7 6 119	33 55 1011 631; 33 147 34 58 14 39 30 23 149 818 201 11,0	0 411 27 4 20 38 32 383 30 62 15 5 227 8 403 16 43 223 122	1687545200513438006	0502001	0000000000	667 685 1097 42.6 50.5 1000 51.6 50.5 775 61.0 869 432 398
Totals	33,678	8,304	., 986	403	3	2.	54,576

•

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# Donver Public Schools Division of Personnel Gervices

# ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS

# SECONDARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 23, 1968

School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asian Derivation	American Indian	Others	Made 7 David
Junior High	AH ELO	NOELO	modam	Delivation	TUTTALL	Others	Total Pupi
Baker Byers Colo Gove Grant Hill Kepner Kunsmiller Lake Mann Merrill Morey Rishel	136 1053 46 561 696 1685 1016 1544 675 452 1550 237 939	89 7 884 164 37 26 24 5 41 64 5 427 3	646 65 271 23 76 23 395 151 606 553 12 156 305	0 11 15 15 15 2 8 .13 12 8 6 3	13 2 3 1 3 0 0 1 1 9 3 1 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$84 1133 1219 754 815 1753 1437 1709 1336 1090 1578 838 1250
Skinner	929	o i	290	3	. 0	ŏ	1222
Smiley	367	1112	57	3 15	. 2	ŏ	1553
Totals	11,886	2,888	3,629	123	50	0	18,576
Senior High				•			
Abraham Lincoln East George Washingt John F. Kennedy Manual North South Thomas Jefferso West	1409 2823 2577 78 1802 2330	6 1039 8li 0 1200 5 6 10 97 2,447	425 151 25 86 250 896 325 8 830	6 20 10 4 50 25 2 6 7	3 4 0 0 0 2 6 2 13	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	2851 2623 29\12 2667 1578 2730 2670 3276 2CS8
Totals-Jr. & Sr.	29,707	5,335	6,625	253	80	1	42,001

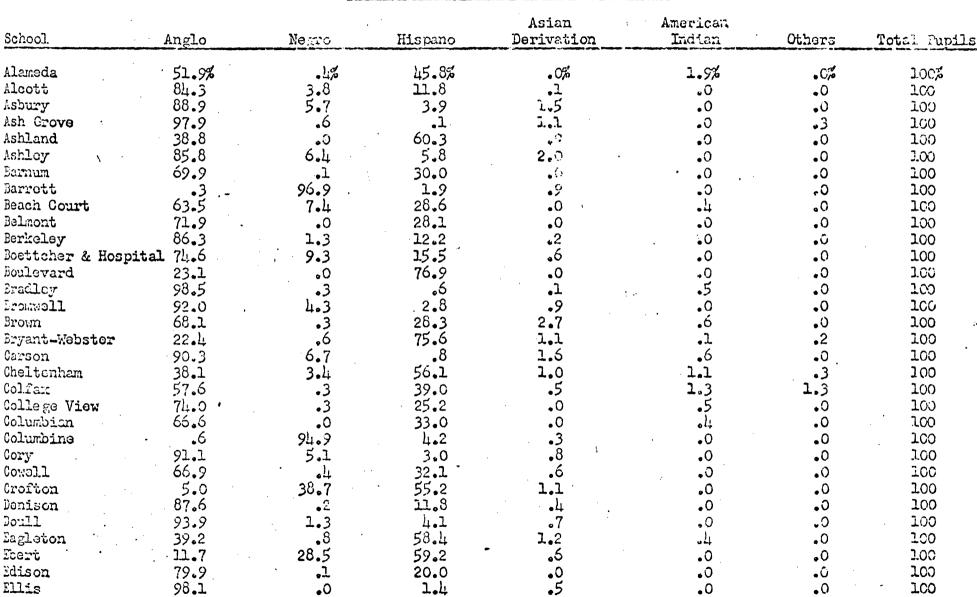
#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 98

(Est. Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Elem. Schools, (Percentages), Sept. 23, 1968—Div. Pers. Svcs.)

# Donver Public Schools Division of Personnel Services

#### ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS (PERCENTAGES)

### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 23, 1968



3.4

3.9

Ellsworth

90.4



.0

.0

100

		•					
••				_ 2 _			
School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asien Derivation	American Indian	Others	Total Puri
Elyria Exerson Evens Fairwiew Fairwiew Failis Force Garden Place Gilpin Godsman Goldrick Greenles Gust Hallett Harrington Johnson Knapp Knight Lincoln McKinley McNeen Mitcholl Montbella Montclair Montclair Montclair Montclair Montclair Montclair Montclair Montclair Fark Hill Perry Philips Pitts Ramington osedale Sabin ichenck chmitt herman	15.6% 26.05 29.1 19.1	21.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	82.8% 15.6 15.6 10.8	1.0050003 1.40050003 1.588055048 1.809091159097055609	1.02.09.003.07.003.068.02.00.08.908.1		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100

School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asian Derivation	American Indian	Others	Total Pupils
Slavens	914.9%	4.5%	.0%	.2%	.0%	•0%	100%
Smedley	37.7	•7	60.0	. •9	.7	•0	col
Smith	2.8	94.9	1.6	• • 7	•0	•0	1.00
Steck	86.1	10.7	1.0	1.7	.•5	•O '	.1.00
Stedman	3.9	92.4	2.9	•8	•0	•0	100
Steels	85.0	6.6	7.6	. 8	•C	•0	100
Stovens	77.2	12.2	8.3	1.3	1.0	•G	100
Swansea	36.3	5.2	57.9	•3	•3	•O	100
Teller	77.9	13.0	5.8	2.3	•0	•0	100
Thatcher	81.1	1.2	17.7	.0	•0	•0	<u> 1</u> 00
Traylor '	97.4	.1	1.7	့်ဝံ	-,2	•0	.100
University Park	94.5	3.9	•5	<u> </u>	•0	•0	100
Valverde	63.6	.5	35.1	١ كو	• 3	•0	100
Washington Park	95.2	0	1.6	2.8	•11	•0	1.00
Westwood	44.6	3.0	52.0	•14	•0	•0	100
Whiteman	88.1	8.0	2.6	1.3	•0	. •0	100
Whittier	.8	94.2	4.9	•C	.1.	•0	100
Myatt	1.9	46.5	51.6	•0	•0	•0	100
Wyman	29.9	35.2	30.6	1.5	2.8	.0	100
Totals	61.7%	15.2%	22.0%	.7%	.L%	,0 <b>.</b> 0%	100%

# Denver Public Schools Division of Personnel Services

### ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS (PERCENTACES)

# SECONDARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 23, 1963

School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asian Derivation	American Indian	Others	Total Po
Junior High	· 1 al		5 2 <i>d</i>	ed.	2 56		100%
Baker	15.4%	10.0%	73.1%	. O%	1.5%	مَرَنَ م	1.00
Byers -	92.5	•6	5.7	1.0	•2	.0	100
Cole	3.8	72.5	22.2	1.2	•3	•0	
Cove	74.4	21.8	3.1	.6	•1	•0	100
Grant	85.4	4.5	9.3	1	• 14	•0	100
Hill	96.1	1.5	1.3	1,00	<b>"</b> O	•0	100
. Kepner	70.7	1.7	27.5		•0	•0	100
Kunsmiller	90.3	•3	8.8	.5	1	•0	100
Lako	50.5	3 <b>.</b> l	45.4	•9	.1	•0	7.00
Mann	lp.5	5.9	50.7	1.1	•8	•0	100
Merrill	98.2	. •3	.8	•5	•2	•0	100
Morey	28.3	51.0	18.6	•7	1.4	•0	100
Rishəl	75.0	•3	21:1:	. 3	•C	•0	100
Skinner	76.0	•0	23.7	•3	•0	•0	7.00
Smiley	23.6	71.6	3.7	1.0	,1	•0	100
Totals	64.0%	15.5%	19.5%	0.7%	0.3%	0.0%	100%
Senior High							
Abraham Lincoln	814.6%	.2%	11:.5%	•2 <b>%</b>	.1%	•0%	100%
East	53.7	39.6	5.8	•7	•2	•0	100
George Washington	96.0	2.9	8	•3	•0	•0	100
John F. Konnedy	96.6	.0	3.2	.2	.0	•0	100
Manual	4.9	76.1	15.8.	3.2	•0 .	•0	100
North	66.0	2	32.8	•9	.1	•0	100
South	87.3	•2 •2 •3	12.2	•1	•2	•0	100
Thomas Jefferson	99.2	3		•2	.1	•0	100
West	54.7	4.6	•2 39 <b>.</b> 8	3	• <u>·</u> 6	•0	100
was .	24 • 1	4.0	39.0	ره	•0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100
Totals	76.1%	10.4%	12.8%	0.6%	0.1%	0.0%	100%
Totals-Jr. & Sr.	70.7%	12.7%	15.8%	0.6%	0.2%	0.0%	100%

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### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 106

(Est. Ethnic Distrib. of Pupils (Percentages), Elementary Schools, Sept. 23, 1968)

PLACETIES EXHIBIT

#### Denver Public Schools Division of Personnel Services

#### ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS (PERCENTAGES)

#### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 23, 1968

		•							1968	Number of				,
							Date of		Median	Teachers		1968		,
							First	Mean	Teacher	With No	Number	Mean		evement %
		:		Asian	American		Construc-	1960	Exper-	Prior Ex-	Black	Class	(	Grade
School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Derivation	Indian	Others	tion	Income	ience	perience	Teachers	Size	3	55_
							***************************************		(Yrs.)					
Alameda	51.9%	.4%	45.8%	.0%	1.9%	.0%	1902	4550	. 5	2	2	29.3	44	27
Alcott	84.3	3.8	11.8	.1	.0	.0	1892	6400	6	2	1 .	30.2	55	55
Asbury	88.9	5.7	3.9	1.5	.0	0	1925	6920	8	3	0	32.9	52	55
Ash Grove	97.9	.6	.1	1.1	.0	.3	1937	8710	4.5	5	2	31.3	72	72
Ashland	38.8	.0	60.3	.9	.0	.0	1888	5430	3.5	6	1	30.2	22	22
Ashley	85.8	6.4	5.8	2.0	.0	.0	1929	6430	4.5	2	2	30.7	56	44
Barnum	69.9	.1	30.0	.0	0	.0	1921	5700	9	5	1	32.1	44	31
Barrett	.3	<b>9</b> 6.9	1.9	.9	.0	.0	1960	6335	3	4	10	30.0	23	30
Beach Court	63.5	7.4	28.6	.0	.4	.0	1929	6265	11	2	0	33.5	55	33
Belmont	71.9	.0	28.1	.0	.0	.0	1945	5960	4.5	1	0	27.6	47	31
Berkel <b>ey</b>	86.3	1.3	12.2	.2	.0	.0	1902	5860	11	0	1	32.2	45	38
Boettcher &														,
Hospit <b>al</b>	74.6	9.3	15.5	.6	.0	.0	-	-	-		2	-	-	_ '
Boulevard	23.1	.0	76.9	.0	.0	.0	1883	5 <b>355</b>	3	3	0	29.1	23	20
Bradley	98.5	.3	.6	.1	.5	.0	1955	7660	13	1	2	31.6	76	70
Bromwell	92.0	4.3	2.8	.9	.0	.0	1906	6435	9	2	0	28.9	78	76
Brown	68.1	.3	28.3	2.7	.6	.0	1952	6545	7.5	5	2	32.6	· 37	48
Bryant -						•								!
Webster	22.4	.6	75.6	1.1	.1	.2	1930	5000	8 .	4	2.5	32.3	35	23
Carson	90.3	6.7	.8	. 1.6	.6	.0	195 <b>2</b>	10000+	- 9	4	1	31.5	74	75
Cheltenham	38.1	3.4	56.1	1.0	1.1	.3	1891	5110	3	4	1	30.7	41	41
Colfax	57.6	.3	39.0	.5	1.3	1.3	1920	5110	3	2	1	33.3	46	36
College View		.3	25.2	0	.5	.0	1939	6600	4	3	1	31.9	44	25
Columbian	66.6	.0	33.0	.0	.4	.0	1892	6250	1	7	1	31.9	40	25

				Asian	American		Date of First Construc-	Me an 1960	1968 Median Teacher Exper-	Number of Teachers With No Prior Ex-	Number Black	1968 Mean Class	Achieve Gra	
School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Derivation	Indian	Others	tion	Income	ience	perience	Teachers	Size	3	
Columbine	.6%	94.9%	4.2%	.3%	.0%	.0%	1893	5500	(Yrs.) 2.5	12	15	21.0	27	100
Cory	91.1	5.1	3.0	.8	.0%	.0%	1952	9500	8	3	15	31.0 32.1	27 74	20 + 66 :
Cowell	66.9	•.4	32.1	.6	.0	.0	1954	5870	4.5	4	0	32.1 29.1	74 <b>4</b> 4	38:
Crofton	5.0	38.7	55.2	1.1	.0	.0	1919	3630	4.5	3	0	27.7	34	36 : 18
Denison	87.6	.2	11.8	.4	.0	.0	1960	7710	5	1	0	30.2	55	54
Doul1	93.9	1.3	4.1	.7	.0	.0	1956	8365	13	5	1	29.6	73	68
Eagleton	39.2	.8	58.4	1.2	.4	.0	1891	5870	3	4	1	29.6	73 40	29
Ebert	11.7	28.5	59.2	.6	.0	.0	1924	3680	3	4	. 6	27.8	20	19
Edison	79.9	.1	20.0	.0	.0	.0	1925	6335	14	1	1	30.7	51	46
Ellis	98.1	.0	1.4	.5	.0	.0	1957	8260	9	3 .	0	32.9	<b>8</b> 5	60
Ellsworth	90.4	2.3	3.4	3.9	.0	.0	1929	6435	2	2	0	29.0	41	• 66
Elmwood	15.6	.3	82.8	.0	1.3	.0	1885	4820	3	9	1	26.3	46	27
Elyria	36.0	2.6	61.4	.0	.0	.0	1924	4500	2.5	2	2	31.7	27	23
Emerson	76.5	1.8	15.6	1.2	4.9	.0	1885	4900	1.5	3	0	29.1	62	36
Evans	49.2	19.8	30.2	.4	.4	.0	1904	4010	3	11	0	21.2	32	23
Fairmont	19.1	.2	80.7	.0	.0	.0	1924	4550	1	. 7	2	27.8	24	16
Fairview	13.1	9.1	76.2	.0	1.6	.0	1902	2800	6	4	9	30.1	28	18
Fallis	99.0	.5	.0	.5	.0	.0	1960	8600	9	1	Ó	30.6	75	87
Force	86.3	3.0	10.0	.0	.7	.0	1955	7055	8	5	1	28.6	52	45
Garden Place		24.9	55 <b>.8</b>	.0	1.4	.0	1905	4 <b>8</b> 30	4	7	5	28.0	17	17
Gilpin	3.2	44.9	50.9	.8	.0	.2	1951	3680	4.5	12	8 .	24.7	21	23
Godsman	85. <b>6</b>	.0	14.2	.0	.2	.0	1958	7015	7	2	1	30.8	41	48
Goldrick	84.2	.0	15.8	.0	.0	.0	1952	7050	4	4	0	29.9	52	43
Greenlee	19.1	25.0	54.5	.5	.9	.0	1952	3700	4	5	4	28.0	27	17
Gust	92.7	.0	6.8	.5	.0	.0	1955	6890	5 <b>.5</b>	7	2	29.5	. 62	60
Hallett	10.1	84.4	3.7	1.8	•.0	.0	1951	8175	3.3	7	3	27.3	32	32
Harrington	5.0	77.7	15.2	1.8	.3	.0 .	1926	5735	1 .	7	3	27.9	15	14
Johnson	85.8	.0	14.2	.0	.0	.0	1952	6850	4	Δ	Õ	29.7	52	40
Kńapp	56.2	.8	41.8	.5	.7	.0	1956	6250	4	6	2	29.3	32	35
Knight	98.7	.3	.5	.5	.0	.0	1951	10000+	12	1	1	32.7	68	61
Lincoln	86.2	. 2	12.6	1.0	.0	.0	1904	6055	6	3	1	29.6	48	37
	77.9	5.5	14.9	1.4	.3	.0	1902	6100	5	2	Ō	30.4	59	46
McKinl <b>ey</b>	96.9	.1	2.2	.8	.0	.0	1959	7995	11	1	Ö	28.8	72	79

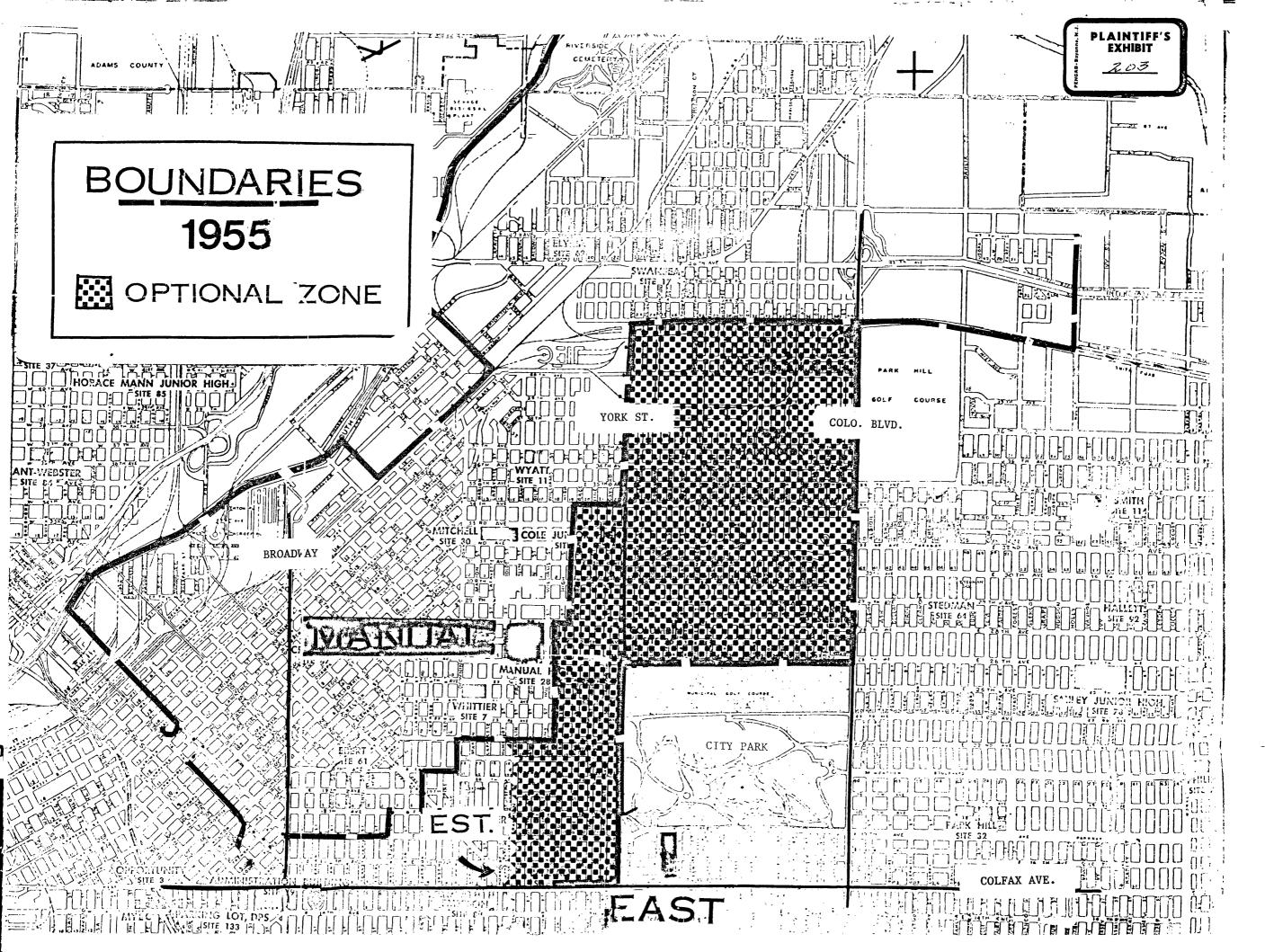
•	•		:				-3-							
<u>School</u>	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asian Derivation	American Indian	Others	Date of First Construc- tion	Mean 1960 Income	1968 Median Teacher Exper- ience	Number of Teachers With No Prior Ex- perience	Number Black Teachers	1968 Mean Class Size	Achiever Grad 3	
Mitchell	.8%	73.4%	25.4%	.4%	.0%	.0%	1898	3995	(Yrs.) 4	13	16	26.3	. 20	12
Montbello	86.4	4.6	5.4	3.2	.4	.0%	1966	3993	7.5	13	3	24.5	66	55
Montclair	92.7	2.5	3.2	1.3	.3	.0	1943	- 8725	7.J 8	0	1	30.8	65	56
Montclair	74.1	2.5	3.2	1.3		.0	1943	0/23	0	U	1	30.0	05	50
Annex	98.1	1.9	.0	.0	.0	.0	1890	8785	-		1	31.7	_	-
Moore.	79.3	8.3	8.9	.9	2.6	.0	1889	6820	4	6	ī	31.1	55	62
Munroe	45.8	.6	52.7	.1	.8	.0	1962	4910	i	6	ī	27.8	42	21
Newlon	63.0	.0	34.9	1.1	1.0	.0	1951	6735	10	i	2	30.8	51	37
Palmer	91.7	4.9	1.7	1.5	.2	.0	1950	8105	15.5	ī	Ō	33.1	70 ·	67
Park Hill	71.0	23.2	3.9	1.9	.0	.0	1901	8070	3	6	4	33.5	58	52
Perry	62.7	.0	37.3	.0	.0	.0	1911	6735	1.5	Ō	Ó	20.7	44	• -
Philips	55.3	36.6	5.2	2.9	.0	.0	1952	8785	2	7	Ō	28.7	66	46
Pitts	98.8	.5	.0	.7	.0	.0	1959	9100	10	. 2	0	31.2	77	77
Remington	37.4	4.4	57.4	.0	.8	.0	1955	6150	4	2	4	33.2	36	26
Rosedal <b>e</b>	79.0	.7	18.9	<b>.</b> 5	.9	.0	1924	6265	4	2	0	31.4	47	41
Sabin	96.9	.0	· 2.6	.5	.0	.0	1958	8230	7.5	4	0	32.2	61	61
Schenck	86.8	.1	11.7	.6	.8	.0	1958	6800	3.5	1	1	31.0	5 <b>7</b>	45
Schmitt	85.6	.4	12.9	1.0	.1	.0	1955	<b>7</b> 015	2	3	1	32.5	48	36
Sherman	76.7	.0	21.3	.9	1.1	.0	1892	5915	45	. 2	0	28 <b>.6</b>	45	27
Slavens	94.9	4.9	.0	.2	.0	.0	1937	10000+	11	3	1 ,	30.8	77	77
Smedley	37.7	.7	60.0	.9	.7	.0	1902	5080	2	6	1	30.9	33	19
Smith	2.8	94.9	1.6	.7	.0	0	1955	7455	3	14	8	30.9	32	30
Steck	86.1	10.7	1.0	1.7	.5	.0	1930	10000+	2	2	0	31.5	68	73
Stedman	3.9	92.4	2.9	.8	.0	.0	1924	7930	4	9	8	24.0	34	28
Steele	85.0	6.6	7.6	.8	.0	.0	1913	6850	8	2	0	32.4	57	70
Stevens	77.2	12.2	8.3	1.3	1.0	.0	1900	5380	9	4	1	30.4	45	37
Swansea	36.3	5.2	57.9	.3	.3	.0	1891	5590	3.5	5	2	31.0	36	22
Teller	77.9	13.0	6.8	, 2.3	.0	.0	1920	6660	3	4	2	27.9	51	50
Thatcher	81.1	1.2	17.7	.0	.0	.0	1920	6100	3	2	0	32.5	29	31
Traylor University	97.4	.1	1.7	.6	.2	.0	1960 🤈	-	11	3	0	_	<b>6</b> 9	62
Park	94.5	3.9	.5	1.1	.0	.0	1893	8120	8	5	2	31.2	73	76
Valverde	63.6	.5	35.1	.5	.3	.0	1924	7050	4.5	3	2	31.8	34	42

•

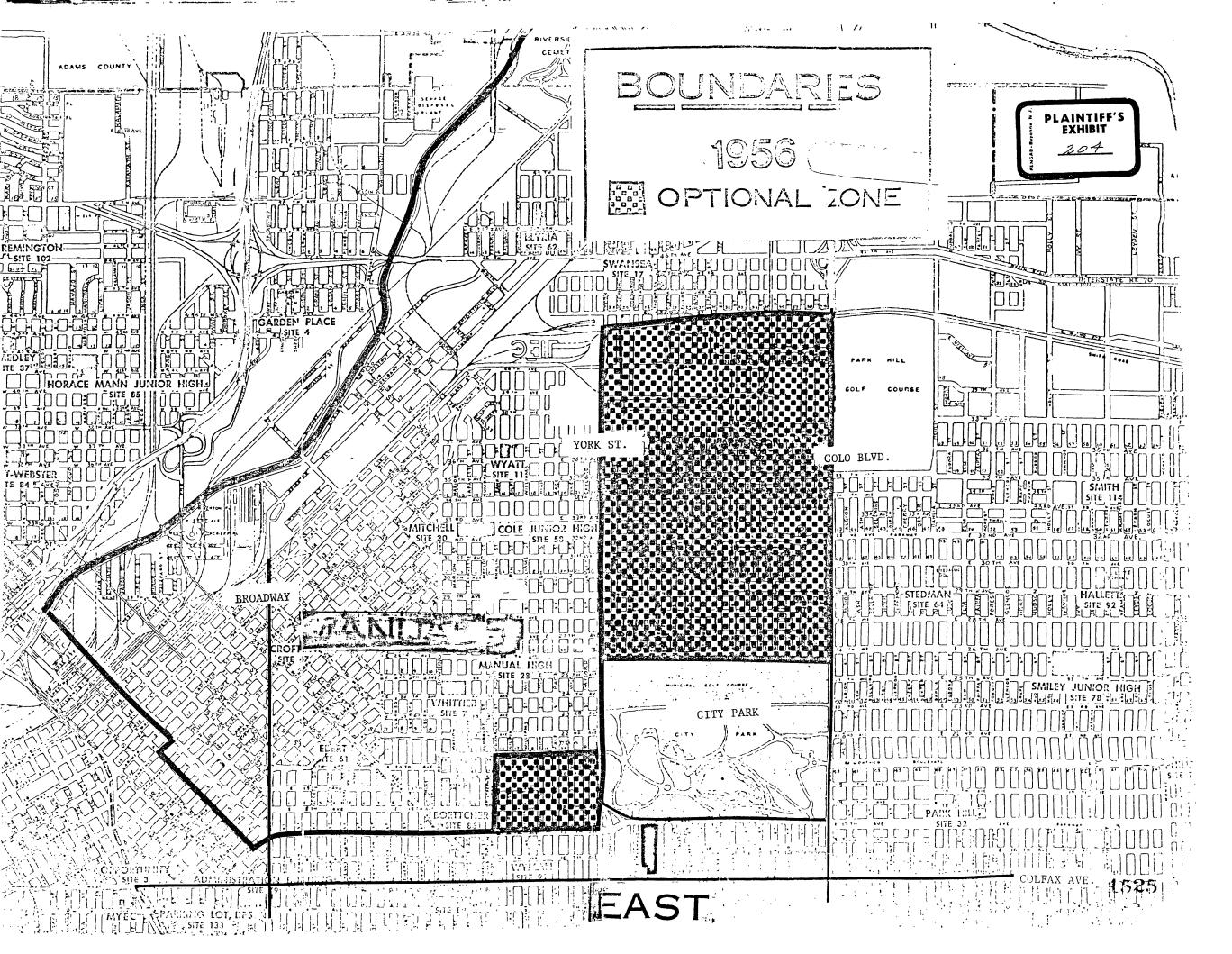
School	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	Asian Derivation	American Indian	Others	Date of First Construc- tion	Mean 1960 Income	1968 Median Teacher Exper- ience	Number of Teachers With No Prior Ex- perience	Number Black Teachers	1968 Mean Class Size	Achieve (	ement l Grade
									(Yrs.)					
Washington -													•	
Park '	95.2%	.0%	1.6%	2.8%	.4%	.0%	1906	<b>77</b> 90	4	0	0	27.8	<b>7</b> 1	69
Westwood	44.6	3.0	52.0	.4	.0	.0	1912	4910	4	4	1	29.1	36	21
Whiteman	88.1	8.0	2.6	1.3	.0	.0	1955	10000+	13	1	1	31.9	67	54
Whittier	.8	94.2	4.9	.0	.1	.0	1883	4630	2	12	12	27.4	22	19
Wyatt	1.9	46.5	51.6	.0	.0	.0	1887	4050	6	3	11	28.4	46	15
Wyman	29.9	35.2	30.6	1.5	. 2.8	.0	1891	460 <b>6</b>	4	4	1	27.5	31	24
Totals	61.7%	15.2%	22.0%	.7%	.4%	0.0%								

.

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 203 (Boundaries 1955)



# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 204 (Boundaries 1956)





### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 210

(Capacity Utilization of Manual and East High, Statistical Reports, DPS 1951-1961)

#### CAPACITY UTILIZATION OF MANUAL AND EAST HIGH

#### 1951-1961

	Mai	nual	East			
School Year	Number of Students	Percent Capacity Utilization	Number of Students	Percent Capacity Utilization		
1951	874	80	2344	100		
1952	852	78	2422	100		
1953	1003	64	2426	100		
1954	1053	<b>67</b> . ,	2494	103		
1956	1098 /	70	2597	107		
1957			•			
1958	1236	79	2990	123		
1959						
1960	1028	66	2005	83		
1961	1256	80	2181	90		
		1	Particular and American State of the Control of the			
Capacity		Manual) Manual)	2430			

Sources: Statistical reports, Denver Public Schools, 1951-1961,
Report - A Study of Pupil Population, School Boundaries,
Pupil Transportation, School Building, DPS, Feb., 1962,
Special Study Committee on Quality of Educational
Opportunity in the DPS, School Buildings and Site Needs,
DPS, 1955.





## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 242 (Elementary Students, Racial Composition, 1963-68, No. Pupils)

					•			1965			1946			1961			1968	
	Α.	2	÷	4	7	Ŧ	A	2	į	A:	z	ı	ł	2	Ŧ	A	ż	=
			1															
O SM S IV		c	*	15.6	(	7.6		0	8.4	151	c	107	109	~	117	135	<b></b> ;	124
2 ALCOTT		-	33	564	-	5.		-	53	4 50	N	2	199	(	<b>S</b>	472	5	•
ASBURY		٠.	25	645	-	28	- 1	4	7	2	1		2	1			1	4
A ASHGRO		6	~	804	ŀ	•		0	<u>.</u>	772	CV ·	^ :	782	₫,	-:	90	n c	7 .
5 ASHLAN		c	310	287	۷.	314		mç	40.4	101	mç	# C	229	^ ~	9	472	5	. <del>•</del>
6 ASHLEY	١	c		472		2	ı			1	,		1	,	900	909	-	261
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Plaintiffs' Exhibit 243

(Elementary Students, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Percentage)

PUPILS - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION

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Plaintiffs' Exhibit 243

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TOTAL

(Elementary Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Number) Plaintiffs' Exhibit 244

FACULTY - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION (NUMBER)

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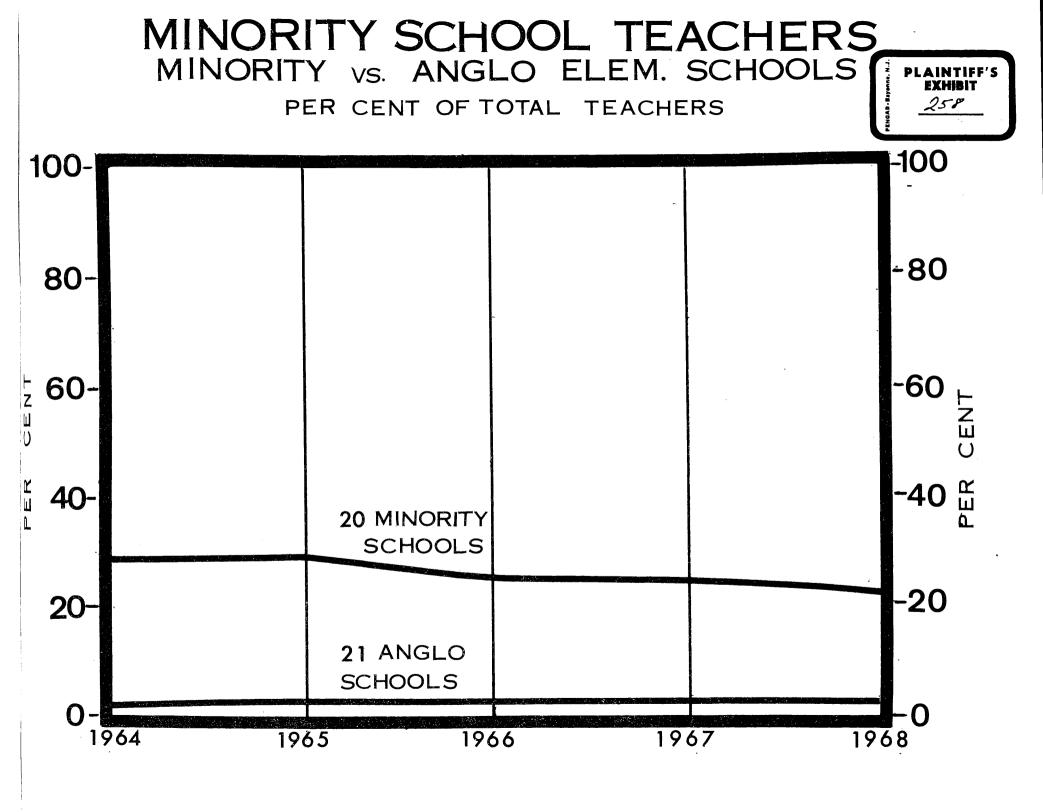
Plaintiffs' Exhibit 244

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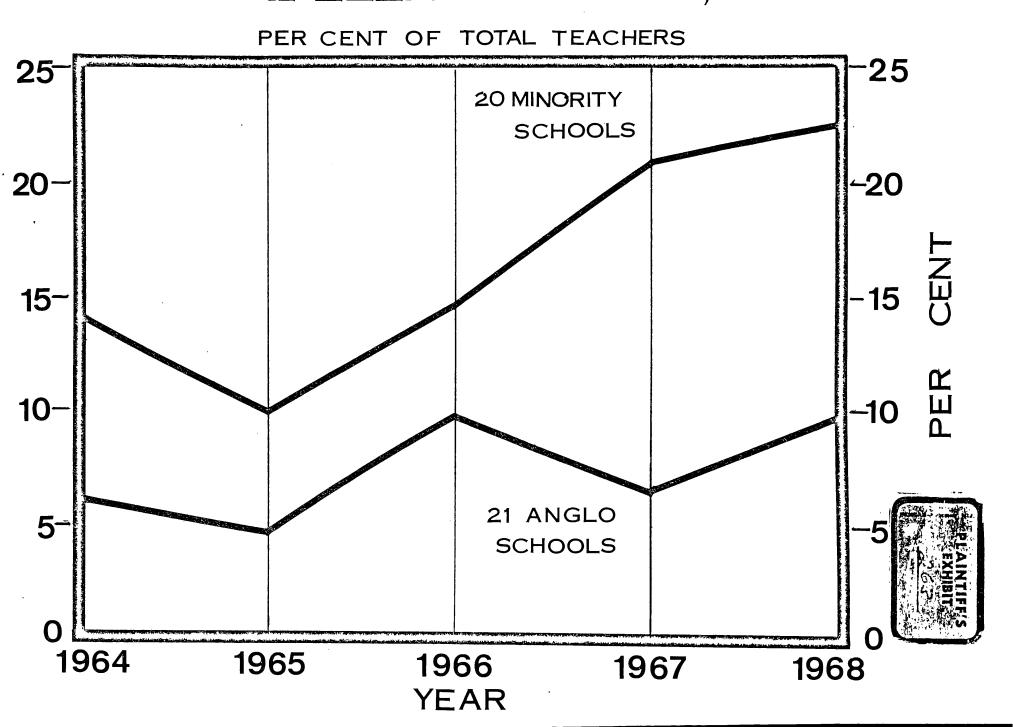


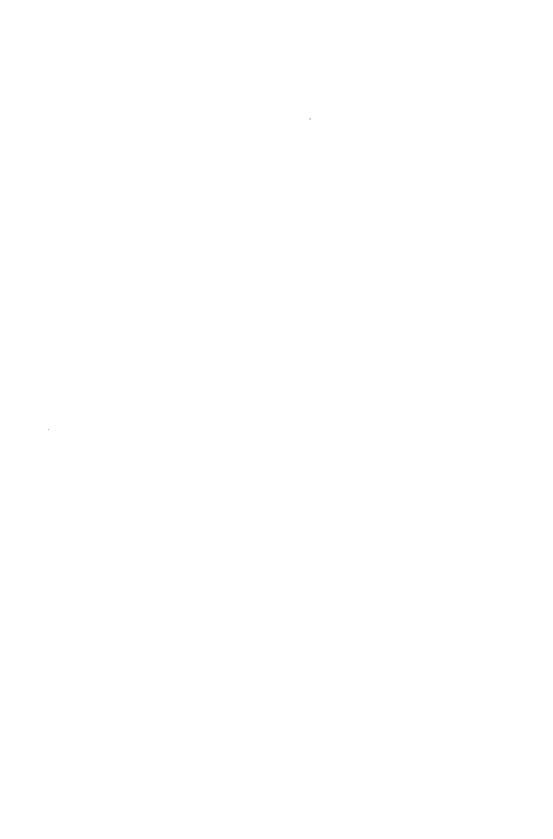


Plaintiffs' Exhibit 258
(Chart—Minority School Teachers)

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 263 (Chart—Teachers With No DPS Experience, Elem. Schs., 1964-68)

### TEACHERS WITH NO DPS EXPERIENCE ELEM. SCHOOLS, 1964-68

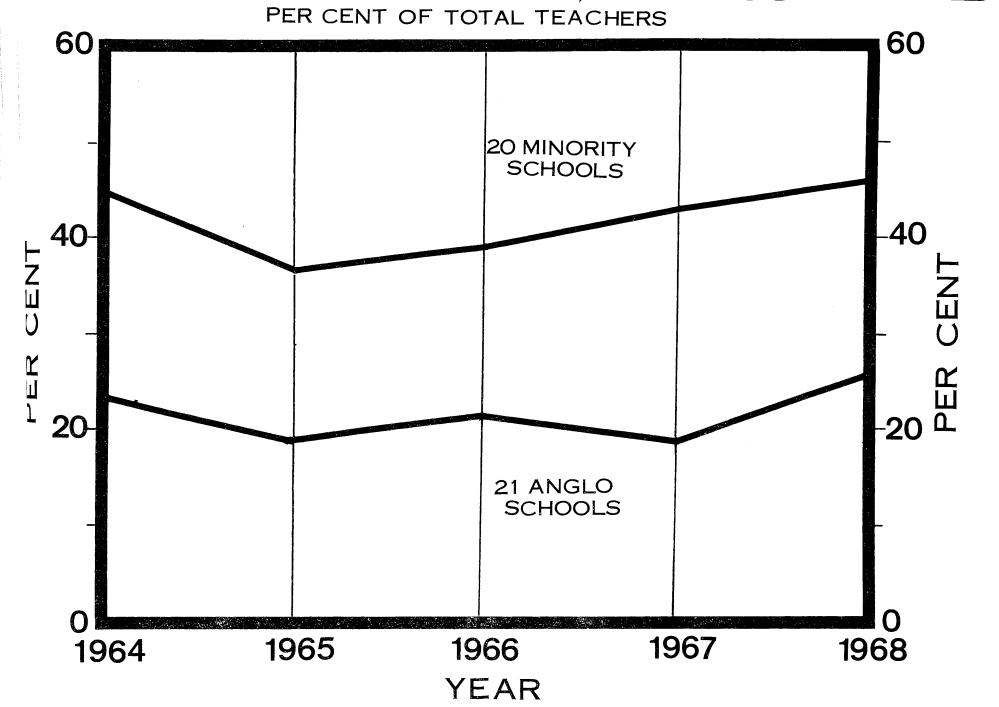




### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 264 (Chart—Probationary Teachers Elem. Schools, 1964-68)

# PROBATIONARY TEACHERS ELEM. SCHOOLS, 1964-68





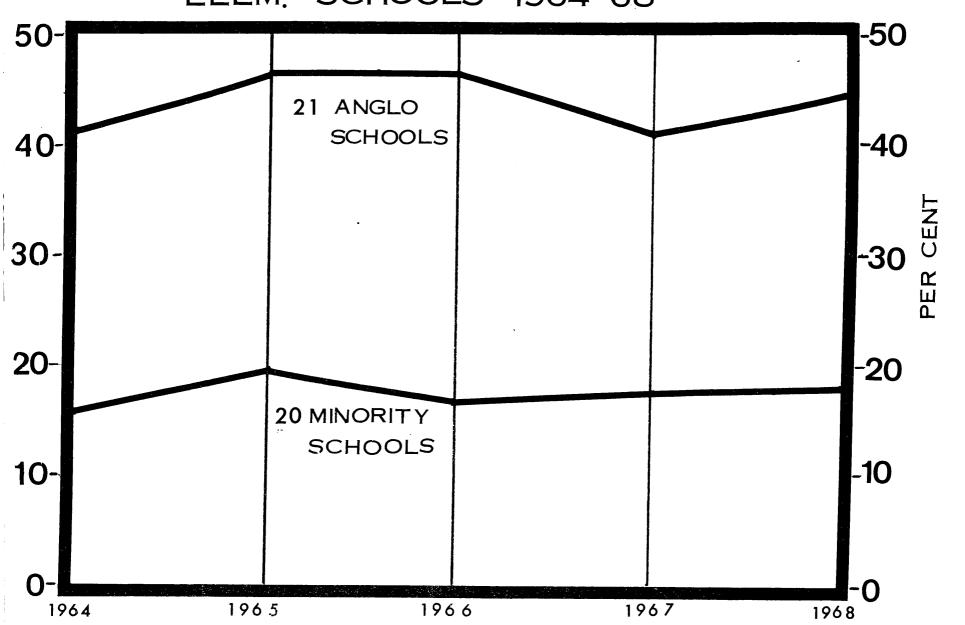
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## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 265 (Chart—Teachers With 10 or More Years DPS Experience)

# TEACHERS WITH 10 OR MORE YEARS DPS EXPERIENCE

EXHIBIT 265

ELEM. SCHOOLS 1964-68

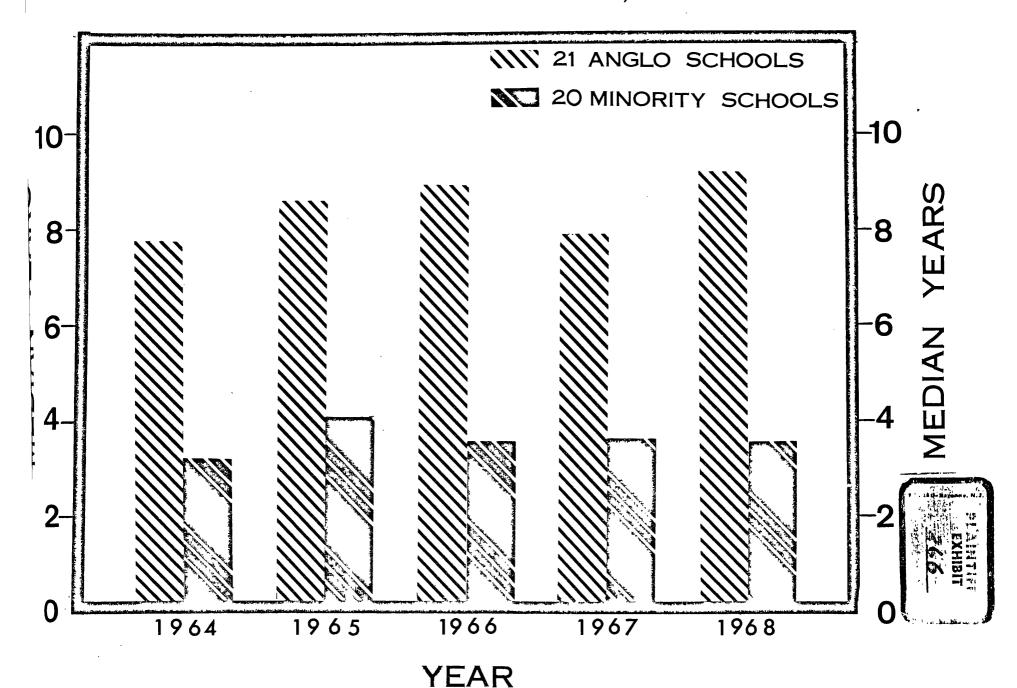




### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 266

(Chart—Median Years DPS Experience School (Elem.) Teachers)

### MEDIAN YEARS DPS EXPERIENCE LEM. SCHOOL TEACHERS, 1964-1968



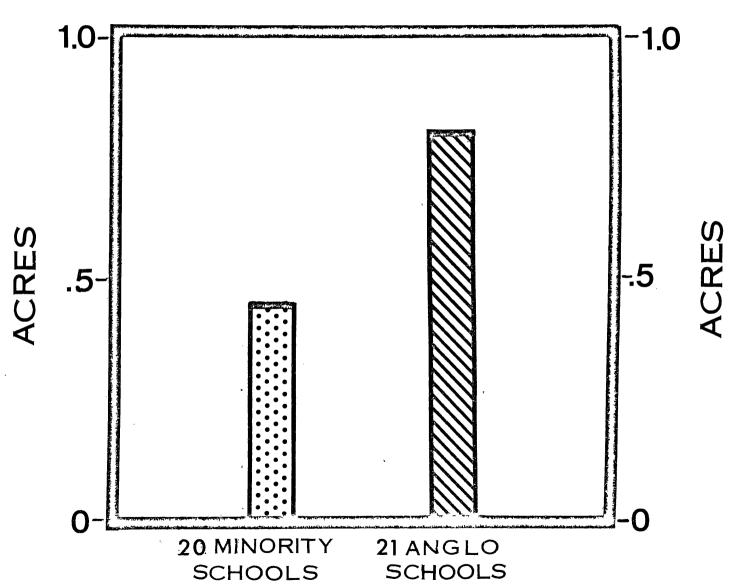


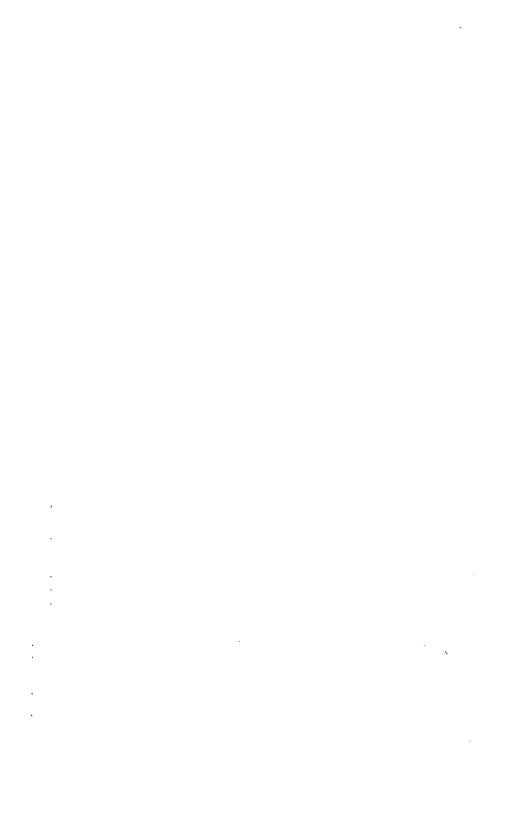
## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 270 (Chart—Acres per 100 Students, Minority v. Anglo School:

## ACRES PER 100 STUDENTS MINORITY VS. ANGLO ELEM. SCHOOLS

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT
276

1968

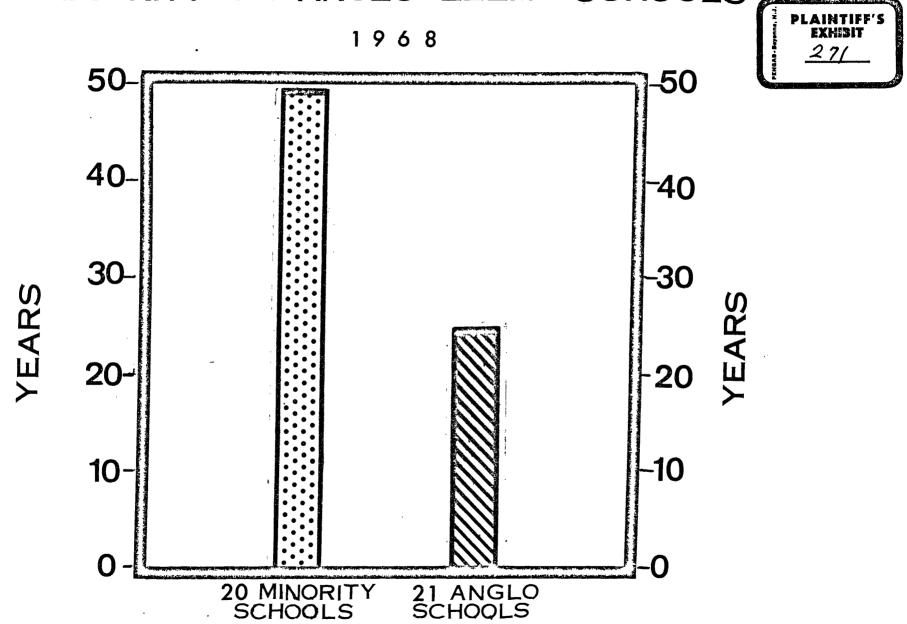




### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 271

(Chart—Average Age of Original Structure, Minority vs. Anglo Elementary Schools)

AVERAGE AGE OF ORIGINAL STRUCTURE MINORITY VS. ANGLO ELEM. SCHOOLS



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#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 273

(Jr. High Students, Racial Composition, 1963-68, No. Students)

(See Opposite) 🐷

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		, •	104			9	707		1		27.1	3	7 4	2 4 4	283	1101		905		1 348	
		÷	7.34			300		: :	-		1 2	200	1 0		22.0	238	5.5	-		2	
	1964	Z	64	7	795	582	^	, 00	-	. 4	•	8	. 9		355	~	~	206	•	>	
		÷	170	1108		020	731	1538		1186	2514	658	900	1580	305	1034	1130	657		1631	9
		÷	172	20	637	2	6	12	0	422	130	487	613	, ~	502	516	135	93	,	•	000
	1963	ž	04	m	722	-	•	-	0	•	-	24	147	0	329	12	-	767	c	,	92.50
		¥	218	1088	154	747	404	1563	0	1161	2443	715	474	1344	370	1085	1153	724	1162		0.00
			1 BAKER	2 BYERS	3 COLE	4 GOVE	5 GRANT	5 HILL	7 KENNED	8 KEPNER	KUNSHI				13 MOREY						TOTAL

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 274

(Jr. High Students, Racital Composition 1963-68, Percentage)

PUP	:
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	- ,		1																	,	
	1968		884	1138	1219	754	815	1753	1433	1437	1709	1336	1090	1578	838	1250	1222	1546	1597		21599
	1961		863	1225	1417	774	794	1720	1333	1443	1737	1325	1090	1487	176	1283	1235	1593	1593		21688
STUDENTS	1966		845	1231	1438	763	765	1642	1221	1440	1740	1240	1083	1620	730	1299	1278	1593	1454		21382
rotal st	1965		922	1198	1506	608	783	1596	0	1579	2823	1165	1083	1661	774	1442	1308	1640	1353		21642
2	1963 1964		953	1178	1447	714	909	1571	0	1602	9692	1168	1150	1592	891	1279	1269	1637	1241		21194
	1963		1030	1161	1513	764	794	1593	0	1592	2574	1226	1234	1347	904	1313	1289	1589	1165		21088
		NEG.	10.1	9.0	72.5	21.8	4.5	1.5	0,0	1.7	0,3	3.1	0.0	0,3	51.0	0.2	0.0	71.9	0.3		13,4
	1968	ANG.	15.4	92.5	3,8	74.4	85.4	96.1	7.96	7.07	90,3	50.5	41.5	98.2	20.3	75.1	0.92	23.3	300		68.7
	4	NE G.	7.5	٥٠٠	64,7	55.0	1 ; 9	162	0 6 1	6.0	0	6 9	9	0.3	52.8	۰.	0.4	0.99			1340
	1967	ANG.	6.0	94.4	5.6	74.2	86.1	96.6	99,3	71.9	91.8	50.8	40.9	99	28.4	76.6	79.8	29.8	0.66		69,3
	4	NE G.	3.9	1.2	58.6	18.3	0.4	1.2	0.1	0	0	5.2	14.5	0,5	47.9	0.0	0.0	58.7			12.1
TAGE	1964	ANG.	F. 8	91.4	7.0	79.2	7.06	97.3	6.86	71.	93.1	49.4	33.2	98.8	30.0	78.4	84.4	36.5	7.60		70.4 12.4 70.4 12.1
PERCENTAGE	ď	NEG.	12.0	8.0	56.1	12.5	5.0	••	***	7.0	0.1	2.6	14.5	٥,٠	45.6	0	0	42.6			12.4
	1965	ANG.	15.7	94.3	7.2	A2.6	89.9	97.4	***	40.6	96.1	59.7	33,2	0.60	31.3	82.7	45.3	30.7	9.66		70.4
	4	NEG.	5.1	9.0	54.3	9.1	2.0	1.3	***	٥.	5.1		14.0	0	39.8	0	0	55.4	0.0		11.3
	1964	ANG.	17.8	94.1	6,13	86.8	7.06	97.9	***	74.0	93.2	56.3	34.7	99.5	34.2	80.8	89.0	40.1	90.5		0.0
		NEG.	3.0	.0	47.7	0.5	9.0	9,0	***	9.0	0	2.	11.9	0	36.4	6.0	0.1	48.3	0.0		0.0
	196	ANG.	21.2	93.7	10.2	97.8	89.3	98.1	***	72.9	94.9	58.3	38.4	99.8	40.0	82.6	80.4	45.6	4.60		711.7
	SCHOOL		1 BAKER	2 BYEKS	3 COLE	3,09	5 GRANT	6 HILL	7 KENNED	8 KEPNER	9 KUNSHI	10 LAKE	1 1 MANN	12 HERRIL	13 MOREY	14 RISHEL	15 SKINNE	16 SHILEY	17 THOMAS		TOTAL
		1	ı						1			ľ								ļ	

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 275

FIGURE EXPLOIT Z (3)
(Jr. High Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Number)
FACULTY - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION (NUMBER)

NUMBER

1908	A. N. H. O. TOT.	2 4 1 1	6 2 0 1	1 2 2 1	1 0 2	4	2 2 0 136	1 3	3 2 0 1	1
	Α.	123	116	130	133		132	ı	154	102
	0. TOT.	127	123	131	123	103	120	120	150	102
1961		-	0	0	~	en	0	-	0	-
- 1	z z	3	2	-	j	20 0	-	-	3	3
	4	120	116	129	ŀ		117		145	94
	N. H. O. TOT.	128	119	125	106	89	115	113	149	108
99	ċ	-	0	2	0	m	0	-	0	-
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	l									- 1
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	н. 0. тот.	154	110	120	b	7.8	123	117	129	101
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19		9	2	2 2	0	110	2	1 0	2	7
	A . A	147	106	115			119			١
1964	rore	153	114	116	0	72	123	126	122	107
54	•0	-	-	۰			- 3	-	0	0
196	į	~	-	-	•	0	-	0	~	~
	ž	2	N	٦	0	=	~	_	~	4
	A.	148	110	114	0	63	150	124	118	101
SCHOOL		BRAHA	AST	EDRGE	ENNED	ANUAL	BRTH	BUTH	HOMAS	EST

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 276

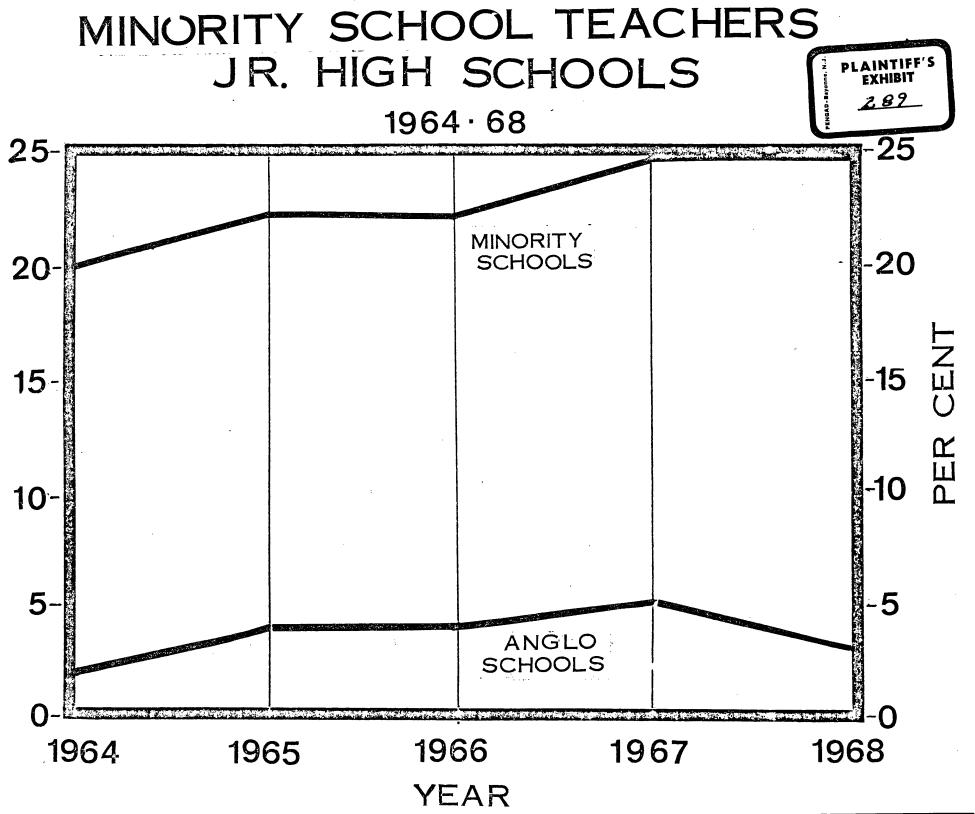
(Jr. High Faculty, Racial Composition, 1963-68, Percentage)

FACULTY - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION (PERCENTAGE)

PERCENTAGE

TOTAL TEACHERS

1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	-	128 127	125 131	0 106 123 136 8 85 103 127 3 445 420 136	113 120	40.
1964 19		1		75 78	1	
1968	A. A. H.	95 2 3		98 1 0 73 20 3	96 1 1	
1967	. X	94 2 2	94 4	78 19 0	9 00 1	- (
1966	A. N. H.	95		9 2		- (
	A . K	95 2 2	96 2 2	81 14 0	98 1 0	7 7 06
1964	A. N. H.	-		5 0	-6	2 2
SCHOOL		ABRAHA	EAST	KENNED	SOUTH	MOMPS



	•		
		•	
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		`	
		•	

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 289 (Minority School Teachers, Jr. High Schools 1964-68 (Chart))

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 302

(Senior High Students, Racial Composition 1963-68, Number of Students)

(See Opposite)

		į		i
i	444	200	4 60 0	3101
1968 N	1039	1200	0 W 2	2442
÷	2411	1192	2330	i
=	4.0	200	7113	2861
1967 	£ 60 60	1109	eu vi S	\$222
₹	2532	201	2405 1542 1182	16781
r.	144	84 W	106	2570
1966 X	477	1120	O O	2114
Ϋ́	22 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	107	2504 1433 1378	1.4870
=	4 5 8 5 8 6 8 6 8 7	451	172 4 673	2787
1965 N.	4 6 8	972 19	e	1843
₹	3164 1639 2569	132 1954	1337	14757
÷	317 227 20	4 4 4 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 11	2501
198 ×	511 27	931 14	1000	1586
¥	3256 1843 2546	134 2098	1231	15143
i	336 112	388 594	683	2224
6 6 6	347	. 4 v	* = 2	1261
₹	3028 2210 2341	256	1162	15132
	ABRAHA EAST GEORGE	MANUAL	THOMAS	TOTAL

PUPIL - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION CNUMBERS

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 303

(Senior High Students, Racial Composition 1963-68 Percentage)

PUPILS - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION

:	968	i	851	623	942	1234	578	30	670	679	88	
		•	_					_			1	
ıo.	1961		287	256	284	1071	159	268	267	155	2	
TODENT	1966		2865	2478	2819	446	1600	2698	2611	1436	2103	
OTAL ST	1965		\$621	2575	2660	0	1555	2744	2725	1342	2165	
5	1964		3578	2581	2586	0	1503	2830	2762	1242	2228	
	1963		3367	2669	2357	0	1450	2800	2710	1165	5000	
	92	N EG.	0.2	39,6	2.9	0.0	76.0	0,0	0.2	6.0	9.4	
	1968	5 4	84.6	53.7	96,0	9.96	6.	0.99	87.3	99.2	54.6	
	~	9 M	0.1	36,3	3,2	0	69.7	0,2	0.2	•	0.7	
,	1967	g z	87.9	36.0	96,2	99.4	6.7	66.7	68.0	0.66	28.6	
<u>:</u>	•	E	0.1	31,4	4.4	0	20.0	6	٠. ه	0	3.0	
TAGE	1966	• 8	88.3	61.7	94,1	9.86	۰,	66.8	95.9	8.66	65.5	
PERCER	<b>.</b>	Ы	0.1	27.5	2,1	***	62,5	٥,٦	0.1	•	3.7	
	1965	• 8 8 8	97.4	63.7	96,6	***	80	71.2	93.6	9.66	65,2	
,	4	Э Ш	0.1	19.8	0.8	***	61.9	0,5	0,2	•	5	
	1964	9 8	91.0	71.4	98,5	***	6.	74.1	1.96	99.1	62.0	
	<b>~</b>	NEG.	9.1	13,0	0.4	***	55.4	0,2	0,1	0	4	
	1963	2 2 3	66.68	85.8	99,3	***	17.8	78,6	96,3	2.66	63.0	
	SCHOOL		1 ABRAHA	2 EAST	S GEORGE	A KENNED	S MANUAL	6 NORTH	7 SOUTH	STHOMAS	WEST	

61.3 6.8 78.4 8.2 76.1 9.5 76.0 10.8 74.4 11.2 72.8 12.0 18617 19310 19387 19554 19587 20395

TOTAL

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 304

(Senior High Faculty, Racial Composition 1963-68, Number)

FACULTY . ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION (NUMBER)

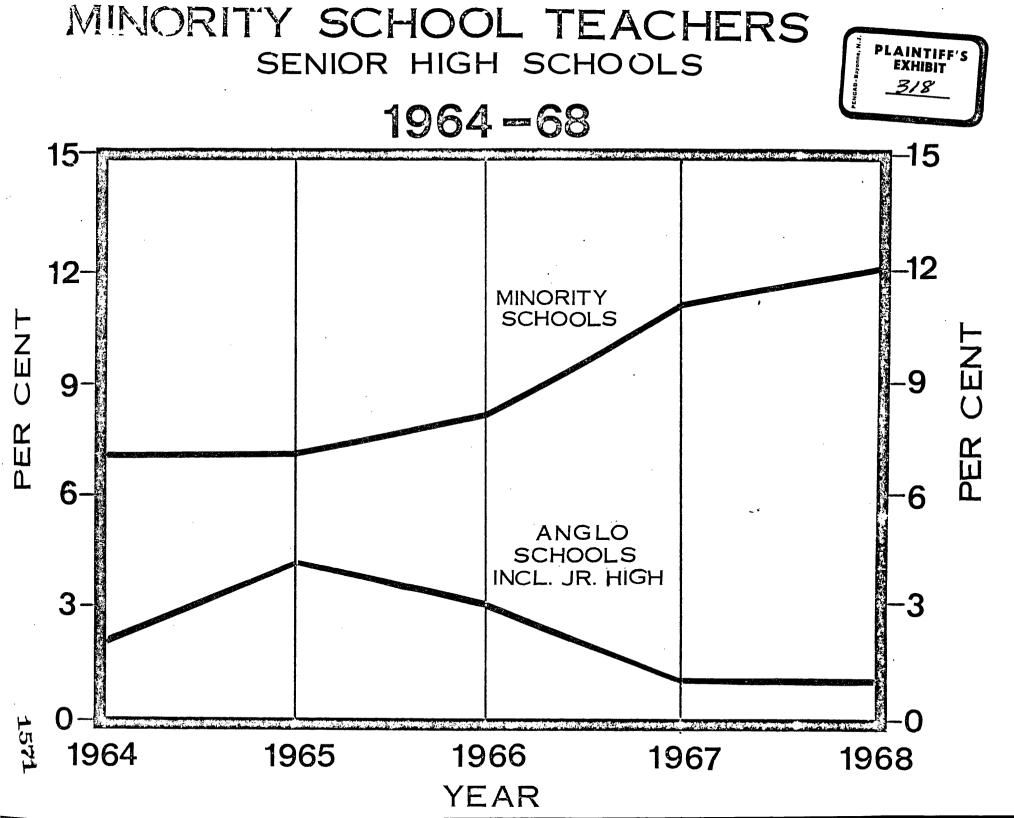
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			1964	4			- 7	5961	1965			- •	1966				19	1967				1968		
	¥	ż	÷		101.	÷	ż	÷	2	÷	4	ż	÷	. 101	, A	ž		•	.101	۷.	ż	i	•	H. 0, TOT,
BAKER	47	•	-	0	. 55	5	•	•	•	9	8.8	,						•	44	ç	~	•	6	3
BYERS	55	-	c	c	95	9	-									, c		•			, (	4 0	٠.	
COLE	4	2	•	~	26	4	2.	•			35	3,	۰.	1 0		2	•	۰ د	9	9 5	;	•		. 6
GOVE	32	-	-	-	35	33	-	-	-	36	4	~	0	-	33	<b>"</b>	-	-	38	37	•	-	-	-
GRANT	4	0	0	0	47	36	~	0	0	38	37	-	0	e o	3 39		0	0	7	36	~	0	0	4
	ري ا	٦	0	0	2	20	~	0		72	2	4	4	0	7.		~	0	9.	78	~	-	0	•
Z KENNE	•	0	0	0	0	•	•	0		•	0	0	0	0	0	ິ	0	۰	0	•	0	0	0	
	6.5	-	-	~	69	7	4	0	•	99	62	4	0	ě	5 62	•	-	0	29	9	•	~	0	~
9 KUNSHI	11	~	0	-	120	119	•	0	0	22	92	2	0	<u>ہ</u>	3 78	_	~	0		<b>8</b>	-	~	0	•
LAKE	\$	-	4	0	4	53		~	•	26	23	~	~	0			~	0	=	55	~	~	0	9
	2	~	0	-	2	<b>~</b>	~	0	_	25	25	~	0	ī.		w	-	-		26	~	-	-	ŏ
12 MERRIL	67	-	-	0	69	69	~	_	_	73	2	~	~	· ~		~	-	0		23	-	0	0	~
	•	~		0	2	36	-	_	0	46	0	5	_	0	39	_	-	0		94	•	-	0	•
RISHEL	22	0	-	-	2	2	-		_	2	2		_	-		_	-	0		9	0	0	0	•
SKINNE	S	-	-	0	57	2		0	•	58	26	-	0	0		_	0	0		9	~	-	c	9
SHILEY	65	•	0	-	<b>2</b>	2	2	0	۰	91	73	=	0	2		-	0	~	93	-	23	þ	~	6
THOMAS	•	0	0	•	0	0	•	•		•	0	0	0	•	•		•	0	•	0	0	0	0	
		-								i				1										
TOTAL	870	50	55 17	<b>D</b>	951	855	64 19		•	9 44 6	831	62	21	8 922	2 861	7.3	73 36	•	976	881	87	25	•	966

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 305

# (Senior High Faculty, Racial Composition 1963-68, Percentage)

FACULTY - ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION (PERCENTAGE)

						PERCENTAGE	ENT	<u>او</u>								=	TOTAL TEACHERS	TEAC	HERS	
SCHOOL	191	\$		965		-	996		7	767	1	-	996		196	196	1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	1 99	796	1968
	A. N. H.	ż	4	A. N. H.	ř	A. A.	ž		A. N. H.	:		A. N. H.		٤						
1 BAKER	85	~	06	•		5		-	5	: :en	•	91	5	-	55	2	•		-	57
2 BYERS	86	0	86	N	0	9	0	~	00	0		86	0	0	56	5	•			57
3 COLE	59 3	4	2	33	=	÷	7.	<b>.</b> .	0	60		1	ñ	7	95	•	•			60
4 GOVE	•	6	0	e	m	2	'n	0	18	•	<b>~</b>	3	=	8	35	36	m		38	44
S GRANT	100	0	95	5	0	6	•	0	95	<b>.</b>		5	<b>.</b>	•	47	36				-
6 HILL	6	°	97	•	0	6	_		9	~		96	~		2	7.7	_			81
7 KENNE	***	***	*	*							i			41	0					0
8 KEPNER	,	-	9.0	•	0	9	•		6	•		5	•	9	69	9	99			2
1 WSNIN 6	86	0	98	e,	0	4	~	0	96			96	_	2	120	125				9
OLAKE	5		95	95 2	•	91	<b>.</b>		92 6 3	•		60	•	-	54	28			7.	62
I FARM	7 06	o -	8	4	0	5	4	0	6	~		93	~	8	54	Š				9
2 MERRIL	46	-	95	6	-	6	•	6	9	~		6		0	69	7	_	•		
3 MOREY	46	~	92	•	_	93	2	•	2	-		82	_	4	51	46	4		ŀ	96
4 RISHEL	96	~	5	~	~	9.5	~	•	6	~		8	0	0	. 57	š				61
5 SKINNE		2	8	~	0	æ	ņ	0	96	~		2	~	8	57	3				6.5
6 SHILFY	87 12	0	86	12	0	93	5		63	•	0	7	23 0	0	22	•	9		93	96
7 THUMAS	•	***	**		*	***	***	•	****	*	*	***	***	*	0	0	0			0
TOTAL	ć	8	5	^	~	6	_	~	8	_	4		•	•	5	7	-			700





# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 318 (Chart, Minority School Teachers, Sr. High Schools 1964-68)

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 336 (Enrollment According to Race by Schools, 1946-47)

(See Opposite)

## DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH ENROLIMENT ACCORDING TO RACE BY SCHOOLS, 1946-1947

PORM 1097-A DSP 1-47-100 L		Foreign-			Span.Sp. American	a .v. n tom.ur.		LIT ATOUR BESTAUM	
	Born White	Born White	Negro	Vangalia	American n and Mex.	TOTAL			
1 Adams Street	298	1	1 -468-0_	MOTISOTIC	6	304	<del> </del>	·	
2 Alameda	306	1	ì			306		:	į.
3 Alcott	569	3		3	3	578		ļ	
4 ·Asbury	788			,		788		; 1	
5 Ashland	675			11	102	788			
6 Ashley	301		1	<b></b>	102				. !
7 Barnum	795		-	6	15	302 816			
8 Beach Court	334				1		l		
3 Berkeley	333					335	l	İ	
10 Boulevard	576				31	333 607		1	
11 Bromwell	287		4	1	. )=	292		•	
12 Bryant-Webster	460			16	263	739			
13 Central	285		•	1	160	445	<u> </u>		
14 Cheltenham	508	5	1	14	61	579			
5 Colfax	346	2	1			348			1
6 Columbian	615	1		İ	2	617	İ	i	
17 Columbine	468		39	ĺ	2	510			1
18 Eagleton	580		4	_	36	620		1	1 '
19 Ebert	471	3	78	42	240	834			
20 Edison	921		10	1.2		922		ĺ	1
21 Ellsworth	183		11	İ		194	İ	ĺ	1
22 Elmwood	409				72	481		1	1
23 Flyria	116			İ	27	143			
24 Emerson	395	2		ļ	i	398			
25 Evans	457		1	1 3	28	489			
26 Fairmont	573		1	ĺĺ	25	599	i !	į	
27 Fairview	112		3	4	554	673			
28 Franklin	409	1	í	2	235	648		i	
29 Garden Place	409		3		124	536			
30 Garfiel <b>d</b>	35		3 2		213	215	250		
31 Gilpin	138		143	64	468	813			
32 Lincoln	690		2		3	69 <b>5</b>			
33 McKinley	482			1		482			
34 Milton	146		2 156	Į.	30	178			
35 Mitchell	357	<b>1</b>	156	38	320	872			
'6 Montclair	609		1 .	1	1	610			
7 Montclair Annex	248		·		]	248			
38 Moore	808	2	1	1	5	817			
39 Park Hill	1,028	4		3	!	1,035			
40 Perry	144				] 1 ]	145			1
41 Reynolds	92	İ	11		22	125			
	2 1542			1	9	352			
43 Sherman	399			1		399			
44 Smedley	474		1	3	57	512			
45 Steck	616	3 4	1 2 2			622			And the second
46 Stedman	566	4	2	1 1 4		573			
47 Steele	642		; !	1	1	644		Į.	22/
48 Stevens	448	1		I .	_	453	ļ	ė	356
49 Swansea	427			2	28	457	1	C.	4
50 Teller	745	. 1		2 3 	1	750	!	· · · - #	Land Land
51 Thatcher	423	,		3	j	426	į		
52 Twenty-fourth St.	126		6	87	294	513 450	Į		
53 University Park 54 Valverde	447	j <sup>1</sup>	_		2	450	Ì		1
54 Valverde 55 Washington Park	572 846	1	7		2	581 846			] [
56 Whittier	:		201	7 ).	- 00	•			
Wyatt	29		586	14	22	651			
Wyman	414		13	7	140	574	!		
A. S. TIERRAY	47.0	1	71	5	14	503			i i
	25,679	36	1,152	332	3,601	30,800	· ·		1

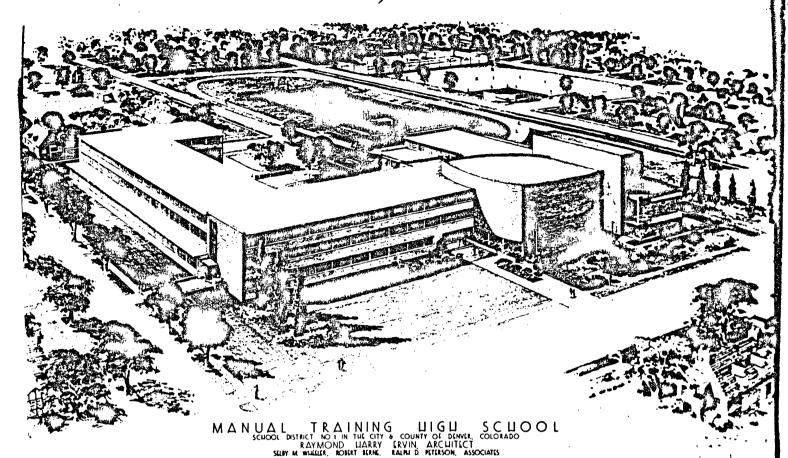


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4 - 4	, I		. " (		,				i
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						<u>.</u>			*
				and the second					ļ
1 Bake <b>r</b> 2 Byers	494	1		1	180 4	676			
2 Byers 3 Cole	1,326 717	2	3 345	118	483	1,335 1,663			-
4 Gove	736	5	5	2		751			
5 Grant	1,024	3	10		3 41	1,078			1
6 Lake	870	9	2	4	156	1.041			
7 Horace Mann	535			5	150	690	] , , , ,		
8 Morey	1,068	1	23	3	11	1,160 V	1,10%		
9 Skinner	1,118	_		5	11	1,134			
10 Smiley	879	7	3		1 000	890		l North and a service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service	
	8,767	28	391	139	1,039	10,364			
1 East	2,372	20	29	9	9	2,439			
-2 Manual Training	510		248	131	179	1,068			
3 North	2,106	4	1	5	19	2,135			1
4 South	2,377	13	5	4	6	2,405			
5 West	1,523			8	25 <b>1</b>	1,788			
ill-time Day School	8,888	37 101	289 1,832	15 <b>7</b> 628	5,104	9,835 50,999			
N. J. H.	1/3 22	1		, J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.	15	38	1	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR	
1 Boettcher	143		3.	ĺ	6	152	1		
2 Opportunity	16,836	518	574	163	302	18,393			
3 Opportunity Eve.					3.0	3 055			
4 Eve. Voc. High	991	18	30	4	12	1,055			
GRAND TOTAL	61,326	638	2,439	795	5,439	70,637			



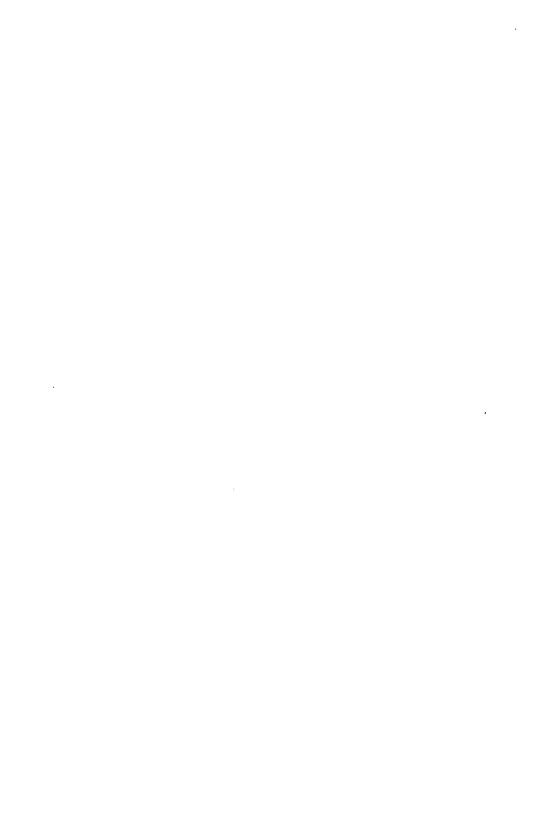
### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 356 (The New Manual—Manual Training High School)

(See Opposite)



THE MEWood

PROFESSIONAL LIBRARY DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS



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#### CHAPTER II

#### SOME BASIC PROBLEMS TO BE FACED IN PLANNING A NEW MANUAL

There was little doubt when it became known that Manual would be on the "must" list of the new buildings that Manual could not be just a high school cut from a general pattern. Manual is different. The college preparatory function of a high school is not the first consideration in Manual although it has not been neglected for those boys and girls who do go to college. For roughly three-fourths of the student body college is virtually an impossibility.

The usual problems faced by youth are sharpened for the many Hanual boys and girls who are members of minority groups. Since 1926 the Anglo population at Manual has dropped from over eighty per cent to about forty-one per cent; the Negro population has gone from ten to twenty-seven per cent; the Spanish-American figure has risen from less than one per cent to twenty-three and one-half per cent; and the Oriental has gone from seven-tenths of one per cent to eight per cent. These boys and girls have needs which the school must meet in order to prepare them for effective participation in the community. The chart following shows the changing racial distribution in Manual.

Teachers in their experience with Manual students had a good understanding of the special needs which should direct planning for a new building. Many of their ideas were based on information which had been structured toward changes in curriculum. Other changes could not be made effectively within the limits of the outdated building.

CHART I

RACIAL DISTRIBUTION OF MANUAL STUDENTS, 1926-1950

Year	Number white students	l) P	Number colored students	, %	Mumb <b>er</b> Spanish students	(† (c)	Number Oriental students	
1926-27	62 <b>3</b>	87.2	73	10.3	3	•4	7	•7
1927-28	540	85.1	79	13.2	8	1.2	5	•9
1928-29	50 <b>7</b>	85.8	614	13	5	•9	9	•7
1929-30	554	85.1	84	12.7	6	.9	10	1.5
1930-31	635	83.1	111	14.5	7	1.0	3/4	1.6
1931-32	724	83.8	1214	14.1	7	.8	10	1.1
1932-33	807	82.1	153	15.4	12	9	12	1.6
1933-34	88 <b>0</b>	80.5	172	15.8	29	2.7	21	1.7
1934-35	838	78.2	175	16.1	42	4.0	29	2.3
1935-36	890	77.9	195	16.1	47	11.5	26	2.4
1936-37	820	74.6	200	17.2	80	5.9	28	2,5
1937-38	869	72.7	199	16.6	101	8.11	27	2.14
1938-39	899	69.6	229	17.7	126	10.0	34	2.3
1939-l10	895	67.2	235	17.2	171	13.h	35	2.1
1940-41	8714	65.6	225	16.8	207	15.5	<b>2</b> 8	2.1
1911-112	770	62.0	249	19.5	200	16.3	32	2.3
.91:2 <b>-1:3</b>	6114	59.0	227	20.5	191	17.3	40	3.4
-943-44	569	54.7	333	22.7	169	16.7	53	5.1
944-45	515	53.9	231	24.2	141	14.7	65	6.8
.945-46	547	47.5	231	20.4	178	15.7	174	15.3
.946-47	512	48.9	248	23.2	178	16.8	131	12.2
91,8-1,9	419	14.0	239	25.1	230	24.2	614	6.7
949-50	4011	40.7	275	27.7	234	23.5	81	8.1

.

One indication of serious problems was the large number of dropouts from school. A study of four classes entering Manual and their rate of drop-out is shown in the following chart:

CHART II

RATE OF DROP-OUT OF MANUAL STUDENTS

	1945		1946		1947		1948	
10th Grade		573		52h		540		465
	<u>1946</u>	,	1947		<u>1948</u>		1949	
11th Grade		305		292		315		263
	1947		1948	٠.	1949		1950	·
Graduates		. 207		247		198	·	231

Another indication that an academic program was not in step with the actual life needs of many Manual boys and girls was the fact that the students were for the most part going into early marriage and homemaking and into jobs falling into the unskilled and semi-skilled categories. Again, records showed that very few Manual students went on to college. Some of those who went to college could do so only if they had some kind of part-time job. From all of these observations Manual teachers were certain that their program must be cognizant of the realities confronting the boys and girls.

#### CHAPTER III

#### THE MANUAL COMMUNITY SURVEY

In order to have definite evidence for planning, Superintendent Kenneth E. Oberholtzer instituted a program looking to a survey of community opinion. Two Manual teachers were released from classroom duties to prepare an instrument of evaluation to include responses from Manual teachers and teachers working in other schools in the area, Manual students and junior high school students who would go to Manual, Manual graduates, drop-outs, parents, and community leaders. From these responses would come the answers to what unique needs the new building must meet. After the instruments were prepared and approved by the faculty, student interviewers were trained to secure responses from graduates, drop-outs, and parents. Teachers interviewed community leaders. Responses from students still in school were obtained on school time. After the data were gathered, the coordinator of instruction at Manual was released from duty in the school to summarize data and prepare the report.

# The Needs of Manual Pupils are Different from Those of the Youth of Other Sections of Denver

A study of the characteristics of the Manual district, particularly of the needs of boys and girls of high school age, has been made by the faculty of Manual Training High School. These needs as studied and analyzed are different from those of other sections of Denver in that

Fewer pupils go to college.

Fewer take college preparatory subjects.

Hore go to work immediately.

More go into unskilled and semiskilled labor.

This study includes the following: 1. Investigation of the interests and educational needs of pupils while they are in school as shown by their vocational interests, academic abilities, and selection of classes. 2. Investigation through study of school records as to the length of time these boys and girls stay in school and why they leave. 3. A survey of former pupils, both graduates and dropouts, to find out what happens to them after they leave school and what jobs they can get. h. A sampling of the opinions of members of the community about the opportunities the school should provide. 5. Evaluation of the present program of the school to see if it meets adequately the needs recognized as common to all youth. The common needs are stated in Planning for American Youth as the "Ten Imperative Needs." The findings of these investigations are the basis for some conclusions which should affect the plans for the new building.

1. <u>Vocational and educational interests and needs of pupils</u>.

Analysis of 813 Kuder Vocational Interest Profiles of Manual pupils

(See Chart III) indicates that the number of Manual pupils interested in vocational fields on professional levels is much smaller than the number interested in artistic, musical, clerical, and social service areas. The relatively small interest shown in vocational areas that require scholastic ability indicates that approximately 75 per cent

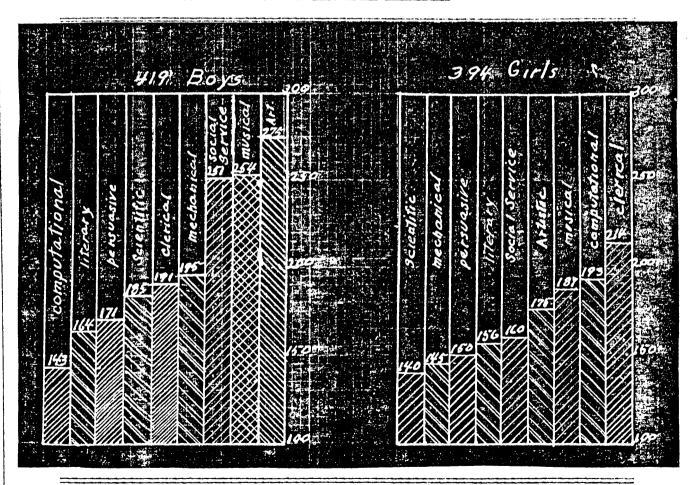
٠,

of pupils do not have vocational interests which demand college preparatory studies. Instead such pupils may profit more by greater opportunity to prepare for unskilled and semiskilled jobs. The needs of the smaller academic group should continue to be met, but Manual should do much more prevocational education in the fields which interest the larger number.

CHART III

VOCATIONAL INTERESTS SHOWN BY KUDER VOCATIONAL PREFERENCE PROFILES 1946-1949

Analysis of 813 Interest Profiles

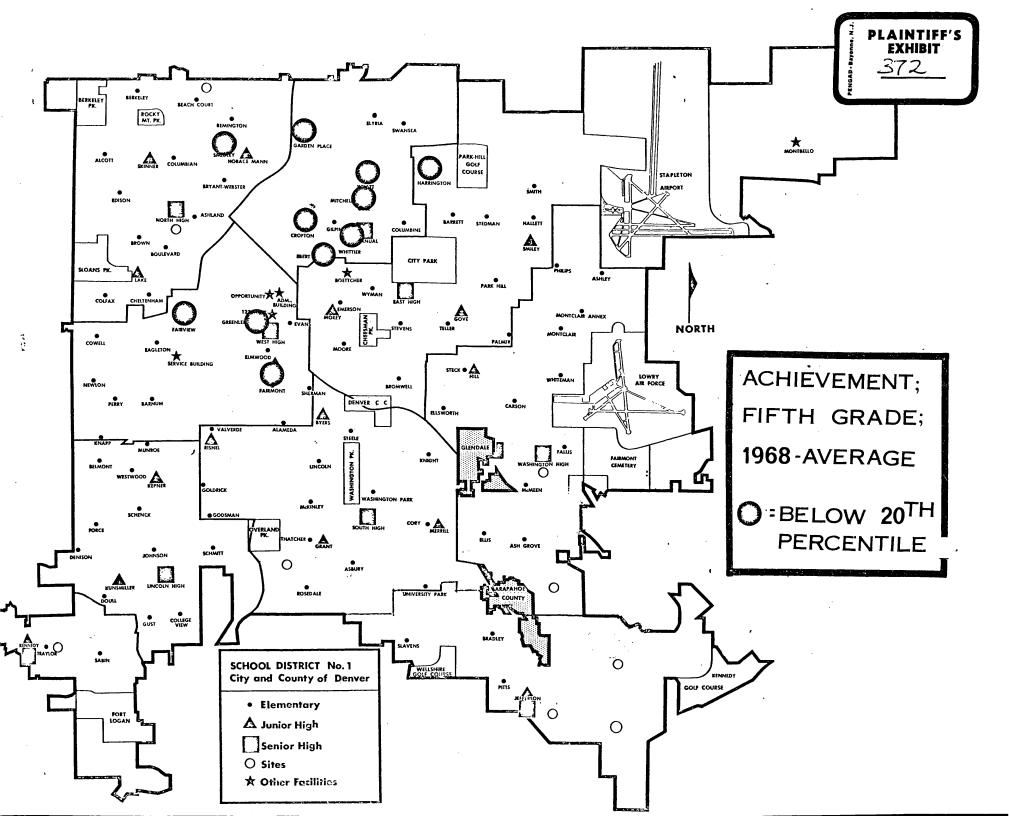


Most of these totals indicate interest expressed during grade 10. Both charts indicate that the five areas of greatest interest to large numbers of Manual pupils are artistic, musical, clerical, computational, and mechanical.

The proportion of academic and nonacademic pupils at Manual is approximately 25 per cent academic and 75 per cent nonacademic as compared to national figures of 40 per cent academic and 60 per cent nonacademic. This proportion, 25 per cent to 75 per cent, is substantiated by the study of tests of academic ability (See Chart IV). Granted that the I. Q. is not an infallible measure of intelligence, especially in lower socio-economic groups, the I. Q. still remains one of the most effective means of predicting ability to do academic work. A large proportion of Manual pupils fall below the average in academic aptitude (See Chart IV). Approximately 25 per cent show ability to do scholastic work acceptable to most colleges.

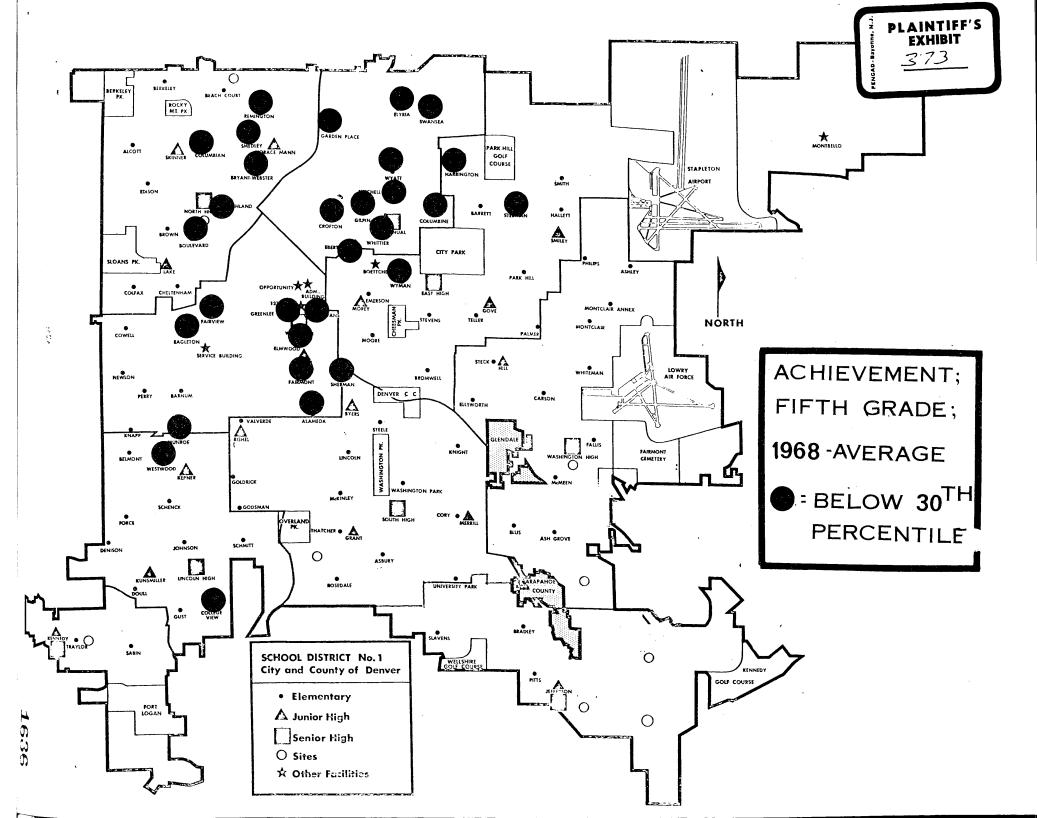
# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 372 (Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average, Below 20th Perc't'l)

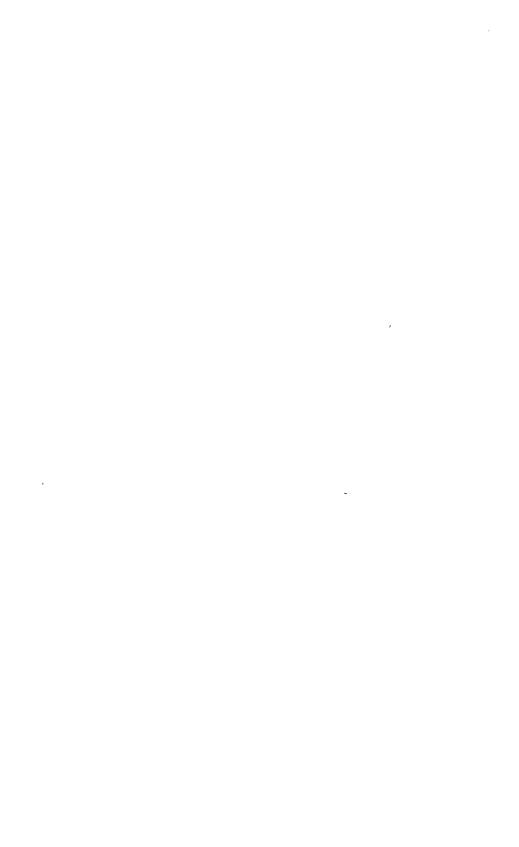
(See Opposite)



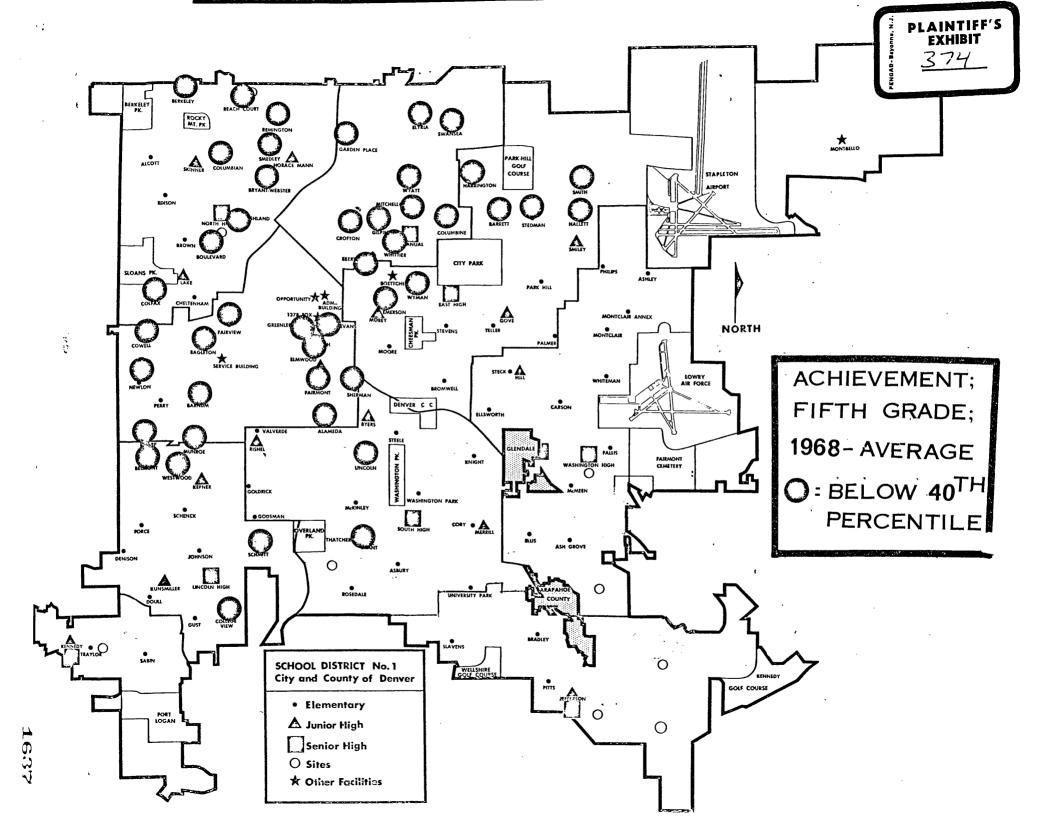


# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 373 (Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average, Below 30th Perc'til)



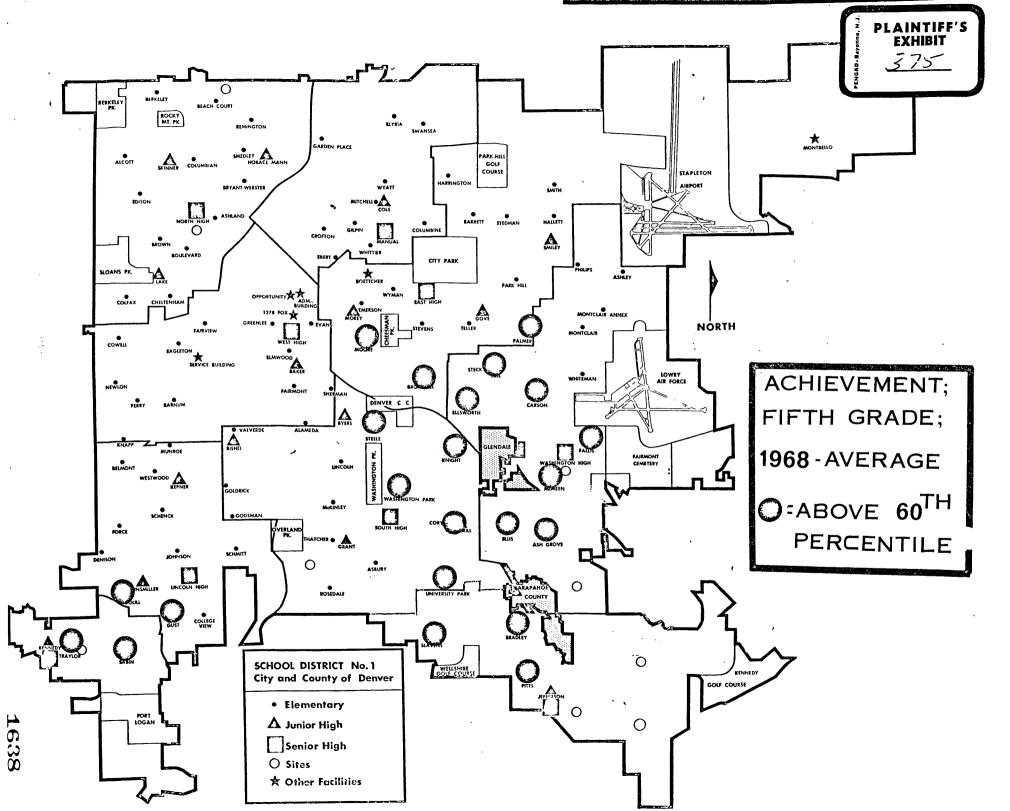


# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 374 (Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average, Below 40th Perc'til)



	ı	

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 375 (Map, Achievement, Fifth Grade, 1968 Average, Below 60th Perc'til)





### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 376-R

(Enrollment by Racial and Ethnic Groups; Correlation With Achievement Scores, Fifth Grade, 1968)

### ENROLLMENT BY RACIAL AND ETHNIC GROUPS;

### CORRELATION WITH ACHIEVEMENT SCORES

Fifth Grade, 1968
(Arithmetic Average of Percentiles)

Percentile Score Percent of citywide enrollment at each group of schools.

	Anglo	Negro	Hispano
below 20	3	36	28
below 30	13	61	64
below 40	26	87	78
above 60	42	4	4 •

Each percentage represents the percent of the total number of students in Denver of that ethnic or racial group enrolled at those schools.

Source: Pl. Exh. 83; Defendants Ehx. S. Pl. Exh. 241.



## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 377 (Average Mean Achievement Score; Third Grade)



# AVERAGE MEAN ACHIEVEMENT SCORE; THIRD GRADE

# TRIENNIAL TESTING; 1956 and 1968

School	1956	1968
Whittier	3.1	2.8
Gilpin	2.7	2.7
Garden Place	2.9	2.5
Fairview	2.6	3.0
Mitchell	2.9	2.7
Wyatt	3.0	3.4
Elmwood	3.2	3.4
Ebert	2.9	2.7
Greenlee	2.9	2.9
Boulevard	3.3	2.8
Bryant Webster	3.1	3.2
Fairmont	3.2	2.9

Source: Triennial testing, Denver Public Schools, 1956 and

1968; arithmetic average of all tests administered

(Note: 1956 tests were administered in April; 1968 tests were administered in May; 1956 tests were six in number (Stanford Elem. Battery - Form K); 1968 tests were eight in number (Stanford, Primary II - Form Y).



# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 378 (Effects of "Normalizing" Achievement Scores on Published Mean)



### EFFECTS OF "NORMALIZING" ACHIEVEMENT SCORES ON PUBLISHED MEAN

SCORES; 1965, GRADE 5; PARAGRAPH MEANING

Comparison with 1962 and 1968 scores

School	1962	1965	1968	1968-percentile
Greenlee	4.2	5.4.	4.4	24
Fairview	4.2	5.5	4.2	18
Mitchell	4.4	5.9	4.1	16
Whittier	4.5	6.6	4.4	24
Wyatt	4.8	6.4	3.9	14
Ash Grove	7.3	6.4	6.8	75
Bradley	7.6	6.4	6.9	76
Doul1	7.3	5.6	6.3	65
McMeen	7.3	6.9	7.3	82
Pitts	7.5	6.7	7.2	80

Source: Triennial testing, 1962,1965,1968; fifth grade- paragraph meaning

		•	

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 380 (Stanford Achievement Tests—Paragraph Meaning, 20 Minority Schs.)



STANFORD ACHEIVEMENT TESTS - PARAGRAPH MEANING April, 1969; Mean Scores by School and Grade

Twenty Minority Schools

	Grade Level	1	at which Tests Were Administered	ninistered	
School	2.6	3.6	4.6	5.6	9.9
Barrett	(2.32)	3.09	3.45	4.35	5.29
Boulevard	(1.89)	3.37	3.56	4.59	5.35
Bryant Webster	er (2.24)	2.87	3.73	4.73	5.13
Columbine	(2.14)	2.67	3.32	4.42	96.4
Crofton	1.85	2.47	3,51	4.60	4.68
Ebert	2.27	2.59	3.52	4.07	4.75
Elmwood	(2.22)	3.05	3.74	4.82	5.06
Fairmont	(2.01) 2.79	2.93	3.54	4.41	4.77
Vairview	(2.23)	3.03	3.24	4.24	4.42
Garden Place	(2.03)	2.56	3.32	4.10	4.80
Gilpin	(2.03)	2.83	3.18	4.25	5.03
Greenlee	(1.89)	2.47	3,46	4.11	4.63
Hallett	2.37	3.22	4.03	5.11	5.87
Harrington	1.99	2.54	3.25	4.23	4.59
Mitchell	(1.98)	2.86	3.26	3.91	4.22
Smith	2,33	2.77	3.86	4.85	5.28
Stedman	2.76	2.94	4.00	4.67	5.50
Whittier	(5.06)	2.69	3.39	4.07	4.50
Wyatt	(1.95)	2.90	4.11	3.94	4.24
Wyman	2.19	3.06	4.23	4.93	5.11
AVERAGE	(2.07) 2.32 combined 2.17	2.85	3.58	4.42	4.91

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 381 (Stanford Achievement Tests—Paragraph Meaning, 21 Anglo Schs.)



### STANFORD ACHEIVEMENT TESTS - PARAGRAPH MEANING April 1969; Mean Scores by School and Grade

Twenty-one Anglo Schools

	Grade Lev	el at which	Tests Were	Administered	i	
School	2.6*	3.6	4.6	5.6	6.6	
Ash Grove	3.27	4.46	5.98	6.69	7.51	
Bradley	(2.98)	4.30	5.24	6.37	7.72	
Bromwell	3.09	4.53	5.32	6.52	7.44	
Carson	3.28	4.66	5.33	6.77	7.44	
Cory	3.14	4.29	5.14	6.23	7.13	
Doull	3.21	3.95	5.18	6.46	7.27	
Ellis	2.89	4.70	5.96	6.04	< 6 <b>.9</b> 7	
Ellsworth	2.45	3.40	5.65	6.62	6.11	
Fallis	3.46	4.68	5.60	7.23	9.00	
Gust	2.69	3.77	4.65	5.74	6.63	
Knight	3.33	4.27	5.56	6.72	7.16	
McMeen	3.17	4.07	5.58	6.74	7.54	
Montclair	3.29	4.14	5.12	6.01	7.26	
Mont. Annex	2.95					
Palmer	(2.85)	3.65	5.30	6.98	7.39	
Pitts	(3.02)	4.68	5.76	6.90	8.03	
Sabin	3.17	4.20	5.32	6.11	7.12	
Slavens	3.43	4.44	5.74	6.62	7.01	
Traylor	3.13	4.42	5.20	6.62	7.50	
Univ. Park	3.37	4.26	5.79	6.88	7.65	
Wash. Park	3.40	4.30	5.44	6.32	7.24	
AVERAGE combi	(2.95) 3.16 ined 3.12	4.26	5.44	6.53	7.01	

<sup>\*</sup> Primary I Level - Form X; indicated by parentheses Primary II Level - Form W; no parentheses



# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 410 (Negroes in the Denver Public Schools (Urban League Rept.))

Exh, 6, & 410

# NEGROES IN THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

The first Negro teacher to be employed by the Denver Public Schools was Miss Dorothy Burdine. She began teaching at Whittier Elementary School in September 1934.

The second Negro teacher, Mrs. Marie Greenwood, began teaching at Whittier school in September 1935.

In January 1955, almost 21 years later, Mrs. Jessie Maxwell was appointed principal in the Denver Public Schools. Mrs. Maxwell was promoted from her position as teacher at Whittier to the principalship of the same school.

The history of the Negro teacher in the Denver schools during those 21 years is interesting.

From that time until 1944 the number of Negro teachers in the Denver schools at any one time never exceeded five and all were assigned to Whittier Elementary School.

In 1954 the number of Negro teachers was increased.

In September 1947 Mrs. Florida Waller and Mrs. Ramona McHenry were assigned as the first Negro teachers to Gilpin School.

In 1949 Gilbert Cruter at Manual became the first Negro teacher in a Denver High School.

The September 1952, Gene Carter and Madison Broadnox, became the first Negro teachers to be assigned to Mitchell School, C. L. Junior High added two Negro faculty members.

September 1953 saw the number of Negro teachers increased to approximately thirty. Fairview and Wyman schools each had a Negro teacher assigned to their faculties. Mrs. Alma Collins became the second Negro teacher on the Manual High School staff. The number of Negro teachers at Cole Junior High was increased to six.

By the end of the 1954-55 school year the Denver schools had their first Negro principal and a total of 43 Negro teachers. By September 1955 the number of Negro teachers had been increased to 58.

As of February 1, 1956, the Denver schools had Negro personnel distributed as follows:

1	Principal	Whittier Elementary	School
		Manual High	
		Cole Junior High	
I	Teacher	Baker Junior High	School
11	Teachers	Whittier Elementary	School
6	Teachers	Mitchell Elementary	School
1	Teacher :	Wyman Elementary	School
7	Teachers	Fairview Elementary	School
		Gilpin Elementary	
2	Teachers	Wyatt Elementary	School
l	Teacher	Newlon Elementary	School
3	Teachers	24th St. Elementary	School
1	Teacher	Ebert Elementary	School
		Columbine Elementary	
1	School Nurse	_ Washington Park Scho	ol and
		Garden Place Scho	
1	School Psychologist	Administration	
	School Social Worker		3
		Boys, Inc.,	Gilpin
		•	•
	<del></del>		

# JOIN THE URBAN LEAGUE NOW!

# COMMUNITY BELIEFS CONCERNING THE SCHOOLS

The present controversy over the proposed school boundaries has unearthed several widely held beliefs which are prevalent in the East Denver Manual area. Many persons think that:

- 1. The curriculum at Manual High School is inferior to that of other Denver School High Schools.
- 2. The upper-level student at Cole does not receive the same kind of special attention provided in other junior high schools.
- 3. Students going from Cole to Manual are not encouraged to choose college preparatory courses because such courses are limited at Manual.

The Urban League is deeply concerned with these and other questions involved in the school situation. We are interested in helping the community determine to their own satisfaction the truth or falsity of these beliefs. We hope the schools will cooperate with the League and interested parents and citizens in this effort.



## 2108a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 417

(Secondary Membership 1955-1965, Report from Principals, Manual Area)

(See Opposite)

# SECONDARY NEMBERSHIP 1955-1965 REPORT FROM PHINCIPALS MANUAL AREA

۲,

School	Building Capacity	Membership March 1955	Estimated Membership Sept. 1955	Estimated Membership Sept. 1960	Estimated Membership Sept. 1965
Cole Jr. High	1908	1071	1530	1920	
Manual High	1600	766	1155	1280	1605



### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 6

(Excerpts from Minutes, June 9, 1969 (pp. 10-11))

--10---

### B. Voluntary Open Enrollment

It was moved by Mr. Southworth, that in addition to the existing voluntary open enrollment policies with transportation provided, which includes all schools of the District, the Superintendent and his staff be directed to develop and initiate concentrated and effective plans and programs designed to achieve a voluntary exchange of pupils now residing in the Smily Junior High School and East High School attendance areas with pupils now residing in the attendance areas of South, Thomas Jefferson and George Washington high schools, provided that such exchanges in school assignment result in improved understanding and integration, both in the sending school and in the receiving school, that such plans and programs be made effective as soon as feasible, and by the opening of school in September of 1969, if possible, and, if not, by the commencement of the second semester of the 1969-1970 school year and all such exchange programs shall be with transportation provided by the District. The motion was seconded by Mr. Perrill.

---11---

A roll call vote was recorded as follows: voting "yes," Mr. Berge, Mr. Knight, Mr. Perrill, and Mr. Southworth; voting "no," Dr. Amesse, Mrs. Noel, and Mr. Voorhees. The motion was declared duly carried.

June 9, 1969

## RESOLUTION NO. 1533

WHEREAS, this Board of Education has rescinded previous resolutions adopted by it and numbered 1520, 1524, and 1531 for the reasons that such resolutions were hastily prepared, inappropriate to accomplish their intended purposes and lacked community support; and

WHEREAS, this Board of Education now having considered the views of the citizens of this School District,
Resolution No. 1490 passed by this Board on May 16, 1968,
school building capacities, optimum pupil memberships for
schools, the need for providing transportation to pupils
and the cost thereof, the need to stabilize pupil membership in certain schools of this District and the feasibility
of implementing some of the planning undertaken by the
Superintendent of this School District and his staff, FINDS
that the following steps are necessary and appropriate to the
improvement of education in the Denver Public Schools and
that such steps are in the public interest;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED by the Board of Education of School District No. 1 in the City and County of Denver and State of Colorado, that

1. The Superintendent is directed to continue development of plans in accordance with the concept of the Elementary School Complex as outlined in his report entitled

"Planning Quality Education" heretofore received by this
Board of Education, and to initiate voluntary implementation
of such plans, commencing with the opening of school in
September of 1969, for the following groupings of elementary
schools of this District to be known as Complex 1 and
Complex 2, respectively:

Complex 1 Complex 2

Ashley Ashland

Carson Barnum

Hallett Boulevard

Montclair Brown

Montclair Annex Cheltenham

Palmer Colfax

Park Hill Cowell

Philips Eagleton

Steck Edison

Teller Fairview

Whiteman Newlon

Perry

2. The Superintendent is directed to develop and institute plans and programs for a Hallett Elementary School voluntary exchange plan, before September 1969, by sponsoring a voluntary exchange of Hallett Elementary School pupils with pupils of other elementary schools throughout the District, and with transportation provided by the District.

- 3. The Superintendent is directed to take steps to establish pre-primary educational programs in the schools of the North-Central portion of the District in September 1969, as proposed in his said report "Planning Quality Education."
- 4. For the purpose of improving education and furthering the integration of schools included in Elementary School Complex 5, as described in the report "Planning Quality Education," such schools shall be grouped for cooperative planning with the elementary schools of other elementary school complexes as follow, or with such other or different schools as the Superintendent may designate from time to time, utilizing the criteria of ratio of school and group memberships, racial composition of memberships, potential for promoting educational understanding, and utilization of school facilities; that such cooperative planning shall be accomplished by the local schools included within such groupings through planning committees composed of school staff members, P.T.A. representatives, parents and other citizens in the school community; that such planning committees shall be selected and shall operate under rules and regulations prescribed by the Superintendent; that any cooperative plans so developed shall be mutually agreed upon by such committees prior to implementation thereof; that implementation of such cooperative plans may be undertaken by the Superintendent within the limitations of law and the policies of this Board of Education; and that participation by individual families shall be optional.

Schools in Complex V	Schools Grouped with Complex V Schools
Crofton Harrington	Bradley Pitts Slavens University Park
Wyatt	Bromwell Moore Stevens
Columbine Gilpin	Godsman Goldrick Gust Sabin Schmitt Traylor
Whittier	Asbury Lincoln Rosedale Thatcher Washington Park
Mitchell Stedman	Denison Doull Force Johnson Schenck
Smith	Ash Grove Cory Ellis Fallis Knight McMeen

5. The present practices of transporting pupils from the attendance areas of schools of this District deemed to be overcrowded to other schools of this District, whenever necessary to relieve such overcrowding, be continued.

6. The Superintendent is directed to proceed with plans to reduce the pupil population of Stedman Elementary School to the extent that four mobile units now located at that school may be used where needed at other Schools of this District, by soliciting approximately 120 voluntary pupil transfers from Stedman Elementary School to other elementary schools of this District having space available and with transportation provided by the District.

• •

Plaintiffs' Exhibit 6a (Resolution No. 1533)

## 2112a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 10 (Review, Publication PPS, April 1969)

(See Opposite)

# School-Community Days . . .

Come Visit Your Schools—this is an invitation from all who have planned the annual School-Community Days, April 22, 23, and 24, for the Denver Public Schools.

As a traditional part of Colorado Public Schools Week, the Denver Public Schools have again planned School-Community Days to show the community and its citizens the programs and activities that are going on in their schools. To better accommodate school visitors, three days have been set aside for visitation — Tuesday, April 22, for elementary schools; Wednesday, April 23, for junior high schools; and Thursday, April 24, for senior high schools.

"Quality Education for All—Responsible Citizenship" has been designated as the theme of this year's observance which has been proclaimed officially by Governor John A. Love and the State Board of Education as the week of April 20 through 26. The Colorado Department of Education coordinates the planning for the event which is sponsored this year by 22 civic and service organizations.

# What's New? . . .

Systems Analysis for Educational Planning - An approach to the solution of predetermined educational problems (not exclusive to the field of education). Through such an approach the overall objectives of a school, a class, indeed an individual student, are identified and through the skillful use of planners, consultants, and community acting as team members with the regular school staff that the data is processed by a computer to the end that the optimum benefit will accrue to the individual student. As this is done it is anticipated that teaching efficiency will increase and that alternative systems and strategies can be utilized to meet the established goals all the time effecting economies and efficiencies in the educational process. The end result should be a curriculum, organization and staffing plan that will be adapted to meet the needs of a given, school, room, or student better than they have been met in the past.

**Discussion Pictures** — A recently employed concept and the technique in the beginning social studies program for first-and second-grade classes. The purpose and approach here is to stimulate pupil discussion dealing with human understandings; to develop an appreciation of attitudes and values through group interplay and exchange.

Social Studies Materials — Minority Groups — These materials, for use in all schools, are being utilized to supplement existing textbooks whose treatment of the contributions of minority peoples is sometimes less than adequate. The materials are not graded, by intent, in order that teachers will be able and feel free to use them with children at any grade level where their use will enhance the teaching of these important concepts. Included among these materials are The Heritage and Contributions of The Negro American, The Heritage and Contributions of the Hispanic American, and The Heritage and Contribution of the Chinese and Japanese Americans. Significant is the fact that these materials were prepared by Denver Public Schools teachers who are members of the minority groups they wrote about, but, more important, know about. (More on pages three and four)



Official Publication, Denver Public Schools

Vol. XLIX, April, 1969

# In This Issue . . .

New Instructional Materials	 		Pa	ges 1, 3, 4
<ul> <li>School-Community Days .</li> </ul>				. Page 1
Voluntary Open Enrollment				
• East-Smiley Changes				
• Cole-Smiley Changes	 			. Page 4
<ul> <li>New Elementary Science Mai</li> </ul>				

## Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan . . .

The voluntary pupil transfer program authorized by the Board of Education last November 21, attracted 1,245 requests for changes of schools as of February, 1969: The plan went into effect this semester which began January 27.

Of the 1,245 who requested the transfer, 865 are presently being transported to schools other than their home school. Two hundred fifty-nine of the remaining 378 requests were not honored because the pupils did not meet the requirement that the requested transfer would improve the racial balance. Fifty-one requests had conditions attached which could not be met and 68 requests were cancelled by parental request or by the district because of transportation problems.

Of the 1,245 who applied, 724 were Negro, 390 were white and 131 were Hispano. Of the 865 being transported, 573 are Negro, 253 are white and 39 are Hispano.

The 865 pupils being transported represent an increase of almost 10% in number of pupils who were transported last semester.

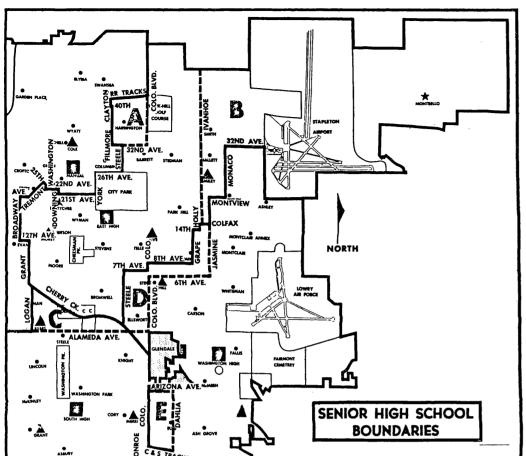
The voluntary open enrollment plan adopted by the Board contains, in part, the following:

- "Any pupil, with the permission of his parents, who wishes may request enrollment in a school of his choice provided the requested transfer is one where pupils in his school are the majority of his race to a school where the pupils of his race are a minority and whenever the numbers are reasonable.
- The request for transfer could be for a full day or half day, or enrollment in seminar classes, for a minimum of one semester for senior high school pupils; and full day enrollment for elementary school and junior high school pupils for a minimum of one semester. The maximum would be determined by the pupil and his parents.
- In previously integrated schools a reasonable ethnic ratio must be maintained for transportation of pupils to schools in other parts of the city where space is available. The purpose of the plan is to help integration and to prevent schools from becoming resegregated.
- Transportation of pupils will be subsidized by the Denver Public Schools. The Denver Public Schools may provide service by school bus, public transportation, private automobile, or chartered bus, depending upon the transportation problems."

A pamphlet describing the opportunities available through the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan is being prepared for distribution this Spring.

Page Three

# Plan to Stabilize Racial and Ethnic Composition of Pupil Membership at East and Smiley



SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL Effective September 1969

(Seniors have the option to go to new school or stay.) Area A-141 pupils from East, bussed to South Area B-249 pupils from East, to George Washington Area C-172 pupils from South, to East Area D-195 pupils from George Washington, to East Area E-100 pupils from George Washington, to South (The Montbello area will remain in the East district.)

> JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL **Effective September 1969**

Area A-550 pupils from Hill to Smiley Other changes:

50 pupils from Swansea area—from Cole to Smiley 50 Montbello pupils-to Smiley

100 Hill pupils (south end of district)—to Hamilton 200 Merrill pupils (southeast end of district)—to Hamilto

850 Smiley pupils (north end of district)-bussed to

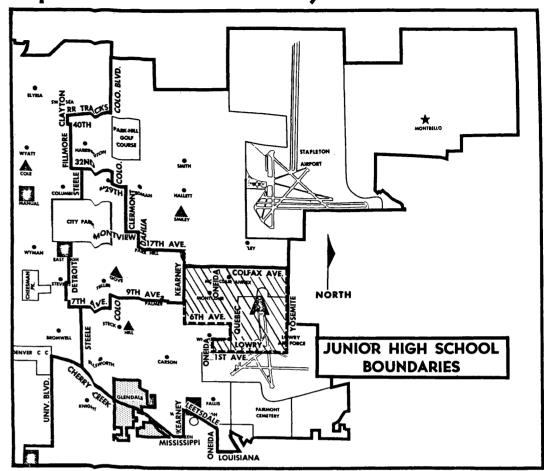
200 to Hill

200 to Merrill 180 to Hamilton, Thomas Jefferson

70 to Grant

70 to Byers

130 to Kunsmiller



The Board of Education last December directed the Superintendent and staff to prepare a plan which would provide for the stabilization of pupil memberships at Smiley Junior High School and East High School.

It was felt by the majority of the Board that "because of the housing patterns in the City and County of Denver, East High School and Smiley Junior High School contain growing numbers of pupils of racial and ethnic minorities; that a reduction of such numbers is desirable as one of the steps to improve educational opportunity in such schools; and that the changes in the attendance areas . . . will reasonably accomplish such reduction and thereafter stabilize the racial and ethnic composition of pupil memberships in these schools; and that such changes are in the public interest."

The Board approved this plan at the meeting at South High School auditorium on Thursday, January 30. Details are contained in the accompanying maps and captions.

As a result of these changes all pupils involved will attend schools that are integrated but are predominately

The effect of these changes will be as follows:

Estimated	d Racial Compo	sition—Smiley	
	Anglo	Negro	Hispan
January 1969	27%	<b>67</b> %	6%
September 1969	<b>72</b> %	23%	5 %
Estimat	ed Racial Com	position—East	
January 1969	54%	40%	6%
September 1969	68 <i>°</i> ₀	25%	7%
Cu	mulative Effect	ts at East	
of the Junio	r High School E	Soundary chan	ges
1971	88%	4%	8%

# Social Studies Changes Include Citywide Minority-group History Courses and New Materials

Elective course offerings in Afro-American history are available to students in all of the nine Denver public high schools. The course was introduced a year ago at one school. Its success, interest, and significance led to its inclusion in the city-wide curriculum. A course outline list of materials, and the like is available in all high schools. One junior high school is participating in this course offering on an experimental basis. Popularity of the course ranges from one class section in some buildings to as many as 15 sections in other buildings.

In this same manner a course in Latin American history with emphasis on the Southwest is available for students also. This course deals largely with Hispano history and culture. Again it is being used on an experimental basis in one junior high school.

Still another possibility—this one a course in Minority Cultures-is being offered in one of our schools with the thought of inclusion at all schools if its success and interest

Although elective offerings will accomplish part of the job of teaching about minorities, the remaining part must be done in the required American history courses. In order to upgrade the teaching about minority groups in grades eight and 11 history classes, substantial quantities of new materials have been purchased and distributed to schools. Also recognizing that teachers themselves had few professional resource materials on which to draw, each 8th and 11th grade history teacher has been supplied with four types of commercially prepared, professional materials which enable the teacher to have at hand the kinds of resource materials which he needs.

Recognition also has been given to the fact that some of the older textbooks have weaknesses in the areas devoted to Negro history and thus a need for supplementary pupil materials. Therefore, schools have been supplied with additional books and instructional materials, including audiovisual aids, in order to provide a meaningful, accurate, and balanced picture of American life. It should be noted also that these materials do not replace the standard American history texts.

Similar efforts are being made with respect to materials dealing with Hispanos-particularly in regard to Hispanic people of the Southwest. Publishers have not, as yet, provided the materials for this important need as they have with the Negro. Limited amounts are available, some is not relevant to our section of the country since it is largely directed to the Puerto Ricans of New York or the Mexican American in the California area. Using knowledgeable resource persons in our own schools and with the cooperation of our institutions of higher learning it is felt that significant advances in this area soon will be made.

The Denver Public Schools are intimately and enthusiastically involved in the area of teaching about minority groups. It is not reasonable to assume that educational materials and a soundly conceived social studies program can solve all of our society's or community's problems. However, we feel that at a time in our nation's history when it is imperative to teach about our nation's heritage we are making good progress.

Teacher involvement, understanding, sensitivity whatever the term, the concern and need is present. This has been a little publicized but deeply involved aspect of the program for developing understanding minority groups. During this school year two seminars involving more than 100 teachers were conducted using a title "Using New Instructional Materials on Minority Peoples in American Life". The seminars included Hispano life, history, culture and contributions and similar approaches for the Negro. Taught by expert, knowledgeable persons, every junior high and senior high school social studies department was represented assuring that every secondary school would have at least one member knowledgeable and current in new methods and materials for teaching about minorities.

For the last several years many of our teachers have attended summer workshop sessions on human relations in cooperation with local colleges and universities—to name only a few, Denver University, Loretto Heights College, Metropolitan State University, Colorado College. However, their work has not been confined to workshops only. Evening classes, summer institutes, summer schools and even fulltime attendance has led to retraining and better understanding of the needs and problems present in teaching these important concepts. It is also worthy of mention that our institutions of higher learning are making a sincere effort to improve their course offerings while at the same time generously offering facilities and services to the schools, making it possible for us to have a large number of collegetrained teachers in this area of teaching in a relatively short

# Pupils to Make Elementary School Science Teaching Materials

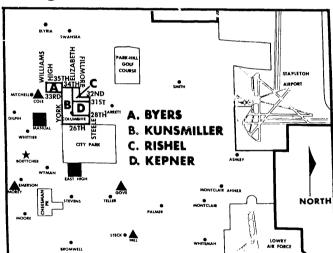
During the summer of 1969, Neighborhood Youth Corps pupils will be designing and manufacturing materials for use in the elementary school in the Denver Public Schools. It is anticipated that both boys and girls will participate in the program which will give them opportunities for meaningful work experiences. Such skills as woodworking, drafting, welding, metal working and office work will be developed. In addition to fostering an attitude of self-worth in the participants the program hopes to develop increased self-understanding and good work habits by permitting pupils to work as a team.

The industrial arts facilities of a Denver Public School high school will be used. Items such as balances, balance beams, electrical kits, periscopes and simple machines will be manufactured in sufficient quantity for use in all Denver elementary schools. Other items for consideration are centrifrugal force kits, sand pendulums, range finders, and other similar equipment.

This program was proposed by Mr. Buel Robinson, a physics teacher at George Washington High School. He and Mr. Donald Forster, an industrial arts teacher at George Washington, will plan the design of the pupil projects. Both men will do the actual teaching and supervision during the six-week summer session.

In the future a project of this type might also provide for science equipment needed in the secondary schools.

## Changes in Cole Area . . .

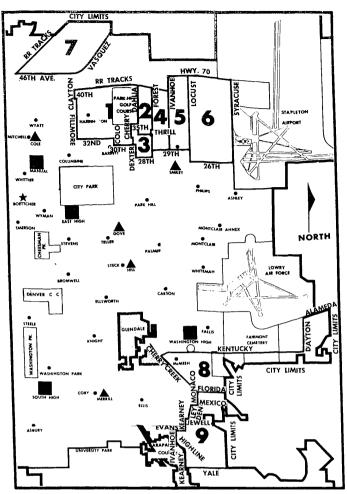


The Report, *Planning Quality Education*, suggested that consideration be given to phasing out Cole Junior High School. Seventh and eighth graders would be assigned to various junior high schools throughout the School District and the ninth graders accommodated at Manual High School as the program with Colorado State College is developed for that school. These steps not only would aid in further integrating the junior high schools but also would priovide for equalizing educational opportunity for Cole pupils.

Although reduction in membership at Cole Junior High School is not specifically a step to "phase out" the school as noted above, a lower membership will produce an environment in which appropriate instructional programs can be developed to motivate pupils and provide for their educational needs in the most effective way.

Pupil membership will be reduced, effective in September, 1969, by transporting 275 children from the Cole Junior High School area to the five schools where there is room for them: Byers, Kepner, Kunsmiller, Rishel, and Smiley junior high schools.

# Junior High Subdistrict Changes . . .



The following areas, now a part of the Smiley Junior High School subdistrict, will become a part of the subdistricts of the junior high schools listed-effective September, 1969.

Area (see above map)	Junior high school attendance area to which the respective areas are assigned.
1	Merrill Junior High School-
2	Grant Junior High School—
3	Byers Junior High School—
. 4	Kunsmiller Junior High School—
5	Hill Junior High School
6	Hamilton Junior High School—
	Thomas Jefferson Junior-Senior High School

**Area 7** now in the Cole Junior High School attendance area is assigned to the Smiley Junior High School attendance area.

Area 8 now in the Hill Junior High School and Area 9 now in the Merrill Junior High School attendance areas are assigned to the Hamilton Junior High School and Thomas Jefferson Junior-Senior High School attendance area.

#### THE REVIEW

Official Publication of the Denver Public Schools

Prepared by Department of Information Services
Administration Building • 414 Fourteenth Street • Denver, Colorado 80202

#### APRIL, 1969

BOARD OF EDUCATION—James D. Voorhees, Jr., President; Allegra Saunders, Vice-President; John H. Amesse, M.D.; A. Edgar Benton; William G. Berge; Stephen J. Knight, Jr.; Rachel B. Noel.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF-Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent; Howard L. Johnson, Deputy Superintendent; Charles E. Armstrong, Assistant Superintendent; Richard P. Koeppe, Assistant Superintendent; Edgar A. Olander, Assistant Superintendent.

### 2114a

# Plaintiffs' Exhibit 11 (Review, Publication DPS, May 1969)

(See Opposite)

## Elementary School Integration . . .

Excerpts from the remarks made by Dr. Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent of Schools, to the Board of Education on April 16, 1969:

In Resolution 1490 the Board of Education recognized that the continuation of neighborhood schools has resulted in the concentration of some minority racial and ethnic groups in certain schools, and that a reduction of such concentration and the establishment of an integrated school population is desirable to achieve equality of educational opportunity.

The long range plan, Planning Quality Education, prepared by the staff, consultants, and me has received wide consideration.

From time to time I have proposed action on recommendations contained in the plan in order that implementation could proceed as fast as possible and yet produce lasting results consistent with long range objectives.

One such recommendation related to the stabilization of secondary school populations in Northeast Denver. Particularly affected were East High School and Smiley Junior High School.

Complementary to the recommendation for secondary schools is the plan relating to the stabilization of elementary school memberships in Northeast Denver. As with the recommendations for the secondary schools, this plan is an integral part of the long range plan for integrating the Denver Public Schools, as directed by Resolution 1490.

The major consideration in formulating these recommendations to provide quality integrated education is the welfare of Denver's children. I have been guided by these well-established and accepted principles: sound fiscal management, availability of personnel and staff resources, and the extent of potential community acceptance.

Unlike many cities, the citizens of Denver have a unique opportunity to insure a high quality of education for all of Denver's children.

Our contacts with the community have shown that there is no consensus about the action which is required. On the one hand some people feel that steps such as these are too modest. Conversely, others feel that too much is being proposed. It is my professional judgment that these time-phased steps, part of the long-range plan, are reasonable, necessary, can be accomplished, and will result in meaningful progress.

#### **ACTION TO DATE**

No other large city has undertaken steps toward integration on such a large scale; and reports describing integration efforts in smaller cities fail to emphasize the differences in scale in such factors as geographical size, costs, numbers of schools involved, size of pupil memberships, and the racial composition of the city.

#### Facilities —

Twelve additional classrooms are being added to Hamilton Junior High School. A new junior high school is being constructed at East Florida Avenue at South Quebec Street. At Park Hill Elementary School a half-million dollar classroom and cafeteria addition was built.

#### Transportation -

Voluntary Open Enrollment -

As of February 1969, 847 pupils involving 23 secondary and 28 elementary sending schools are being transported for integrative purposes.

Limited Open Enrollment —

638 children from 33 sending schools are participating in this program.

Additional Transportation for Integration —

618 pupils in four elementary schools are being transported to 19 schools throughout the city.

225 junior high school pupils are being transported to two other schools.

The total transportation required for these programs involves 2,328 pupils.



Official Publication, Denver Public Schools

Vol. XLX, May, 1969

# 1969-70 School Calendar

#### Resolution 1520 -

Implementation of this Resolution involves 2,932 children and 15 secondary schools. Twenty-seven new buses costing about \$450,000 are being purchased for this program. Additional capital outlay for storage, operation, and maintenance of these vehicles will be required.

#### Total Children Transported —

The above four programs involve the transportation of 5,260 children, thus providing integrative experiences in a large number of schools in Denver.

This plan will provide integration for 10,102 elementary pupils in 22 schools by the reassignment of 2,001 additional pupils. Additional pupils will be involved in the cooperative programs linking core area schools with those in the rest of the city.

#### CONCLUSION

We are limited severely in both money and knowledge. Knowledge we can develop with the talent we have and a commitment on the part of all of us in the school system. We have a good start in this direction—it will take time—there are no instant solutions for the huge tasks before us. The schools cannot solve society's problems alone; all community agencies have a role to play in that process. Some needed actions in the areas of housing and employment are even more critical than those required of the educators.

The finances required to make the changes that will be necessary are critical. Developing the solutions will without question cost money and it is likely that the solutions, when developed, (Continued on page 4)

#### CORRECTION

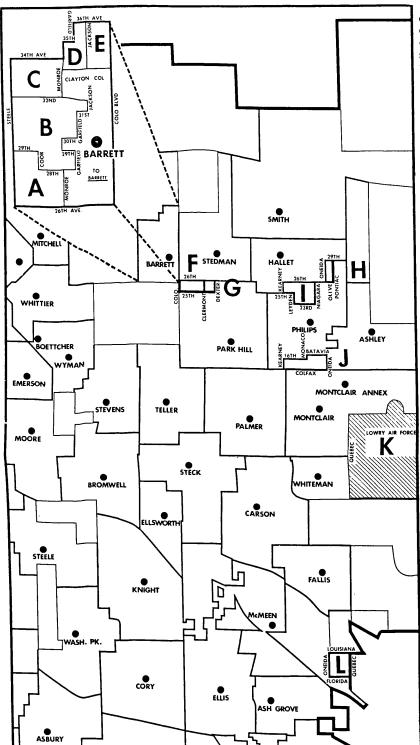
The April Review printed the following statement which is **not** correct:

	Cumulative Effects	at East	
	of the Junior High School Bo	undary change:	5
	Anglo	Negro	Hispano
1971	88%	4%	8%

The figures which should have been used are as follows:

Anglo Negro Hispano
1971 73% 20% 7%

# A Plan for the Stabilization of Memberships of Elementary Schools in Northeast Denver and for Further Integration of the Denver Public Schools



Area A - From Barrett to Carson

Area B - From Barrett to Montclair

Area C - From Barrett to Whiteman

Area D — From Barrett to Asbury

Area E - From Barrett to Moore

Area F - From Park Hill to Steele Area G - From Park Hill to Steck

Area I - From Philips to Palmer Area J - From Montclair to Philips

Area H - From Philips to Ashley

Area K - From Whiteman, Moore, Montclair and Montclair Annex to Barrett

- From Palmer (transported) to Philips

This plan for elementary schools consists of a number Stabilization of Memberships, Complex One of elements relating to the implementation of the Superintendent's Report, Planning Quality Education, which was presented to the Board of Education on October 10, 1968. Consideration was given to the effects reassignment of pupils will have upon -

- racial and ethnic composition of pupil member-
- · potential quality of the instructional program
- financing transportation equipment and personnel
- availability of time and staff to develop programs, communicate with parents and children, and to orient the personnel involved.

The views of individuals and groups of citizens have been considered. Consideration also was given to traffic conditions, housing patterns, school building capacities, and memberships.

The proposal is financially feasible in that the additional transportation requirements can be handled by means of leasing additional buses and by maximum utilization of buses already purchased out of the capital outlay accounts. Effective utilization will be possible by varying the opening and closing times of some schools. Effective utilization of current staff will minimize the need for additional personnel.

The Plan is to be effective in the fall of 1969.

Facilities for the initial operation of complexes are available in the addition to Park Hill Elementary School (Complex Number One) and the replacement of the Cheltenham Elementary School (Complex Number Two). This is an important consideration since capital reserve funds are obligated through 1970.

#### Programs in Complexes One and Two

The report, Planning Quality Education, notes the following programs and services which can be provided for elementary schools in a cluster with a central complex:

- 1. Cultural Arts Program
- 2. Resource Materials Center
- 3. Reading Clinic
- 4. Special Academic Facility
- 5. Pre-Primary Facility
- 6. Community Agencies Facility
- 7. Recreation Facilities
- 8. Administrative Facility
- 9. Special Education

The tables below show the capacities and racial composition of memberships of schools in Complexes One and Two.

Pupil memberships of schools in Northeast Denver will be stabilized by means of boundary changes and transportation. These changes will assure that children will be transported to schools whose membership is at least 70% Anglo, thus providing integrated education. The changes which follow are based upon the following facts:

- Pupils presently transported will be diverted to nearby schools
- Differences in travel distances are minimized
- Travel time differences are not increased significantly.

	D	Ol o	_		_	-
A.		ndary Change				
		Ashley —			32 pupils	
	2.	Montclair -	- Philips		30 pupils	
В.	Trai	nsportation				
	1.	Philips to:	Ashley		30 pupils	
		_	Palmer		50 pupils (exc	change
	2.	Park Hill to:	Steck		30 pupils	
			Steele		70 pupils	
C.	Res	ulting Racial	Composition	of	Memberships	

		Current	Memb	ership		Rest	ılting I	Membe	rship
School	Building Capacity	Anglo Percent	Negro Percent	Hispano Percent	Total	Anglo Percent	Negro Percent	Hispano Percent	Total
Ashley	570	86	6	8	550	81	11	8	548
Carson	750	90	7	3	629	78	20	2	720
Montclair									
and Anne	x 810	93	3	4	795	80	16	4	753
Palmer	450	92	5	3	482	81	15	4	482
Park Hill	1,080	71	23	6	963	79	13	8	863
Philips	570	55	37	8	555	70	22	8	584
Steck	420	86	11	3	410	82	17	1	431
Whiteman	570	88	8	4	610	78	18	4	550

Change of Racial Composition of Membership at Barrett The modifications which follow will change Barrett from predominately Negro to predominately Anglo. Transportation:

1. To Barrett from:	Whiteman	110 pupils
	Moore	42 pupils
	Montclair	115 pupils
	Total	267 pupils
2. From Barrett to:	Montclair	100 pupils
	Whiteman	50 pupils

Schools, Capacities, Racial Composition of

**Complex Number Two** 

#### From Barrett to: Moore 42 pupils Carson 100 pupils Asbury 30 pupils 322 pupils Total

#### Resulting membership:

School	Building Capacity	Anglo Percent	Negro Percent	Hispano Percent	Total
Barrett	450	73	24	3	368

Pre-Primary Programs

Steps will be taken in September, 1969, to establish preprimary educational programs in the North-Central portion of the City as proposed in *Planning Quality Education*.

Change of Racial Composition at Hallet Elementary School Hallett school will become a demonstration integrated school on the basis proposed by certain interested citizens.

Present enrollment at Hallett is 751 of which 634 are Negro and approximately 76 Anglo. The Denver Public Schools will sponsor intensive recruiting efforts to obtain a minimum of 500 white volunteers from throughout the City who desire an integrated elementary school education for their boys and girls. Likewise, approximately 500 Negro pupils will be transported from Hallett to those Anglo schools. Hallett would then have a pupil population which would be approximately 60% Anglo, 40% Negro.

Expansion of the Transportation Program at Stedman Elementary School to Further the Integration Program.

Currently, 286 pupils are being transported from Stedman to other schools. An 120 additional pupils will be transported in order to integrate more schools in the District. This will free four mobile units for use elsewhere. Pupils will be transported from Stedman to:

Denison — 30 Schenck — 30 Force — 60 Continue Transportation Program at Smith School

Currently 214 pupils are being transported to other schools throughout the District.

#### Summary of Pupil Transportation and Integration

Previous recommendations of the Superintendent approved by the Board of Education have provided for transportation of 5,260 pupils and have integrated 23,049 pupils.

The current proposal provides for transporting 2,001 more pupils integrating 10,102 additional elementary pupils.

Additional numbers of children will be in integrated school programs when plans are completed for linking Area 5 schools with schools in other complexes.

#### Summary Integration Planned for September 1969

	Additional Pupils Integrated					
School Level	Voluntary Open Enrollment	Limited Open Enrollment	Additional	Resolution 1520	Total	
Elementary	327	150	618	0.075	1,095	*10.500
Junior High Senior High	$\frac{273}{247}$	$\frac{252}{236}$	225	$2,075 \\ 857$	2,825 1,340	*12,528 *10,521
	847	638	843	2,932	5,260	23,049
Current (Elem	nentary)	)				
Proposal`	•				2,001	10,102
Grand Total					7,261	33,151

\*Resulting from Resolution 1520

This is a substantial move in the short period of one year. In addition there are another 25,000 pupils in well-integrated schools in Denver. No other large city the size of Denver will have accomplished as much.

(Continued on page 4)

#### Complex Number One Schools, Capacities, Racial Composition of Memberships Based on October 1968 Data

School	Building Capacity	Anglo	Percent	Negro	Percent	Hispano	Percent	Total
Ashley	570	472	86	35	6	43	8	550
Carson	750	568	90	42	7	19	3	629
Hallett	690	76	10	634	84	41	6	751
Montclair and								
Annex	810	746	93	19	3	30	4	795
Palmer	450	442	92	24	5	16	3	482
Park Hill	750	684	71	223	23	56	6	963
Philips	570	307	55	203	37	45	8	555
Steck	420	353	86	44	11	13	3	410
Teller	480	346	78	58	13	40	9	444
Whiteman	570	537	88	49	8	24	4	610
		4,531		1,331		326		6,189
		-	73		22		5	

Memberships Based on October 1968 Data								
School	Building Capacity	Anglo	Percent	Negro	Percent	Hispano	Percent	Total
Ashland	630	236	39	0	0	373	61	609
Barnum	690	608	70	1	*	261	30	870
Boulevard	390	90	23	0	0	300	77	390
Brown	660	482	68	2	*	223	32	707
Cheltenham	750	301	38	27	3	462	59	790
Colfax	360	220	58	1	*	161	42	382
Cowell	510	323	62	2	*	155	32	483
Eagleton	480	190	39	4	1	291	60	485
Edison	690	608	80	1	*	152	20	761
Fairview	975	108	13	75	9	642	78	825
Newlon	690	469	63	0	0	275	37	744
Perry	150	64	63	0	0	38	37	102
		3,699		113		3,237		7,148

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		٠,	_	_			-	
Ashley	570	472	86	35	6	43	8	550
Carson	750	568	90	42	7	19	3	629
Hallett	690	76	10	634	84	41	6	751
Montclair and								
Annex	810	746	93	19	3	30	4	795
Palmer	450	442	92	24	5	16	3	482
Park Hill	750	684	71	223	23	56	6	963
Philips	570	307	55	203	37	45	8	555
Steck	420	353	86	44	11	13	3	410
Teller	480	346	78	58	13	40	9	444
Whiteman	570	537	88	49	8	24	4	610

# Cooperative Planning to Achieve Integration . . .

(Continued from page 3)

Integration of Schools in Area 5 (Northeast and North Central Denver)

Residential housing patterns result in the concentration of minority pupils in Area 5. In order to integrate these children, transportation will be required as stated in the report, *Planning Quality Education*. The accompanying data illustrate how schools are grouped for cooperative planning to achieve integration in these complexes.

(Schools in bold face type are in Area 5)

:				Current	Current Membership				
Schools Building		Anglo		Ne	Negro		Hispano		
	Capacity	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	Total	
Crofton	360	14	5	108	39	157	56	27	
Harrington	570	28	5	435	78	97	17	56	
Bradley	960	983	98	3	*	12	2	99	
Pitts	450	429	99	2	*	3	1	43	
University									
Park	960	945	95	39	4	16	1	1,000	
Slavens	690	633	95	33	5	1	*	66'	
Wyatt	450	8	2	201	47	223	52	439	
Bromwell	270	301	92	14	4	12	4	32	
Moore	660	460	79	48	8	72	13	580	
Stevens	390	297	77	47	12	41	11	38	
Columbine				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
	1,125	6	1	908	95	43	4	95	
Gilpin	900	20	3	282	45	325	51	62	
Gust	780	754	93	O	0	59	7	81	
Sabin 1	1,320	1,262	97	0	0	41	3	1,30	
Schmitt	690	622	86	3	*	102	13	72	
Traylor	750	849	97	1	*	22	2	87	
	,050	7	1	818	94	44	5	86	
Asbury	630	480	89	31	6	29	5	54	
Lincoln	540	512	86	1	*	81	14	59	
Rosedale	420	354	79	3	1	91	20	44	
Thatcher	360	284	81	4	1	62	18	35	
Washingt	on								
Park	540	481	95	0	0	24	5	50	
Mitchell 1	,050	8	1	726	73	255	26	98	
Stedman	795	27	4	634	92	25	3	68	
Denison	570	482	88	1	*	67	12	55	
Doull	930	921	94	13	1	47	4	98	
Force	915	744	86	26	3	92	11	86	
Johnson	750	672	86	0	0	111	14	78	
Schenck	750	638	87	1	*	96	12	73	
Smith 1	,245	31	3	1,041	95	25	2	1,09	
Ash Grove	· 720	784	98	5	*	12	1	80	
Cory	600	542	91	30	5	23	4	59	
Ellis	900	791	98	0	0	15	2	80	
Fallis	360	391	99	$\dot{2}$	*	2	*	39	
Knight	630	632	99	$\bar{2}$	*	6	1	64	
		839	97	1	*	26	3	86	

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 1%

Basic planning among these cooperating groups of schools will originate at the local school level. Parents from cooperating schools will exchange visits to initiate the planning process. Central office staff will be available to assist local committees in their planning, and in the implementation of their plans. Local planning committees will be composed of staff members, PTA representa-

tives, and other citizens in the community. The plans that are developed will be mutually agreed upon. An initial step in the development of the plans will be to provide committee members of cooperating schools with opportunities to become acquainted, and to develop ideas for innovative programs.

Educational Programs

- One-half of a class from one school could exchange places with a similar number of children from another school for a designated period of time to carry out a planning project, study a required unit, engage in selected classroom activities, or visit places of interest pertaining to the unit of study.
- Activities similar to the present Cultural Arts and Cultural Understanding programs can be organized among the cooperating schools.
- 3. Teachers of selected grades or subjects can arrange to exchange assignments for a pre-determined period.

Exploration of these and other ideas and development of understanding are necessary first steps leading toward additional mutually-agreeded-upon quality education programs involving several classes or entire grade levels. At the same time, each school would retain its distinctive individual character.

## Elementary School Integration . . .

(Continued from page 1)

will cost money. Hopefully some of these costs can be offset by more effective use of what we already have, but to get to that point we will need more money.

I would like to urge our legislators to consider seriously our educational problems and provide us the resources we need to complete our task. Be appropriately critical of our effectiveness, but please do not foreclose the possibility of proper responses to needed change by punitive reduction and control of the fiscal support we so desperately need.

What we have proposed is, we feel, a reasonable and possible start in solving our problems. I hope that we shall be able to proceed now with the appropriate actions necessary. Time is limited.

## 58% of DPS Grads Enter College . . .

The percentage of Denver Public Schools graduates who enter college has risen steadily since 1958. Figures released by the Office of College and Scholarship Guidance are as follows:

Year	Number of Graduates	Number of College Bound	Per Cent In College
1958	2705	1253	46
1959*	3055	1379	46
1960	3159	1490	47
1961	3532	1826	52
1962*	3436	1819	53
1963	3505	1900	54
1964	4292	2496	58
1965*	5077	2913	57
1966	4989	2846	57
1967	5053	2913	58
1968	5081	2947	58

\*Figures from College Surveys—Actual entries.

All other figures are from school lists of pupils' future plans.

#### THE REVIEW

Official Publication of the Denver Public Schools

Prepared by Department of Public Information

Administration Building • 414 Fourteenth Street • Denver, Colorado 80202

MAY, 1969

BOARD OF EDUCATION—James D. Voorhees, Jr., President; Allegra Saunders, Vice-President; John H. Amesse, M.D.; A. Edgar Benton; William G. Berge; Stephen J. Knight, Jr.; Rachel B. Noel.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF-Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent; Howard L. Johnson, Deputy Superintendent; Charles E. Armstrong, Assistant Superintendent; Richard P. Koeppe, Assistant Superintendent; Edgar A. Olander, Assistant Superintendent.

### 2116a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 38

(Excerpts, "Characteristics of Negro Residences in Park Hill Area of Denver, Colo. 1966")

(See Opposite)

Part 1 EX 38

CHARACTERISTICS OF NEGRO RESIDENCES

IN PARK HILL AREA OF

DENVER, COLORADO

1966

Prepared by George E. Bardwell, Ph.D.

Consultant to
City and County of Denver
Denver, Colorado

this proportion in 1966 is about 37.1 per cent. (Table 4.) From 1960 to 1966, the increase in Negro population in Park Hill has been about 67 per cent per year.

TABLE 4

TOTAL NEGRO POPULATION IN PARK HILL

1950, 1960, 1966

Year	Negro Population	Total Population	Percent Negro	Percent of Total Negro Population in Denver in Park Hill
1950	54	20,201	0.3	0.3
1960	566	32,679	1.7	1.6
1966	12,222	32,9կկ	37.1	28.4

SOURCE: 1950, 1960:

Based upon non-institutional population only, U. S. Bureau of the Census enumeration District data. There is a very slight over-estimate of Negro population in 1950 in each category since two enumeration districts included area outside Park Hill boundaries defined in this report.

- Areas 13 to 16 have less than one Ŋ The percentage yearly increase in sales price reported for Areas and Areas 9 to 12 for improyed properties selling under \$20,000 what less than those in Areas 13 to 16. per cent Negro residents as of 1966. ÷
- There appears to have been a diminution in average sales price of improved properties \$20,000 and over in Areas 5 to 8 and Areas 9 to 12 over the period 1958 to 1964. <u>.</u>

Some Concluding Remarks on the Park Hill Gensus,

one adopts the position that a balance and stable mixture of Negro and white to reverse There is ample evidence that the Negro movement into Park Hill in. census is persistent and growing in momentum. The results suggest that a massive shift residents in Park Hill is a desirable public goal, the results of the 1966 racial composition in new residents moving into the area will be required are not encouraging. this trend

pronounced if the average white family in the 1966 census is used. Moveover, there is These factors, impact on school populations which is likely to be more severe than that experienced together with the prospect of higher proportion of Negroes in Park Hill, point to facilities. The average size Negro family in the 1966 census is about one-fourth larger than the white family in the 1960 census. This disparity is even more A number of factors suggest a continuing and mounting pressure for a relatively high vacancy rate in "transitional" areas in Park Hill. to date,

Hill is indeed worthwhile, the results of this 1966 census presents a serious challenge. If this public goal of a stabilized balance in the mixture of population in Park To meet this will likely require a public effort of very large proportions.

### 2118a

## Plaintiffs' Exhibit 333

(Ltr., June 20, 1956, to Bd. of Ed., Sch. Dist. #1, from Oberholtzer, Supt. of Schools)

(See Opposite)



Board of Education School District No. 1 City and County of Denver State of Colorado

Ladies and Gentlemen:

On January 18, 1956, you approved some proposed boundary lines affecting (1) Gove, Smiley, and Hill junior high schools and (2) Morey, Gove, and Hill junior high schools, because of the opening of the Hill Junior High School at the second semester of this school year. Furthermore, on January 18, 1956, we recommended that you postpone a decision on the proposed boundary lines affecting (1) Cole, Morey, and Smiley junior high schools and (2) Manual and East high schools. After a period of five months further study of the proposals not acted upon on January 18, we now recommend the approval of the following boundary lines affecting these schools:

- I. Change in Boundary Line Between Cole, Morey, and Smiley Junior High Schools.
  - A. The present optional area between Cole and Smiley junior high schools from Thirty-fourth Avenue to Twenty-third Avenue west of York Street will become Cole District.
  - B. The present optional area between Morey and Cole junior high schools from Twenty-first Avenue to Twenty-third Avenue west of York Street will become Cole District.
  - C. All present 7th, 8th, and 9th grado pupils living in these areas (A and B) may continue at Smiloy, Morey, or Cole junior high schools under the present option. All pupils entering junior high school from these areas in the future, beginning September, 1957, will attend Cole Junior High School.
  - D. The area between Cole and Smiley junior high schools north of City Park to Smith Read, between York Street and Colerado Boulevard, will remain optional to Cole and Smiley junior high schools,
- II. Chango in Boundary Lino Betwoon Manual and East High Schools.
  - A. The area from York Street to Franklin Street, between Twenty-first Avenue and Seventeenth Avenue, will remain optional between East and Manual high schools.

Junion lig

B. The remainder of the area west of York Street and north of Seventeenth Avenue, which is presently optional between East and Manual high schools, will become Manual District. All present 10th, 11th, and 12th grade pupils living in this area may continue at East and Manual high schools under the present option. All pupils entering senior high school from this area in the future, beginning September, 1957, will attend Manual High School.

We have met with groups and individuals in an effort to understand their viewpoints and to explain our viewpoints which were involved in the postponement of action on January 18. As a result we are of the opinion that these proposals meet the needs of the pupils and of the district fairly, in terms of travel distance, capacity of schools, and the desires of most school patrons.

During the course of discussions it has become apparont that there are other questions than the boundary lines
that need further discussion with interested citizens, and we
welcome the opportunity to do this; for illustration, the
question of the curriculum at Manual versus the curriculum at
other high schools. While such questions are of importance,
they are not directly related to the matter of boundary lines
and should be considered separately.

Howover, we believe that the time has come to reach a decision with respect to the boundary lines. We, accordingly, recommend the proposals as stated in this letter to you.

Respectfully submitted, Konnoth E. Oberholtzer Superintendent of Schools Upon motion by Mr. Traylor, seconded by Mrs. Saliman, duly put and carried, the recommendation of Superintendent Oberholtzer was approved.

The following question relating to boundary lines was asked by frame. Bain and answered by Superintendent Oberholtzer:

"You mentioned, Dr. Oberholtzer, planning for the future. I assume that in setting these boundaries you have recommended here, that probably before January 18th and certainly since, you have given consideration to changes in school capacities and populations, as far as we are able to project them? In other words, you would have given that consideration in arriving at these conclusions?"

Dr. Oberholtzer: "That's right. That's certainly part of it. As a matter of fact, we have felt that changes of this sort are long overdue, and we chose the time of making the other changes to propose these so as to coordinate all of them.

"When I said 'future,' there are so many plans, in terms of looking ahead and planning for the program of the schools and the other types of planning, particularly for junior and senior high schools, where long before an action is to take effect the sooner we can act on it, the better it is. In this sort of situation, we try to look at least a year ahead."

Superintendent Oberholtzer read the following communication:

-16-



#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 405 (Excerpts, "Report . . . A Study of, etc." DPS, Feb. 1962)

Part of Ex 405

#### Report ... A STUDY OF

- PUPIL POPULATION
- SCHOOL BOUNDARIES
- PUPIL TRANSPORTATION
- SCHOOL BUILDINGS



DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Denver, Colorado

FEBRUARY 1962

#### INTRODUCTION

The Denver Public School system faces a continuing problem of housing growing numbers of children. The growth trend, begun in 1946, extends through 1961 and, according to the current pupil membership studies will be increasing, thus creating a need for more facilities. Coupled with this need for more facilities is the question of what to do with some of the older buildings.

The table below shows these growth trends for full-time day schools from 1946 to 1966.

	Membership in Ful	ll=Time Day Scho	ools
	as of Septemb	0	
1946	43,960	1956	78,251
1947	48,171	1957	82,339
1948	49,079	1958	84,898
1949	50,525	1959	86,951
1950	51,870	1960	90,518
1951	55,456	1961	93,555
1952	60,411		•
1953	64,533		
1954	69,150		
1955	73,290		
		Estimated	i Including
Estimated		Most Recent	Annexations
1962	96,370	1962	97,970
1963	98,977	1963	103,514
1964	100,144	1964	105,447
1965	100,328	1965	106,267
1966	100,977	1966	107,361

During this period of rapid growth, there has been a continuing study of school meeds. Recommendations based on previous studies resulted in bond issues approved by Denver citizens in 1948, 1952, and 1955. Additional funds also were appropriated by the Board of Education from current budgets to supplement the funds from the three bond issues. The funds,

totaling \$83,400,000, were used to build 44 new school buildings and 46 additions to existing buildings. One new elementary school is now under construction. Upon completion of this school, Denver will have a total of 114 schools including two special schools, as well as warehousing facilities, a Service Building, and administrative headquarters. The number of school buildings classified by grade level is: elementary 89, junior high 15, senior high 7, junior-senior high 1, Boettcher School, and Opportunity School.

Because of the many variables involved in determining school pupulation needs, continuing study is essential. The Board of Education authorized this study of pupil memberships and school building conditions so that proposals could be made for changes in school boundaries, pupil transportation, and school buildings.

The basic question is, what school accommodations should be provided for the children of Denver in the future, and especially what should be accomplished during the next five years? Relevant to that fundamental problem are the following considerations:

- 1. What is the potential pupil population from 1962 through 1966 in the elementary, junior high, and senior high schools within the present School District boundaries?
- 2. What are the educational facilities provided in each elementary, junior high, and senior high school building?
- 3. What are the implications for public school enrollments of the land use pattern of Denver?
- 4. Which school buildings are overcrowded?
- 5. Which school buildings have excess capacity for pupils?

- 6. What should be the percentage factor used to determine the amount of school building space as compared to peak enrollment in the district served by an individual school?
- 7. What changes in facilities are needed to improve the educational adequacy of the school buildings?
- 8. What are feasible changes in boundaries which can be made to adjust pupil memberships to building capacities?
- 9. What is a feasible plan of transportation of pupils which can be used to adjust pupil memberships to building capacities?
- 10. What additions to buildings and new buildings are needed to accommodate the children?
- 11. What is a feasible method of accommodating pupils living in annexations that are presently being challenged in the courts?

To determine answers to these questions, certain research procedures were followed.

#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 509 (Court Designated Elementary Schools—Ethnic & Racial)



#### COURT DESIGNATED ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - ETHNIC & RACIAL

	En	DATA rollmen 1969			RIENCE AND Teacher Dat 1968	a (%)	CHIEVEMENT Median Achievement 1968		
	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	New	Probation- ary	Median Exper- ience	Percentile, Grade 5		
Bryant Webster	23	1	<b>7</b> 6	14	35	8.0	23		
Columbine	1	97	2	27	50	2.5	20		
Elmwood	8	-	92	39	39	3.0	28		
Fairmont	20	-	80	25	79	1.0	16		
Fairview	7	8	83	10	33	6.0	18		
Greenlee	17	9	73	13	40	4.0	17		
Hallett	38	58	3	25	46	3.0	32		
Harrington	2	76	20	30	74	1.0	14		
Mitchell	2	71	27	26	44	4.0	12		
Smith	4	92	3	26	49	3.0	30		
Stedman	4	93	3	24	40	4.0	28		
Whittier	1	94	5	27	57	2.0	19		
Average	11	52	37	23	48	3.5	21		



#### Plaintiffs' Exhibit 510

(Target Schools, Ethnic & Racial Data, Teacher Experience and Median Achievement)



#### TARGET SCHOOLS, ETHNIC & RACIAL DATA, TEACHER EXPERIENCE AND MEDIAN ACHIEVEMENT

	Eth	nic Enro 1969	ollment(%)	Т	eacher Da (1968)	)	Median Achievement (1968)		
	Anglo	Negro	Hispano	New	Proba- tionary	Median Experience	Percentile, Grade 5		
Gilpin	3	36	60	25	42	4.5	23		
Crofton	7	38	52	21	43	4.0	18		
Ebert	11	35	52	21	42	3.0	18		
Wyatt	2	46	52	14	27	6.0	15		
Boulevard	30	1	68	17	50	3.0	20		
Garden Place	17	17	65	18	37	4.0	16		
Wyman	28	38	30	22	50	4.0	24		
Smedley	20	2	77	21	57	2.0	19		
Elyria	27		<b>7</b> 3	33	50	2.5	23		
Swansea	29•	4	67	18	36	3.5	22		
Average	16	20	64	20	42	3.7	20		
Ave.,Court Schools	11	52	37	23	48	3.5	21		
City Average	60	15	24	16	37	5.6	43		



#### **Defendants' Exhibits**

The following list of Defendants' Exhibits are large maps which cannot conveniently be reproduced in this Appendix. The originals are to be filed with the Clerk of this Court.

Exhibits AC
AF
AH
AN
BD
BF

Defendants' Exhibit CG
(Chart, Ethnic Distribution of Pupils, Limited Open Enroll.)

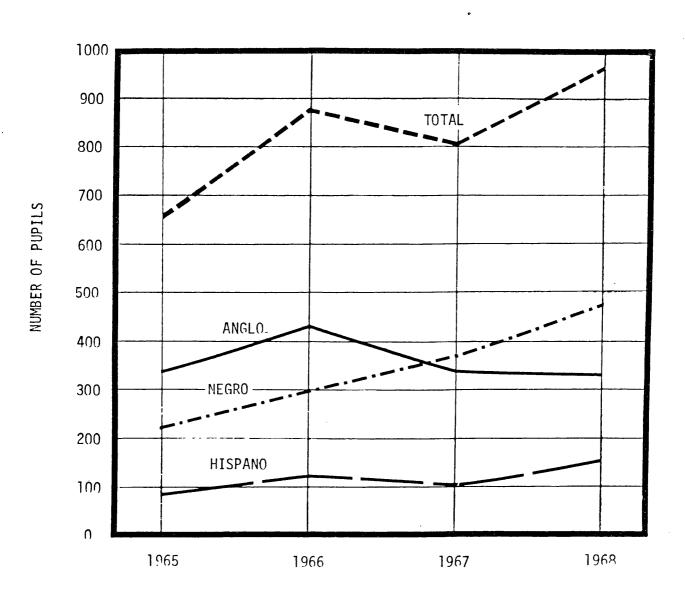
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#### ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS

#### LIMITED OPEN ENROLLMENT



1965 — 1968

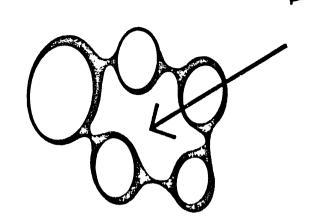


YEAR.



#### Defendants' Exhibit D

(Excerpts "Planning . . . Quality Education," A Proposal for Integrating the DPS, Oct. 1968)



## PLANNING... QUALITY EDUCATION

#### A PROPOSAL FOR INTEGRATING THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ROBERT D. GILBERTS, Superintendent





#### Defendants' Exhibit D (Continued)

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			<u>_</u>	Phase One	Phase Two	Phase Three	Phase Four	Z	5	뽀	ij
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			CONCEPT TIME-PHASES					FINANCING QUALITY-INTEGRATED EDUCATION	PLANS FOR INVOLVEMENT	WHAT THE PLAN ACCOMPLISHES - A SUMMARY	APPENDICES
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### INTRODUCTION

In May 1968 the Board of Education of the Denver Public Schools, through Resolution 1490, directed adoption. Two major elements keynote this resolution. First and foremost is the emphasis upon a comsuch plan then to be considered, and refined by the Board, the Staff, and the community prior to its the Superintendent to submit a comprehensive plan for the integration of the Denver Public Schools;

prehensive plan for integration. Second is the provision for thoughtful consideration and refinement of the proposal. The plan which is proposed meets these criteria.

Quality-Integrated Education

schools would be an important step toward integrating school populations, the actual existence of equal-As the Superintendent, the consultants, and the staff began studying possible courses of action it ity of educational programs in all schools would rest upon provisions for <u>quality</u> education as well. became clear that while the reduction of concentrations of minority racial and ethnic groups in the These, then, are the bases upon which the plan is built--so that the goal of Quality-Integrated

Education can be achieved.

A Comprehensive Plan for Quality Integrated Education

That plans for racial integration must be accompanied by concomitant provisions for quality educaintensified educational programs continues. Children of all races who come from deprived environments tion is obvious. Research has indicated that even when integrated education is achieved, the need for

Defendants' Exhibit D

require additional educational efforts if they are to overcome the limitations imposed by their back-

When parents are presented with a comprehensive integration plan, combined with the benefits program of quality education. Parents of all races desire the best possible education for their boys A second, major justification exists for constructing integration plans upon a comprehensive of superior educational programs, they are likely to support such proposals. ground and to realize their full achievement potential.

Consideration of some of the more important elements of the proposal will assist in understanding the comprehensive plan.

Model-School Concept

The neighborhood school would be maintained as the basic unit, but maximum social and racial Key to the plan is the concept of elementary and secondary Model-School Complexes--each a localintegration would be achieved by providing special programs--too expensive to offer on a neighborhood ized unit of the school system. The Model-School Complexes are designed to preserve the best of two basis--in the larger areas comprising the cluster.

2134a

form to the interests and requirements of the students it educates. Within each cluster will be central administrative and resource units with specialized personnel to aid in the development, evaluation, and Each cluster will form an administrative unit that designs its own instructional program to condiffusion of educational inrovations. It is planned that the special opportunities offered within these centers will promote integration by attracting pupils of all races.

Study has shown that the Model Education Complexes will go far toward broadening integration in schools in all but a few core areas of the city, heavily populated by minority families. To achieve meaningful integration in these areas other approaches will be required. These include: Pupil Transportation and Assignment

transportation of minority pupils, on the basis of geographical attendance areas, to other schools where room exists

improved and when the requests are reasonable in terms of numbers School District whenever integration in the receiving school is an open-enrollment plan, with transportation provided by the

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## Quality Instruction

and the district's resources.

Within the comprehensive plan are proposals for outstanding, innovative educational programs which will promote integration through racially and socially shared learning, such as:

an outdoor education center with "live-in" experiences

of educational offerings ranging from the technological to initial a new "Space Age" high school center to offer a wide spectrum

college course work

## Defendants' Exhibit D

the establishment of Manual-College High as a joint venture between the Denver Public Schools and a leading institution of higher

learning

disadvantaged children by beginning their education at earlier ages pre-primary education programs designed to alter the environment of

than is presently the case. Important to the success of this program

is parental involvement, training, and perhaps employment as teacher

aides.

Staffing for Integration

Competent teachers and administrative staff skilled in providing quality, integrated education are efforts will continue to recruit and assign qualified teachers or administrators from minority groups. Employees will also be provided with a well-planned Human Relations Program designed to promote senmost important. Continuing attention will be given to their recruitment and assignment. sitivity, understanding, and respect for peoples of varied ethnic backgrounds.

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School Construction

Implementation of the Model-School Complex concept will make possible the continuing use of many In addition some older buildings will need to be replaced, and new schools built utilizing the existing structures. However, in some areas schools will be converted to other than their present

latest design concepts to insure that teachers and pupils will have the most modern educational Defendants' Exhibit D

#### Summary

environment.

tion. The elements are presented in more detail in the pages which follow. The time for their develop-Briefly, then, these are the components of the comprehensive plan for quality-integrated educa-

ment has been short. More refinement will come through the work of the Superintendent, the consultants, Education and the community will lead to further improvements. This is as it should be for a plan is but a beginning. The wholehearted efforts of concerned parents, teachers, and citizens will be reand the professional staff of the School District. The consideration of the plan by the Board of

quired to translate the plan into action.

plan with transportation being prowided whenever the requested transfer improves integration and whenever numbers of pupils are within the capability of the District to be accommodated. Determination of Integration in the City's high schopls will also occur through expansion of the open enrollment the number of pupils who will exercise their option under this plan can be made during the current school year.

## Other Integration Plans

week: and in other culturally-shared/learning experiences such as are provided by the Cultural Understanding Program, the Cultural Arts Center, the regular summer school programs, and the after-school Education Center providing live-in, integrated quality education for as many as 1,000 youngsters per Meaningful integration will also∫occur through metropolitan student exchanges; at the Outdoor recreation programs.

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## Transportation and Pupil Assignment

Changes in pupil assignment b $b \!\!\!/$  means of modifications ir school attendance areas will also be utilized to improve integration. [Careful study has revealed that such boundary changes will be of most value in preventing resegregation in certain areas of the city.

## Open Enrollment Plan

igh schools, and 4 المارية بالمارية المارية المارية المارية المارية Apanish-American pupils. In At the present the within the City and County of Denver there are 24 elementary schools, 5 junion elementary thools, 2 junior high stools, and I senior high school having more contrast, there are

-

capacity. These schools may be used to improve integration. When new schools are constructed, addi-There is crowding in some schools in the city. Schools in other sections have under-utilized tional capacity will be included so that pupils from inner-city schools may attend.

The proposed plan, effective the second semester of the 1968-1969 school year, is presented as

2139a

follows:

## Senior High Schools

Any senior high school student who wishes may request enrollment in the school of his minimum of one semester. The maximum time would be determined by the student and his parents. Transportation of students will be subsidized by the Denver Public Schools The schools may provide services by school bus, public transportation, private autochoice provided the transfer will permit him to participate in an integrated school program. This request for transfer could be full-day or half-day enrollment for a mobile, or chartered bus, depending on the transportation problem.

112

The plan will operate under the following conditions:

- Request for enrollment in another school must improve integration in the receiving
- Request for enrollment must be in writing and signed by the student and his parent or guardian.
- Request for enrollment must be approved by the school administration since decisions must be based upon the reasonableness of the numbers of pupils involved.
- Request for enrollment must be for one-half or a full-day for a minimum of one
- f a student elects full enrollment in another school, he will be eligible to particstudents who transfer from other situations. Otherwise, he will continue to particpate in all student activities in that school, subject to existing limitations on pate in student activities at the school of his original enrollment. c.
  - Transportation will be established so that any brothers and sisters of a pupil equesting a transfer also may be enrolled in the new school. 9

2140a

public transportation, private automobile, or chartered bus, depending on the transportation problem full-day enrollment for a minimum of one semester. Transportation of students may be by school bus, Any junior high school student who wishes may request enrollment in a junior high school of his choice provided the transfer will improve integration. This request for transfer must be made for

Request for enrollment in another school must improve integration in the receiving The plan will operate under the following conditions:

Request for enrollment must be approved by the administration since decisions must be based upon the reasonableness of the numbers of pupils involved. Request for enrollment must be in writing and signed by the student and his parent or Request for enrollment must be for a full-day for a minimum of one semester. 5 .

# Elementary Schools

ing a transfer may also be enrolled in the new school.

4 2.

Transportation will be established so that any brothers and sisters of a pupil request-

enrolled in any elementary school provided the transfer will improve integration. This request for Any parent or guardian of an elementary school pupil who wishes may request to have his child transfer must be for a full-day enrollment for a minimum of one semester. Transportation of the

2141a

The plan will operate under the following conditions:

students will be provided by the School District.

- Request for enrollment in another school must improve integration in the receiving
- Request for enrollment must be in writing and signed by the parent or legal guardian. Request for enrollment must be approved by the school administration since decisions 5 <del>ب</del>
- Students will be assigned in such a way that they will be integrated throughout the Request for enrollment must be for a full-day for a minimum of one semester. must be based upon the reasonableness of numbers involved. 4 2
- Transportation will be established so that brothers and sisters of a pupil requesting a transfer may also be enrolled in the new school. grades and classes of the receiving school.

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to improve integration in the Denver Public Schools represent a major step forward. While the initial phases may be governed by the reasonableness of numbers in terms of space and the ability of the Dis-These provisions for voluntary open enrollment - with transportation provided by the District trict to finance the program, the long-term implications are extremely promising.

Defendants' Exhibit D

Implementation of pupil transportation proposals to provide quality, integrated education has been Stedman Schools to other schools with available capacity. This aspect of the integration plan can be started. Approximately 900 pupils already are being transported from Philips, Smiley, Smith, and expanded as needed schools constructed in newer parts of the city provide additional capacity.

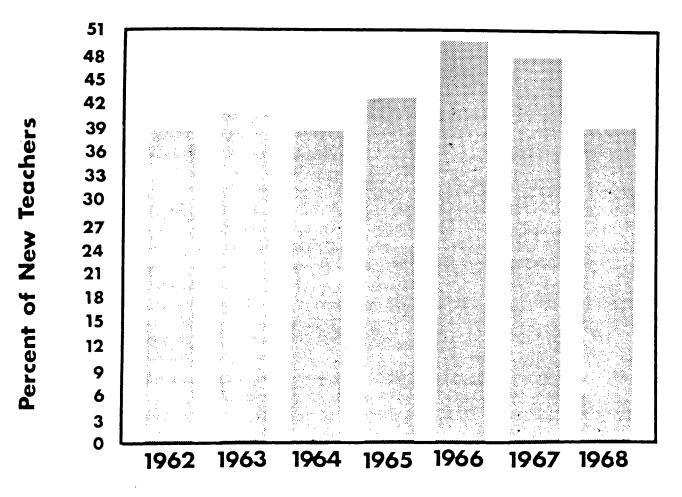
## Instructional Programs

The real value of any transportation plan depends upon the educational program that awaits pupils Programs of massive cross-busing for rackal balance do not, in themserves, contain sufficient promise at the end of their journey. This is the key to the proposed plan for quarity, integrated education. of long-range educational benefits.

arrive, they will benefit from the educational experience which has been carefully planned to provide When transported pupils The recommended plan is based upon programs of educational excellence. a level of instruction beyond that possible ix every school.

The racially and socially shared Jearning experiences proposed in the plan will succeed, because

### PERCENTAGE OF NEW TEACHERS\* EMPLOYED BY THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS WITH PREVIOUS TEACHING EXPERIENCE 1962 - 1968



<sup>\*</sup>Includes new teachers employed for the second semester of the preceding year.

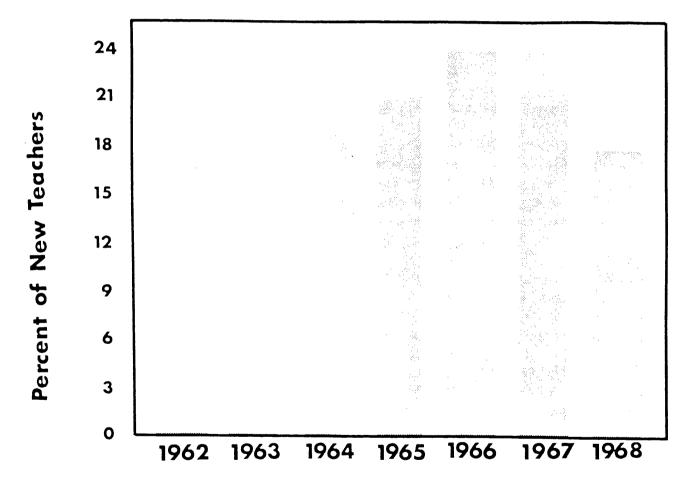


## Defendants' Exhibit DA (Chart, Percentage of New Teachers Employed by DPS 1962-68)

#### Defendants' Exhibit DB

(Chart, Percentage of New Teachers Employed by DPS w/3 or More Years Teaching Exper.)

# PERCENTAGE OF NEW TEACHERS\* EMPLOYED BY THE DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS WITH THREE OR MORE YEARS TEACHING EXPERIENCE 1962 - 1968



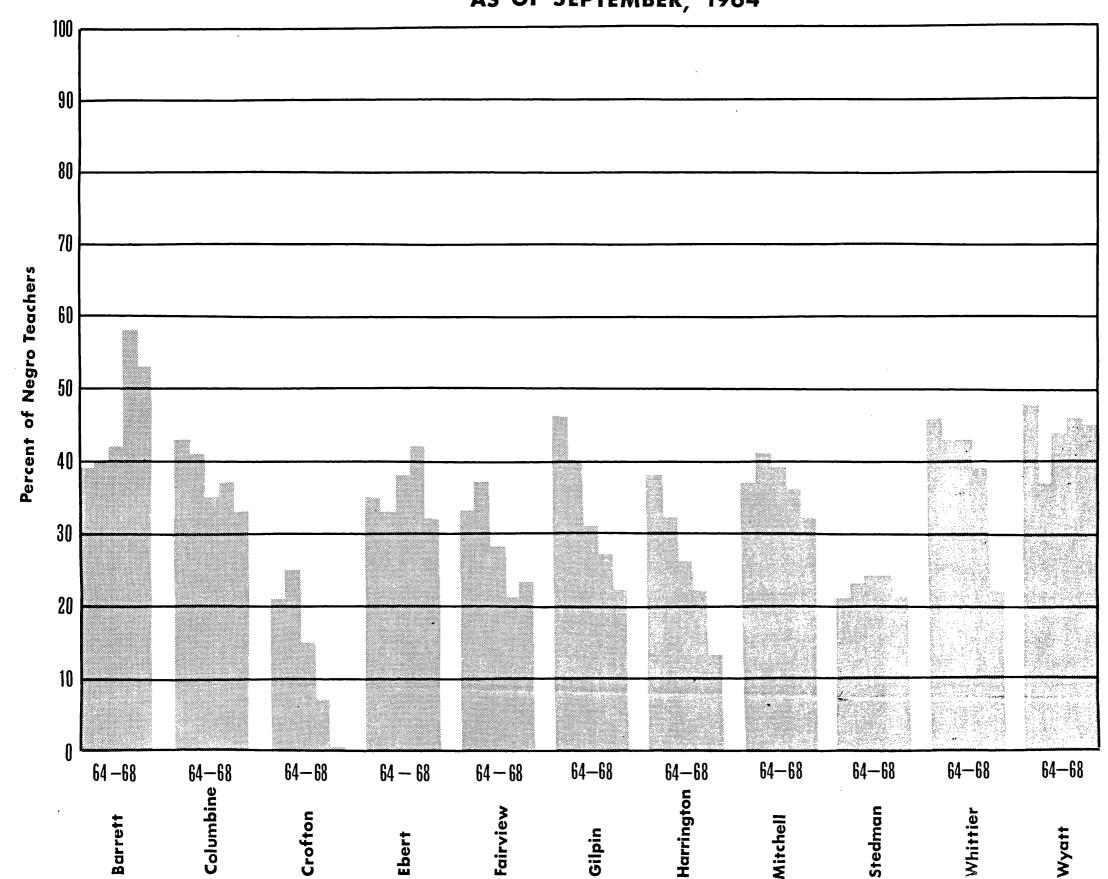
<sup>\*</sup>Includes new teachers employed for the second semester of the preceding year.



#### Defendants' Exhibit DG

(Chart, Percentage of Negro Tchrs., 1964-1968 in Elem. Schs. w/Faculties 20% or More Negro)

## PERCENTAGE OF NEGRO TEACHERS FROM 1964 THROUGH 1968 IN ELEM. SCHOOLS WITH FACULTIES TWENTY PERCENT OR MORE NEGRO AS OF SEPTEMBER, 1964





### Defendant Intervenors' Exhibit L (Annexation Map, City & County of Denver)



### A N N E X A T I O N M A P City and County of Denver

	Ord.	No.	Engineer File	Engineer Plat Book	Recording Date of Plat	Name	Location	Acres	Total Sq. Miles
					March 11, 1864	Corporate Limits (Ter. Ses. L.P. 170)	11th Ave. & Platte River	2252.800	3.5200
					Feb. 13, 1874	Territorial Session Laws (P.225)	Colfax Avenue & High Street	1638.400	6.0300
					Feb. 13, 1883	Session Laws of Colorado (P.53)	6th Ave. & University Blvd.	4601.600	13.2700
					March 11, 1889	Session Laws of Colorado (P.124)	6th Ave. & University Blvd.	2400.000	17.0200
					May 1, 1893	Session Laws of Colorado (P.132)	48th Ave. & Colorado Blvd.	9721.600	32.2100
					Feb. 7, 1894	South Denver	Yale Ave. & Colorado Blvd.	5766.400	41.2200
					Feb. 18, 1895	Harman	lst Ave. & Colorado Blvd.	320.000	41.7200
	÷		•	·	Aug. 25, 1896	Highlands	Colfax Ave. & Sheridan Blvd.	2560.000	45.7200
					Sept. 1, 1896	Barnum	Alameda Ave. & Federal Blvd.	921.600	47.1600
					July 7, 1897	Colfax	Colfax Ave. & Platte River	486.400	47.9200
-A					April 16, 1981	Session Laws of Colorado (P.162)	13th Ave. & Sheridan Blvd.	723.200	49.0500
-В					April 16, 120	Session Laws of Colorado (P.162)	Mississippi Ave. & Pecos St.	512.000	49.8500
					Nov. 4, 1902	Argo	44th Ave. & Broadway	409.600	50.4900
					Nov. 4, 1902	Berkeley	38th Ave. & Sheridan Blvd.	972.800	52.0100
					Nov. 4, 1902	Elyria	46th Ave. & Colorado Blvd.	896.000	53.4100
					Nov. 4, 1902	Globeville	44th Ave. & Broadway	448.000	54.1100
					Nov. 4, 1902	Montclair	26th Ave. & Monaco St. Pkwy.	2156.800	57.4800
į	2				Nov. 4, 1902	Valverde	Mississippi Ave. & Zuni Street	812.800	58.7500

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No.	Ord. <b>No</b> .	Engineer File	Engineer Plat Book	Recording Date of Plat	Name	Location	Acres	Total Sq. Miles
88	466-59	723	33/27A	Dec. 29, 1959	Glendale Area No. 8	Tennessee Ave. & Birch St.	3.000	73.7912
89	233-60	726	41/4	Sept. 13, 1960	Garrett-Bromfield	Hampden Ave. & Holly St.	91.247	73.9338
90	287-60	728	41/8	Nov. 9, 1960	Bear Valley —	Yale Ave. & Sheridan Blvd.	470.190	74.6685
91	347-60	<b>7</b> 30	41/10	Dec. 28, 1960	Airport Annexation	W.1/2 Sec. 15, T.3S., & parts of Sec. 22 & 27, T.3S., R.67W., of the 6th P.M.	816.480	75.9443
92	49-61	735	41/21	March 13, 1961	Evans Ave. Annexation	Jewell Ave. & Quebec St.	424.600	76.6077
93	De-annexed by Court Order	•		Feb. 14, 1961	Hutchinson Jniversity P1.	Colorado Blvd. & Wesley Ave.	-69.952	76.4984
94	109-61	737	41/22	May 8, 1961	Green Meadows	Evans Ave. & Sheridan Blvd.	82.500	76.6273
95	140-61	739	41/27	June 13, 1961	McMeen	Cherry Creek & Mississippi Ave.	36.900	<b>76.6</b> 850
96 •	141-61	740	41/28	June 13, 1961	Robinson Brick & Tile	Platte River Dr. & Yale Ave.	59.000	<b>7</b> 6.7772
97	142-61	741	41/29	June 13, 1961	George Washington	Virginia Ave. & Kearney St.	357.720	<b>77.3</b> 361
98	167-61	742	41/31	July 3, 1961	Union Pacific	Smith Rd. & Havana St.	522.500	<b>78.1</b> 525
9 <b>9</b>	186-61 .	743	41/32	July 25, 1961	Butchinsons University P1.	Colorado Blvd. & Wesley Ave.	66.192	<b>7</b> 8. <b>2</b> 559
00	197-61	744	41/34	Aug. 7, 1961	Fort Logan	Hampden Ave. & Lowell Blvd.	1040.520	<b>79</b> .8817
01	355-61	<b>75</b> 0	41/39	Dec. 29, 1961	Oaksdale No. 1	Oneida St. & Jewell Ave.	15.420	79.9058
02	356-61	751	41/40	Dec. 29, 1961	Third Christian Reformed Church	Wesley Ave. & Ash St.	2.550	79.9098
)3	357-61	.752	41/41	Dec. 29, 1961	Prince of Peace	Colorado Blvd. & Wesley Ave.	. 1.000	79.9114
)4 2	65-62	756	41/46	March 19, 1962	College View	Federal Blvd. & Jewell Ave.	571.800	80.8048
)5	73-62	757	41/52	March 27, 1962	west Jewell	Depew St. & Jewell Ave.	33.593	80.8573
6	256-62	763	41/62	July 31, 1962	west Bear Valley	Lamar St. & Yale Ave.	. 254.340	81.2547

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0.	Ord. No.	Engineer File	Engineer Plat Book	Recording Date of Plat	Name	Location	Acres	Total Sq. Miles
07	282-62	764	41/64	Sept. 6, 1962	Forest St.	Leetsdale Dr. & Forest St.	4.500	81.2617
08	291-62	765	41/65	Sept. 11, 1962	Centennial Estates	Lowell Blvd. & Wagon Trail Dr.	44.230	81.3308
09 .	306-62	767	42/3	Oct. 2, 1962	Inspiration Point Estates	Sheridan Blvd. & W. 52nd Ave.	68.660	81.4381
110	339-62	769	42/7	Oct. 15, 1962	Garrett-Bromfield No. 2	Hampden Ave. & Quebec St.	379.870	82.0316
111	125-63	774	42/17	April 15, 1963	University Heights	Evans Ave. & Valley Hwy.	93.230	82.1773
112	158-63	776	42/20	May 23, 1963	Deane Buick	Colorado Blvd. & Mississippi Ave.	5.009	82.1851
113	175-63	778	42/22	June 6, 1963	Marycrest	Federal Blvd. & W. 52nd Ave.	26.100	82.2259
114	196-63	780	42/24	June 18, 1963	Oakesdale No. 3	Jewell Ave. & S. Oneida St.	15.313	82.2498
115	222-63	781	42/25	June 24, 1963	Bear Valley Church	Yale Ave. & S. Lamar St.	2.215	82.2533
116	236-63	782	42/26	July 9, 1963	Bear Valley South	Kenyon Ave. & S. Sheridan Blvd.	80.187	82.3786
117	255-63	784	42/28 '	Aug. 6, 1963	Elm St.	Leetsdale Drive & Elm St.	10.120	82.3944
118	256-63	786	42/30	Aug. 6, 1963	Centennial Acres Trumac	Federal Blvd. & W. Union Ave.	98.870	82.5489
119	257-63	785	42/29	Aug. 6, 1963	Harris	Niagara St. & Panorama Lane	6.720	82.5594
120	271-63	787	42/35	Aug. 27, 1963	East Mississippi	Quebec St. & Mississippi Ave.	1085.380	84.2553
12 <b>1</b> `	279-63	<b>78</b> 9	42/42	Sept. 4, 1963	Hampden North	Monaco St. Pkwy. & Hampden Ave.	560.000	85.1303
122	280-63	790	42/43	Sept. 4, 1963	Hampden South	Quebec St. & Hampden Ave.	640.000	86.1303
123	435-63	794	42/51	Dec. 17, 1963	Bruno	Colorado Blvd. & Arizona Ave.	.820	86.1316
124	458-63	796	42/53	Dec. 30, 1963	East Belleview	Quincy Ave. & Syracuse St.	400.000	86.7 <b>5</b> 66
125 }	459-63	797	42/54	Dec. 30, 1963	Eastern Star	Highline Canal & Wesley Ave.	19.890	86.7877
126		800	42/57	Feb. 10, 1964	Range View No. 2	Fulton St. & Mississippi Ave.	15.000	86.8111

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No.	Ord. No.	Engineer File	Engineer Plat Book	Recording Date of Plat	Name	Location	Acres	Total §
127	21-64	801	42/59	Feb. 11, 1964	Stapleton East	Havana St. & E. 56th Ave.	476.380	87.5554
128	105-64	803	42/61	April 27, 1964	Galilee Baptist Church	Parker Rd. & Mississippi Dr.	3.350	87.5606
129	133-64	805	43/2	May 11, 1964	Range View No. 3	Mississippi Ave. & Havana St.	12.040	87.5794
130	175-64	806	43/3	June 9, 1964	Lowry	6th Ave. & Dayton St.	584.250	88.4923
131	183-64	807	43/4	June 24, 1964	Bear Valley South No. 2	Kenyon Ave. & Harlan St.	5.030	88.5002
132	184-64	808	43/5	June 24, 1964	Bear Valley South No. 3	Sheridan Blvd. & Kenyon Ave.	1.210	88.502
133	185-64	809	43/6	June 24, 1964	Hillcrest Reservoir	Happy Canyon Rd. & Monaco Blvd.	<b>3</b> 8.420	88.5621
134	220-64 -	811	43/8	July 21, 1964	Ames	Dahlia St. & C & S R.R.	2.240	88.5656
135	221-64	812	43/9	July 21, 1964	Maddox	Vassar Ave. & Fairfax St.	8 <b>.69</b> 0	88.5792
36	222-64	813	43/10	July 21, 1964	Rieger	Evans Ave. & Grape St.	<b>2</b> 0.670	88.6115
37	348-64	. 817	43/14	Oct. 20, 1964	Runyan	Sheridan Blvd. & W. 10th Ave.	9.210	88.6259
38	349-64	818	43/15	Oct. 20, 1964	Crosby	Hampden Ave. & Lamar St.	10.020	88.6416
3 <b>9</b>	395-64	820	43/17	Nov. 16, 1964	Myrtle Hill	Colorado Blvd. & Amherst Ave.	7.267	88.6552
40	414-64	821	43/18	Nov. 24, 1964	Bethesda	Iliff Ave. & Birch St.	19.930	88.6863
41	420-64	. 822	43/19	Dec. 4, 1964	Hallcraft	Hampden Ave. & Yosemite St.	142.610	88.9091
42	421-64	823	43/27	Nov. 30, 1964	Stapleton West	56th Ave. & Quebec Street	970.680	90.4258
43	432-64	824	43/28	Dec. 8, 1964	Warren Avenue	Warren Ave. & Grape St.	.360	90.4271
14 <b>2</b> 3	476-64	825	43/29	Dec. 31, 1964	Dahlia-Iliff	So. Dahlia & East Iliff Ave.	8.380	90.4402
15		826	43/30	Dec. 31, 1964	Associated Grocers	• Valley Hwy. & 52nd Ave. (extended)	<b>6.8</b> 90	90.4510
:5	478-64	827	43/31	Dec. 31, 1964	Ruby Hill	So. Pecos St. & West Mexico Ave.	5.000	90.4588
	•							

0	Ord. No.	Engineer File	Engineer Plat Book	Recording Date of Plat	Name	Location	Acres	Total Sq. Miles
3	316-64	829	43/33	Mar. 18, 1965	Hampden Heights	Hampden Ave. & Yosemite St.	640.000	91.4588
	57-65	830	43/47	Mar. 22, 1965	Golden Key	Yosemite St. & Syracuse Way	193.350	91.7609
	68-65	831	43/48	April 5, 1965	Moore	Valley Hwy. & Yale Ave.	5.870	91.7701
	69-65	832	43/49	April 5, 1965	Dahlia-Evans	Dahlia St. & Evans Ave.	10.710	91.7868
	72-65	833	43/50	April 19, 1965	Holly Ridge	Hampden Ave. & Monaco St.	129.390	91.9890
	98-65	835	43/52	May 3, 1965	Barnes	Colorado Blvd. & Arizona Ave.	.730	91.9901
	105-65	836	43/53	May 17, 1965	Transfer Station	Cherry Creek, Jewell Ave. (extended) & Quebec St. (extended).	14.970	92.0135
	e-annexed by ourt Order			May 17, 1965	Fort Logan Annexation Colo.Supreme Court Action #20743 402P2d P.206	Hampden Ave. & Lowell Blvd.	-1040.520	90.3877
	smissed by ourt Order			June 30, 1965	Centennial Estates & Centennial Trumac	Lowell Blvd. & Wagon Trail Dr. Federal Blvd. & Union Ave.	- 143.100	90.1641
	198-65	840	44/5	July 12, 1965	Moore No. 2	Vassar Ave. & Colo. State Hwy.#185	1.280	90.1661
	249-65	845	44/10	Aug. 23, 1965	Rutter	Evans Ave. & Elm St.	33.140	90.2179
	262-65	846	44/11	Sept. 13, 1965	Interstate	Havana St. & Interstate Hwy. #70	2931.680	94.7987
	278-65	847	44/12	Sept. 27, 1965	P.B.C.	Sheridan Blvd. & Hampden Ave.	907.070	96.2160
•	343-65	851	44/16	Dec. 6, 1965	Federal-Dartmouth	Dartmouth Ave. & Federal Blvd.	9.420	96.2307
	344-65	852	44/17	Dec. 6, 1965	Kennedy Golf Course	Hampden Avenue & Havana St.	363.540	96.7987
ಸ	345-65	853	44/18	Dec. €, 1965	Jeffensonian Apartments	Iliff Ave. & Valley Hwy.	4.752	96.8061
2121	354-65	854	44/19	Dec. 13, 1965	Harris No. 2	Colorado Ave. & Oneida St.	19.580	96.8367
<u> </u>	355-65	855	44/20	Dec. 13, 1965	Union Pacific No. 2	Smith Road & Peoria St.	10.830	96.8536

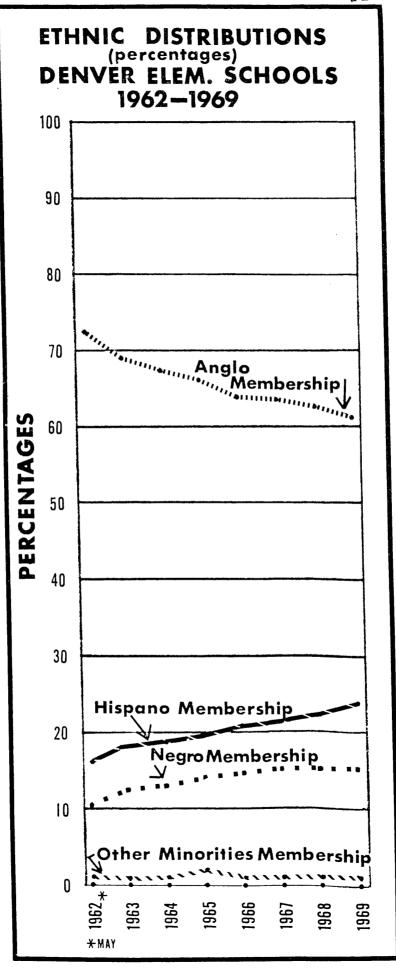
No.	Ord. No.	Engineer File	Engineer Plat Book	Recording Date of Plat	Name	Location	Acres	Total Mile
165	381-65	,856	44/21	Dec. 27, 1965	State Hospital	W. Oxford Ave. & S. Lowell Blvd.	310.59	97.33
166	82-66	858	44/23	Jan. 21, 1966	Holly Evans	Holly St. & Evans Ave.	47.765	97.41
167	142-66	865	44/31	March 28, 1966	Fehlmann	W. Yale Ave. & S. Wadsworth Blvd.	47.790	97.48
16 <b>8</b>	143-66	866	44/32	March 28, 1966	Treatment Plant	Clifford Ave. between Lafayette St. & Downing St.	10.390	97.50
169	178-66	868	44/35	April 18, 1966	Treatment Plant #2	Clifford Ave. (54th Ave.) between Downing St. & Ogden St.	5.345	97.5%
170	(De-annexed by (Court Order (			July 1, 1966 July 1, 1966 July 1, 1966	Bear Valley South Bear Valley South #2 Bear Valley South #3 Jefferson County Civil Action #23899	W.Kenyon Ave. & S.Sheridan Blvd80.187 W.Kenyon Ave. & S.Harlan St 5.030 S.Sheridan Blvd. & W.Kenyon Ave. <u>- 1.210</u>	)	97.37
171	377-66	876	45/24	Aug. 22, 1966	Bear Valley Heights	W. Lehigh Ave. & S. Sheridan Blvd.	53.4124	97.46
172	504-66	882	45/32	Nov. 21, 1966	Cherry Creek No. 4	Yale Ave. & S. Galena St.	19.4003	97.49
173	505-66	883	• 45/33	Nov. 21, 1966	General Motors	Warren Ave. & S. Dahlia St.	3.4100	97.490
174	546-66	884	45/34	Dec. 27, 1966	Teen City	Iliff Ave. & S. Parker Rd.	166.2300	97.7%
175	547-66	885	45/35	Dec. 27, 1966	Cherry Creek Galleries No. 1	Cherry Creek ROW & Jewell Ave. Ext.	<b>22.37</b> 80	97.79
176	11-67	886	45/36	Jan. 16, 1967	Bear Valley Heights No. 2	W. Kenyon Ave. Ext. & S. Sheridan Blvd.	30.4920	97.8%
177	De-annexed by Court Order			Nov. 1, 1967	A part of Lowry Decree in Arapahoe County Civil Action #26074	lst Ave. & Dayton St.	6800	97.8%
رج 178	419-67	902	46/8	Dec. 11, 1967	Glasier	Kentucky Ave. & Cherry Creek ROW	2.3700	97.84
179		903	46/9	Jan. 22, 1968	Bear Valley Park	W. Teller Ave. & Bear Creek	4.7700	97.849
180	13-68	904	46/10	Jan. 22, 1968	Belquince	Quincy Ave. & Valley Hwy.	316.2200	98.34

						11 ·	. •
Ord. No.	Engineer File	Engineer Plat Book	Recording Date of Plat	Name	Location	Acres	Total Mil
47-68	906	46/13	Feb. 19, 1968	Golden Key Park	S. Syracuse Way & S. Xanthia St.	2.8470	98.34
139-68	908	46/15	May 13, 1968	Marycrest No. 2	W. 54th Ave. & Columbine Rd.	2.2310	98.39
299-68	912	46/23	Sept. 9, 1968	Decatur-Dartmouth	W. Dartmouth Ave. & S. Decatur Ave.	10.9520	98.30
434-68	917	46/29	Dec. 30, 1968	Glasier No. 2	Kentucky Ave. & Cherry Creek ROW	22.6300	98.4
48-69	920	46/33	March 24, 1969	West Inspiration Point	W.52nd Ave. & Jay St. (extended)	14.0300	98.47
49-69	921	46/34	March 24, 1969	Floyd-Federal	W.Floyd Ave. & So. Federal Blvd.	7.7800	98.4
301-69	924	46/38	Sept. 9, 1969	Sheridan-Kenyon	S.Sheridan Blvd. & W.Hampden Ave.	25.4110	98.4
441-69	929	46/43	Nov. 21, 1969	Fehlman No. 2	West Vassar Ave. & East of S. Wadswo	rth .6300	93.4
462-69	930	46/44	Dec. 15, 1969	Pinehurst	West Quincy Ave. & S. Sheridan Blvd.	367.0580	99.0
489-6 <u>9</u>	931	.` 46/45	Dec. 29, 1969	Centennial Estates #2	W. Wagon Trail Dr. & S. Perry St.	37:7200	99.1
490-69	932	46/46	Jan. 6, 1970	Stapeleton North	56th Ave. & Yosemite St.	622.0000	100.0
510-69	933	46/47	Jan. 6, 1970	Havana-Parker	S. Havana St. & Parker Rd.	27.2400	100.1
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<b>:</b>				•			

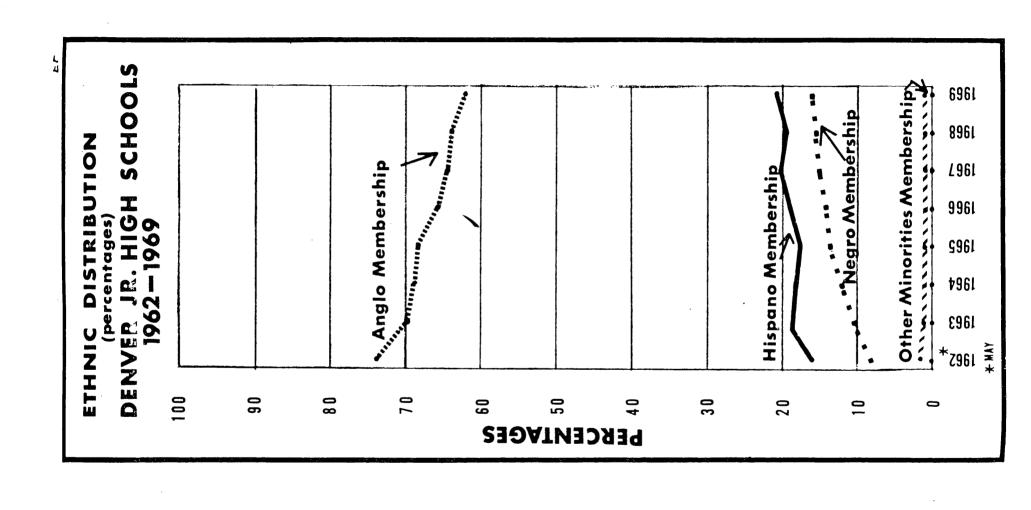
### Defendants' Exhibit EE (Ethnic Distribs. (Percentages), Denver Elem. Schs. '62-'69)

(See Opposite)

u



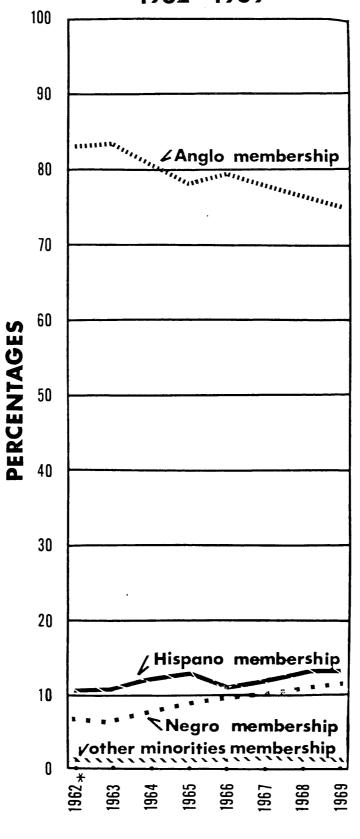
#### Defendants' Exhibit EF (Chart, Ethnic Distrib. (Pctgs.) Denver Jr. Hi 1962-69)





### Defendants' Exhibit EG (Chart, Ethnic Distrib. (Pctgs.) Denver Sr. High, 1962-69)

## ethnic distribution (percentages) DENVER SR. HIGH SCHOOLS 1962 - 1969



\* MAY

## Defendants' Exhibit J (Ltr., July 23, 1969 fr David R. McWms., Dir. Attend. & Pupil Records)

#### DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ROBERT D. GILBERTS, Superintendent

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING • 414 FOURTEENTH STREET • DENVER, COLORADO 80202

DIVISION OF EDUCATION
RICHARD P. KOEPPE, Assistant Superintendent
DEPARTMENT OF PUPIL SERVICES

JAMES M. O'HARA, Executive Director



July 23, 1969

On June 9, 1969, the Board of Education of the Denver Public Schools rescinded Resolutions 1520, 1524, and 1531 which related primarily to the assignment of pupils to schools in September 1969. Specifically, the area in which you reside has been reassigned from the East High School attendance area to the South High School attendance area.

The class programs for high school pupils residing in this area are now being prepared at South High School and questions relating to individual pupil schedules should be directed to the school. Every effort will be made to provide pupils with the same program requested by them at an earlier date.

The Board of Education and its administrative staff are committed to an educational program which includes the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan. This plan affords pupils the opportunity to attend a school which brings about a voluntary exchange of pupils with a goal of improved understandings and integration. Attached are a description of the plan, a list of eligible open enrollment schools, and a request card. If your child is eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan and if you want your child to attend a school other than South High School, please complete the enclosed request card and return it to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records, School Administration Building, 414 Fourteenth Street, Denver, Colorado, 80202, by August 5, 1969. Since the school assignment must improve integration at both the residence and receiving schools, please indicate the racial or ethnic background of the pupil on the card.

If you have further questions regarding the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan, please call Mr. Edward W. Mohr, Office of Attendance and Pupil Records, 266-2255, ex. 304.

Sincerely,

David R. McWilliams, Director Office of Attendance and Pupil Records

David R. McWilliam

## DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS DIVISION OF EDUCATION Department of Pupil Services Office of Attendance and Pupil Records

JUNE 1969=

#### VOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT PLAN WITH TRANSPORTATION

The purpose of the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan is to provide parents with an opportunity to enroll their child in another Denver public school of their choice if space is available at the receiving school and if the change in school assignment results in improved integration both at the residence and receiving school. Transportation is provided for by School District No. 1 (elementary, more than 1 mile; secondary, more than 2 miles).

The following administrative procedures have been adopted to implement the plan:

- 1. Enrollment is for a period of at least one semester an the maximum would be determined by the pupil and his parents.
- 2. Pupils entering a Denver public school for the first time or re-entering a Denver public school may participate in the program upon application for enrollment.
- 3. The request for transfer may be for a full day or a half day for senior high school pupils and a full day for junior high school and elementary school pupils (grades 1 through 6). Kindergarten pupils are not eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan.
- 4. Pupils who have completed the sixth or ninth grade in June 1969 may continue on Voluntary Open Enrollment in the junior or senior high school (whichever is applicable) in September 1969 at the school which that sixth or ninth grade feeds. This is contingent upon available open pupil stations at the requested receiving school and improved integration at both the sending and receiving schools.
- 5. Younger brothers or sisters of pupils continuing on Voluntary Open Enrollment may enroll in the school the older child is attending if space is available.

## \* JOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT SCHOOL ELEMENTARY 1039-1970 SCHOOL YEAR

Revised
July 1, 1969

#### ABRAHAM LINCOLM HIGH SCHOOL AREA

Belmont Elementary
Force Elementary
Godsman Elementary
Goldrick Elementary

Munroe Elementary Schenck Elementary Schmitt Elementary Valverde Elementary Mestwood Elementary

#### EAST\_HIGH\_SCHOOL\_AREA

Ashley Elementary
Barrett Elementary
Columbine Elementary
Ellsworth Elementary
Emerson Elementary

Evans Elementary
Harrington Elementary
Hoore Elementary
Stevens Elementary
Teller Elementary
'yman Elementary

#### GEORGE MASHINGTON HIGH SCHOOL AREA

Carson Elementary
Palmer Elementary

Steck Elementary

#### J. F. KEINIEDY HIGH SCHOOL AREA

Denison Elementary
Coull Elementary

Johnson Elementary Sabin Elementary Traylor Elementary

#### HAMUAL HIGH SCHOOL AREA

Crofton Elementary Giloin Elementary Nitchell Elementary Swansea Elementary .hittier Elementary !yatt Elementary

#### WURTH HILL SCHOOL AREA

Alcott Elementary Beach Court Elementary Grown Elementary Colfax Elementary Smedley Elementary

#### SOUTH HIGH SCHOOL AREA

icKinley Elementary Rosedale Elementary

Steele Elementary Thatcher Elementary Washington Park Elementary

#### THO AS JEFFERSON HIGH SCHOOL AREA

Gradley Elementary Pitts Elementary

Slavens Elementary

<sup>\*</sup> This list will receive continual review to determine if pupil selections warrant the addition of schools not presently listed or the deletion of schools currently shown as open enrollment schools.

#### INTEGRATION IS IMPROVED IF

All ABOLO PUPIL

Transfers from:

Alcott, Asbury, Ash Crove, Ashley, Berkeley, Bradley, Bromwell, Carson, Cory, Benison, Doull, Ellis, Ellsworth, Emerson, Fallis, Force, Godsman, Goldrick, Gust, Johnson, Knight, Lincoln, McKinley, McMeen, Montbello, Mentclair, Montclair Annex, Moore, Palmer, Pitts, Rosedale, Sabin, Schenck, Schmitt, Sherman, Slavens, Steck, Steele, Stevens, Teller, Thatcher, Traylor, University Park, Mashington Park and Maiteman.

Transfers to:

Barrett, Beach Court, Belmont, Colfax, Columbine, Crofton, Evans, Gilpin, Harrington, Litchell, Hunroe, Smedley, Swansea, Valverde, Hestwood, Hhittier, Myatt, and Myman.

A HISPAMO PUPIL

Transfers from:

Alameda, Ashland, Barnum, Beach Court, Belmont, Boulevard, Brown, Bryant-Mebster, Cheltenham, Colfax, College View, Columbian, Cowell, Crofton, Eagleton, Ebert, Edison, Elmood, Elyria, Evans, Fairmont, Fairview, Garden Place, Gilbin, Greenlee, Knapp, Mitchell, Munroe, Mewlon, Parry, Remington, Sherman, Smedley, Smansea, Malverde, Mastwood, Myatt and Myman.

Transfers to:

Alcott, Ashley, Barrett, Bradley, Carson, Columbine, Denison, Doull, Ellsworth, Emerson, Force, Godsman, Goldrick, Harrington, Johnson, Eckinley, Doore, Palmer, Pitts, Sabin, Schenck, Schmitt, Slavens, Steck, Steele, Stevens, Teller, Traylor, Mashington Park and Mhittier.

A MECRO PUPIL

Transfers from:

Barrett, Columbine, Crofton, Elert, Evans, Garden Place, Gilpin, Greenlee, Hallett, Harrington, Mitchell, Park Hill, Philips, Smith, Stedman, Whittier, Wyatt and Myman.

Transfers to:

Alcott, Ashley, Beach Court, Belmont, Bradley, Brown, Carson, Colfax, Denison, Boull, Ellsworth, Emerson, Force, Godsman, Coldrich, Johnson, McKinley, Boore, Junroe, Palmer, Pitts, Rosedale, Sabin, Schenck, Schmitt, Slavens, Smedley, Steck, Steele, Stevens, Swansea, Teller, Thatcher, Traylor, Valverde, and Mashington Park.

# VOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT SCHOOLS JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS 1969-1970 School Year REVISED June 16, 1969

#### \*JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

Baker Junior High
Byers Junior High
Gove Junior High
Grant Junior High
Hamilton Junior High
\*\*J. F. Kennedy Junior High
Kepner Junior High
Kunsmiller Junior High
Lake Junior High
Mann Junior High
Merrill Junior High
Thomas Jefferson Junior High

- \* This list will receive continual review to determine if pupil selections warrant the addition of schools not presently listed or the deletion of schools currently shown as open enrollment schools.
- \*\* Double Session Schedule (Junior High School 12:05 p.m. to 5:25 p.m.)

#### INTEGRATION IS IMPROVED IF

AN ANGLO PUPIL

Transfers from: Byers, Grant, Hamilton (7th & 8th grade

only), Hill, J. F. Kennedy, Kepner, Kunsmiller, Merrill, Rishel, Skinner and

Thomas Jefferson (9th grade only)

Transfers to : Baker, Lake and Horace Mann

A HISPANO PUPIL

Transfers from: Baker, Cole, Kepner, Horace Mann, Lake

Morey, Rishel and Skinner.

Transfers to: Byers, Gove, Grant, Hamilton (7th & 8th

grade only), J.F. Kennedy, Kunsmiller, Merrill and Thomas Jefferson (9th grade

only)

A NEGRO PUPIL

Transfers from: Cole, Gove, Morey and Smiley

Transfers to: Baker, Byers, Grant, Hamilton (7th & 8th

grade only), J.F. Kennedy, Kepner, Kunsmiller, Lake, Mann, Merrill and Thomas

Jefferson (9th grade only)

# VOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT SCHOOLS SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS 1969-1970 School Year REVISED June 16, 1969

#### \*SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

Abraham Lincoln High School
East High School
\*\*J. F. Kennedy High School
Manual High School
North High School
South High School
Thomas Jefferson High School
West High School

- \* This list will receive continual review to determine if pupil selections warrant the addition of schools not presently listed or the deletion of schools currently shown as open enrollment schools.
- \*\* Double Session Schedule (Senior High School 7:00 a.m. to Noon)

#### INTEGRATION IS IMPROVED IF

AN ANGLO PUPIL

Transfers from: Abraham Lincoln, George Washington,

J. F. Kennedy, North, South, and

Thomas Jefferson

Transfers to : East, Manual and West

A HISPANO PUPIL

Transfers from: North and West

Transfers to : Abraham Lincoln, East, J. F. Kennedy

Manual, South and Thomas Jefferson

A NEGRO PUPIL

Transfers from: East and Manual

Transfers to : Abraham Lincoln, J. F. Kennedy,

North, South, Thomas Jefferson

and West

#### DESVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

#### JUEST FOR VOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLA. .T

(1969 - 1970 School Year)

I request that (Typ	e or print first, middl	e, and last name of pupil)
be enrolled in		School (1st choice)
		School (2nd choice)
		School (3rd choice)
instead of	School.	(Senior high only: full day
or half day)		
This pupil is currently enrolled in	n grade	, section number
a*		_S ho l.
		Home phone
(Parent or legal guardian)  Home addressZip code		Zip code
Date		
(For instruc	tions concerning requ	eest see other side.)

#### " NUEST FOR VOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLM" "T

The purpose of the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan is to provide parents with an opportunity to enroll their child in another Denver public school of their choice if space is available in the receiving school and if the change in school assignment results in improved integration both in the receiving and sending schools.

Requests under the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan are for either a full day or half day program for senior high pupils, and a full day program for junior high and elementary pupils in grade 1-6. Kindergarten pupils are not eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan.

This request must be returned to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records, Denver Public Schools, 414 Former oth Street, Denver, Colorado 80202, ON OR 51 10 14E 1 LESDAY, ACCUST 5, 1300.

Transportation under the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan is provided for by School District No. 1. (Elementary, more than one mile; secondary, more than two miles.)

DSP 6-69-4M H-91-62118

#### 2158a

### Defendants' Exhibit HK (Excerpt "Facts & Figures" DPS 1969)

(See Opposite)

### DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS 1940-1969

	1940	1959
SCHOOL CAPACITY	44,610	96,446
PUPIL MEMBERSHIP (Full time Day Schools)	48,581	95,634
NUMBER OF		
SCHOOLS	79 .	120
CLASSROOMS	1,487	3,394
TEACHERS (Full time Day Schools)	1,468	4,380
TOTAL EMPLOYEES (Including Teachers)	3,043	6,78
CITY SQUARE MILES	58.8	98.4

1969

21

1940



#### 2160a

## Defendants' Exhibit VA (Rept. to Bd. of Ed. by Supt. Robt. D. Gilberts)

(See Opposite)

Report to The Board of Education

A PLAN DEVELOPED IN ACCORD WITH RESOLUTION 1562

Submitted by Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent

Denver Public Schools May 1970



A Plan Submitted to the Board of Education by Robert D. Gilberts, Superintendent

This plan has been developed in response to Board Resolution 1562, a copy of which is included for reference. The intent of the Resolution is to improve pupil achievement in the schools.

Although the time available for preparing the plan was limited, it was possible to do so because of the cooperative efforts of central administrative staff, principals, and other school staff members.

The preparation was further facilitated because the basic concepts were contained in Planning Quality Education.

A summary analysis is included as a first part of the report to show briefly the major elements of the programs proposed, the time schedule, and estimated costs.

The Board may wish to assign priorities to the various elements in the plan in terms of available resources and potential future funds, and on the basis of these financial considerations to direct the appropriate division heads to prepare the required operational details for the plan.

#### RESOLUTION NO. 1562

WHEREAS, this Board of Education, in common with other boards of education in urban areas in this country, has before it the extremely difficult task of providing relevant and effective education to children of infinitely varied backgrounds and abilities; and

WHEREAS, this Board of Education is concerned about all the children of Denver and is constantly searching for ways and means to improve the quality of education offered to them; and

WHEREAS, this Board of Education has, as an interim measure, adopted various plans and approaches toward the improvement of the quality of education offered to the children of Denver, including voluntary open enrollment with transportation provided; and

WHEREAS, the intervention of a lawsuit in the United States District Court has prevented this interim measure from achieving its full potential; and

WHEREAS, that Court in its Memorandum Opinion dated March 21, 1970, has found that certain schools of this School District show average pupil achievement below the city-wide average achievement of pupils; and

WHEREAS, this Board is, and has been, aware of these differences in average pupil achievement among the various schools and has been attempting to set educational

policy which will permit the professional staff of this School District to devise and employ new methods of education designed to improve achievement in all schools including those with low achievement averages, by such means as early childhood education, intensified reading programs, cultural arts centers, outdoor education centers, school clusters or complexes, in-service education, modification and expansion of curricular offerings, and other promising ideas; and

WHEREAS, the United States District Court now has invited this Board to devise and present to it a plan designed to improve the achievement of pupils in certain of its schools;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED by this Board of Education that, regardless of the final outcome of the litigation, this Board reaffirms its intent to continue improvement in the quality of education offered to all of the children of Denver, and it hereby directs the Superintendent and his staff to devise a plan directed toward raising the educational achievement levels at the schools specified by the District Court in its opinion. This plan shall be a pilot program which shall include consideration of the following:

#### 1. Differentiated staffing;

- 2. Increasing the level of faculty experience and decreasing faculty turnover;
- 3. Increased and improved inservice training for staff;
- 4. Voluntary open enrollment as opposed to mandatory transfers for pupils;
- 5. The school complex concept which will focus on decentralized decision-making, community and parent involvement, new educational programs and agency cooperation;
- 6. Early childhood education;
- 7. Special programs now being implemented at Cole Junior High School and Manual High School;
- 8. Special programs available under the Educational Achievement Act of Colorado (Senate Bill 174);
- 9. Other promising educational innovations.

  The plan shall be feasible and within the financial ability of the District, and include a timetable for implementation.

Such a plan shall be submitted to the Board on or before May 6, 1970.

#### New Voluntary Open Enrollment

	Schedule	
Program	of Implementation	Estimated Costs
New voluntary open enrollment	January 1971	*Unit costs:
<ul> <li>fifteen subject schools</li> <li>transportation provided</li> <li>choice of schools</li> </ul>		\$3.50 per bus hour .25 per bus mile
. attendance - one year minimum . guaranteed space -     use of available space     extending building capacity     10 - 15%     extended school day     mobile units     additional construction		Bus purchase - \$9,000 per unit
Current voluntary open enroll- ment	Currently operational	
. applies to all schools		

- transportation provided full day enrollment

<sup>\*</sup>Total cont will depend upon the number of pupils who avail themselves of the program. Current transportation requirements utilize all available transportation.

#### Staff Stabilization

Program	Schedule of Implementation	Estimated Costs
Staff Stabilization	1970	
Increasing faculty experience and decreasing faculty turnover.		
Voluntary incentives:	1970	
<ul> <li>additional pay - extended work year</li> <li>experienced teacher transfer with cooperation of DCTA</li> <li>superior materials</li> <li>special programs</li> <li>smaller classes</li> </ul>		\$633,000 per year
<ul><li>previsitation to assigned school</li><li>orientation program</li></ul>		\$1,500 per year \$15,000 per year
Hiring experienced teachers:	1970	No additional
<ul> <li>recruiting teachers trained to work in minority schools</li> <li>Hispano and Negro recruiters</li> </ul>		
Maintaining level of staff experience	1970	No additional
Denver Public Schools percent probationary 34.4%. subject schools 30.1% employment of career teachers		

#### Differentiated Staffing

Program	Schedule of Implementation	Estimated Costs
Differentiated Staffing	1971	
Responsibility and compensation based on competency.		
<pre>. student volunteers . adult volunteers</pre>		
. teacher aides		\$ 3,600 per person per year *
. paraprofessionals		\$ 4,160 per person per year *
. student teachers		• •
<ul><li>regular teachers</li><li>master teachers</li></ul>		\$212,000
. psychologists		reassignment
. social workers		reassignment
. coordinators	•	reassignment
Provide program planning and		
counseling time		No additional
Motivation to upgrade		N13:4:1
competency		No additional
Large-group, small-group instruction		
Extended work year		\$114,500 <b>*</b>
		*See Staff Stabiliz- ation also

<sup>\*</sup>Total cost will depend on the extent of implementation.

SUMMARY

Improved Inservice Training

Program	Schedule of Implementation	Estimated Costs
Improved Inservice Training	Phase I - September 1970	Implemented to extent of currently budgeted available funds.
<ul> <li>human relations seminars</li> <li>workshops - history and culture of minorities</li> <li>building inservice meet- ings related to minority instructional materials</li> </ul>	Phase II - September 1971	\$100,500
<ul> <li>teaching the disadvantaged pupil</li> <li>improving educational climate for minority pupils</li> <li>corrective instructional techniques</li> <li>language problem of bilingual children</li> </ul>	Phase III - September 1972	\$100,500
cooperative work shops - Black Educators United, Congress of Hispanic Educators		

#### School Complex Concept

	Schedule	
Program	of Implementation	Estimated Costs
School Complex Concept	1971	\$159,967
. Elementary Complex One		
- Ashley - Carson - Hallett - Montclair - Montclair Annex - Palmer - Park Hill - Philips - Steck - Teller		. •
- Whiteman		
. Elementary Complex Two	1971	\$167,267
- Ashland - Barnum - Boulevard - Brown - Cheltenham - Colfax - Cowell - Eagleton - Edison - Fairview - Newlon - Perry		
<ul> <li>Elementary Complex Five</li> <li>Barrett</li> <li>Columbine</li> <li>Crofton</li> <li>Gilpin</li> <li>Harrington</li> <li>Mitchell</li> <li>Smith</li> <li>Stedman</li> <li>Wyatt</li> </ul>	1971 Planning to start i January. Implement to start in Septemb	ation

Planning for this Complex will begin in 1971. The organization and programs will be a replication with appropriate modifications of those in Complexes One and Two.

SUMMARY Early Childhood Education in Minority Areas

	Schedule	
Program	of Implementation	Estimated Costs
Early Childhood Education in Minority Areas	Continuing	
<ul><li>Head Start -</li><li>- 3 and 4 year olds</li><li>- 18 centers, 600 children</li></ul>		\$480,580 per year Federal - \$384,464 Denver Public Schools - \$ 96,116
<ul> <li>Early Childhood Education</li> <li>Centers - •</li> <li>4 year olds</li> <li>3 centers, 90 children</li> </ul>	Continuing	Denver Public Schools \$ 66,492
<ul> <li>Follow Through</li> <li>5 year olds (kindergarten)</li> <li>6 centers - 376 children</li> </ul>	Continuing	\$151,367 Federal - \$123,938 Denver Public Schools - \$ 27,429
<ul> <li>Follow Through</li> <li>6 year olds (1st grade)</li> <li>Garden Place and Gilpin 100 children</li> </ul>	Continuing	\$ 42,411 State Funds
. National Follow Through (proposed - 5 and 6 year olds	1) 1971	\$80,000 Federal Funds

- Garden Place and Gilpin 200 children

#### Special Programs Being Implemented at Manual High School

*		
	Schedule	<del></del>
	Saledule	
Program	of Implementation	Estimated Costs
TTOGTUM	OI Implementation	LS CIMATEU COSTS

Special Programs Being Implemented at Manual High School

\$165,381

#### Vocational Skills

- building trades
- cosmetology
- power and transportation
- metals .
- machine metals
- Home Economics Related Occupations

#### Pre-professional

- pre-medicine, University
   of Colorado Medical School
- pre-law
- pre-education, University of Northern Colorado
- data processing,
   Opportunity School
- Communications, KRMA-TV
- pre-engineering, University
   of Denver School of
   Engineering
- advanced placement, University of Denver Community College

#### Future Programs

1970-1971

- Environmental Design,
   University of Colorado
   Architectural School and
   Alumni
   Denver Urban Renewal Authority
- Outdoor Education Job Corp Camp, Grand Junction, Colorado
- Airline Cadet, United Airlines and University of Denver
- Teacher Resource (counseling students with academic deficiencies)

#### Special Programs Being Implemented at Cole Junior High School

Program	Schedule of Implementation	Estimated Costs
Special Programs Being Implemented at Cole Junior High School		\$147,510

- . Reading Programs
  - laboratory
  - improvement
  - speech classes
  - individual tutoring
- Mathematics
  - laboratory
- . Social Science
  - laboratory
  - Afro-American history
  - Hispano history
  - urban studies
- Science
  - laboratory
  - expanded biology program
  - earth science Earth
  - science curriculum project
- Art
  - ceramics
  - weaving
- Business Education
  - work study
- Home Economics
  - family and consumer economics
  - home management occupations
- Industrial Arts
  - graphic arts
  - power motor mechanics

Schedule
Program of Implementation Estimated Costs

Special Programs Being Implemented at Cole Junior High School

Total cost is shown on preceding page.

- . Music
  - guitar classes
- . Physical Education
  - ROTC for boys
  - Cadettes for girls
  - gymnastics
  - modern dance
- Language
  - Spanish
  - French
  - Counseling
    - college
    - vocational
- Educational Laboratories
  - Crisis room
- Extension Centers
  - rehabilitating disruptive pupils
- . Other Programs
  - tutor assistants
- . Special Education
- . Work-Study
- . Extra Curricular Activities
  - motivation
  - to instill school spirit
- Instructional Materials Center

SUMMARY Special Programs - Educational Achievement Act SB 174

Program	Schedule of Implementation	Estimated Costs
Special Programs - Educational Achievement Act SB 174	1970-1971	
. Fairview - Interest-Motivated Approach		\$110,671 per year
<ul> <li>ungraded system</li> <li>individualized reading</li> <li>learning centers</li> <li>multi-media communication</li> <li>skill systems</li> <li>differentiated staffing</li> </ul>		
. Baker	1970-1971	\$260,222 per year
<ul> <li>bilingual, bicultural program</li> <li>Hispano emphasis</li> <li>differentiated staffing</li> <li>Hispano culture and history</li> <li>individualized teaching</li> <li>flexible scheduling</li> <li>home liaison</li> <li>improved reading diagnosis</li> <li>Crisis rooms</li> <li>educational laboratories</li> <li>storefront centers</li> </ul>		Total for Cole and Baker .
. Cole	1970-1971	

- individualized teachingflexible "catch up"
- improved reading diagnosis
- home liaison
- Crisis rooms
- educational laboratories
- extension centers
- differentiated staffing

SUMMARY
Other Promising Educational Innovations

Program	Schedule of Implementation	Estimated Costs
Other Promising Educational Innovations		
. Cultural Arts	Continuing	\$165,503
. Metropolitan Area Student Exchange	Continuing	2,400
. Outdoor Education (Balarat)	Continuing	\$247,281
Expanded Summer Schools	Continuing	\$604,063
. After School Programs	Continuing	5,000
. Metropolitan Youth Opportunity Program	Continuing	<b>\$</b> 450 <b>,</b> 706
Educational Center - Vocational-Technical facility	Continuing	\$250,000
. Cooperative Education	Continuing	\$200,500
. Work Study Program	1971	\$ 61,200
. Individually Guided Instruction	1971	\$ 16,200 per school per year

Transportation will be provided in accordance with school district policy relating to walking distance of residence from school of attendance.

Continuing analysis of transfers must be made in order to make most efficient and economical use of transportation reservices. School selection will need to be grouped by the numbers of children selecting particular schools from

#### CURRENT VOLUNTARY OPEN ENROLLMENT PLAN

a given area.

The following is a statement of current procedures which the Board intends to continue:

The Voluntary Open Enrollment plan provides parents with an opportunity to enroll their child in another Denver Public School of their choice if space is available at the receiving school and if the change in school assignment results in improved integration both at the school of residence and at the receiving school.

1. The plan is based upon a commitment by the pupil and his parents that the pupil will complete at least one full semester at the receiving school. The maximum commitment would be determined by the pupil and parent. Generally, as the semester progresses, pupils should be encouraged to complete the semester before a request to discontinue enrollment is considered. An unusual situation may arise which would prompt an immediate transfer request by the parent to permit the pupil to return to his

subdistrict school of residence. If a pupil does not complete a full semester on Voluntary Open Enrollment, he is ineligible to participate again until the beginning of the semester one year following the effective date of the cancellation.

- ?. Transportation is provided for by School District No. 1 (elementary, more than one mile; secondary, more than 2 miles).
- 3. The request for transfer is for a full-day in Grades 1 through 12.
- 4. Pupils entering a Denver Public School for the first time or reentering a Denver Public School may participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan upon application for enrollment.

#### Voluntary Open Enrollment Procedures, September 1970

- A. Priority enrollment privileges for pupils eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan for September 1970 are as follows:
  - 1. First Priority: Pupils currently enrolled in a school and continuing at the same school
    - a. A pupil currently attending a school <u>need not</u> re-enroll or complete any forms to continue at the same school in September 1970.
  - 2. Second Priority: Pupils entering seventh or tenth grade who

    have attended a feeder elementary or junior

    high school respectively
    - Open Enrollment Plan and pupils zoned to a school under
      Resolution 1524 or 1531.

- b. A Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Card <u>must</u> be completed by the parent since all such pupils must qualify for Voluntary Open Enrollment.
- c. Pupils not eligible to participate in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan must attend their school of residence according to the approved boundary lines on the official maps of the School District and are not eligible to attend the school which their present school of attendance feeds.

## 3. Third Priority: Younger brothers-or sisters of pupils currently attending a school on Voluntary Open Enrollment

- a. A Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Card must be completed by the parent and the school should indicate on the front of the card that an older brother or sister is attending the requested school.
- 4. Fourth Priority: New requests from parents of pupils requesting

  Voluntary Open Enrollment for the first time
  - a. A Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Card must be completed by the parent, and submitted to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records by May 1, 1970. Priority IV requests will be considered after Priority I and III requests are processed.
  - b. The selection of second and third choice is important since schools eligible to receive new pupil requests for Voluntary Open Enrollment will be named at a later date.

#### B. Operational Details

- 1. A pupil seeking to return to his school of residence must have his parent complete the top half of DPS Form H543, "Request to Discontinue Voluntary Open Enrollment," and return it to the office at the school he is currently attending. Procedures relating to such a request are described in an Interdepartmental Communication from this office, "Request to Discontinue Voluntary Open Enrollment," dated November 26, 1969. Each school office has received a supply of Form H543 at an earlier date.
- 2. All request cards or discontinuing forms should be forwarded to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records by May 1, 1970. (However, deadlines for other materials from feeder schools may be different and should be adhered to.)
- 3. Schools should note on the front of each completed Voluntary Open Enrollment Request card the ethnic background by A, H, or N, (The Board of Education has substantive concern that making these notations on the V.O.E. Request card, even though for beneficial purposes, may be in conflict with the constitution of Colorado ) and the priority classification by I, II, III, or IV of the pupil.
- 4. This bulletin relates only to pupils who will be attending junior or senior high schools in September 1970. Application procedures for elementary school pupils, including the Hallett Plan, will be distributed and processed at a later date. However, principals of elementary schools can be canvassing present Voluntary Open Enrollment pupils attending their school to see if they plan to continue enrollment under

- the Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan.
- 5. Voluntary Open Enrollment for senior high school pupils is limited to a full-day program only effective September 1970. Pupils currently attending a senior high school on a half-day program and wishing to continue on a full-day program must complete a new request card to be classified as a Priority I pupil.
- 6. Pupils on Limited Open Enrollment are permitted to continue enrollment at the receiving school until they have completed the sixth, ninth, or twelfth grade (whichever is applicable).

  A pupil currently attending a school under the Limited Open Enrollment Plan need not re-enroll or complete any forms to continue at the same school in September 1970. If a pupil is discontinuing Limited Open Enrollment, DPS Form H543 should be completed and forwarded to the Office of Attendance and Pupil Records.
- 7. The completion of discontinuing Form H543 is not required for any pupil completing sixth, ninth, or twelfth grade in June 1970; however, such pupils must be listed on the attached "Pupil Assignment to Schools" roster.
- C. Participation Report Voluntary Open Enrollment Plan (See Appendix)
  - Instructions on the Voluntary Open Enrollment Request Cards state that "Pupils currently participating in the Voluntary Open Enrollment Program and who wish to continue for the

first semester of the 1970-1971 school year are not required to complete this card." This applies only to pupils continuing in the same school. A card must be completed if a pupil is continuing on voluntary open enrollment at a different school, (For example: from ninth grade at Grant to tenth grade at South or from sixth grade at Knight to seventh grade at Merrill).

2. Additional request cards, Discontinuing Forms H543, and "Pupil Assignment to School" Rosters may be obtained by calling 266-2255, extension 391. Information regarding this directive also can be obtained by calling the same number.

#### VOLUNTAR' UPEN ENROLLMENT FIRST SEMESTER - 1969-1970 SCHOOL YEAR

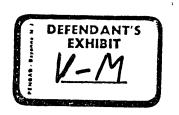
### PUPIL PARTICIPATION SUMMARY SHEET

	PARTICIPATION		INCREASE	ETHNIC BACKGROUND				
LEVEL	1-69	9-69	(DECREASE)	INCREASE	А	H	l N	AD
ELEMENTARY	387	553	166	42.6	5	23	523	2
.HALLETT PLAN To Hallett From Hallett TOTAL	56 63 119	221 205 426	165 142 307	294.6 225.4 258.0	215	6	205	
JUNIOR HIGH	301	368	67	22.3	10	42	316	
SENIOR HIGH Half Day Full Day Seminar TOTAL	114 101 <u>31</u> 246	43 260 — 303	(71) 159 <u>(31)</u> 57	( 62.3) 157.4 (100.0) 23.2	40 138	23	3 99	
TOTAL ALL LEVELS	1053	1650	597	56.5	408	94	1146	2

#### 2162a

# Defendants' Exhibit VM (Court Designated Elem. Schs.—Ethnic & Racial—Teachers)

(See Opposite)



### COURT DESIGNATED ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - FINIC & RACIAL - TEACHERS

Schools	Probationary Experience Percent • 1970	Median Experience. Years* 1970	
Bryant-Webster	28.0	10	
Columbine	46.0	7	
Elmwood	42.0	10	
Fairmont	54.0	5	
Fairview	35.0	10	
Greenlee	52.5	5	
Hallett	46.0	5	
Harrington	57.0	4	
Mitchell	49.0	4	
Smith	48.0	6	
Stedman	32.0	8	
Whittier	47.5	5	
Average	44.7	6.5	

<sup>\*</sup>This is Denver Public Schools plus prior experience.

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#### 2164a

# Defendants' Exhibit 210A (Capacity Utilization of Manual and East High, 1951-1961)

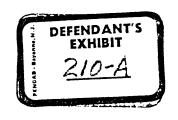
(See Opposite)

#### 1951-1961

		Man	ual			East		
			Percent				rcent	
School Year	Number Student		Capacit Utiliza		Number of Students		pacit iliza	
School lear	bruden	*	Otlliza	<u>u</u> .	Student			
1951	874	904	80	83	2344	2423	<b>76</b> 100	ià
1952	852	904	78	83	2422	2449	100	101
1953	1003	1113	64	71	2426	2458	100	101
1954	1053		67.		2494	2548	103	105
<b>1955</b> 1956		1174 1198	70	75 77	2597	2619 2679	107	108
1957		1299		83		2860		118
1958	1236	1341	79	86	. 2990	3038	123	125
1959		1264		81		3188		131
1960	1028	1141	66	73	2005	2084	83	86
1961	1256	-	80	*	2181	4	90	-
	<del></del>				-			
Capacity	1560 1083		Manual) Manual)	•	2430			

Sources: Statistical reports, Denver Public Schools, 1951-1961, Report - A Study of Pupil Population, School Boundaries. Pupil Transportation, School Building, DPS, Feb., 1962, Special Study Committee on Quality of Educational Opportunity in the DPS, School Buildings and Site Needs, DPS, 1955.

Using pupil membership reports to Office of Budgetary Services at end of fourth week of school year.



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#### 2166a

## Defendants' Exhibit S-1 (DPS, Rept. of Est. Ethnic Distrib. of Pupils, 10/27/69)

(See Opposite)



#### DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

REPORT OF ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS, CLASSROOM
TEACHERS AND OTHER CERTIFICATED AND CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL
SEPTEMBER 26, 1969

Office of Planning, Research, and Budgeting October 27, 1969

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## Denver Public Schools Office of Planning, Research, and Budgeting

#### ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS

#### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 26, 1969

									sian		erican			To	otal
			Anglo		Negro		(ispano		ivation_	Ir	ndian	0	thers	Pt	upils
School		No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent
Alameda		105	46.2%	2	.9%	114	50.2%	2	.9%	. 2	•9%	2	•9%	227	100.0%
Alcott		409	80.2	11	2.1	88	17.3		- 77-	2	.4	_		, 510	100.0
Asbury		552	85.9	54	8.4	26	4.0	4	<b>:</b> 6	3	•5	4	.6	643	100.0
Ash Grove		735	97.1	12	1.6			10	1.3					757	103.0
Ashland		273	42.0			376	57.8	l	.2				. f	650	10/
Achley		479	81.2	69	11.7	31	5.3	9	1.5	2	•3		/	590	. 100.0
Barnum		625	68.3			283	30.9	l	.1	. 6	• • 7		/	915	100.0
Farrett		248	67.0	113	30.5	5	1.4	4	1.1				/:	370	100.0
Beach Court	٠.	247	63.6	21	5.4	118	30.4	l	•3	l	3		• /	388	100.0
Belmont		197	70.9			81	29.1						/	278	100.0
Berkeley	٠	356	89.0			1+3	10.8	l	.2				, , , , ,	400	100.0
Boettcher		160	73.7	31	14.3	514	11.1	2	• 9					217	100.0
Boulevard		118	29.9	2	•5	269	68.1			6	1.5		1	395	100.0
Bradley		958	97.7	16	1.6	2	.2	2	.2			3	.3	981	100.0
Bromwell		280	91.8	10	3.3	12	3.9	3	1.0			•	•	305	100.0
Brown		497	68.1	ļ	<u>. l</u>	217	29.7	15	2.1					730	100.0
Bryant-Webster		172	23.3	4	.5	559	75.5	5	•7					740	100.0
Carson		559	~78.0	140	19.5	6	.8	12	1.7	_	,			717	100.0
Cheltenhem		301	37.0	37	4.5	453	55.7	10	1.2	3	•4	10	1.2	814	100.0
Colfax		203	50.1	1	.2	199	48.0	2	•5	5	1.2		•	415	100.0
College View		463	75.7	. 2	•3	139	22.7			8	1.3		,	615	100 7
Columbian Columbine		390	71.7	· 2	.4	152	27.9				•		·	51,4	100 -
	•	5	.6	874	97.2	20	2.2	- 0						899	100.0
Cory Cowell		527 302	88.5	39	6.6	19	3.2	10	1.7	_			•	595	100.0
Crofton		23	57.3	3	.6 38.4	216	40.9	3	.6	3	.6		•	527	100.0
Denison		420	7.3 90.8	121	.6	162 40	51.5	2	.6	7	2.2			315	100.0
, Doull		831	90.3	3 1 <u>,3</u>		40 38	8.6 4.1	6		0	0			463	100.0
Eagleton		166	34.1	4+2	4.7	312	4.1 64.1	7	•7 1.4	2	.2			920	100.0
Ebert		35	10.6	115	34.6	174	52.4	2	.6	2 6	.4			487	100.0
Edison		571	75.4	1	-	184	24.2				1.8	-	7	332	100.0
Ellis .		835	88.5	95	.1 10.1			l l	•1	1	.1	1	.1	759	100.0
Ellsworth	••	151	87.3	95 5	2.9	9 7	1.0 4.0	9	.կ 5 <b>.</b> 2	ı.	.6	شينة	•	943 173	100.0

											*		
		•											4
					-2-							_	
•							ian		rican		0+1		tal
			Negro				vation		dian Percent	No.	Others	No.	Percent
School	No.	Percent No.	Percent	No.		No.	Percent			IVO.	Percent		
Elmwood	31	7.9%	%	360	91.6%		c1 10	2	. 5%		. %	. 393	100.0
Elyria	35	26.7		96	73.3	_			<b>a</b> 1.			131	100.0
Emerson	198	70.0 6	2.1	55	19.4 28.6	3	1.1	.21	7.4		1.	283 241	100.0
Evans	137	56.9 33	13.7	69 500		1	• 14	0	2	1.	. 4	630	100.0
Fairmont	125	19.8	9.0	503	79.9			2 13	.3 1.6			83;÷	100.0
Fairview	58 25):	7.0 68	8.2 1.4	695	83.2 .8	7	2	23	1.0			363	100.0
Fallis	354 702	97.5 5 84.8 35	1.4 4.2	3 87	10.5	1	.3 .1	3 ·	.4		•	828	1.00.0
Force Garden <b>Place</b>	138	17.0 140	17.2	525	6) <sub>1</sub> .7	1	• -	၁ 9	1.1			R10	1.00.0
Gilpin	22	3.2 252	36.4	411	59.4	7	1.0	ð	<b></b> •			692	100.0
Godsman	457	81.9	<b>3-1</b>	103	18.1	•						570	100.
Goldrick	643	83.8 3	. 1 <sub>1</sub>	<b>1</b> 19	15.5	2	.3					767	100.6
Greenlee	180	17.0 95	9.0	772	73.0	5	•5	5	• 5			1057	100.0
Gust	750	93.2		54	6.7	1	.1				. /	805	100.0
Hallett	290	38.2 444	58.4	20	2.6	6 -	.8				<i>,                                    </i>	760	100.0
Harrington	_12	2.2 409	76.3	105	19.6	7	1.3			3	.6∤	536 -	100.0
Johnson	635	82.4 28	3.6	108	11+.0	,	_	_	_			· 771	100.0
Knapp	1+50	57.0 6	.8	329	41.6	4	•5	1	.1		÷	790	100.0
Knight ,	572	92.9 38	6.2	1	2.	1 8	.2	3	•5 •2		*	61.5	100.0
Lincoln	505	85.4 3 80.8 12	•5 4.3	74 40	12.5 14.5	0	1.4	1 1	.4			591 276	100.0
McKinley McMeen	223 881	80.8 12 93.2 38	4.0	10		16	1.7	4-	• **			945	100.0
Mitchell	19	2.2 608	70.9	229	26.7	2	.2					858	100.0
Montbello	410	81.8 36	7.2	30		17	3.4	2	. 4	6	1.2	501	100.0
Montclair	432	74.9 123	21.3	14	2.4	8	1.4		• ,	•		577	100.0
Montclair Annex	128	93.4 2	1.5	3	2.2	4	2.9					137	100:0
Moore	383	65.8 110	18.9	75	12.9	3	•5	1	.0	11	1.9	583	100.0
Munroe	293	50.9 4	•7	275	47.7	J	• •	4	. •7			576	100.
Newlon	. 430	63.1	- '	240	35.2	7	1.0	5	•7		•	682	100.0
Palmer	381	80.3 69	14.6	9	1.9	8	1.7	ì	.2	6	1.3	474	100.0
Park Hill	635	67.7 231	24.6	54	5.8	18	1.9					938	100.0
Perry	61	58 <b>.1</b>		44	41.9					,		105	100.0
Philips	337	59 <b>.</b> 4 <b>19</b> 5	34.3	28	4.9	8	1.4			•	•	568	100.0
Pitts	428	96.0 14	3.1			4	•9					446	100.0
Remington	150 .	38.2 17 85.5 6	4.3	222	56.5			4	1.0		•	393	100.0
Rosedale	387	85.5 6	1.3	59′	13.0	Ţ	.2					453	100.0
	•												
						•					•		
•												•	
													•

•						-3-				_			m	-4-7
								sian		rican		the amo		otal upils
		nglo		Negro	Hi	spano		ivation		dian		thers		
School	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent
Sabin	1238	96.1%	2	.2%	39	3.0%	3	.6%	l	.1%		%	1288	100.0%
Schenck	572	81.5	16	2.3	101	14.4	6	•9	6	•9			701	100.0
Schmitt	580	81.6	9	1.3	113	15.9	6	.8		•	3	• 14	711	100.0
Sherman	255	74.1			84	24.4	2	.6	3	•9		•	344	100.0
Slavens	574	. 84.8	98	14.5	1	.1	14	.6				•	677	100.0
Smedley	11+0	19.9	11	1.6	542	77.0	8	1.1	2	•3	l	.1	704	100.0
Smith	42	4.0	957	91.7	34	3.3	3	•3			7	•7	101+3	100.0
Steck .	323	71.6	110	24.4	10	2.2	7	1.6	l	.2			1:51	100.0
Stedman	27	4.1	613	92.7	3.8	2.7	3	<sub>2</sub> 5				•	661	100.0
Steel <b>e</b>	385	73.7	84.	16.1	50	9.6	3	.6			•	·	522	100.0
Steven <b>s</b>	. 287	80.2	42	11.7	20	5 <b>.</b> 6	5	1.4			1	1.1	358	JC, 0
Swansea	197	29.2	24	3 <b>.</b> 6	450	66.6	2	•3	2	.3		•	. 675	14.0
Teller .	352	80.8	63	14.4	13	3.0	8	1.8					436	100.0
Thatcher	296	84.1	2	<b>.</b> 6	54	15.3							352	100.0
Traylor	855	96.9			18	2.0	8	•9	2	2	••	•	£88	100.0
University Park	922	89.9	77	7.5	12	1.2	14	1.4		_			1025	100.0
Valverde	414	61.1	2	<b>.</b> 3	251	37.0	7	1.0	4	.6			678	100.0
Washington Park .	453	92.7	12	2.5	9	1.8	7	1.4	3	.6	5	1.0	489	100.0
Westwood	306	41.9	23	3.2	<b>3</b> 97	5 <sup>1</sup> 4•3	2.	•3	2	•3			730	100.0
Whiteman	356	75.8	81	17.2	24	5.1	9	1.9		•			470	100.0
Whittier	12	1.4	802	94.0	38	4.5			1	.1			853	100.0
Wyatt	9	1.9	223	46.4	2148	51.5	1	.2					481	100.0
\Wyman	103	27.5	142	38.0	111	29.7	7	1.9	11	2.9			37 <sup>1</sup> +	100.0
Totals	32,778	60.2%	8250	12 15.1%	<b>,</b> 836	23.6%	391	.7%	176	•3%	67	. 1%	54,498	100.0%

## Denver Public Schools Office of Planning, Research, and Budgeting

## ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS SECONDARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 26, 1969

•	٨	3 -		Tomo	Tri o	<b></b>		cian Lvation		erican edian	<u></u>	thers		Potal Pupils
	No.	nglo Percent	No.	Vegro Percent		pano Percent				Percent	No.	Percent	Wo.	Perce
Junior High Schools		11.6%		6.7%	720	81.4%	-10.	c/s	3	-3%		%	285	100,0
Baker	103 · 978	81.1	59 101	8.4 8.4	120 115	9.6	7	.6	. 1	.1	2	.2	204 204	100,(
Byers Cole	14	1.4	713	72.1	247	25.0	1.2	1.2	3	•3	2	• -	989	100.0
Gove	533	66.5	194	511.3	63	7,5	8	1.0	. 2	.3	ı	. 1.	200 200	100%
Grant	553 667	74.1	115	12.7	103	11.4	4	.4	3	.3	10	1.1	902	100,
Hamilton	1,309	84.8	212	13.7	14	- 9	9	.6		• 3			1,544	100
Hill	975	74.0	309	23.4	20	1.5	15	1.1					1,319	100.0
Kepner	1,051	68.6	60	3.9	420	27.2	5	•3					1,546	100.0
Kunsmiller	1,502	81.9	146	8.0	175	9.6	7	.4	ı	.1		+ }	1,831	1,00.0
Lake	602	718°5	47	3.8	585	46.8	15	1.2				<i>.</i>	1,249	100.0
Mann	259	23.3	70	6.3	761	68.6	9	.8	7	.6	4	1.4	1,110	100.0
Merrill	1,240	73.6	315	20.0	15	1.0	6	• 74		_			1,576	1.001
Morey	215	26 <u>.</u> 8	419	52.4	11;9	18.6	5 '	.6	11	1.4	2	.2	801	1.001
Rishel	918	70.5	36	2.8	340	26.1	8	.6					1,302	100.0
Skinner	1,011	78.7	22	•3	270	21.0		_ •					1,285	100.0
Smiley	852	61.2	17217	30.4	96	6.9	20	1.4	1	.1			1,393	100.0
Totals	12,239	62.0%	3224	16.3%	4,092	20.7%	130	.7%	32	.2%	19	.1%	19,736	100.0
Senior High Schools														
Abraham Lincoln	2,431	85.0%	13	. 5%	413	14.4%	14	.1%	1	.0%		· %	2,862	100.0
-East	1,285.		1023	39.9	189	7.4	48	1.9	2	.1	15	.6	2,562	100 1
George Washington	2,727	94.4	126	4.4	20	.7	15	• 5	ı	.0			2,839	106.
John F. Kennedy	2,755	97.2	17	<b>.</b> 6	61	2.2	1	.0					2,834	100.0
-Manual	126	8.2	930	60.2	425	27.5	61	3.9	4	.2			1,546	100.0
North	1,677	61.4	27	1.0	960	35.1	55	2.0	13	•5 .		·	2,732	1.00.0
South	2,318	91.6	30	1.2	164	6.5	15.	.6	2	.1			2,529	100.0
Thomas Jefferson	2,391	94.5	120	4.7	10	. 4	10	•4					2,531	1.00.0
~West	1,084	56.6	172	9.0	651	34.0	8	. 4				····	1,915	100.0
Totals	16,7914	75.0%	2458	11.0%	2893	12.9%	217	1.0%	23	.1%	15	.0%	22,400	100,0
TOTALS - Junior and Senior H.Sch.	29,033	68 <b>.</b> %	5682	13.5%	6985	16.6%	347	.8%	55	.1%	34	.1%	42,136	· 100.( }

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## Denver Public Schools Office of Planning, Research, and Budgeting

#### ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF CLASSROOM TEACHERS

#### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 26, 1969

•		А	nglo	N	iegro	ц	(ispano			nerican Indian	ot	her	Tot Teac	al chers
<u>School</u>		No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent			Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent
Alameda			0 - 4						·	,,		d		
Alcott	•	10	83 <b>.3%</b>	2	16.7%		d' <sub>0</sub>	•	%	%		%	12	100.0%
		18	94.7	l	<b>5.</b> 3				· .			•	19 26	1.00.0
Asbury		24	92.3			•					2	<b>7.7</b> .		100 0
Ash Grove		5ļi	92.3	2	7.7								26	ر ۱۲
Ashland		29	100.0										29	100.0
Ashley	•	.16	84.2	3	15.8								19	100.0
Barnum		29	93.6		•	1	3.2	l	3.2				31	100.0
Barrett	-	9	50.0	9	50.0				•				18	100.0
Beach Court		17	100.0	•	,								17	100.0
Belmont		9	90.0					1 .	10.0				1.0	100.0
Berkeley		14	100.0					_					14	100.0
Boettcher	•	22	84.6	3	11.5	1	3.9	•					26	100.0
Boulevard		18 ·	100.0	9			3.7						18	100.0
Bradley		32	100.0										32	100.0
Bronwell		10	90.9	1	9.1							•	11	
Brown		26	92.8	ì	3.6			7	3 <b>.</b> 6				58	100.0
Bryant-Webster		27.5	90.2	3	9 <b>.</b> 8			j	3.0					100.0
Carson		23	88.5	2				-	2 0			•	30.5	100.0
Cheltenham		29	85 <b>.</b> 3	2	7.7	_	0 0	1	3.8				26	100.0
Colfax		29 14			5.9	3	8.8	•					34	100.0
College View	:		93.3	1 -	6.7								15	10'
Columbian	•	25	94.3	1.5	5.7				•				26 <b>.5</b>	1.00.0
	•	18	94.7	1	5.3								19	100.0
Columbine		24	60.0	16	40.0			1					140	100.0
Cory		19	90.5	2	9.5	•							2]	100.0
Cowell		18	0.00							•			1.8	100.0
Crofton		11	78.7	l	7.1	l	7.1	ı	7.1		•		14	100.0
Denison	•	18	94.7			l	5.3		• • •			•	19	100.0
Doull		32	97.0	l.	3.0		, ,						33	100.0
Eagleton .	•	18	85.7	1	4.8	2	9.5						21	100.0
Ebert		11	64.7	5	29.4			1	5.9				17	100.0
Edison		26	96.3	í	3.7			-	J• J				27	
Ellis		33	100.0	_	3-1				•					100.0
Ellsworth		· 8.5	100.0										33 .	100.0
3		-• >			•					•			8.5	100.0

			<del>~</del> 2 <del>~</del>			
			TT: am am a	Asian America Derivation India		Total Teachers
School	Anglo No. Percent	Megro Mo. Percent	Hispano No. Percent		rcent No. Percent	No. Percent
Elmwood Elyria	18 90.0% 3 60.0	6 l 5.0% 2 40.0	1 5.0%	% 1 8.3	% %	20 100.0 5 100.0 12 100.0
Emerson Evans Fairmont	11 91.7 58 92.0 22 84.6	3 4.8 2 7.7 7 18.4	2 3.2 2 7.7 6 15.8			63 100.0 26 100.0 38 100.0
Fairvi <b>ew</b> Fallis Force	25 65.8 14 100.0 32 94.2 34.5 87.4	7 18.4	1 2.9 1 2.5	. 1	2.9	14 100.0 34 100.0 39.5 100 0
Garden Place Gilpin Godsman	29 80.6 19 90.5	6 16.7 2 9.5	1 3.3	1 2.7	·	36 100 21 100.0 30 100.0
Goldrick Green <b>lee</b> Gust	29 96.7 26 76.0 26 92.9 24 85.7	3 9.0 2 7.1 4 14.3	4 12.0	1 3.0		34 100.0 28 100.0 28 100.0
Hallett Harrington Johnson	18 78.3 27 100.0 24 85.8	4 17.4	1 4.3 2 7.1			23 100.0 27 100.0 28 100.0
Knapp Knight Lincoln McKinley	22 95.7 24 96.0 12 92.3	1 4.3 1 4.0		1	7.7	23 100.0 25 100.0 13 100.0 30 100.0
McMeen Mitchell Montbello	30 100.0 32 69.6 12.5 75.8 22 95.7	12 26.1 2 12.1	2 4.3	2 12.1		45 100.0 16.5 100.0 23 100.0
Montolair Montolair Annex Moore Munroe	3.5 77.8 24 96.0 22 95.7	22.2				4.5 100 25 100.0 23 100.0 25 100.0
Newlon Palmer Park Hill	23 92.0 16 100.0 32 88.9	) 1 4.0 ) 4 11.1		1 4.0		16 100.0 36 100.0 5 100.0
Perry Philips Pitts	4 80.0 21 87.5 15.5 100.0	5 2 8 <b>.</b> 3		1 20.0 1 4.2	•	2 <sup>1</sup> 4 100.0 15.5 100.0 19 100.0
Remington Rosedale Sabin Schenck	16 84.2 16 100.0 45 97.8 26 92.8	) 3	•	1 2.2 . 1 3.6		16 100.0 46 100.0 28 100.0
Schenck		· .				

	Į.	\nglo		Negro	H	ispano	Deri	sian viation	 	erican ndian		ther	Tc	Cotal
School	No.	Percent		Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Perec
Schmitt	21	87.5%	2	. 8.3%		01 10	ı	4.2%		%		%	24	100.
Sherman	13	92.9	.,	. 0.5/0		,	ı	7.1		·			11;	100.
Slavens	22	91.7	2	8.3				•					24	100.
Smedley	21.5		ำ	4.1	ı	4.1	ı	4.1					24.5	100.
Smith	36	76.6	9	19.1	2	4.3	_						47	100.
Steck	14	93.3	í	6.7	-			•					15	100.0
Stedman	24	66.6	9	25.0	1	2.8	2	5.6				1	: 36	100.0
Steele	22	100.0			_		_					,	<sup>'</sup> 22	100.
Stevens	15	93.7	ı	6.3			•					•	16	100.0
Swansea	. 23	28.5	2	7.7	ı	3.8							26	10
Teller	17	94.4	ī	5.6								•	18	100.0
Thatcher	13	100.0	_	,,,								;	13	100.0
Traylor	30 -	100.0										ı	30	100.0
University Park	34	94.4	2	5.6								1.	36	100.0
Valverde	23	92.0	2	8.0								<i>:</i>	25	100.0
Washington Park	19	100.0										'	19	100.(
Westwood	30	85.7	ı	2.9	2	5.7	· 2	5.7					35	100.0
Whiteman	16	94.1	ı	5.9	•	•		, ,					17	100.(
Whittier	31	70.4	12	27.3	l	2.3							7-1+	100.0
Wyatt	11	50.0	11	50.0									22	100.(
Wyman	20	90.9	2	9.1									22	100.0
Totals	1975.5	88.4%	191.5	8.6%	40	1.8%	23	1.0%	2	.1%	2	.1%	 2234	100.(

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## Tenver Public Schools Office of Planning, Research, and Budgeting

#### ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF CLASSROOM TEACHERS

#### SECONDARY SCHOOLS - SEPTEMBER 26, 1969

•	Δ	nglo	T.	le <i>g</i> ro	ಚಕ	onano		Asian ivation		rican dian	<b>∩</b> +	hers		otal acher
School	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent			No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Perc
Junior High Schools														
Baker	46	83.6% 96.4	6	10.9%	3	5.5%		- %		%		σ <sub>1</sub> ,	55	103
Byer <b>s</b> Cole	53 47	61.0	1 23	1.8 29.9	1	1.8 7.8	l	1.3				1	55 77	101 101
Gove	33	84.6	3	7.7	2	5.1	ī	2.6				1	39	10
Grant	38	90.5	3	7.1		,	ī	2.4					75	100,
Hamilton	65 <b>.5</b>		2	2.9	1	1.4	l	1.4		•		4	69 <b>.5</b>	100.
Hill	62	98.4	1	1.6	•								63	100.
Kepner	<b>6</b> 5	92.9	14	5.7	Ţ	1.4					,	/	70	100.
Kunsmiller	76 	92.7	14	4.9	2	2.4							62	100.
Lake Mann	57	93.5 93.2	4	6.3 3.4	2	3.2	2	3.4					63	100.
Mann Merrill	55 72	93.6	2 1	3.4 1.4	•		2	3.4					59 73	100. 100.
Morey	1414	81.4	$\frac{1}{7}$	13.0	2	3.7	ı	1.9					7.5 5.h	100
Rishel	58	95.1	2	3.3	ì	1.6	-	<b>±•</b> /				÷	54 61	100
Skinner	55	94.8	l	1.7	2	3.5							58	100
Smiley	55	70.5	20	25.6	2	2.6			1	1.3			78	100
Totals	881.5	88.3%	84	8.4%	25	2.5	7	.7	1	.1			998.5	100
Senior High Schools														
Abraham Lincoln	124.5	95.4%	2	1.5%	3	2.3%		%	ı	.8%		r is	1.30.5	100.
East	127	91.4	10	7.2	2	1.4		/0	-	• 0 10		P	139	10%
George Washington	122	96.8	1	8.	2	1.6	1	.8					126	10)
John F. Kennedy	138	98.6	ī	• 7			ī	•7					140	100
Manual	81	68.6	27	<b>2</b> 2.9	6	5.1	4	3.4				•	118	100.
North	129	97.0	2	1.5	2	1.5				,			133	103
South	118.5						2	1.7					120.5	100
Thomas Jefferson	112.5		2	- 1.7	• •	0 ~							114.5	100.
3 West	102	88.7	3	2.6	10	8.7							115.	103.
) <del>Potels</del>	1054.5	92.8%	143	4.2%	25	2.2%	8	.7%	l	.1%			1136.5	100
MTOTALS - Junior and Senior High Schools	1936	90.7%	132	რ.2 <sup>4</sup> ,	50	2.3%	. 15	.7%	2	.1%			2135	] 00
TARREST TO COMPANY TO		20010		(,)		<u></u>	<u>_</u>	1 /0		· /n				

# Denver Public Schools Office of Planning, Research, and Budgeting September 26, 1969

#### ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF OTHER CERTIFICATED AND CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL

							A	sian	Am	erican				•
		nglo		Vegro	His	pano	Der	ivation		ndian	C	thers	T	otal
Certificated	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Porcer
·Supervising Teachers	19	100.0%		%		<del></del>		70		76		9	19	100.3
Coordinators	83	93.3	5	5 <b>.</b> 6	1	1.1		•		•		•	89	100.0
Deans	23	85.2	3	11.1			l	3.7					27	100.0
Assistant Principals	37	80.4	7	15.2	2	4.4						:	46	100.0
Elementary Principals	80	94.1	1	4.7	1	1.2		•					: 85	100.0
Jr. High Principals				•	_			•					0)	100.0
and Metro. Youth Ed.	15	83.3	2	11.1	1	5.6							13	300.0
Sr. High Principals ar	ıd					,,,							70	100.0
Opp. School Principal	L 8	80.0	1	10.0	1	10.0							3.0	3.0
Supervisors	32	91.4	ī	2.9	2	5.7							10	ر ۱۵۰
Directors	24	96.0	_	-•/	ī	4.0						-	35	100.0
Asst. Exec. Dir. & Adm.		, , ,				4.0							25	100.0
Directors	5	83.3	ı	16.7							•			
Executive Directors	ıí	91.7	ī	8.3									6	100.0
Teachers on Spec.Assig		74.5	9	16.4	4	7.3	ı	1.8			•		12	100.0
Psychologists	13	92.9	í	7.1	7	. 1.3	<u></u>	1.0					55	100.0
Social Workers	85	88.6	8	8.3	. 3.	3.1							14	100.0
Health Services	108.5	93.9	3	2.6	. 3	2.6	٠,	0					96	100.0
Juvenile Hall	43	84.3	5	9.8	2		1	.9					115.5	100.0
Denver Boys, Inc.	2 .	50.0	ĺ	25 <b>.</b> 0	1	3.9	1	2.0					51	100.0
Opp. School Teachers	388	92.2	12	2.9	19	25.0 4.5	^	1-					4	100.0
Opp.School Preschool	5-0	) <b></b> _	**	2.9	19	4.7	2	•4					421	100.0
Teachers	8	100.0						•		•	•			
CLASSIFIED	Ū	100.0											8	100.0
Aides	314	64.0	93	18.9	03	26 5	_	•			•			
Radio & TV Personnel	48	87.3	2		81	16.5	2	•4	1	.2	·		491	100
Military Sci. Instructor		88.5	2	3.6	5	9.1							55	100.0
Classified Adms.	26	96.3	ح	7.7	1	3.8							26	100.0
Classified Office Pers.		90.3			1	3.7 .						. •	27	100.0
Full-time	556	93.3	<b>-</b> ).	0 0									-,	200.0
Half-time	78	93.3 91.8	14	2.3	17	2.9	9	1.5			•		<b>5</b> 96	100.0
Classified Serv. Pers.:		91.0	3	3.5	ı	1.2	3	3.5					85	100.0
Operation	315	60 (	0.3		•					•		•	<b>O</b> )	100.0
-	158	60.6	91		11	21.3	2	-4	ı	.2			520	100.0
		96.4	3	1.8	3	1.8							164	
	130		17		13	8.1				•				100.0
Transportation(P-T)	57	82.6	7	10.2	5	7.2						•	160	100.0
Warehouse	10	100.0				,			-				69	100.0
•													10	100.0

ESTIMATED ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF OTHER CERTIFICATED AND CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL, Continued

	Anglo		Negro		Hispano		Asian Derivation		American Indian		Others		Total	
CIASSIFIED, Continued		Percent	110.	Percent	No. I	ercent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	No.	Percent
Classified Service Personnel, Cont.									•				i	
Lunchroom Audio Visual-Spec. and Machanies	417	70.7%	70	11.9%	97	15.4%	3	. 5%	3	·5%		d jo	590	100.0%
	6	85.7			•	-								
Total, Certificated	of history was a survey and the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of th	norm apolishir naintaga ya qirisi aya qabi	***************				garganis garbarbil kalenna		·					
and Classified	3,179.5	80.3%	366	9.2%	378	9.6	25	.6%	6	.2%	2	.1%	3,956.5	100.0%