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NEW YORK, N. Y.

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

*202600-33*

May 14, 1921.

Noted  
F. D. W.

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 17 1921  
DIVISION

Attention Mr. J. E. Hoover.

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith in triplicate  
Special Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater  
New York District for period ending May 14, 1921.

Yours very truly,

*T. M. Reddy*  
T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGT:FJK  
Encl.

*5/17/21 acc.*

LLT

JUN 18 1921  
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W. W. G.



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*JST*

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MAY 14, 1921

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JUN 16 1921 07600-33-260

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FILE  
W.W.G.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

MAY 14, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER.

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MAY 14, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	Recog. of Union.
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employees
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. & Hrs.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs.
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages,
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	500	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	Reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	12,000	"	Recog. of Union and resumption of old wage.
Tailors	2,000	"	44 Hr. week and abolition of piece work.
Book Binders	800	"	Wage dispute.
Marine Engineers	6,000	"	Protest against decrease in wages.

1-A. STRIKE NOTES.SHIP WORKERS

On the 10th inst. the Marine Engineers, who are at present on strike, signed a contract for one year at the old rate of wages with three companies, one of which is a large concern and two members of the American Steamship Owners' Association. The companies to sign were the Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc., operating a large fleet of vessels on the Sound and between Boston, Maine and eastern Canada points; The China Mail Steamship Co., operating two vessels from the West Coast, and the P. & O., operating a small fleet in the Cuban trade. During the early part of the week, few transatlantic liners left the Port of New York, but a number of Coastwise ships did.

It was reported that the United States Shipping Board had taken away from the United States Transport Co., which is a C. W. Morse Corporation, the S. S. "Colin H. Livingston" in Seattle for having conceded to the demands of the union.

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The status of the above strike is practically the same as last week. After having had various meetings the ship owners and union have been unable to arrive at a satisfactory settlement and from the present outlook it appears that the strike may last for several weeks. The strikers claim that the port is tied up while ship owners, on the other hand, state that they are making considerable progress under the circumstances.

Several ships have cleared during the week for European ports with a full complement of men. Under-cover employees of the Bureau have made investigations along the water front throughout the

week, but have been unable to discern any element of radicalism. From a confidential source it has been learned that the general sense of the strikers seems to be that eventually the ship owners will win out, but the strikers seem to feel that they should keep the strike up for at least a few weeks in order to show some semblance of solidarity.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MAY 14, 1921.

E. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

EQUITY CONGRESS OF GREATER N. Y.

At a meeting held under the auspices of the above organization at the Palace Casino, 135th St. & Madison Avenue, New York, on Sunday the 8th inst., Mrs. Irene Moorman Blackstone advised her audience "that negroes should never again put on the uniform of the United States unless they have some assurance that they will not be killed by white people here before they have time to take off the uniform again".

The meeting was called to urge that lynching be made a Federal offense.

State Senator William Duggan, who was the first white speaker following Mrs. Blackstone, stated that, he was ashamed to appear on the platform from which such a speech had been made. Congressman Hamilton Fish who commanded the 15th Infantry, New York negro regiment, rebuked the audience for having applauded Mrs. Blackstone's advice.

UNITED COMMUNIST PARTY

On the 9th inst. Edward Lindgren, Israel Amter and Abram Jakira, who were arrested on the 29th ult. by the New York Police, appeared before Judge Tally in the Court of General Sessions. The men had been indicted for criminal anarchy. The case was postponed until the 16th inst.

-----  
The New York office has recently learned of the present status of the differences between the above party and the Communist

Party through a communication which was signed by Paul Holt, Executive Secretary, which reads as follows:

"Early in March the American Agency of III, after having consulted with the C. E. C's of both parties, sent to the EC (Exec. Comm.) of the CI (Comm. Intern.) the suggestions & conditions upon which, according to the opinion of the Amer. Agency, Unity could be achieved.

These conditions provided for:

- a) Equal representation at the Unity Convention.
- b) 4 from each party & 1 from the American Agency upon the new CEC;
- c) covering certain disputed points as to insurrection, shop-committees centralization.
- d) participation in mayoralty & congressional campaigns.
- e) language federations, providing for the discontinuation of dues payments to federations, same to be paid thru regular party channels; providing for language bureaus, of three members, same to be elected by language conventions. But such national language conferences are to be held following the national convention of the party, and the bureaus and the editors are all subject to the approval of the E. C. C.
- f) the American Agency has the power to break any dead-lock which may occur at the convention.
- g) the party or section of either party which rejects these instructions shall be automatically expelled from the III.

Scott, for the Agency placed before both parties these conditions for acceptance. The CEC of the UCP accepted these conditions for unity for altho we compromise on the federation question to some extent, yet the conditions as they refer to federations, are not

SECRET

much different from the plan for national propaganda committees as considered by the UCP, The CP, on the other hand, agreed to equal representation and agreed to proceed with the technical arrangements, but the member held that all the other points were points for the Unity Convention to decide. Technical arrangements are progressing at this time, but the member from the CP upon the committee to issue the call for the Unity Convention, claimed he had to report to his CEC before he could agree to issuing the convention call inclusive of the conditions as laid down by the American Agency, That is, he claimed not to have power himself to agree that the conditions for unity as laid down by the Amer. Agency shall be included in the call for the Unity Convention. The American Agency holds that these conditions must be included in the call. The UCP member on the committee and the CEC of the UCP also takes this stand. At this point the matter rests until the CEC of the CP can be heard from.

The point then is that the CEC of the UCP has recognized the mandate of the III given to the American Agency, whereas the CP altho recognizing the mandate in part, seeks to evade the conditions for unity imposed by the American Agency.

Paul Holt,  
Exec. Secr. (Signed)."

LABOR PUBLICATION SOCIETY

The present officers of the recently formed organization, which operates under the above title, are as follows: President, James H. Maurer who is also President of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor; Vice Presidents - Florence Kelley, General Secretary of the National Consumers' League and Joseph Schlossberg, Secretary of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America; Treasurer - Abraham Baroff, Secretary-Treasurer of the International Ladies Garment Workers; Secretary - Harry W. Laidler, Secretary Inter-collegiate Socialist Society; Chairman of the Board of Directors - Herman Defrem, President of Teachers' Union No. 71.

The Board of Directors includes the following: S. John Block, William Bohn, Alfred J. Boulton, J. N. Budish, Evans Clark, Max D. Danish, Herman Defrem, Arthur Gleason, Isaac A. Hourwich, William J. Johnston, Harry W. Laidler, J. L. Lieberman, A. J. Muste, Joseph Schlossberg, Alexander Trachtenberg, Leo Wolman and Jessica Smith.

The Society will publish a magazine entitled "The Labor Age" and has its offices at No. 70 Fifth Avenue.

ITALIAN CHAMBER OF LABOR OF NEW YORK

The above organization is at present making its headquarters at 31 Union Square, Room 706, where it will be located until the completion of the Italian Labor Centre, now in the course of construction.



B  
I. W. W.

There has been little activity in the above circles during the past week and from a confidential source it has been learned that the membership as a whole has shown little interest in the movement. During the present strike of marine workers in which several thousand men are involved there has, so far as can be learned, been no attempt on the part of the I. W. W. to spread their propaganda.

The Queens County Branch of the organization is said to be almost extinct and the New York Branch, while it has a larger membership, has shown no activity worthy of mention.

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

On the 13th inst. the above organization placed before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court sitting in Brooklyn, the question of the right of free speech in Mount Vernon, New York, where permission to speak in public was recently refused. the Rev. John Haynes Holmes. The Court's decision will be handed down later.

UNITED RUSSIAN PROFESSIONAL UNIONS

There has been little activity in the above organization during the past week.

The "Americanskya Izvestia", official organ of the Party, has again resumed ~~publication for a few days~~, but will probably suspend again within the next week.

FJK  
J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MAY 14, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALSWILLIAM Z. FOSTER

It is reported that the above individual is now in Moscow for the purpose of attending the Congress of the International Council of Trade and Industrial Unions. There is, however, no confirmation of the report.

MRS. FANNIE RUDKOWITZ

This woman was arrested in New York on April 29th for distributing circulars entitled "May Day--Red Labor Day" which was signed "American Freedom Foundation".

She was charged with disorderly conduct and on the 9th inst. was fined Five Dollars by Magistrate George Nolan in the Essex Market Court.

THERESA S. MALKIEL

Who for years has been one of the most active women radicals in New York, has been placed in charge of the business management of the "New Age" the official monthly organ of the Bronx Socialist Party.

11/2/44

4. RADICAL PRESS

(See Monthly Report)

5. RADICAL MEETINGSTEACHERS UNION

At a recent meeting of the above organization, held in the Ethical Culture Meeting House, 2 West 64th St., New York, John Haynes Holmes, Unitarian Minister, who is a pronounced radical, sharply criticised the so-called "Lusk Bills" which have recently become a law in New York State and which will unquestionable curb the activities of the Rand School of Social Science and other institutions of the same character.

Dr. Holmes spoke against "passive resistance" and stated: "When the teachers show guts, to use a fine old Elizabethan term, then there will be a hope of liberty".

Rev. Harry F. Ward, teacher of Christian Ethics in Union Theological Seminary, also spoke at the same meeting and stated that the law could not be enforced if the teachers refused to submit to inquisition and tyranny and added that "one way to get rid of such legislation is to make it community legislation instead of class legislation".

NATIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEE

On the 10th inst. a meeting under the auspices of the above organization was held at the Central Opera House, East 67th St., New York, for the purpose of protesting against the alleged "kidnaping" of John Lindgren, Israel Amter and Abram Jakira, Communists who were arrested by the Police on the 29th of April for violation of the State Anarchy Act; also, to protest against the detention of seventy-five

deportees at Ellis Island. The meeting was very sparsely attended and was addressed by a man named Goldstone and Elizabeth Gurly Flynn, who, as usual, charged the Government forces with being responsible for a great deal of radical activity through provocateur methods.

A collection was taken up at the end of the meeting which fell very much short of the amount paid for the hall.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONS.INTERNATIONAL LADIES GARMENT WORKERS UNION.

Supreme Court Justice McAvoy in New York on the 10th inst. granted an injunction restraining the above union from interfering with the operations of the Cohen, Friedland & Martin Co. of Toledo, formerly engaged in manufacturing women's wearing apparel. The plaintiff alleged that the union workers in the manufacturing plant which the Company maintained in Toledo curtailed the output when improved machinery was installed so that the concern was forced to close the plant on December 1, 1920., and engaged thereafter in the jobbing business.

The Company alleged that since that time the union has undertaken to prevent the Company from operating as a jobber and has tried to force it to open its manufacturing plant. The Company further alleged that the union in furtherance of this plan, had started strikes at factories which attempted to produce for the Toledo Company, the strikes having been discontinued after the manufacturers agreed to repudiate their contracts with the plaintiff. The action was brought in New York City for the reason that the headquarters of the union are here and most of the manufacturers alleged to have been intimidated are also located in this city.

AMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

The status of the so-called "lockout" of the above organization remains practically unchanged since last week, the union claiming that the employers are settling, while the employers claim to be presenting a solid front against the strikers.

7. UNEMPLOYMENTUNEMPLOYMENT COUNCIL OF NEW YORK

At the Rand School recently there was held a meeting of the above body which was attended by about eighteen delegates. The chairman was one Bradin. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and Patrick McClellan, I. W. W., reported that there was Forty-two Dollars on hand and that Seventy-two Dollars had been taken away by the former Secretary John Berger.

The negro element was injected into the meeting by the presence of a negress who stated that she represented the 21st Assembly District, Socialist Party, composed entirely of negroes and that the unemployment situation amongst her race was becoming more serious.

Arrangements were made for future outdoor meetings, several of which have already been held, but have been very poorly attended.

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The general unemployment situation of Greater New York shows no noticeable change from last week.

BJK

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J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MAY 14, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MEN

So far as the New York office has been able to learn, there has been little activity in any of the ex-service organizations during the past week.



J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MAY 14, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIES.JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE REPORT

A report of the above Committee, which is generally known as the "Lusk Committee" because of the fact that State Senator Clayton R. Lusk was chairman, was made public early in the week. Touching on the Negro question the report states in part:

"While the negro in general has been well treated in New York State, the ill-treatment accorded him in other parts of the country has engendered a spirit of resentment which has been kept alive by the agents and agitators of the Socialist Party of America, the Industrial Workers of the World and other radical groups.

\*\*\*\*\* This spirit also has been encouraged by well-to-do liberals who have taken an active part in social uplift organization."

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE

It is understood from a confidential source that the above Association is losing caste with the negro population of Harlem, particularly with the younger element, as the Association is constantly asking for funds and its members seem to think that too little has been done by the Association for the actual advancement of the race and too much money has been spent for high salaries for officials and for carrying on the organization.

The same source states that it was probably for the purpose of creating another excuse to ask for funds that the N. A. A. C. P. recently protested against the showing of the film "Birth of a Nation". It is also understood that the activities of the Universal Negro Improvement Association have materially affected the collections of the above organization.

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIES

Harry Boland, envoy of the "Republic of Ireland" in the United States, on the 13th inst. denied reports to the effect that there was any possibility of an agreement between Ireland and Great Britain at this time. He stated, that notwithstanding the dispatch carried by the Universal Service stating that such an agreement had been found to be possible on the ground of the peace terms to be submitted to the British Government, "the policy of the Sinn Fein remained unchanged; that it stands for the right of the people to determine how they shall be governed; for the right of every citizen for an equal voice; for civil and religious liberty and for full, proportional representation safeguarding of minorities."

11. LEGISLATION

On the 9th inst. Governor Miller of New York signed a bill providing for the licensing of all private schools by the State Department of Education.

The bill was introduced by Senator Clayton R. Lusk, former chairman of the Joint Legislative Committee more commonly known as the "Lusk Committee", and is obviously for the purpose of putting out of existence the Rand School of Social Science and others of the same character. The bill would also put out of existence the Ferrer School (which has a branch in this city) in which radicalism of the first order is taught to children with the alphabet.

The law will require each public school teacher to take an oath of loyalty before receiving a teaching license and has been strenuously objected to by the Teachers' Union of New York on the ground that it will "belittle the teaching profession". The Teachers' Union is regarded as a semi-radical organization of public school teachers.

Governor Miller, in answering the criticism of members of the Rand School and other radicals, stated, the bill was not a check on liberty, but rather a check on license.

12. JAPANESE ACTIVITIES

Amongst the recent arrivals of Japanese at the port of New York are the following:

S. S. "Niagara" from Havre, France, arrived New York, May 2nd.

SHIZON ORITA: Age 25 years; occupation - student; last permanent residence - Paris, France; had on person a passport issued to him by the Imperial Japanese Consul at Singapore Straits Settlements; destination - to a friend, Yoshikawa, State College Park, Maryland, where he intends to remain as a student for two years.

STORIKOSHI ZENGURO: Age 58 years; occupation - silk merchant; last residence - Hotel Continental, Paris, since Oct. 13, 1920, in which year he also resided for a short time in San Francisco; has business connections with the firm at 71 Madison Ave., New York, and intends to remain in the United States for about six weeks when he will return to Tokio.

HAMANO SHIGEZO: Age 40 years; occupation - naval engineer; was attached to office of Imperial Japanese Navy, Broadway Court, Westminster, London; will remain in the United States for about six weeks where he will visit Captain Goto at Room 212, Metropolitan Building, No. 1, Madison Avenue, New York.

NOGUCHI JUN: Age 47 years; occupation - director of fertilizing concern; has connections with the Mitsubishi Shoyo Kaisha, 120 Broadway; destination - will remain in the United States for a few weeks and then proceed to Tokio; was in New York in 1905.

SAKAMOTO TSUNEO: Age 32 years; Doctor Medicinæ Universæ; speaks German; connected with the Mitsubishi Shoyo Kaisha, 120 Broadway; destination - will remain in the United States a few weeks thence to Japan.

ONISHI TAMEICHI: Age 47 years; occupation - Merchant-Yokohama; has been with W. R. Snow & Co., 33 Old Change, London; destination - en route to Yokohama.

TANIGUCHI KYOICHI: Age 35 years; occupation - mechanical engineer connected with Mitsubishi Shoyo Kaisha, 120 Broadway; destination - will remain in the United States six weeks and proceed thence to Japan.

KUBOTA JISUKE:

Age 24 years; occupation - Japanese Government official; speaks German and English; passport bears diplomatic vise; has recently been in London connected with T. Hotta of the Japanese Specie Bank, No. 7 Bishopsgate St.; previously in the United States in 1920 and now en route to Tokio.

S. S. "Patria" arrived from Marseilles, France, May 7th.

NOGUCHI SHIHEI:

Age 35 years; occupation - valet, at present employed by Mr. Frederick Penfield of 787 Fifth Ave. New York; carried an emergency passport issued by the Japanese Consul General of New York.

S. S. "Olympic" arrived from British ports May 11th.

UCHIYAMA MOSAYA:

Age 37 years; occupation - shipping representative; home - Osaka, Japan; en route to Osaka.

MORIMOTO HIKOSABURO:

Age 35 years; occupation - mushroom grower; from London where he was connected with M. Nafar c/o Imperial Japanese Embassy; formerly lived in Philadelphia for fifteen years and now en route to Tokio; will stay in United States a few weeks.

TAKESHIGE YASUSADA:

Age 31 years; occupation - valet; en route to Montreal, Canada, where he will be engaged with the British American Tobacco, Ltd.

13. RUSSIAN AFFAIRS ABROAD

"Soviet Russia" in its issue of the 14th inst. carried an article which stated that on March 12th the All-Russian Congress of the Russian Communist Party adopted a resolution concerning concessions to be granted the foreign capitalists, which reads as follows:

"It is impossible to conceive Russia at present as an isolated economic organism standing aloof from the world market. Only with the participation of foreign technical and financial forces will Russia be able to revive swiftly her economic life.

"Under the present circumstances there is consider the possibility of securing state credit by means of offering to foreign capitalists the natural resources of Russia for using them by way of concessions. The concessionaires are offered a great number of legal and economical guarantees. The liquidation of the concessional enterprise may take place only under the conditions that are provided in the agreement. In no case the liquidation of the enterprise is to result in the enrichment of the government or a third party to the detriment of the concessionaires.

"Owing to the difficulties in the establishment of money payments the concessionaires will at the present state of the world money market have to pay in kind (part of the product produced.) Thus the question of the Russian currency and its relation to the foreign exchanges will be entirely eliminated.

"In case a payment will be made by the government to the concessionaires, there is also to be desired a natural method of offering in exchange Russian goods that are at the disposal of the Soviet Government."

*J. G. Tucker*  
J. G. TUCKER

202600-33  
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REPORT MADE AT: Cleveland, Ohio.	DATE WHEN MADE: 5/14/21.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 5/12-14/21.	REPORT MADE BY: Bliss
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 16 1921  
D.V.S.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: UNITED COMMUNIST PARTY and COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA - UNITY CONVENTION.
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**FACTS DEVELOPED:**

On the 12th instant Agent received inquiry from the Radical Division of the Bureau at Washington, requesting to be advised as to the names of the delegates from Cleveland to what was supposed to be a Unity Convention of the Communist Parties being held, or to be held, in New York City. At the same time Agent was just in receipt of information from a confidential source that the Convention is now in progress in New York City.

J. P. CANNON, one of the Editors of "THE TOILER", United Communist Party of Cleveland organ, and

WALTER BRONSTRUP, one of the owners of the Toiler Pub. Co.

had been in New York for some time and were supposed to be delegates from the Cleveland Communists. It was also stated that TOM LEWIS another Communist in Cleveland, might probably go to the Convention. This information was wired the Bureau on the 13th. On the 14th Agent received the additional information that one WALTER KARATH of Cleveland is also a delegate to the proposed Convention. All are United States citizens except KARATH. The confidential informant stated that the Convention is being held in various halls in New York and Brooklyn with a view to keeping Government Agents from locating them. Some of the halls which it is supposed are being used are:

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FILE 7-119  
W.W.G.

Bliss Morton.

-2-

5/14/21.

Queens County Labor Lyceum

Hungarian Hall on East 83rd St. New York  
and another hall at 208 East 12th St., New York City.

Open.



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Department of Justice.

202600-33  
1768 *MR*

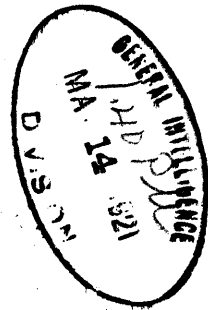
TELEGRAM RECEIVED.

7-1063

C 20 G BH 55 collect govt

BO Pittsburgh, Penna.

May 13, 1921.



Noted  
F.D.W.

Baley,  
Dept. Justice, Washn. D.C.

Five. Referring your telegram re Unity Convention Communist Parties, Rowland, party name Hill left here last night as a delegate. Am informed he was accompanied by Broltin of Cleveland, party name Millner. It appears now this office will be in position to furnish confidential report of conventions proceedings upon its adjournment.

*Called Scully  
11<sup>00</sup> am - 5/16/21*

MCKEAN

459P

Mails and Files Division  
Route *[Signature]*

*JUN 20 1921*  
*MON 29 1921*  
*✓ R U B*

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202600-33-258  
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
MAY 14 1921 A. M.  
MAILS AND FILES DIVISION  
BY *[Signature]*  
FOR APPROVAL  
FILE

2026-3

JH  
WST

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 5-13-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 5-2	REPORT MADE BY: P 138
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GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION  
MAY 14 1921

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

Noted  
P.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

I continued making an investigation relative to "The Friends of Negro Freedom", an organization in which CHANDLER OWEN and RANDAL are interested, but so far not many of the other radicals seem to know very much about it, apart from what I had already reported.

I am endeavoring to get in touch with OWEN, so as to get some first hand information.

P 138

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JUN - 1 1921  
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202600-33-257

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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FILE  
G.F. [unclear] 1109

ORIGINAL

202000-3,3

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>May 12/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>May 1/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
**ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122**

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 14 1921  
C. VIE

FACTS DEVELOPED:  
**At Rochester, New York.**

Enclosed please find report which I received from my friend at Buffalo, N.Y. dated May 1, 1921.

*Original not received.*

RECORDED  
SEP 14 1921

202600-33-256

13  
Noted  
W.D.W.

REFERENCE: <b>N-122</b> <b>ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>Buffalo</b>
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5/12/21

Dear Friend:

Oper. 5-D-6 For May 1, 1921.

About 8:30 in company with my friend, Sam, I proceeded to the Miller Harmonia Hall where speaker C. M. O'Brien, spokesman and organizer of the Proletarian Party, spoke on:- "Is the poverty and misery of the working class to continue indefinitely?" There I saw Carriera, with Mancuse and Gandela the president of my group, with another fellow. Nothing of importance.

A collection box was passed, into which, being among my friends I put \$2.00. I also bought some literature. I was asked to sell some literature by Comrade Wineheimer, who is the person that I saw at Carriera's place the night that they made a communist out of me, who is the person that brought in the organizer that night I paid for the literature and then gave it away to show that I was good for the cause of that organ. 75 cents was the amount paid for the literature, which was "the Toller".

Had a talk with Gandela, which he told that they had a hell of a good time at the Venus Hall and asked me if I was there. I told him "no". He told me that they even had red flags, displayed in the hall after which I shook hands with him and he told me he would see me Friday.

From there I went home. Now, Joe, that is all I have to say for today.

Wishing to hear from you soon, I remain,

Pa Fallalulle.

112712

202600-33

11-C

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>May 12/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>May 1-7/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <b>At Rochester, New York.</b>			
<b>May 1</b>	At 7 P.M., in company with C. Solomone, M. Stupiello, J. Cernuto and P. Laferno, we proceeded to J. Adriani's house on Brown Street, City. There we played a few games of cards for wine. During our stay there no radical subject was mentioned.		
<b>" 2</b>	At 6:45 P.M., C. Solomone and P. Laferno came to my house. They stayed until 11 P.M., but nothing of importance was said.		
<b>" 3</b>	At 6:30 P.M. I went into the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone and asked him if he wanted to go to some show and he told me that he couldn't come on account of there being a meeting at 8:30 P.M., at M. Lasala's house for the purpose of securing a theater in the city for their play.		
<b>" 4</b>	I met Solomone and he told me that at the meeting they have decided to secure the Arcade Theater for their drama.		
<b>" 5</b>	Solomone told me that he is going to give a dinner either by the end of May or the first week of June and that he was going to invite all the gang over with their wives, including Ferraro with his wife, and he also has invited me.		
<b>" 6</b>	Nothing of importance.		
<b>" 7</b>	At 8:30 P.M., Solomone and Laferno came to my house and we played a few games of cards. Nothing of importance was said.		
REFERENCE: <b>N-122</b> <b>ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>Buffalo</b>		

REF. INT. SEC.

RECORDED

SEP 14 1921

202600-33-255-12

FILED  
S.E.B.

11243

202600-3

WNG-AS

May 12, 1921

C O D E

Information Unity Convention Communist Parties in Progress  
New York either today or within next few days stop Cover thoroughly  
endeavoring ascertain delegates your district stop five

BALEY  
CHIEF

Send to:

*Rosen*  
*W. H. ...*  
*C. D. ...*  
*J. B. ...*  
*N. ...*  
*G. ...*  
*A. C. ...*  
*reddy*

- Chicago, Ill. ✓
- Cleveland, Ohio ✓
- Pittsburgh, Pa. ✓
- Boston, Mass. ✓
- Hartford, Conn. ✓
- St. Louis, Mo. ✓
- Baltimore, Md. ✓
- New York, N. Y. ✓

RECORDED

202600-33-254

202600-33

JLH  
W

REPORT MADE AT: NEW YORK, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 5/12/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 5/7/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
NEGRO ACTIVITIES

Noted  
P.D.W.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 13 1921  
DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

I learned that JAMES WELDEN JOHNSON and the officers of the N. A. A. C. P. are determined to make a big expose of the KLU-KLUX-KLAN when the trial of those arrested comes off next week. The story of the arrest has created quite a stir in the Negro sections and from the consensus of opinion among them they feel that the play should be stopped by the Mayor. However, as far as is known there has not yet been any real organized effort to bring this about. Of course the churches tomorrow night take some action to do so.

P-138

JUL 21 1921

202600-33-253

RECORDED

REFERENCE: WED	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL

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REPORT MADE AT: NEW YORK, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 5/12/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 5/5/21	REPORT MADE BY: MAY 13 1921
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES	F. D. W. NOBEL
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FACTS DEVELOPED:

CAMPBELL is very busy making preparation also distributing circulars preparatory to the coming of REV. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES at the Community Church, 149 W. 136th Street. They are looking forward to a lively time, this being DR. HOLMES first time in the Harlem Negro section.

I had a talk with some of MARCUS GARVEY'S officers but none of them seem to know the exact date of his home-coming and others didn't know his exact whereabouts.

P-138

JUN - 1 1921

RECORDED

202600-33-252

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ORIGINAL



# HARLEM'S OPPORTUNITY

THE  
REV. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES

Minister of the Community Church of New York

Will be the preacher at the

## Harlem Community Church

149 WEST 136th STREET

8.30 p m. SUNDAY, 8th May

SERMON-TOPIC

## The Whole Duty Of Man

Mr. Holmes has deservedly won the reputation of being  
THE MOST ELOQUENT PREACHER of this city.

His visit to this uptown Community Church may rightly be  
interpreted as proof of his interest in this unique experiment, and  
also of his regard for the colored minister who has had the  
courage to start and the ability to continue so radical a religious  
movement in so conservative a section of the city.

A Very Large Attendance is Asked for

Please be on Time

*Distributed by Campbell (Richard Henderson)  
at the shop 127th St 135th St*

202600-33

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 13 1921  
DIVISION

REPORT MADE AT: NEW YORK, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 5/11/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 5/5/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
NEGRO ACTIVITIES

No. 200  
F.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN did not show up at the Radical Forum to-day. She was suddenly called away to Boston to attend a protest meeting caused by the arrest of two Italian Reds. There was a crowded house awaiting her arrival.

The chairman appointed a "Red" by the name of MATTIS to be the speaker of the afternoon. Mattis said he was born in Russia where he lived until he was about 12 years old. He went on to describe the brutalities of the old Russian government, etc. He told the audience boastingly that he was an active worker and an officer in the Communist Party of America and had adopted the Third Internationale of Lenine. That the Socialist Party was cowardly and weak and afraid to join the Communist but flirting with the Capitalists. That the only thing to do was to overthrow the Capitalists and bring about a social revolution at once instead of telling the people to wait. That the Communist theory was to join the ranks of any capitalist group so as to learn what they were doing, then work from within. To join the churches, A.F. of L., Democratic, Republican, Nationalist or any other movements so as to bring about the revolution. That he knows of young men of the Communist Party

JUL 21 1921

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REFERENCE: WED	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:	RECORDED
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who are members of some of the above named organizations. Mattis claimed that he has been in touch with the leading Communists of Europe and writes for different radical papers. Among those present were MESS GRACE CAMPBELL, CHANDLER OWEN, DOMINGO, POTTER, MOORE, CARPENTER and other lights of the local Reds.

DR. HOLMES: I visited the Harlem Community Church, 149 W. 136th Street at 8:30 P.M. where REV. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES spoke on "The Whole Duty of Man." The hall was crowded to capacity, all the local Reds being present. He took his text from the Bible but finally ended up by denouncing the so-called 100% Americans or those people in this country who wanted to direct peoples thoughts preventing them from seeking the truth and trying to lay down a rule by which they should think. He would like to make this a branch of his down-town church but on account of heavy debts they were carrying on the rebuilding of this church.

OO P-138

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: MAY 9, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Apr. 30-May 7, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES C. TORMEY
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Referring to my report made April 30, 1921, <sup>above</sup> entitled matter, I kept in touch with the radical situation and learned that the Italian radicals who intended holding a meeting on North Salina Street, Sunday afternoon, May 1, at 3 o'clock, failed to call the meeting because the speaker did not appear.</p> <p>However, the meeting which was arranged by DR. THOMAS CRIMMINS, who is the leader of the Communist Party in this city, was held in Silver Hall on Sunday evening, May 1, at eight o'clock. This meeting was attended by about one hundred persons, mostly Russians with a few Poles and was presided over by Dr. Thomas Crimmins who began his remarks at 8:35 and stated in substance that the object of the workers was to agitate and organize an International spirit rather than a National spirit and the different classes could organize among themselves and then merge into a great International body of workers. He stated that the Irish workers will strive to rule Ireland and that the Poles are ready to join this movement and that the Russian and German workers have already taken a great step in this direction.</p> <p><u>DR. CRIMMINS</u> introduced <u>MR. FRANK BAILEY</u> of ROCHESTER, NEW YORK as the principal speaker of the evening and Mr. Bailey stated that he is a representative of the Proletarian Party of Rochester, N.Y. He as well as Dr. Crimmins referred to the number of defectives present</p>			
REFERENCE: JCT.LT.	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Washington, Albany Syracuse, New York City.		

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
MAY 10 1921  
DIVISION

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W.V.G.  
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ORIGINAL

and also stated that in Rochester, New York, where the Chief of Police is broader minded than Chief of Police Cadin of Syracuse, New York, fifteen thousand paraded the streets of Rochester on Saturday April 30. He also stated that he had some copies of the May Day Edition of a paper called "SOVIET RUSSIA" and stated that two thousand copies of this paper were distributed in Rochester and that he had fifty copies with him that he would sell at five cents per copy. This paper is the official organ of Soviet Russia and is published in New York City. He also had a paper called "PROLETARIAN" which sold for fifteen cents per copy and which is published in Detroit, Michigan.

Reference was made to "BIG BILL HAYWOOD" and Bailey stated that Haywood is in Russia and that the third Congress of the Third International would be held in Russia. He further stated that three years ago there was a work or fight law placed on the Statute Books and that now there are about five million workers starving on account of unemployment. He stated that May 1, is International Labor Day and that the workers should not be fooled into recognizing the first Monday of September as Labor Day because this was done by the Capitalists in order to divide the interest of the workers. He stated that three months after the Russian soldiers were fighting with the Allied Forces, American soldiers were sent to Russia to fight the Russian workers. He also stated that he believes that by July 1, 1921 the Railroad workers will be in an angry mood because they are beginning to see "RED" at the present time. The reason for the above statement is based, I learned, on the fact that he addressed six meetings of railroad workers in Buffalo and that the railroad men are asking for RED speakers and a few

years ago, he stated, they would not listen to men like him. Five hundred thousand railroad men are out of employment since last December and are looking for jobs. He says that their idea is to eat first and they are not concerned about what flag they eat under. He further stated that the Capitalists refuse to operate their machines unless they can make a profit and that if the workers owned their jobs and machines they could operate them all the time. He also stated that there are about thirty thousand ex-soldiers in rags in New York City. He stated that in Buffalo, New York hundreds of men are scouring the Dumps and that they are saying to themselves: "we are going to get ours and if anything happens it will be blamed on to the Reds." He stated that the Capitalistic system is breaking down and that a new system will crowd the <sup>bankrupt</sup> capitalistic nations to the earth.

Bailey also touched on conditions in England and stated that the authorities took guns away from the coal strikers in England and that while Russia needs supplies and machines the Capitalistic nations will not ship Russia what it needs. He further stated that two hundred eighty thousand kodaks are in the stock room of the Eastman Kodak Company at Rochester, New York and that they only work four days a week. Mr. Bailey spoke about fifty minutes and when he finished Dr. Crammins stated that resolutions would be adopted extending sympathy to the workers in Ireland, Great Britain and to "Jim Larkin" who is now in Sing Sing Prison.

Another speaker spoke a few minutes in the Hebrew language and another in the Italian language and through an interpreter I learned that their remarks were general and simply covered what had gone before.

There was no apparent desire to make any outward demonstration

and no demonstration of any kind was contemplated for the vicinity of Syracuse, New York.

There is nothing new in the Strike situation in Central New York and the different labor Unions are apparently getting together on a working agreement for the following year and no trouble is anticipated in this vicinity.

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: May 4, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: April 28-May 3.	REPORT MADE BY: G.O. Holdridge	J.H. D. [unclear] for [unclear] [unclear]
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: INDUSTRIAL UNREST.				
FACTS DEVELOPED:				
<p>Acting under instructions of Agent in Charge G.O. Holdridge, continuing reports in the above matter, Agent obtained the following information in regard to industrial unrest.</p> <p>At Albany, N.Y., Troy, N.Y., Rensselaer, N.Y., Cohoes, N.Y. and Watervliet, N.Y. the 1500 employees of the United Traction Company, covering those cities, are still out.</p> <p>2800 building trades workers are on strike in Albany, N.Y., Troy, N.Y., Schenectady, N.Y. and against a 25% reduction in pay.</p> <p>In Albany, Troy, Schenectady, Glens Falls, N.Y., Utica, and other smaller places in this District, members of the allied printing trades to the number of approximately 1500 are on strike for a 44 hour working day with 48 hour pay. This does not affect printers on newspapers, only job workers.</p> <p>At Glens Falls, N.Y., Schuyler Falls, N.Y. and many smaller places paper makers are on strike against a reduction in pay and longer hours. The number involved varies from day to day, at present about 5000, but unless settled before May 11th when all contracts will have expired, the total will reach nearly 15000 in this District.</p> <p>As stated in report of Agent preceeding this, covering period Apr. 21-27, 1921, the prospects of a strike on the lines of the Schenectady Railway Company (electric) seems more probable daily.</p>				
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:			

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MST  
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MAY 9 1921

Noted

F.D.W.

WBW

AUG 3 1921

202600-33-245

FILE

G.F.R.

7-1169

RECORDED

ORIGINAL



J.H.Dolan.

May 4, 1921.

2.

The employees have produced an old agreement which requires a notice of one month before a disagreement to form a new contract can precipitate a strike and that management have agreed to live up to this but whether they will or not is problematical. There have been several conferences between the Managers of the company, the Mayor of Schenectady and the representatives of the men but the conferences have unexpectedly come to an end by the failure of the Railway representatives to attend one called for Apr. 30. The report is no more conferences will be held. About 500 are involved. The lines cover Schenectady and run to Troy, N.Y. and to Albany, N.Y.

If the Schenectady Company employees go on strike, in all likelihood the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Companies' electric lines will become involved owing to the fact that that company runs their cars over the Schenectady Company lines in the City of Schenectady.

300 molders at the General Electric Plant at Schenectady, N.Y. are still on strike.

150 employees of the WALTER A. WOOD HARVESTING MACHINERY CO. at Hoosick Falls, N.Y. are still out.

At the Burden Iron Works, Troy, N.Y. 500 workers are being placed to work at a reduced pay of from 12½ to 25%.

There is no indication of radicalism in any of the disturbances to date.

All this information was obtained from the State Employment Bureau, State Labor Bureau, Federation of Labor, Chamber of Commerce, and from personal investigation and the daily papers.

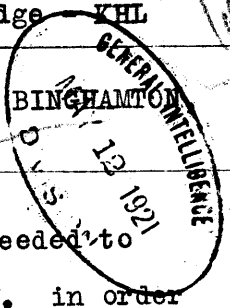
Investigation continued.

202600-33

1.

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N. Y.	DATE MADE: May 2, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: April 30, 1921.	REPORT MADE BY: Paul Kruger for G.O. Holdridge - YHL
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  Noted F.D.W.	MAY DAY RADICAL ACTIVITIES - ENDICOTT, BINGHAMTON and JOHNSON CITY, NEW YORK.
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FACTS DEVELOPED:

Upon instructions from Agent in Charge, Agent proceeded to Binghamton, N.Y. and Endicott, N.Y. and Johnson City, N.Y. in order to cover these places in anticipation of any May Day activities among the radical foreign element. The attached circular entitled "May Day" had been sent in to this office after it had been distributed by the foreign element throughout Binghamton, Endicott, and Johnson City, N.Y.

Agent interviewed the Chief of Police and requested him for two officers who accompanied Agent to the foreign section of the city to learn whether or not any such literature had been distributed in this part of the city and whether any meetings were being held on the morning of May 1st.

Agent found that no meetings were held and no literature was found to have been distributed on that morning.

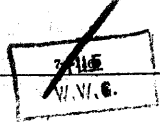
Agent then proceeded to Johnson City, N.Y. and after an interview with the Chief of Police, requested him to furnish Agent with a plain clothesman to accompany Agent to the foreign section of the city to see whether or not any meetings were being held or any circulars distributed on that day. No meetings were held in Johnson City, N.Y. and no literature was distributed.

Agent then proceeded to Endicott, N.Y. and interviewed the Chief of Police there. The Chief of Police requested Agent to come in with him to a private house where a number of Russians are residing.

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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RECORDED

202600-33-24



DUPLICATE

Paul Kruger.

May 2, 1921.

2.

Agent went through his house and found quite large amount of foreign literature published by different companies and different organizations. Agent asked subject, MIKE LUST, if he belonged to the Communist Party of America or the Communist Labor Party but this subject denied belonging to either of these parties. Agent asked him how long he had been in this country and this subject informed him that he had been here for nine years and he speaks English fairly well. Says that he belongs to the Socialist party. He informed Agent that he had belonged to the Socialist Party in 1919. Agent confiscated the foreign literature and brought it to the office of the Bureau at Albany, N.Y. Endicott, N.Y. is a town of about 6000 and the largest part of the population are Russians, Slovacs, and Poles.

The Chief of Police at Endicott, N.Y. asked Agent whether or not it would be possible to have a Government Agent stationed there for at least a month as he feels that by an Agent being there for a month or so, it would be possible to locate some Communist members.

Investigation continued.

Noted 202600-33  
F.D.W.

1.

*[Handwritten initials]*

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: May 2, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: April 30. May 1, 1921.	REPORT MADE BY: Thos. G. Spellacy for G.O. Holdridge - KHL
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
**MAY DAY RADICAL ACTIVITIES - CORTLAND, NEW YORK.**

FACTS DEVELOPED:

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MA 0 1921  
 G. O. HOLDRIDGE  
 S. O. N. I.

Acting under instructions of Agent in Charge G. O. Holdridge, Agent proceeded to Cortland, New York, to cover that section in anticipation of any demonstration on May Day.

Agent reached Cortland, N.Y. in the evening of April 30th and on that evening and on morning of May 1st was in conference with Chief of Police Bowker of Cortland, New York. There was absolute quiet in the city of Cortland, N.Y. on these days. Chief of Police stated that there was no fear of any demonstration in that city as the radical element had been driven from Cortland, N.Y. some months ago after the roundup in which one man was sent to Auburn Prison and the other so-called radicals had been deported and from that time up to date, the Police of Cortland, N.Y. had absolutely no trouble whatever with that element and to the best of his knowledge and belief no radical literature or any thing had been distributed in that city.

After receiving this information, Agent in the afternoon of May 1st, 1921, proceeded back to headquarters at Albany, N. Y.  
 Investigation closed.

EJ AUG - 1 1921

202600-33-246

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL

FILE

202-600-33

RECEIVED INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 4 1921

RECEIVED INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 11 1921

REPORT MADE AT: Syracuse, New York.	DATE WHEN MADE: Apr. 30, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 1921.	REPORT MADE BY: James Tormey
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

There are no new developments in the Railroad Strike situation but a number of railroad men are unemployed at the present time. The Strike at the plant of the Pierce Butler and Pierce Company at Eastwood, New York is still in progress, but no violence has been attempted by either side during the past week.

During the past week considerable literature in the form of hand bills and circulars has been distributed in various parts of the city apparently by members of the Communist Party of America. This literature advocates the overthrow of the United States Government and calls for a demonstration by the unemployed and by the workers on May 1, 1921. With the aid of the local police and confidential informants, I have obtained copies of these hand bills as soon as possible after they were distributed so that they would be kept off the streets. During the past week no meetings have been held except possibly one or two informal gatherings of the leaders for the purpose of calling a meeting on Sunday May 1, 1921.

I learned today that there will be a meeting at Silver Hall, 345 East Onondaga Street under the direction of Dr. Thomas Crimmins who is recognized as a leader of the Communist Party in this city.

FRANK BAILEY who claims to represent the PROLETARIAN PARTY of ROCHESTER, NEW YORK, will be the principal speaker and it is stated

RECORDED 202-600-33-24

REFERENCE: JCT.LT.	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Was ington Albany Syracuse, New York City.
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ORIGINAL

FILE 1100  
G.F.R.

James C. Tormey

Syracuse, N.Y. Page 2.

that there will be speakers in other languages. I have made arrangements to cover this meeting by interpreters and as it is an open meeting I will be present and will report it in detail if anything of importance is said.

I also learned today that there will be a meeting of the Italian element on North Salina Street, on Sunday afternoon, May 1, and I will have this meeting covered by Italian interpreters.

I do not look for any demonstration in this city and the Communist have apparently made no other plans except to conduct these public meetings.

202600-33-24-2  
 -1-  
 W.S. 24

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: Apr. 30, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: April 30.	REPORT MADE BY: John H. Dolan for G. O. Holdridge-MRD
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ANTI-ANARCHY STATUTES AND COURT DECISIONS. 4 1921</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Acting under instructions of Agent in Charge G.O. Holdridge, at the request of Acting Division Superintendent, T.M. REDDY, that this office obtain a copy of the New York State Anti-Anarchy Statute, copies of all Sedition, Red Flag, Rebellion, American Flag, and similar statutes existing in the cities and towns of this state, together with citations upon which the courts have ruled upon the same, Agent visited the offices of the Secretary of State, State Library, State Law Library, and the headquarters of the State Conference of Mayors.</p> <p>Agent succeeded in obtaining copy of the State Law amending the Penal Code, together with copies of amendments thereto, known as the CRIMINAL ANARCHY LAW, and also an amendment to the Penal Law in relation to the display of the Red Flag as a symbol or an emblem of any organization. Agent made arrangements with the Secretary of the state Conference of Mayors to have compiled copies of all municipal ordinances passed by the cities in the State in relation to the matters contained in the request of Division Superintendent Reddy. The copies of all State Laws, and the amendments thereto have been forwarded as per request of the New York office for the attention of MR. C. J. SCULLY. When obtained by this office, copies of municipal laws and ordinances in relation to the subject matter will be forwarded to the New York office as requested.</p>			
REFERENCE:	Investigation continued. COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: New York City.		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 DIVISION  
 Noted  
 F. D. W.

202600-33-24-2  
 ABF RECORDED  
 MAY 11 1921  
 7-1186

ORIGINAL

1161

202600-33

WWG

Apr. 30, 1921

C O D E.

Wire promptly report on activities and arrests  
made for May Day stop five

BALEY  
Chief

Send to:

~~Philadelphia, Pa.~~ New York, N.Y. ✓

Philadelphia, Pa. ✓

Pittsburgh, Pa. ✓

ASF  
RECORDED

202600-33-241



202600-33

WWG-AS

May 10, 1921.

U. H. Mersereau, Esq.,  
Postmaster,  
Union, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of the 29th ultimo in which you enclosed copies of a circular entitled "May Day, Labor's International Holiday", issued by the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party of America. Although these circulars had already been brought to our attention, I desire you to know that your action in calling the matter to the attention of the Department is appreciated.

Respectfully,

For the Attorney General,

(Signed) R. P. Stewart

Assistant Attorney General.

RECORDED

202600-33-250

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MAY 11 1921 P.M.
MAILS AND FILES DIVISION



CJS-JWB.

202600-33  
N  
B

May 1, 1921.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION  
MAY 6 1921

Francis G. Caffey, Esq.,  
United States Attorney,  
Federal Building,  
New York City.

Noted  
F.D.W.

Dear Sir:

Referring to your letter dated April 29, 1921, initialed G.W.F., and numbered 17154-3, concerning the printed circular entitled "May Day", you are hereby advised that this matter has been receiving careful attention by this office, and only last night through information furnished by the Bureau of Investigation, a considerable quantity of radical literature, including these circulars, were located in a printing shop on West 41st Street, this city.

You are also advised that where it is found that an alien is engaged in the distribution of radical literature, that his case is immediately called to the attention of the Immigration authorities at Ellis Island, and during the past week two or three such cases have been under investigation.

Thanking you for your kindness in calling this matter to our attention, I am,

Yours very truly,

T. M. REDDY .

ACTING DIVISION SUPERINTENDENT.

202600-33-244

RECORDED

MAY 18 1921  
ABF

BY ALB  
G.F.S.

11115

202600-33

WWG-AS

April 29, 1921

C O D E.

Torney

Federal Building

Syracuse New York

Report Torney twentysixth radical situation confiscation  
literature at Solvay stop Preferable have State or City  
authorities act under their law which is sufficient stop  
five

BALBY  
Chief

RECORDED  
RDE

202600-33-247

APR 30 1921

11266

202600-33  
WJK

Department of Justice.

TELEGRAM RECEIVED.

7-1062

7wa 50 govt

Buffalo, N.Y.

April 29, 1921.

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION  
APR 29 1921

F.D. #  
Noted

Baley,  
Washington.

Five. Referring to telegram April twenty seventh at Buffalo  
May first, no parades will be allowed but meetings will be  
held at various radical meeting places at Rochester, large labor  
parades and meeting Saturday, identical thirtieth, consisting  
largely of radicals at Niagara Falls, May first, labor parades  
and meeting consisting radical organization.

BLACKMON

12:46 P.M.

Main and Files Division

Route

*[Handwritten signature]*

ADP  
MAY 16 1921

202600-33-236  
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
APR 29 1921 P.M.  
MAIN AND FILES DIVISION  
HOOVER  
FILE

RECORDED

202,00-33-

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE DIVISION  
MAY 1921  
1321

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: Apr. 28, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: April 21-27.	REPORT MADE BY: John H. Dolan for G. O. Holdridge MRD
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
INDUSTRIAL UNREST.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Acting under instructions of Agent in Charge G.O. Holdridge, continuing reports in the above matter, Agent obtained the following information in regard to industrial unrest.

The 1500 employees of the United Traction Company are still out. The cities of Albany, Troy, Watervliet, Cohoes and Rensselaer are included.

300 molders at Schenectady, N.Y. voted to continue the strike during the past week. This has been in existence since Jan. 1921.

At Albany, N.Y. the Tri-City Council (Albany, Schenectady and Troy) of builders met and decided to stand pat on proposition to reduce all wages twenty-five (25%) per cent. Every indication points to strikes in the above three cities in all building trades on May 1st. More than 8,000 are connected with said trades in the three cities above mentioned. Practically the same conditions exist at Utica.

At Albany the printers have made a demand for a forty-four hour week, and increase in pay. Every indication points to a strike on May 1st, as the employers are determined to refuse. Over 700 are involved.

At Troy, N.Y., the printers have compromised, by signing the existing contract for another year. The question of a strike in the

Noted.  
P.D.W.

WBW  
AUG - 3 1921

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REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL

John H. Dolan

April 28, 1921

-2-

various paper mills in this district is showing no new developments. The workers have voted to refuse the reduction, and new schedule offered by the employers, and as the contracts expire between May 1st and May 11th, both sides seem to be awaiting developments, with very little activity on either side being shown. More than 15000 are engaged in the industry in this district.

There is no news as to the question of an agreement in the matter of a reduction in pay of the employees of the New York State Railways, though the prospects of the avoidance of a strike seem good.

150 employees at the WALTER A. WOOD HARVESTING MACHINE WORKS at Hoosick Falls, are still out.

All this information was obtained from the State Employment Bureau, State Labor Bureau, Federation of Labor, Chamber of Commerce, from personal investigation, and the daily papers.

Investigation continued.

Note: <sup>a</sup> From reliable source it was learned that the Schenectady Railway Co., whose cars are run over the United Traction lines in Troy and Albany and since the strike on the United Traction lines, the men of the Schenectady lines have refused to run into the cities of Troy and Albany have been notified that beginning next Tuesday (May 3rd) the employees will be called upon to run the cars into those cities, also to submit to a reduction in pay ~~of~~ from 60 cents to 45 cents per hour, and the vote having been taken by the employees decided unanimously to refuse, and every indication at present points toward a strike on all the lines of the Schenectady Railway Co. This will involve approximately 500 employees.

WWG-AS  
202600-33

April 29, 1921.

T. M. Reddy, Esq.,  
Box 241, City Hall Station,  
New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

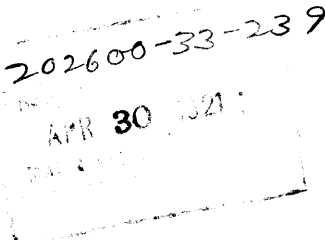
Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of the 27th instant, initials JGT, in which you request a copy of the detailed report upon Communist activities in Europe, referred to in General Intelligence Bulletin No. 46. An examination of the Bulletin discloses that there are several reports referred to and if you will indicate which particular one is desired an effort will be made to forward it. Under the subject "III Internationale Activities" there is mentioned a report containing a series of etchings. This is the same as the report which Mr. Scully saw in the possession of Schwartz. If you have in mind paragraph 3 on page 26 of the Bulletin, this information is contained in numerous communications received from abroad.

Very truly yours,

*Samuel G. Bailey*  
Chief.

LLT

RECORDED





OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE BARCLAY ST. 100  
POST OFFICE BOX 111  
CITY HALL STATION

Department of Justice  
Bureau of Investigation  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

RECEIVED  
APR 27 11 27 AM '21  
DIVISION

2600-35

April 27, 1921.

weard

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

P. D. W.

Attention Mr. J. E. Hoover.

Dear Sir:

It is requested that the New York office of the Bureau be furnished with a copy of the detailed report upon Communist movements in Europe, which is mentioned in the "General Intelligence Bulletin" No. 46.

Yours very truly,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGT:FJK

*Recd 4/29/21*

RECORDED  
MAY 12 1921

202-600-33-233

FILE  
W. W. G.

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>April 27/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>April 5/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <b>At Rochester, New York.</b>  <b>Enclosed please find report of my friend at Buffalo, N. Y.</b> <b>You will note by this report that his name at the club is PONZI</b> <b>or No.8.</b>			
REFERENCE <b>N-122</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>BUFFALO</b>		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION  
MAY 2 1921

202600-33-238

SEP 14 1921  
RECORDED

FILE  
G.I.F.  
R.D.W.

Dear Friend,

Just received your most welcome letter telling me that you are enjoying the best of health, also the same I can assure you of myself and family. Also, I was glad to hear that you rented a flat and that you invited me there. I would have come over this coming Sunday had I known the address.

Well, Joe, there is nothing to report this week as there hasn't been any meetings at all, that is, as far as I know only Victor Carrieria came down for that list which I was collecting and when he saw that there was only \$1.50 in all, he told me to put something in it. I told him I couldn't because I did not have it. He waited for about ten minutes and he said put your name down for \$1.75 and I will put my name down for the same amount. We'll make it \$5.00 and send it away and that will be all. He also told me they collected about \$300.00 in all here in Buffalo. Also, he spoke to me of the man in charge of my group and called him by name. He asked how is Gandela? I asked him who that was, which he described to me verifying the above.

He made me put my name down for \$1.75, but I have as yet not paid him but he said he would be back in a couple of weeks for it. He also asked me for a loan of about \$15.00 or \$20.00, which I turned down, telling him that I did not have any and that business was rotten which is now so. Yes, in a week or so I might come down and pay you a visit. Having nothing else to say, I remain,

P. F.

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>April 27/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>April 5/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <b>At Rochester, New York.</b>			
<p>Enclosed please find report of my friend James Schillace, Buffalo, N.Y.</p> <p>You will notice by his report that a meeting was held in his barber shop at 96 Exchange Street, Buffalo, N.Y., and that the attached literature was given at the meeting to be distributed.</p>			
REFERENCED <b>N-122</b> <b>ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>BUFFALO</b>		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAY 2 1921  
D.V.S.

Noted  
F.D.W.

RECORDED 202600-33-237

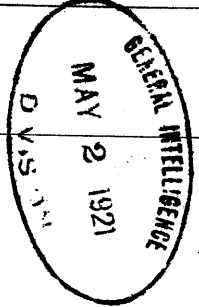
SEP 14 1921

FILE

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>April 27/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>April 5/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
**ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122**



FACTS DEVELOPED:  
**At Rochester, New York.**

Enclosed please find report of my friend James Schillace, Buffalo, N.Y.

You will notice by his report that a meeting was held in his barber shop at 96 Exchange Street, Buffalo, N.Y., and that the attached literature was given at the meeting to be distributed.

Noted  
F.D.W.

RECORDED 202600-33-237

APR 14 1921

FILE

REFERENCE: <b>N-122</b> <b>ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>BUFFALO</b>
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Dear Friend:

Just opened your letter and was surprised to find my expense check, also was glad to hear that you are enjoying the best of health and to hear that you expect to locate yourself in Buffalo again.

Now, Joe, I will keep up the good work under one condition, that is, that you will come here and take full charge of the thing, that now I am beginning to be of some importance in my business and will be getting rushed, and then I won't have no time at all to lose with my Bolsheviki friends, or those that you asked me to cultivate their friends.

Now then, we will start with the meeting that took place at my shop Tuesday. About 8:30 o'clock P. M., they all assembled in front of my shop, seven or eight in all, and ten minutes after walked into the back of my joint, two by two, five minutes apart, that is to say, they took precautions. After we all assembled in the rear the Leader or the Captain opened the meeting, which he read a bulletin which talked about a few unimportant things that have been experienced and what they have developed, to, all of no importance.

The only thing that was important was the distributing of some literature which I am enclosing, some of it that might enable you to work right through in your locality.

The meeting went on nicely until 10 P.M. and then Mike, the grocery man, called my attention to the fact that a captain of the force had looked in my place with suspicion. This I advised the captain, who suggested to close the meeting immediately, and of course it made me kind of scared, because with that which is unknown, they might throw me out of my place of business and then what. The meeting closed and the captain told me that he would let me know the outcome of the meeting, and of what was new that I did not know.

Enclosed you will find the Illegal literature which is being distributed throughout different parts of the city.

Having nothing else to say, I close, giving you my best regards, to your wife and baby. Receive same from my family also receive regards from Angelo.

Hoping to hear from you soon and hoping that you will come back and take responsibilities, I remain,  
Fallatutulle Pasquali.

P. S. Remember what I am doing is all because of our friendship, that if our friendship had not been I would have never rendered any information at all to anybody at all, so respect that friendship well.

P. F.

FJK

202600-33

JH VSK

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/27/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/25/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION  
APR 29 1921

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Now that the warm weather is back again the street corner and stepladder orators are making their appearance as usual.

The problem of unemployment continues to be the most absorbing topic of the day. The streets are crowded with thousands of men who are glad to listen to any kind of a street corner agitator who will denounce capital and speak sympathetically of the working men, I feel that owing to the above existing conditions the negro radicals are sure to make greater headway this year than ever before. Their membership will increase.

Respectfully,

P-138

ABP

MAY 11 1921

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202600-33-232

APR 29 1921

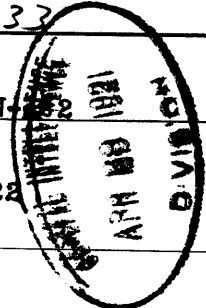
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N. Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>April 26/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>Apr. 10-16/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <b>At Rochester, New York.</b>			
<b>April 10</b>	<b>From 3 P.M. to 10:30 P. M. I was in company with Solomone. Nothing of importance was said.</b>		
<b>" 11</b>	<b>Nothing of importance.</b>		
<b>" 12</b>	<b>At 5:30 P.M., I went into the shoe repairing shop of Solomone; At 6 P.M. Solomone's phone bell rang and he answered it. I understand from their conversation over the phone that it was M. Lasala who called Solomone and wanted to know if Solomone was going to his house, as everything was ready. I also understand that it was to rehearse the play which they are going to give sometime next month.</b>		
<b>" 13</b>	<b>At 5:30 P.M., Guisepppe Adduci came into the shoe repairing shop of Solomone. After awhile Solomone called the following telephone number Genesee 246-W, and asked if it was Vito. The answer was to hold the line. Then Adduci went to Solomone and asked him if Vito was in. Solomone said "they are calling him," so Vito got to the 'phone and Solomone asked, "is this Vito?" Vito said "yes". Solomone said, "they want to see you over at the house and said goodbye. I looked in the telephone book to see if I could find the real name of Vito, but I failed to see the telephone number registered.</b>		
<b>" 14</b>	<b>Nothing of importance.</b>		
<b>" 15</b>	<b>Nothing of importance.</b>		
<b>" 16</b>	<b>At 4 P.M., a Sicilian came into the shoe repairing shop of Salomone to have his shoes fixed and then started a conversation with Solomone and I understood by their conversation that some of these days, G. Valenti is going to have the worst beating of his life. I also understood by their conversation that Solomone and his gang used to meet over M. Stupiello's and Ferraro's house, and also over James' Restaurant. James Restaurant is the restaurant at the corner of Franklin and Andrew Streets. -I also understood that lately they do not meet anywhere since they have prohibited Calvani of</b>		
REFERENCE: <b>N-122 ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>BUFFALO SEP 14 1921</b> <b>202600-33-234</b>		

**RECORDED**





April 16  
(continued)

of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to speak here in Rochester. Now, I understand that they are looking for a place to meet. At 8:30 P.M., Stupiello, Solomone and I went to the Rialto Theater.

FJR

JRH  
WST

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/25/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/20/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES. 202600-33			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Conditions around the Negro section so far are "O.K." with no sign of foreign interference.</p> <p>I am still making further investigation relative to the whereabouts of Claude McKay, but so far I have not learned anything that would point to his being in the U. S. A.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Respectfully, P-138</p> <p style="text-align: right;">ABF MAY 11 1921</p> <p style="text-align: right;">RECORDED 202600-33-231</p> <p style="text-align: right;">ELLE S.F.R.</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

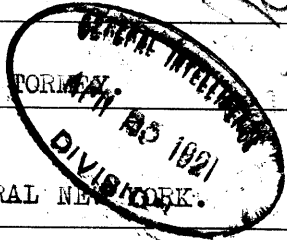
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION  
APR 27 1921

ORIGINAL

202600-33

1251

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: APR. 25, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Apr. 16-23, 1921.	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES C. FORMAN
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

There are no new developments in the railroad strike situation and the strike situation at the plant of the Pierce Butler and Pierce Company at Eastwood, New York remains unchanged.

Referring to my report in the above entitled matter, made April 18, beg to advise that during the past week radical literature has not been distributed so freely and no new publications or pamphlets of any kind have appeared as yet.

However, there is another unit of radicals who are just beginning to meet in the rear of a barber shop at the Corner of East Railroad and Almond Streets and I will obtain information in regard to their activities through a confidential informant who has been invited to attend their meetings. They intend to distribute some radical literature calling for a May Day Demonstration and have not distributed any on the streets as yet. I was also advised that this same unit contemplated holding a meeting in the City Bank Building, Syracuse, New York at 8PM April 23, 1921. I was present at this place at the appointed time but did not see any radicals in that vicinity.

Through confidential informants I have been given information which leads me to believe that a certain house in Solvay, New York is used for storing this literature and if my suspicions are substantiated by further investigation I will endeavor to confiscate this literature.

REFERENCE: JCT. LT.	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: WASHINGTON ALBANY SYRACUSE NEW YORK CITY.
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RECORDED

FILED W.W.G.

Original  
Wired Syracuse 4/29/21

McLaugherty read what  
you said about our being patriots  
or we would exile us and I'm worried. Honest to goodness  
I'm no patriot have Doets Johnson's contempt for the  
whole miserable breed of maudlin mugwumps. Love  
the country well I've got my arms earnestly around  
all they will hold, if you mean that. I didn't go to war  
- was too busy working for a dollar a year and \$6,000  
a month expenses. I built up a fine fortune for  
myself and family while the patriots were in France  
working for \$1.00 and getting shot. A good part of our  
\$50,000,000,000 debt is reflected in my bank life  
I'm no patriot McLaugherty. But I hope you'll have a  
heart to let me and not exile me, when I tell you that I always  
vote the Republican or Democratic ticket and hate Socialists  
like the devil hates holy water / I Made a haul

20260033

202600-33-2

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
APR 25 1921

BROOKLYN N.Y.  
APR 25 1921  
4:00 PM

MAY 20

TIMES



THIS SIDE OF THE LINE IS FOR ADDRESS

RECORDED

The Honorable  
Harry M. Laugherty Esq  
Attorney Gen. of the U.S.A.  
Washington D.C.

*[Handwritten signature]*

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO  
THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.



In reply refer to  
U-H/861.0-1107

202600-33

DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
WASHINGTON

Noted April 20, 1921.  
F.D.W.

REC'D  
APR 22 1921

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Please refer to my letter to you of February 12, 1921, with which was enclosed a list of names and addresses to which Bolshevik propaganda was sent.

I have now been advised that there has been a mistake in one of these names, and that V. ROGERS, of New York should in fact be V. BODGERS.

This is for your information.

Very truly yours,

1651

J. E. Hoover, Esquire,  
Special Assistant to the Attorney General,  
Department of Justice.

RECORDED

MAY 26 1921

202600-33-228

APR 23  
FILE  
W.W.G.

20260-33

107

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: April 20, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: April 14-20, 1921.	REPORT MADE BY: J.H. Dolan for G.O. Holdridge - KHL
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
INDUSTRIAL UNREST.

APR 20 1921  
DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Acting under instructions of Agent in Charge Holdridge, and continuing reports in the above matter, Agent obtained the following information in regard to industrial unrest.

The 1500 employees of the United Traction Company are still out on strike. This strike is in effect in Troy, Cohoes, Watervliet, Rensselaer, and Albany, N.Y.

Noted  
F.D.W.

The 300 molders at the General Electric Plant, Schenectady, N.Y. are still on strike. Strikes at the plants of SWEET & DOYLE Co. at Green Island, N.Y. and the ALBANY FOUNDRY CO. at Albany, N.Y., where the molding for the General Electric Company is being done, have resulted in the shops being run as open shops with frequent clashes occurring between the workers and the striking union molders.

The strike of 600 carpet workers at Amsterdam, N.Y. has been settled. Strike has been in force since Jan. 1921.

Meetings are being held in Albany by the builders for the purpose of agreeing on a schedule of reductions to be offered to the allied building trades but nothing definite has been agreed upon to date.

WBW

The question of an agreement to compromise in the paper making industry is being considered before the threatened strike takes

AUG - 3 1921

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20260-33-227

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FILE

ORIGINAL

J.H.Dolan.

April 20, 1938

2.

Just

place May 1st. More than 20,000 are employed in that industry in this district.

The 150 employees of the WALTER A. WOOD HARVESTOR MACHINE works are still out at Hoosick Falls, N.Y.

At Binghamton, N.Y. 140 members of the allied printing trades council are still on strike.

The N.Y. State Railway officials are still holding meetings to try and effect a satisfactory reduction in pay without any strike. About 15000 are involved. There are rumors of a strike in all paper making plants which would involve several thousand. This will be against a reduction in wages and an increase of hours.

All this information was obtained from the State Employment Bureau, State Labor Bureau, Federation of Labor, Chamber of Commerce, from personal investigation, and the daily papers.

Investigation continued.



Noted  
F.D.W.

20260-33  
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION  
APR 20 1921  
TORMEY.

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE: APRIL 18, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: April 9-16, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES J. TORMEY.
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION OF CENTRAL NEW YORK.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>The railroad strike situation and the strike at the plant of the PIERCE, BUTLER AND PIERCE COMPANY of EASTWOOD, NEW YORK, remains unchanged. The men are still on strike at the plant of Pierce, Butler and Pierce but no violence has been attempted during the past week.</p> <p>The Solvay Unit of the Communist Party did not hold a meeting this week but some of the members apparently have been distributing radical literature in Solvay and Syracuse, New York, calling for a May Day Demonstration by the unemployed.</p> <p>The titles of the publications which have been distributed are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ "WORKINGMEN OF AMERICA! - STAND BY SOVIET RUSSIA!"</li><li>✓ "THEN AND NOW! APRIL 6, 1917 - April 6, 1921. "</li><li>✓ "DON'T BE SO SURE OF YOUR JOB!"</li><li>✓ COMMUNIST UNITY. MARCH 15, 1921. Vol. 1. #5. Published by the Communist Unity Committee of America.</li><li>✓ "THE COMMUNIST" Official organ of the United Communist Party.</li><li>✓ "APPEAL TO AMERICAN WORKERS." Published by American Bureau International Council of Trade and Industrial Unions.</li><li>✓ "MAY DAY"</li><li>✓ "RED LABOR DAY"</li><li>✓ "MAY DAY OF REVOLUTION."</li></ul>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

MAY 11 1921  
ABF

202600-33-224

RECORDED

FILE  
W.M.G.

ORIGINAL

FJK

202600-33

214  
WSTC

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/18/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/15/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

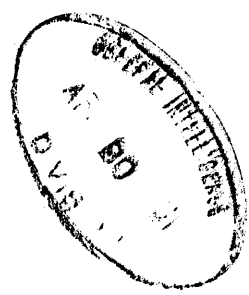
Noted  
P.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

To-day I continued my investigations in an effort to locate CLAUDE MCKAY, but after making several inquiries in the Negro section, I failed to learn anything of interest so far.

Conditions otherwise "O.K."

Respectfully,  
P-138



RDB APR 30 1921

202600-33-223

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file  
79R

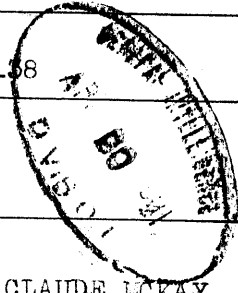
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ORIGINAL

FJK

20260-33 2dH  
HSP

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/18/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/14/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: I made some inquiries today relative to one <u>CLAUDE MCKAY</u> , who is wanted by the Department. CAMPBELL, one of the radicals, told me that he knows him, but could not say just where I could locate him at the present time. I spoke to several of the other radicals, but McKay's whereabouts were not learned.			
Respectfully, P-138			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		



REC'D  
N.Y. OFF.

APR 30 1921

RDB

202600-33-222

RECORDED

file  
HSP

ORIGINAL

FJK

20265-33

Handwritten initials and a circular stamp with the text "DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION" and "U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE".

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/18/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/16/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-137
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: UNEMPLOYMENT CONFERENCE.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Continuing on this matter, at 2:30 p.m. I proceeded to Room 405, Rand School, 7 East 15th St., for the purpose of attending a meeting of the Conference. On my arrival there I found about twenty delegates, representing different organizations. The meeting was called to order and HOFFBOWER, an I. W. W. member, was elected chairman; and, in the absence of John Beyer, as Secretary-Treasurer, G. BRANIGAN from the Irish Labor League, was elected temporary Secretary. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Then the various committees reported. Speakers Committee headed by P. McClellan reported that it had made arrangements for several open air meetings to be held between now and the first of May. The Finance Committee reported, headed by Lippinsky who is a known Communist and said that he had called on a few organizations and had collected about \$50. to further the work of this council. Lippinsky, who also headed the Special Committee, reported that he had heard good news about the National Unemployment Council of Chicago and he urged that we affiliate with it, but an objection was raised on this and it was therefore moved and passed that the Committee be instructed to write to Bob Minor in Chicago and ask him what their principles were, and if they were the same as the Council's we would join it. The program committee, as reported by Braden of the Amalgamated Metal Workers of America, said

MAY 11 1921

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that the submission of these programs and principles was done for the purpose of agitating the workers against the Government. He knew it was somewhat conservative but that was done for an effect to reach the men of conservative minds. He said, "We know the Government will not give us any of these things that we ask for and in its refusal the workers will see that the Government they are asked to love does not love them and they may take the initiative and start some kind of mass action to overthrow the Government. The Program & Principles as submitted and adopted were as follows:

That unemployment is due to the present capitalist system of production and distribution, and that the workers realize that they will be confronted with these periods which will become more and more acute under this system until it is overthrown; and unemployment can only cease by the workers taking over the Government and the industries, but the workers, realizing that the unemployed must be in a position to maintain themselves and their dependents, propose the following as a temporary measure:

That the unemployed must be organized in every city, town and industrial center and through them enlist the aid of the employed workers in order to utilize the labor unions and other sources for the purpose of bringing about united action in making demands upon the Government as follows:

First: Employment or compensation at union rate of wages. In order to provide this fund we demand taxation of incomes above \$3000. a year.

Second: Immediate trade with Soviet Russia.

Third: No evictions for non-payment of rent by unemployed.

Fourth: Proper medical care for the unemployed and their dependents when sick, this work to be financed by eliminating further expense for building of implements of war.

Slogan: Work or Compensation.

The Publicity Committee was ordered to draw up a neat leaflet for distribution, and it was announced that the next meeting would be held at 2:30 p.m., the coming Saturday.

We adjourned at 6:15 p.m.

Respectfully,

P-137

OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

*202000-33*

April 16, 1921.

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

*M.C.H.  
Person*

*Red*

Attention Mr. J. E. Hoover.

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith in triplicate Monthly  
Report on Radical Publications for period ending today.

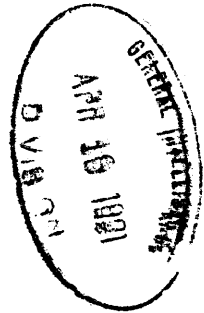
Yours very truly,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGT:FJK  
Encl.

*Handwritten notes and initials*



JUN 13 1921

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*Handwritten signature*

FJE

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

NEW YORK, N. Y.

MONTHLY REPORT ON RADICAL PRESS FOR PERIOD MARCH 15th  
TO APRIL 16th

"THE GOLDEN AGE"

M. D. H.  
D. J. C.

RAB

Published by the International Bible Students' Association, which was also responsible for the dissemination of "The Finished Mystery", for which several members were indicted, is being brought out in more compact form and with much more reading matter, during the past few months. There is less of the publication devoted to religious matters and more to general topics of the day. The Easter number, March 16th, contained an article on "The Irish Question" by Frederick J. Falkiner, Dublin, which points out the number of deaths for which the present situation in Ireland is responsible. In another article entitled "Zionism Certain to Succeed" quotes the full report of a lecture delivered by Judge RUTHERFORD at Jerusalem in 1920.

The April 13th issue of the same publication contains an article on "Black and Brown Races", which states that Great Britain's treatment of the Black and Brown races is not the same as her treatment of the Whites, and also goes into opium industry for which Great Britain is charged to be largely responsible.

The same issue contains an article captioned: "The Bankers' League" in which the League of Nations is referred to as a combination of politicians and bankers for the preservation of the British Empire and the article generally savors of anti-British sentiment. Under the same caption the "Official Bulletin of the Communist Party of America" (Section of the Communist International, issued by the Central Executive Committee, Volume No. 1, dated March 31, 1921) has made its appearance

RECORDED JUN 16 1921 488  
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in small numbers in New York. It will be noted that formerly there were two issues of "The Communist", one purporting to represent "The Communist Party of America" while the other purported to represent "The United Communist Party". The issue in question has been forwarded to the Washington office of the Bureau and contains in the main a number of articles which seek to put the blame for the split in the Party in the United States upon the United Communist Party. It also contains an appeal for funds together with a financial report for January of the present year.

-----  
COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA

During the current month there have been several instances throughout Greater New York of the distribution in mail boxes and doorways of a circular signed "Issued by the Central Executive Committee, Communist Party of America" which is entitled "Then and Now--April 6, 1917--April 6, 1921", which calls the attention of the readers to the difference between conditions on the two dates above mentioned, and, in the main, carries the usual Communistic arguments and strong recommendation for the use of arms by the working class against the present form of government.

SOCIALIST REVIEW

The April--May issue of the above journal, issued during the current month, carries an article entitled "Is the Third International a Menace to the Russian Revolution?", in which Socialist Alderman V. C. VLADECK takes the affirmative side and J. B. SALUTSKY, Educational Director of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, the negative. Another article "Is Proletariat a Majority?" is discussed by Dr. ISAAC A. HOURWICH.

"The New York Call" in its issue of the 9th inst. carries a news item dated Troy, New York, April 8th, stating that the local Troy branch of the Socialist Party, at a recent meeting held at 351 River St. had adopted a resolution instructing its delegate to the coming National Convention to vote for affiliation with the Third International without reservations.

NATIONAL CIVIC FEDERATION REVIEW

In the April 1st issue of the above publication, which is the official organ of the National Civic Federation, there appears an article "The Dishonesty of the Socialist Mind" by Gertrude Atherton.

THE NEW YORK CALL

During the current month has been devoting considerable of its space to the articles by William Z. Foster, in which the writer points out the advantages of the I. W. W. scheme of solving labor troubles.

It has also paid considerable attention to the proposed amnesty drive on Washington, and, as usual, to Socialist and radical activities of all kinds.

THE WORKERS' CHALLENGE

Which is published anonymously in New York, although the name of the editor is given as John Jacobs, and that of the managing publisher as Joseph Greenberg of 179 East Broadway, has, during the current month, carried the usual articles eulogizing the Soviet system of government and attacking the so-called "capitalistic" government. Its issue of the 15th of March also carries an article on the 50th anniversary of the Paris Commune.

The general tenor of all articles in this publication tend to stir up class hatred and general dissatisfaction with conditions as they are.

THE IRISH PEOPLE

The above publication, which is the official organ of the Irish-American Labor League and is published weekly at 262 West 23rd St., New York, has, as usual, been devoting its attention to attacks upon the British government and all others who disagree with the opinions of this publication's writers.

The paper purports to carry to the Irish people in the United States, the message of James Connolly, so-called martyr. It also devotes considerable space to the case of James Larkin and to occasional attacks on the American Legion as well as the Knights of Columbus.

THE NEGRO WORLD

Radical weekly, published in New York, has, during the current month, devoted practically all of its reading space to the affairs of Marcus Garvey, who is at present in the West Indies in the interests of the Black Star Line and the Universal Negro Improvement Association, and to the weekly meetings held at Liberty Hall. Space is also devoted to the present trip of President King of Liberia to the United States in connection with a loan from the United States Government which Liberia is seeking. Most of the articles are, as usual, tinged with anti-white sentiment which Garvey and his followers have been so active in spreading.

115111

THE NATIONAL REVIEW

"A Negro weekly" of which the editor is ARTHUR E. KING, Associate editor CLAUDE A. LEADE and the advertising manager J. A. PLUMMER, all of whom are connected in one way or another with the Marcus Garvey movement, in its issue of April 9th, carries an article telling of the enthusiasm with which Garvey is supposed to have been received in Jamaica. The paper also carries what purports to be an excerpt from the "Jamaica Gleaner" which includes quotation from the Japanese paper "Yorodzu" of Tokyo, issue of Feb. 27th, under the caption "The Awakening of Negroes". The article, which seems to be of interest at this time, reads as follows:

"When Japan introduced to the Paris Conference a proposal for the equality of races, the colored people of the world all united in the Japanese action. The "Yorodzu" is known as the champion of liberty, justice, equality and humanity and it received many letters addressed to the Japanese Embassy in Paris, thanking the paper for its efforts, and praying for its success. Most of the senders of these letters were Negroes and the awakening of these people has been striking since that time.

"Mr. Marcus Garvey is a great Negro, who is now trying to establish a republic of the Negroes in Africa on the ground that no race is more miserable than one which has no country of its own. The persecution of Negroes by Whites is beyond our imagination. The Yellow people are insulted and boycotted by the Whites in all parts of the world, but the Black people are maltreated more seriously than we. Mr. Garvey is calling for the exodus of the Whites from Africa. If the Negroes establish a powerful republic and demand re-



11-11-18

dress for the wrongs inflicted on the Black people in the past by the Whites, how will the latter apologize to Mr. Garvey? He is quite a young man, yet his name is already resounding throughout the world. While expressing unbounded respect for his personality, we delight in the awakening of the Negroes."

THE COMMUNIST

No. 15 of the above publication, which is the official organ of the United Communist Party of America, has made its appearance in small numbers in New York. Considerable of the issue is given up to the progress of the unity proceedings between the above party and the Communist Party, and the rest to the usual communistic propaganda.

115114

FORWARD  
(New York Yiddish Daily)

In its issue of February 11th, translation of which has just come to hand, carries an article touching on the commercial relations between the United States and Soviet Russia which may be of interest at this time and is therefore quoted in full. Under the caption "American Big Business People Already Dealing With Russia Through Caucasia" the article states:

"Tiflis, Georgia, February 10:- Notwithstanding the fact that commerce between America and Russia is still meeting with great obstacles from the American Government, commerce between American business-men and Russia is already carried on. Since it is still impossible to deal directly with Russia, - another way was found. The business is done with Tiflis:

Tiflis, the capitol of the Caucasian republic, Georgia, is now practically the only neutral place. Representatives from all countries meet there with representatives of Soviet Russia. American representatives also are present there. Goods are shipped there and sold to agents of the Soviets.

A great cargo of shoes has arrived from America. Here they were sold to the Bolsheviki and the goods are now already in Baku, in Soviet Russia.

The business-men, who are here, think that commercial relations between Russia and the whole world will soon have to be carried on open and free, the Soviet Government has here several commissions with a personnel of between 500 and 600 officials....."

113115

THE INDUSTRIAL UNIONIST

Volume 1, No. 6, official organ of the New York District Council, I. W. W., for April, carries an editorial in which the writer declares that the I. W. W. will welcome any activity of the American Bureau of the Moscow Labor International "that will weld the sadly divided workers of this country into a solid fighting unit, when our dream of opening jail doors may come true. WE ARE FOR THE RED LABOR UNION INTERNATIONAL." The rest of the paper is devoted to the usual I. W. W. propaganda.

OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

*[Handwritten initials]*

April 16, 1921.

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

*Noted  
F.D.W.*

NOTED  
G.F.B.

Attention Mr. J. E. Hoover.

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith in triplicate Special  
Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater New York  
District for period ending April 16, 1921.

Yours very truly,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGT:FJK  
Encl.

*[Handwritten notes]*  
4/19/21  
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RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING APRIL 16, 1921.

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REGONAL

THE  
W.A.G.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

APRIL 16, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER.

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING APRIL 16, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	recog. of Union
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employees
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. & Hrs.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs.
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages.
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	500	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	12,000	"	recog. of Union and resumption of old wage
Tailors	2,000	"	44 Hr. week and abolition of piece work.
Book Binders	800	"	wage dispute.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921

1-A. STRIKE NOTES.INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF BOOK BINDERS

About eight hundred members of the above union, who claim to have been locked out by their employers who consist mainly of magazine publishers and large book-binding concerns, quit work on the 12th inst., claiming that they were "locked out".

The trouble started by a strike of twenty-two members of the above union at the Knickerbocker Bindery, the proprietors of which claim that the men had broken faith with them, and, as a result of this, the employers refused to deal further with the union.



2. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONSRAND SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE.

During the past week the above School has been under fire in the Legislature at Albany where Senator Clayton Lusk introduced two bills providing for the dissolution of the Rand School and others of the same character. On the 14th inst. the State Senate passed the bills which will go to the Assembly within a few days.

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

The above organization on the 14th inst. made public a statement in New York to the effect that a survey of a number of cities in the United States disclosed the fact that only eleven out of eighty-eight principal cities now recognize the unrestricted right of free speech. The announcement states that the report was based upon written answers received from police chiefs of the various cities to which questionnaires were sent.

SOCIALIST PARTY

Announcement has been made that the annual convention of the above Party, at which the "21 points" laid down by Moscow will be discussed, is slated for June 25th at Detroit, Michigan.

The official organ of this Party "The New York Call" states that the Independent Labor Party of Great Britain has "shelved" the twenty-one points and retained their own unity.

4

I. W. W.

Locally there has been little activity in the above circles during the past week. It is understood, however, from a confidential source, that MASHLYKIN, one of the organizers, is making efforts to get some Polish member to go to Shamokin, Pennsylvania, and vicinity in order to disrupt the Metal Mine Workers Union of that place. It is known that LESSIG, one of the G. E. B. members is at present in Shamokin on the same mission.

UNITED RUSSIAN PROFESSIONAL UNIONS

There has been little activity in the above circles during the past week, other than the regular routine business such as meetings of members, etc.

JJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALSJAMES LARKIN AND ISAAC FERGUSON

On the 11th inst. Justice William P. Burr, in Special Term the Supreme Court, New York, handed down a decision denying a certificate of reasonable doubt to the above individuals. The arguments on the writ were completed December 30, 1920.

Both men were convicted of "criminal anarchy" by Justice Bartow S. Weeks and former Assistant County Attorney Alexander I. Rorke, and received sentences of from five to ten years in the State's prison.

REV. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES

Pastor of the Community Church, gave a sermon at the Lyric Theatre, New York, on April 10th, his subject being "Who Is the Greatest Man In the World". In the course of the sermon he stated that in his opinion M. K. GANDHI, leader of the Non-co-operation Movement of India, is "the greatest man now living in the world".

4. RADICAL PRESS

(SEE MONTHLY REPORT)

EJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921.

5. RADICAL MEETINGSJEWISH SOCIALISTS

On the 10th inst., addressing a meeting of Jewish Socialists and Trade Unionists of New York, numbering about three thousand, at the New Star Casino, 107th St. & Park Avenue, New York, MOISSAYE J. OLGIN, a Jewish writer who has recently returned after a six months stay in Soviet Russia, stated among other things, that in Moscow, Petrograd and other cities, strikes occur occasionally and that people must wait in line for bread, shoes and other commodities and that there is not much bread to be had. He also stated that hunger and terror are evident and that Mensheviks and Socialists are put in jail during periods of general disturbance amongst the people; and, in these cases persons who are merely opposed to the Government are also put in jail and released later.

Another remark of his was to the effect that "ten or twenty years of hard work and suffering are ahead of Russia, but the people know there is no way back and therefore they go on".

SOVIET RUSSIA MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE

The above body held a meeting at the London Casino, New York, on the 13th inst. at which the principal speaker was WALLIS W. LEFEAUX a Canadian lawyer who defended the leaders of the general strike in Winnipeg last year.

This man has recently returned from Soviet Russia and made the statement that that country is in urgent need of supplies and trained individuals for combatting disease and sickness. Lefeaux

added that it was estimated that ten million people had died in Russia during the past seven years from disease and starvation alone. He further stated that there was no doubt in his mind that if the Soviet Government could have peace it could build the country up anew and put an end to misery and privation.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONSCENTRAL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

The above organization, which claims to represent seven hundred and fifty thousand union workers, issued a statement on the 12th inst. to the effect that it had prepared plans for a state-wide campaign against "the abuse of the injunctory powers of our courts by the issuance of unfair and confiscatory injunctions by judges who have shown by their acts they are opposed to organized labor".

The first definite action, it is understood, will consist of a mass meeting to be held at Madison Square Garden, New York, within the next few weeks, at which all the unions are expected to have a large representation.

CLOAK, SUIT AND SKIRT MANUFACTURERS' PROTECTIVE ASS'N.

The above body, consisting of three hundred and fifteen manufacturers who severed relations with the International Ladies Garment Workers Union on October 9th, 1920, made the announcement on the 12th inst., subsequent to its annual meeting, that immediate steps are to be taken to bring about a reduction in wages, an increase in working hours and a revival of the privilege of the employers to "hire and fire". The announcement stated that during the past eighteen months the employees had received many increases in wages and instead of turning out a maximum of work after the increases, produced a minimum of work and thus retarded the production of the industry.

In the event of the manufacturers introducing the threat-

ened wage cuts, it is probable that over fifty thousand workers will be affected.

INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION

On the 12th inst. Supreme Court Justice Delehanty denied the application of Borgenicht & Sons Co., Inc., for an order restraining the above union from maintaining pickets in front of the former's place of business. On the same date Justice Gavegan ordered the union to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court for violating the injunction granted to the Albert Florscheimer Co., manufacturers of dresses.

The injunction prohibited picketing in front of the Florscheimer factory.

AMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

The above union on the 12th inst. brought suit for a Million Dollars against the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, Inc. for damages alleged to have been sustained by the union as a result of what they termed a conspiracy against it to prevent it from carrying out its function, and by a lockout which the union claims the manufacturers instituted in December, 1920, which resulted in preventing the members of the union from securing employment.

-----  
Leaders of this Union have stated that they expect an early victory for the Union in their dispute with the manufacturers. The "lockout fund" is now said to total One Million One Hundred and Fifty-two Thousand Four Hundred and Twenty-eight Dollars (\$1,152,428.)



WORKERS EDUCATIONAL BUREAU OF AMERICA

It has been learned that on the 3rd inst. there was organized in New York a body which is to be known by the above title and headed by JAMES H. MAURER, President of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor with SPENCER MILLER, Jr., instructor at Columbia University as Secretary. The Executive Committee consists of JOHN BROPHY, President of District 2 of the United Mine Workers of America; HARRY DANA, of the Boston Labor College; FANIA N. COHN, of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union; WILLIAM F. KEHOE, Secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Council of Greater New York; HARRY RUSSELL, of Springfield, Mass.; PETER MILLER, of Philadelphia and J. B. SALUTZKY, in charge of the Education Department of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America.

An Advisory Committee of twenty-five was selected by the Executive Committee and comprised a number of widely known radicals of both sexes. The aim of the organization, as provided by the constitution, is as follows:

"To collect and to disseminate information relative to efforts at education on any part of organized labor; to coordinate and assist in every possible manner the educational work now carried on by the organized workers to stimulate the creation of additional enterprises in labor education throughout the United States."

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921.

7. UNEMPLOYMENT

From confidential sources in the Negro section of the city, it has been learned that the number of unemployed is increasing steadily, and that the average Negro, who, while employed, paid no attention whatever to Socialist and other radical propaganda, at present seems to be listening with ready ear. The above seems to be substantiated, according to the same source of information, by the fact that the attendance at the radical meetings has been increased in proportion to the amount of unemployed.

-----

The general situation in the New York District seems to be little changed from last week. Additional reductions in wages have been introduced by various plants and so far as learned, employees, while accepting same under protest, are still at work.

.J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MEN.

So far as this office has been able to learn, there has been no activity of a radical nature in the ranks of the ex-service men in this district during the current week.

FJE

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIESNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE

The above organization on the 10th inst. made the announcement that a conference of the "Fellowship of Reconciliation" was recently held in Westtown, Pa., at which a letter was sent to President Harding protesting against the continued occupation of Haiti by United States Marines.

FRIENDS OF NEGRO FREEDOM

The above organization was formed, so far as can be learned at this time from confidential sources, by CHANDLER OWEN and A. PHILIP RANDOLPH, editors of "The Messenger", about a year ago, and its membership is said to be largely confined to Negro labor organizations, the object of which is to join the I. W. W. if the American Federation of Labor will not admit them to membership. It is understood that the membership of the organization is particularly strong in Virginia where they have an office at Richmond and that a large membership is also represented at the Newport News Shipyards. It is further understood that Chandler Owen is at present active in the affairs of this organization and is at present in Richmond in connection with the same.

MARCUS GARVEY

Papers filed in the Supreme Court in New York in the marriage annulment proceedings brought by Garvey against his wife, have disclosed that as provisional president of Africa Garvey was voted a

4

salary of Twelve thousand Dollars a year at the convention that was held in New York in August, 1920, and as president of the Universal Negro Improvement Association his salary is supposed to be Ten Thousand a year.

In his answer Garvey made the statement through his attorney that he is paying \$96. a month rent, \$35. weekly for a housekeeper and \$125. a month for installments on his furniture.

The papers in the suit also revealed that in addition to the salary voted Garvey, the Rev. Mr. Mason was voted a Ten Thousand Dollar yearly salary as president of the Negroes of America; Henrietta Vinton Davis, international organizer, Six Thousand Dollars a year; Wilford H. Smith, Counsel General of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, Seven Thousand Dollars; William H. Matthews, Assistant Counsel General, Six Thousand Dollars; Eli Garcia, Auditor General, Five Thousand Dollars.

Mrs. Garvey's affidavit also states that since December 1, 1920, the payroll of the Universal Negro Improvement Association has been approximately Fifteen Thousand Dollars a month. Garvey in his reply stated that the salaries named above were purely on paper.

-----

Latest information regarding Garvey's movements, is to the effect that he has left Jamaica for Panama and is expected to arrive in New York early in May.

-----

That the White radicals are attempting to spread their propaganda amongst the colored populace of New York, was indicated on the 10th inst. when a meeting held at Lafayette Hall, New York,

was addressed by HARRY WATON, a well known White radical. Amongst the audience there were also scattered about twenty-five White men and women, all radicals, who sold radical books and literature. The Negro radical element was represented by DOMINGO, POTTER, MOORE, CARPENTER, CAMPBELL and several others. The substance of Waton's speech was that all Negroes should become Bolsheviks and fight the capitalists and overthrow the present system of society. He also added that the Negroes were soon to take a very prominent place in the world and would rank only second to the Jews.

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIES

At a meeting held at the Commodore Hotel on the 11th inst. under the auspices of the Women's International League, at which the problems of Ireland, Mexico, Japan, Germany and Russia were discussed, Miss Mary MacSwiney, sister of the late Lord Mayor of Cork, was the speaker. She was hissed when she made the statement that "every country in the world, except Ireland, appears to be hypnotized by the mighty and evil British empire". She also challenged America to take a helping hand and urged that financial help be refused the various countries of Europe until they disarm. Miss MacSwiney added that "a free Ireland would be no menace to England, but an unfree Ireland is and will continue to be a menace".

RJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921.

11. HINDU ACTIVITIES  
FRIENDS OF FREEDOM FOR INDIA

The above organization is said to have plans under consideration by which they intend to strike the British Government of India by attempting to undermine its finances.

It is understood that MAHATMA K. GANDHI, leader of the non-co-operation or SWARAJ movement, will shortly issue a proclamation calling upon the people of India to refuse to pay taxes to the British Administration. It is said to be the intention of the prime movers in the organization in India to urge every native Indian policeman and soldier to leave the service of the British Government.



FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 16, 1921.

12. ALLIED PATRIOTIC SOCIETIES COMMITTEE ON AMERICANIZATION

ARCHIBALD B. STEVENSON, formerly connected as counsel with the Lusk Committee in New York, recently addressed a meeting of the above body at Fraunces Tavern, New York, in which he very sharply criticised the so-called "open forum", stating, in the course of his remarks that "it was folly to provide places for radical speakers who did not understand the American form of government, where they could attack it and its institutions". He added, that the majority of the speakers of the so-called open forum were radicals, opposed to the fundamental ideas of living.

13. RUSSIAN AFFAIRS ABROAD.

According to a cablegram received on the 11th inst. by Dr. D. H. Dubrowsky from Soviet Consul at Libau, Latvia, the Russian border will close on April 20th and anyone from the United States will not be permitted to enter Russia until an official representative of the Russian Soviet Government, with authority to visa passports of persons desiring to go to Russia, arrives in America, this according to an order issued on April 9th.

It is also understood that Mr. Kalnin, Latvian Consul, has received word from his Government to visa no more passports for Latvia for persons who wish to pass from that country to Russia.

CHARLES RECHT, who is serving as local representative of L. C. A. K. Martens, is said to have made the statement that no systematic border control of quarantine has been set up as yet in Russia and the demobilization of the Army and the transportation of goods within the country, all of it over a badly impaired railway system, has been "more than the traffic can bear".

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It has been learned from a confidential source that ARTHUR KATZES, one of the anarchists deported on the Buford December, 1920, has, within the past few weeks, written a letter to another Russian in New York in which he stated that PETER BIANKI, another deported member of the Union of Russian Workers, was assassinated in Petrograd on the 26th of January. Katzes' letter referred to Bianki as "traitor Bianki" and further set forth the fact that Bianki had deserted the

anarchist group and joined the Communist Party who made him a Commissar. The letter added that a previous attempt had been made on Bianki's life at Moscow.

From the same source it has been learned that the Russian anarchists in New York have been informed by sailors who have recently arrived, that the order issued by the Soviet Government to the effect that commencing April 20th, no Russians returning from the United States would be permitted to enter that country, was made necessary by the internal dissensions between anarchists and communists and factional fights amongst the communists, and that the Government had decided to attempt to bring order out of impending chaos before permitting any new immigrants, especially those from the United States, to enter the country.

*J. G. Tucker*

J. G. TUCKER, Special Agent

20260-33 1.

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: April 15, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Apr. 6-13, 1921.	REPORT MADE BY: J.H. Dolan for G.O. Holdridge - KHL
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
**INDUSTRIAL UNREST**

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
APR 20 1921  
FIVE'S ONE

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Acting under instructions of Agent in Charge Holdridge, and continuing reports in the above matter, Agent obtained the following information in regard to industrial unrest.

Strikes still in effect in Troy, Cohoes, Watervliet, Rensselaer, and Albany, N.Y. The 1500 employees of the United Traction Company are still out on strike. Hardly any passengers are being carried on the cars which are being run during the day with strikebreakers. Occasional clashes occur between the strike sympathizers and nonunion employees, but no indications of radicalism are being injected into the strike.

Not  
R.D.W.

The 300 molders at the General Electric Plant, Schenectady, N.Y. are still on strike. The plants of SWEET & DOYLE COMPANY at Green Island, N.Y. and the ALBANY FOUNDRY CO. at Albany, N.Y. are doing the molding work for the General Electric. Strikes at the two above mentioned plants have resulted in the shops being run as open shops with frequent clashes occurring between the workers and the striking union molders.

The 600 carpet workers are still out on strike at Amsterdam, N.Y.

The 150 employees of the WALTER A. WOOD HARVESTOR MACHINE works are still out at Hoosick Falls, N.Y.

At Binghamton, N.Y. 140 members of the allied printing trades council are still on strike.

At Troy, N.Y. notice of a reduction of 15% was served on all

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J.H.Dolan.

April 15, 1921.

2.

classes of labor employed in the construction of a new armory to take effect, April 1st, when the workers informed the contractor the cut would not be accepted they were all laid off forthwith.

The builders of Utica, N.Y. have announced that they will pay 15% less to their employees May 1st. The unions have decided to strike against the proposed cut. Their membership is above 2000.

The N.Y. State Railway officials are holding meetings to try and effect a satisfactory reduction in pay without any strike. About 15000 are involved. There are rumors of a strike in all paper making plants which would involve several thousand. This will be against a reduction in wages and an increase of hours.

This information was obtained from the State Labor Bureau, State Employment Bureau, Federation of Labor, Chamber of Commerce, the daily papers, and from personal investigation.

Investigation continued.

202600-33

GFR-MMP

April 14, 1921.

T. M. Reddy, Esquire,  
Box # 241,  
New York City.

Dear Sir:

For your information and appropriate attention, there is inclosed herewith, copy of an anonymous communication relative to radical activities in Brooklyn,

Very truly yours,

*Wm. J. Quinn*  
Chief.

LLT  
RECORDED

202600-33-270

202600-3

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>April 14/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>Apr. 3-9/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <b>At Rochester, New York.</b>			
<b>April 3</b>	At 4:30 P. M., C. Solomone and M. Stupiello came to my room and they invited me to go to a show with them. After the show we went to <u>Joseph Adriani's</u> residence at No. 302 Brown Street. There we had supper and after supper we played a few card games for wine. While playing cards, Adriani asked C. Solomone if he had received news from <u>Di Francesco</u> and if he knew his whereabouts. Solomone said "yes, I heard from him several days ago and he is now at Cleveland, Ohio". You will notice that sometime ago I stated that L. Guercia asked Ferraro if he had heard of a certain fellow by the name of Di Francesco I now presume that the above is the same person as the one I mentioned some time ago.		
" 4	C. Solomone received a card informing him that a rehearsal of the play which they are going to give sometime in May, was going to be held at #19 Costar Street and the card was signed M. L.		
" 5	At 8 P.M., Solomone and I went to the Family Theater. Nothing of importance was said during the evening.		
" 6	At 6 P.M., a Sicilian came in the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone and Solomone asked the above Sicilian if he had heard from <u>Sberna</u> and the above said "yes, I heard from him two days ago and he sent you his best regards, so when I write him I am going to tell him to leave you alone, as you are becoming a good fellow". Solomone said "all right". I understand by the above conversation that Sberna is living in a furnished room with three other Italians on Dean Street, Brooklyn, N.Y., and that Sberna is very dangerous.		
" 7	At 8 P.M., Solomone and I went to the Victoria Theater. Nothing of importance was said during the evening.		
" 8	Nothing of importance.		
REFERENCED <b>N-122</b> <b>ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>BUFFALO</b>		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
APR 21 1921  
DIVISION

RECORDED

SEP 14 1921

202600-33-225

April 9 C. Solomone was telling me a story of a Sovversiva and told me that he was going to bring me the book. At 8:P.M., M. Stupielle and I went to the Lyceum Theater. Nothing of importance was said.



202600-33

214  
Q2H

WSP

FJK

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/13/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/11/21	REPORT MADE BY: GENERAL INTELLIGENCE DIVISION APR 14 1921
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES			
FACTS DEVELOPED:  I am making investigations relative to the Chandler Owen movement known as "The Friends of Negro Freedom". I learned that Owen is back in the city, but I have not been able to locate him as yet. However, I am making inquiries among the other radicals.  Conditions are "O.K."			
Respectfully,  P-138			
RECORDED MAY 10 1921 202600-33-214 FILE G. F. R.			
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202600-33

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DIVISION  
APR 13 1921

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/12/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/9/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-137
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: UNEMPLOYMENT CONFERENCE.

RECORDED  
MAY 11 1921

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Continuing on this matter, at 2:30 p.m. I presented myself at the Rand School, 7 East 15th St. for the purpose of attending the above conference. Upon my arrival there I found about thirty-four delegates present. The meeting was opened by the Secretary A. Shields and Taylor of the Public Service was elected chairman. Then a report was made by Shields of the work of the Committee of Action and he said that there was a difference of opinion and the work of the Committee was held up, nothing concrete being done. Beyer, as Secretary of the Committee of Action, reported that it was the sabotaging of a few that held up the work and therefore the ones that were agreeable called a meeting and decided on some action. A motion was made to dissolve the Committee of Action and the motion was carried. Then another motion was made to dissolve the Conference entirely, and this motion was also carried. At the termination of the conference, the majority of the delegates went to Room 405 and there reorganized the Conference with the election of Hofbauer as chairman and Beyer as the Secretary and Treasurer. Then the Committee, as reported by McClellan, said that they had elected a Finance Committee and a Committee of Action. This last Committee had drawn up a program which they had put in leaflet form, urging the maintenance by the Government of the unemployed the prevailing rate of wages; also, the heavy taxation on incomes of

ABP  
MAY 11 1921

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\$3000. and over and the immediate resumption of trade with Russia. McClellan said that they knew that this program was a bit conservative, but there was an ultimate aim behind this. When the committee drew this up they had in mind revolutionary propaganda and they knew that the Government would never agree to this, and this therefore would incite the army of unemployed and they may take some definite action. This program was adopted temporarily by the new council and a motion was passed to elect a committee of five to draw up the principles of this body. It was reported that open air meetings had been arranged and for a May day demonstration, they had decided to hold three open air meetings on April 30th as May 1st was a Sunday. One meeting was scheduled for 10th St. & Second Ave., the other at 110th St. & 5th Ave. and the other in Brownsville, Brooklyn. Finance Committee reported that they had called on several labor unions and had collected about \$90. to be used for propaganda work. The Irish Workers League was also represented here and the delegate reported that they are making a drive to boycott all English goods here to help Ireland in its fight for freedom and also to help the strikers in England. He said that on Monday he will start distributing literature on the river front, asking the long-shoremen to boycott and not to handle English goods. A motion was made to affiliate this conference with the National Propaganda Committee for the Unemployed, headquarters in Chicago. (A circular of which you will find attached hereto). The motion was amended so that a Committee of three be elected to investigate this National Committee as to its aims and purposes and report their findings at the next meeting to be held the coming Saturday. The meeting adjourned at 6:40 p.m. as the various committees had to convene.

Respectfully, P-137

2026-33

Handwritten initials/signature

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: APR. 11, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: APR. 2-9, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES C. TORNEY.
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.			Noted F.D.W. APR 15 1921 D. W. M.
FACTS DEVELOPED:			
<p>Referring to my report made April 4, in the above entitled matter, beg to advise that the railroad strike situation remains unchanged in Central New York.</p> <p>The strike situation at the plant of the Pierce Butler and Pierce Company at Eastwood, New York remains unchanged. The men are still out and the New York State Constabulary have two men on duty there at all times and no further violence has been attempted by either side.</p> <p>The Solvay Unit of the Communist Party of America held another meeting at <u>BAGOZZI'S HALL</u> on Tuesday Evening April 5, and there were about two hundred present at same, consisting of Italians and Austrians for the greater part with a few Spaniards. One VALENTY addressed the meeting and his talk was along Socialistic lines and not quite as radical as some of the speakers who have appeared at this same hall. He told the workers to vote the Socialist ticket if any, and that eventually they would organize their own party and the workers would receive justice. A collection was taken up and about twenty five dollars was contributed. VALENTY sold some papers and pamphlets touching on Socialism and Communism. He spoke about conditions in England at the present time and said that the labor party in England would overthrow the Government. Of course he meant by that, that LLOYD GEORGE being in power through a coalition form of Government, he would be overthrown.</p>			
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but no doubt many of his hearers believed that he meant a real revolution is in store for England. Aside from this meeting they have been inactive because they are still out of work and are not supplied with funds.

Bureau letter 10/15/19

SPECIAL REPORT

202600-33  
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J  
S  
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REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/11/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Week ending 4/9/21	REPORT MADE BY: W. J. Brennan
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN BUFFALO DISTRICT

W. J. Brennan  
APR 13 1921  
DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Buffalo, New York.

RECORDED  
F. J. W. J.

Referring to the above mentioned letter and to subsequent reports, the following information is respectfully submitted:

GENERAL

Organizers of the Socialists and other radical organizers are active among the unemployed as well as organizers of the American Federation of Labor. The representatives of the different organizations continue to spread the propaganda of discontent and dissatisfaction and are making strenuous efforts to have this element join the ranks of their respective organizations. All of these agitators preach organization, saying that the employers are determined to crush organized labor and the masses for the benefit of the capitalists, and if conditions do not improve there will be a revolution in this country as many people are on the verge of starvation.

APR 10 1921

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202600-33-212

One of the labor organizers stated last week at the Central Labor Council, that the shopmen and clerks of the New York Central, Erie, Pennsylvania, Lehigh Valley and B.R. & P. railroads have voted to go on strike on May 1st if they enforce the 20% reduction in wages; also that one of the biggest strikes in the history of the country could be looked forward to when the shops went out

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WLB/CMR

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Buffalo

W.L.Buchanan

4/11/21

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as the National Executive Board, <sup>H</sup> the A-F. of L. is opposed to the present administration at the head of this country, and a nationwide strike in sympathy with the railroad men would be called.

The following leaflets continue to be distributed throughout this district:

"Why are You Out of a Job?" - signed United Communist Party.

"All Is In Our Own Hands" - issued by the Anarchist Groups of the United States and Canada

"To You, Workers of America, Colored or White", by the American Anarchist Federated Commune Soviets

"Working Men of America - Stand by Soviet Russia", by the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party of America.

Copies attached.

*and sent to Mrs. Kowalew*

*4/12/21  
L.M.*

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY - Buffalo, New York. This organization is very active in this district, especially among the foreign born element, It was announced at Socialist headquarters at a meeting last week that COX, one of the national executive heads, would be in Buffalo next week to conduct a campaign.

Organizer FARBER also stated that WILLIAM DODGE, former organizer of the W.I.I.U. and recently released from the Federal prison, attended the Socialist Labor meeting last Thursday, and offered his services to build up the local, but as some of the members suspect him of being a Secret Service man since he was released from prison, it was decided that it would not be advisable for him to take an active part at present.

About 200 foreign born, mostly Croatians, Serbians, Polish and Hungarians, held a meeting in Lackawanna, New York last week under the auspices of the Socialist Labor Party, at which pictures of Lenine and Trotsky were passed around. Local speakers talked against the Church and the Capitalists form of Government, and announced that sometime next week there would be another meeting at which time a vote would be taken on the question whether they wished the form of Government now existing in Czecho-Slovakia to continue or whether they preferred a Soviet Government like that of Soviet Russia.



COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA - Buffalo, New York. - This organization continues to be very secretive in its activity. On Saturday, the 9th instant, the following members of the party, who were apprehended in January 1920, and given hearings at that time, were taken from Buffalo to New York for deportation from that city on the 14th instant:

PETER TIMOSCHENKO, alias PETER TEEM  
PETER ROMANCZUK alias ROMANCHUK  
FRANCISEK DROZD alias DROST alias FRANK DORNSZTZ  
NIKITA ZABUDSKY alias NICK ZUBE  
VINCENTY DOMSKI alias WINCENTY DOBSKI

FRANK KACZAK alias KAZCAK was to be deported with this ~~subject~~ group, but on the 9th instant, attorney Eustace Reynolds secured a writ of habeas corpus and this man remained in Buffalo. The writ will be argued before U.S. Judge Hazel on the 12th instant.

SOVIET RUSSIA MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE - Buffalo, New York.

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This organization held a meeting at the home of Dr. A. Horwitz, 576 Jefferson Street last week. About seven persons were present. Mrs. ANNA M. REINSTEIN, wife of BORIS REINSTEIN, was present and appealed to the others to exert themselves in an effort to collect funds to be forwarded to headquarters as many supplies were needed. While there are occasional rumors that BORIS REINSTEIN will attempt to return to Buffalo in the near future to attend to some private business, Mrs. Reinstein is reluctant to give anyone information in regard to his whereabouts or activities. She simply will not discuss the subject.

POLISH ACTIVITIES - Buffalo, New York. It is estimated that there are about 120,000 persons of the Polish race in Buffalo, New York and at present there seems to be quite a factional split among these people. One faction representing Paderewski and his followers consists chiefly of the Polish clergy and the more influential classes. The other faction represents Pilsudsky and those who are at present in control in Poland. This faction is mostly made up of the working element. Both factions are active in soliciting funds and it is stated that the funds collected by the faction representing Paderewski will be used to overthrow the present Pilsudsky government, so called. There is considerable ill feeling among the Polish residents on this account.

## INDIVIDUALS

- EMMETT O'REILLY - claiming to be representative of the Irish Transport Workers Union, addressed a gathering of about 100 workmen in Miller's Hall, Buffalo, New York on Friday evening, April 8th, and spoke in substance as follows:

"Ireland will have no bourgeoisie, capitalistic government; no republic like the United States, God forbid. We are going to have a workers' republic." He pleaded for a great union of the American working people, patterned after the great Irish union, which, he claimed, ~~is~~ is alone responsible for the fight which his country is making against England. He alleged that the American dock workers, railroad men, etc. organized in behalf of the working men in Ireland; also that the members of these unions refused to load or unload British ships, refused to transport English goods or goods consigned to England. If such an organization were perfected, England would withdraw her troops from Ireland within three weeks. He denounced the politicians who groveled in the dust at Chicago and San Francisco, Conventions, and begged that the Republicans and Democrats incorporate an Irish plank in their platforms. He stated that their reward from the Harding administration was given them on March 17th when Secretary Weeks refused to permit United States soldiers and sailors to participate in a parade in Boston where societies carried the flag of the Irish Republic. He ridiculed the efforts of some Irish societies in this

country, saying they made a lot of noise and gave a lot of money but money was not what was wanted, fighting men were wanted! He stated that if these societies knew what kind of a republic was going to be established in Ireland, they would not raise their hands to help. Also that Ireland looked to organized labor to help her in her fight.

EAGAN CLANCY, claiming to be Secretary of the Irish American Labor League was with O'Reilly, and also addressed the meeting. He declared that America gets a lopsided view of the Irish situation because of the Associated Press being controlled by the capital of the British. He took exception to the posters that are being used here to create interest in the campaign for funds for Ireland because of the fact that these posters picture Ireland on her knees pleading for help. He stated that this was not so; that Ireland was on her feet fighting. He urged that a different style of poster be adopted, and closed his talk with an appeal for a United Labor Party in the United States, which would enable the united workmen of Ireland to win the fight against England.

*DSP*

JAPANESE ACTIVITIES

The following Japanese transients have been in Buffalo recently:

K. ODA from Oberlin, Ohio, registered at the Lafayette Hotel on April 2, 1921 and checked out on April 3, 1921.

H. OHGA from Oberlin, Ohio, registered at the Lafayette Hotel on April 2, 1921 and checked out on April 3, 1921.

FJK

202600-33

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APR 12 1921  
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

led  
F.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Conditions in the Negro section so far are O.K. with no visible sign of foreign interference.

I note, however, that the growing army of unemployed are now causing some very favorable comment as to the justice of the teachings of Socialism. As a sign of this growing interest I note that the Socialist forum on Sundays at the Lafayette Hall, 131st St. & Seventh Ave., is now being well attended.

During the time when jobs were plentiful the Negroes took but little interest in their meetings, but of late their attendance has taken a wonderful jump. This, therefore, gives Domingo & Owen and their associates a splendid opportunity of spreading their doctrine.

Respectfully,

P-138

ABF

APR 26 1921

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REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/11/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/7/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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NO. 1  
APR 12 1921  
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

The Negro radicals are planning to have a street meeting on Saturday night so as to be assured of a full house at their Forum on Sunday afternoon. The chief spirits are DOMINGO, PATTERSON & POTTER, who are expected to be the stepladder orators.

Conditions otherwise are "O.K."

Respectfully,

P-138

ABF  
APR 26 1921  
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202600-33-210

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RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING APRIL 9, 1921.

1. Strikes -----	1
1-A. Strike Notes -----	2
2. Radical Organizations -----	3, 4
3. Individuals -----	5
4. Radical Press (See Monthly Report)	
5. Radical Meetings -----	6
6. Trade and Labor Unions -----	7 to 10
7. Unemployment -----	11
8. Ex-Service Men -----	12
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10. Sinn Fein Activities -----	15, 16
11. Passports -----	17
12. Russian Affairs Abroad -----	18.

Noted  
F.B.W.



MAY 11 1921

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*filed*

GFR-MMP

202600-33

April 11, 1921.

T. M. Reddy, Esq.,  
Box # 241,  
New York City.

Dear Sir:

For your information and appropriate attention, there is inclosed herewith, copy of report received from a confidential source, relative to Irish activities in New York City.

Very truly yours,

*Samuel R. Bailey*  
Chief.

ELL

RECORDED

202600-33-213  
APR 12 1921

NEW YORK, N. Y.

APRIL 9, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER.

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING APRIL 9, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	Recog. of Union
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employees
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. and Hrs.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs.
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages.
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	500	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	Reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	12,000	"	Recog. of Union and resumption of old wage
Tailors	2,000	"	44 Hr. week and abolition of piece work.

FJW

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921. J  
gn  
131-A. STRIKE NOTES.HARBOR WORKERS

As a result of a conference between the tugboat owners and Secretary of Labor Davis, which was had with the employees engaged in the recent strike, the men agreed to accept the reductions of approximately twenty-five per cent, which were put into effect about March 1st.

The reduction was accepted, however, on condition that the previous wage scale existing on the former agreement which expired on December 31st, be restored on May 1st and continued, pending the adoption of a new agreement between the ocean steamship employers and employees.

Despite this adjustment, however, it is understood that further disagreement may arise on May 1st when the steamship concerns have announced their intention of putting into effect reductions ranging from fifteen to thirty per cent. The seamen have said that they will oppose the reductions and threaten to institute a shipping tie-up.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

2. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS.SOCIALISTS

During the week it was announced by State Senator Clayton R. Lusk that "with slight modifications and more specific in terms" two of the six anti-sedition bills, which were introduced last year, will again be brought before the Senate.

One of these measures is aimed toward the abolishment of the Rand School of Social Science and the other has to do with a "loyalty test" to be applied to school teachers of the State.

-----

On the 4th inst., at Albany, efforts to oust Socialist Assemblymen CHARLES SOLOMON of Brooklyn and SAMUEL ORR of the Bronx were defeated. The charge on which the action was based was the connection of the two Assemblymen with the Socialist Party.

I. W. W.

So far as the New York office is concerned, there has been little activity amongst the above circles during the past week.

UNION OF RUSSIAN WORKERS

The above organization seems to have become more active recently and the situation is being kept in touch with through confidential sources.

4

PEOPLE'S EDUCATIONAL CAMP SOCIETY, INC.

The above organization, of which A. A. Heller, former commercial representative of the Soviet Bureau in the United States is President, is circularizing the radical element throughout New York and vicinity in the interests of "Lake Tamiment" a vacation camp located in the Blue Mountains of Pennsylvania about sixteen miles from Stroudsburg, at which the organization claims it eventually proposes to establish a school for growing children. Their plan includes the sale of ten thousand five year bonds at \$5.00 each.

The circular states that the same idea has been tried in Moscow with good results and that the camp will later be used for conventions of labor bodies and social and civic groups. The headquarters in New York are at the Rand School, 7 East 15th St.

UNITED RUSSIAN PROFESSIONAL UNIONS

The ~~activities~~ of the above organization have been largely confined recently to the preparation of a statement of the financial condition of the Unions which will be published in a short time, and there has been no further activity which has not already been reported upon.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALSWILLIAM Z. FOSTER

It has been announced that the above individual, who was practically responsible for the recent steel strike in the Pittsburgh district and for many other strikes in which the radical element prevailed, is to write a series of articles on "An Amalgamation That Will Include All Branches of Railroad Labor" within a very short time. His articles will appear in the New York Call.

ROGER N. BALDWIN

Head of the National Civil Liberties Bureau, is reported as having been in Cambridge, Mass., on the 3rd inst. where, at Harvard University, a meeting was held at which about two hundred and fifty students and a number of well known radicals were present. The meeting was followed by the formation of "The Inter-collegiate Liberal League", an organization, which, through liberal clubs in colleges and universities, plans to create among college men and women intelligent interest in the problems of the day".

JOHN L. JONES

Representative in the United States of the British Labor Party, has been very active during the past week in making speeches on behalf of the British coal miners who are at present on strike.

4. RADICAL PRESS

(SEE MONTHLY REPORT)



J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

5. RADICAL MEETINGSTHE CITIZENS' ALLIANCE FOR GOOD GOVERNMENT OF QUEENS COUNTY

The above organization, which is successor of the German-American Alliance in Queens County, New York, has adopted resolutions calling upon all "real American" members of the American Legion to resign from that organization. It recommends that the men join the "World War Veterans" "as an ideal American association". As has been previously noted the World War Veterans is practically the only radical organization consisting of ex-service men in this district.

In their preamble the resolutions set forth the following:

X "The present leaders and managers of the American Legion have become agents for the British government in carrying out its propoganda in the United States against liberty and justice, instead of spreading the gospel of brotherhood and democracy, the very principles we entered the World War for." X

The resolutions then criticised the action of the American Legion in dropping from their rolls Lieut. Colonel Anderson for his participation in the meeting held on Feb. 28th at Madison Square Garden against the "Horrors on the Rhine".

The Citizens' Alliance succeeded the "Good Government League" which was in turn preceded by the "German-American Alliance", which organization was active during 1915 in urging the nomination of German candidates for offices in the United States.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONS.RAILROAD WORKERS

At a meeting held in New York on April 3rd, at which about three hundred representatives of the various railroad crafts were present, at Horton Hall, 110 East 25th St., plans were laid for the organization of a Railroad District Council for about two hundred thousand railroad workers of all crafts in the New York district.

The chairman of the meeting was NATHAN SPAIR, President of the New York District Council of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees.

According to Mr. Spair, the object of the meeting was not to fight wage reductions locally, but to give better support to the national officials in their fight against wage reductions.

It is expected that further meetings will be held in the near future.

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INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS UNION

On the 4th inst. Justice Delehanty in the Supreme Court, New York City, heard argument in the application of the firm of S. BORGENICHT & SONS for an injunction against the above Union to restrain it from conducting a strike at the above Company's factory. In ordering submission of briefs by attorneys for the plaintiffs and defendants, Justice Delehanty said:

"Employees on strike must realize that while they have the right to strike, other men and women have the right to work without hindrance

and striking employees must understand that those who desire to work will be protected by the courts."

The strike has been going on since November, 1920, at which time, the Union claims, the Company broke its agreement which was entered into with the Union.

NECKWEAR MAKERS UNION

Supreme Court Justice Newberger, New York, on the 4th inst. granted a temporary injunction to the I. D. Wolfson Co., 1587 Broadway, against the above Union, restraining striking members of the Union from picketing the factory of the Company, pending the hearing on this suit against the Union for Twenty-five Thousand Dollars damages.

AMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

Supreme Court Justice Joseph E. Newberger on the 4th inst. signed an order modifying the temporary injunction which he granted on March 31st to J. Friedman & Co., Inc., against the above Union and certain of its members. Further hearings in this case will be held on Monday, April 11th when attorneys for Friedman & Co. will make application for a continuance of the injunction.

In modifying the temporary injunction Justice Newberger ordered that the words in the injunction which restrained the Amalgamated "from instigating, waging or continuing a strike against plaintiff or among plaintiff's employees" be stricken out.

-----  
The union has made the statement that the Million Dollar fund which was collected to help support the so-called locked out members of the union, has been oversubscribed by Twenty-three Thousand Three Hundred and Ninety-seven Dollars (\$23,397.00).

On the 7th inst. attorneys for S. D. Levey & Co., Clothing Manufacturers with a plant at the Bush Terminal, Brooklyn, applied to Supreme Court Justice MacCrate for an injunction restraining the above union from interfering with the employees of the Company. The Company charged the union with intimidating the workers during the strike which has been in progress for some months. Justice MacCrate reserved decision.

NEW YORK EMPLOYING PRINTERS' ASSOCIATION

The above Association, which has been attempting to arrive at a wage basis with the eight thousand workers whom it employs, has submitted to the Board of Arbitrators, consisting of WILLIAM F. OGBURN, Professor of Economics at Barnard College; ALLEN T. BURNS, Director of Methods of Americanization of the Carnegie Corporation and RAYMOND D. FOSDICK, formerly Commissioner of Accounts under the late Mayor Gaynor.

The proposal of the employers includes a reduction in wages of about twenty-five per cent, to become effective this month, and a forty-eight hour week, while the counter demands of the Pressmen's Union includes increases in wages varying from Seven Dollars to Ten Dollars a week and the forty-four hour week. It is expected that in the course of a few days the leading representatives will also submit a brief to the Board of Arbitration.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

7. UNEMPLOYMENT

The statement has been made by HENRY C. HUNTER, Counsellor for the New York and New Jersey Dry Dock Association, that only one half as many men are employed in American shipyards today as were employed one year ago.

-----  
From a statement made by the Contracting Dock Builders Association of New York, there are only about five hundred dock builders employed at this time as against three thousand a year ago.

The Dock Builders' Association points out that before the War Dock Builders received \$24.00 a week; Engineers \$27.00 and cement workers \$10.50 to \$14.00 all for a forty-eight hour week, and since then wages have been increased to \$8.00 a day for dock builders, \$6.50 a day for cement workers and engineers for a forty-four hour week.

The Cunard Steamship Co. and the Luckenbach Lines claim that they are only awaiting a fair reduction in wages in order to spend several million dollars on port improvements.

-----  
There has recently been held a meeting of the so-called unemployment conference consisting entirely of radicals, at which plans were laid for a mass meeting to be held some time in the future at Madison Square Garden. It is quite unlikely, however, that the above meeting will ever take place as, so far, the only work which seems to have been accomplished is the appointment of a committee on program. The main factors in this movement were CARROLL of the Public Service Organization and MCCLELLAN of the I. W. W.

EJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APR 19, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MEN.\*

So far as this office has been able to learn, there has been no activity of a radical nature in the ranks of the ex-service men in this district during the current week.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIESNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE

The above association is organizing a drive to increase its membership to two hundred and fifty thousand. The drive will end on May 15th. The entire country will be covered, plans for the campaign having been laid at a number of regional conferences which have been held in the main centers of the association.

BLACK STAR STEAMSHIP LINE

As previously reported, there are a number of Negroes now in New York awaiting the return of Marcus Garvey and the sailing of the ship which he had advertised would leave the port of New York for Liberia on March 24th. In his absence, one PLUMMER is attempting to placate these people who have sold all their belongings and have brought their baggage to this city.

From confidential source it has been learned that Garvey had sold steamship reservations to the amount of at least a few thousand dollars prior to his departure from New York. Plummer is also said to have made the statement that the Postal Department may soon charge Garvey with using the mails in a scheme to defraud. In view of the fact that he has used the mails in the furtherance of his Black Star Line activities.

MEETINGS.

On the 3rd inst. Professor BOAS of Columbia University, spoke at the Radical Forum, 131st St. & Seventh Ave., with CHANDLER OWEN,



a well known Negro radical, acting as chairman. The Professor's subject was "The Inferiority of Races", and he stated in the course of his speech that he advocated the mixing of the colored and white races, as the offspring of mixed racial marriages were invariably stronger than those of the pure races. While Professor Boas was discoursing on this subject MOORE, another pronounced Negro radical, interrupted the meeting by rising and strongly urging all those present to adopt Bolshevism as the only means by which to settle the race problem.

MARCUS GARVEY

The above individual, according to latest confidential sources, is still in Jamaica, B. W. I., on his speaking tour. It is understood from the same source that he is accompanied on his trip by a woman known as AMY JACQUES, with whom it is alleged he has been living since his trouble with his lawful wife some months ago. The girl is known generally as his private secretary.

Most of the New York Negro papers have been running news articles in which they raise the question as to whether Garvey will be permitted to return to the United States, for the reason that he is known as an agitator and has had a baneful influence on the Negro population of this country.

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIESIRISH-AMERICAN LABOR LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the above organization a meeting was held on April 5th at Bohemian National Hall, 321 East 73rd St., New York, which was attended by several hundred men and women.

THOMAS F. RYAN, Business Agent of the Warehousemen's Union and a director of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic, made a speech which was extremely bitter and in the course of which he stated: "You used to hear them say, 'don't bite the hand that fed you'. America never fed me. I have fed myself. I owe nothing to America. No Irishman owes anything to America, but America can never repay the debt she owes to Ireland."

He later added: "Ireland is not fighting England. Ireland is fighting America. The Liberty Bonds--I should say the slavery bonds--you bought are keeping the Black and Tans in Ireland". Another remark of Ryan's was to the effect that the Irish in America had "sent their boys overseas to make the world safe for the British empire" and that they had been gulled into "going out and waving flags and being one hundred per cent jackasses". Ryan thereafter pointed out to his audience that in 1917, when the United States declared war against Germany if the Irish in this country had been worth a damn they would have gone to Washington and told the Englishman in the Presidential chair that not an Irishman nor the son of an Irishman would don a uniform and fight until Ireland was liberated.

After the meeting JOHN L. JONES, representative in this country of the British Labor Party, left for the coal fields of West Virginia where he will agitate amongst the miners and explain to them the position of the coal mine strikers in England. Jones, in addressing the meeting, stated that a labor government would be in control in Great Britain within the next few weeks.

The Chairman of the meeting was THOMAS J. OFLAHERTY, editor of "The Irish People", a Socialistic Irish publication, the first issue of which was published within the past few months.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

11. PASSPORTS.

Amongst those making application to depart this country during the current week is one JOHN FREEBERG, 114 West 127th St., New York City, Application No. 57926.

The records of this office show that this man was arrested in January, 1920, as a member of the Communist Party and warrant of deportation was cancelled on April 22, 1920.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 9, 1921.

12. RUSSIAN AFFAIRS ABROAD

On the 6th inst. Captain HUGH H. MARTIN, who for over three years, was in Russia in the Diplomatic Service of the United States Government, made an address before the Merchants' Association at the Astor Hotel, New York. Captain Martin described the methods by which twenty leaders with less than half a million followers gained mastery over a nation of more than one hundred and fifty million people. He warned his hearers that Bolshevism was not going through a period of evolution or betterment.

In describing the methods used by the Bolsheviks to maintain their grip, Captain Martin stated that it was based absolutely on terror and that Russia is dying today because her industry is gone, having been destroyed by Bolshevism.

-----  
It has been learned that Dr. ~~Morris Zuker of~~ Brooklyn, New York, has just arrived at Reval, Esthonia, after spending about five months in Russia.

Zuker was convicted before the United States District Court in Brooklyn, New York, in January 1919, was released on bail and a year later surrendered to the authorities with the request that he be deported to Russia. Zuker's request was granted. In a long statement made on his arrival at Reval, he said that he had spent most of his time while in Russia in prison, by order of Santeri Nuorteva and that conditions in Russia are steadily becoming worse.

*J. G. Tucker.*

J. G. TUCKER, Special Agent.

OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

*W.S.P.*

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

202600-33

*Please do not detach  
letter from report*

April 9, 1921.

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

*Note  
F.D.W.*

ATTENTION MR. J. E. HOOVER.

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith in triplicate Special  
Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater New York  
District for period ending April 9, 1921.

Yours very truly,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

RECEIVED  
APR 10 1921  
F. B. I.

JGT:FJR  
Encl.

*OK  
4/12/21  
W.S.P.*

LLT

APR 25 1921  
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F. B. I.  
HOOVER

FILE  
W.V.G.

20265-33

TFB-EMR

April 9, 1921.

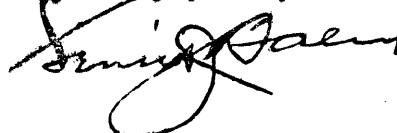
T. M. Reddy, Esq.,  
Box 241, City Hall Sta.,  
New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

I am enclosing herewith a photostatic copy of a communication received by the Bureau, signed by H. H. Smythe, Pay Clerk, USNRP, of 142 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Smythe states that he may be able to give some information regarding anarchist and other radical activities in New York.

Very truly yours,



Chief.

202600-33-215X

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RDB

JRN-  
202600-33  
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REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4-7-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4-4-	REPORT MADE BY: P 137
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  IN RE: <u>UNEMPLOYMENT SITUATION</u>			
FACTS DEVELOPED:  Tonight I met <u>G. VAUGHN</u> , who is a delegate to the Unemployment Conference and also on the Committee of Action. He told me that the Committee met last Saturday but could not agreed on ideas, and adjourned in disorder. He then gave me a leaflet entitled " <u>Unemployed</u> " issued by the Committee of Action of Unemployed Conference of Greater New York, Room 405, 7 East 15th Street, but stated the same did not correspond with what they decided upon, but they really had decided to take a survey of the industries, and the way in which food was brought to Greater New York and the location of the warehouses where same was stored, so they could go and take them when the time came. He further stated that in order to straighten out the tangle, they decided to call a meeting of the Conference for Saturday, April 9th, at 2 P. M. RAND SCHOOL.			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION  
APR 9 1921

P 137

APR 30 1921

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202600-33-207

Handwritten initials and numbers, possibly "F 7" and "1199".

ORIGINAL

7-1169



MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION  
In replying refer to

10110-573  
M.I. 4-B.

WAR DEPARTMENT  
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF  
WASHINGTON

202600-33

*[Handwritten initials]*

April 7, 1921.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION  
APR 15 1921

Mr. L. J. Baley,  
Chief, Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Baley:

A report has been received from our New York office which states that a meeting was held on March 29, 1921, by the Anarchists at Ferrer Modern School, 1258 Boston Road near 169th Street, New York City. The speakers were John Edelman, Leonard D. Abbott, and Alexis Edelman.

The principal object of the Anarchists is to establish a school for children at Bronx, New York and to gain recruits. The first speaker advocated as the only means of overthrowing this present rotten society is by teaching children the real freedom so, when they grow up, they will not be subjects of the present slavery system conducted by the capitalists. He bitterly criticized the present school system in the United States.

This for your information.

Very truly yours,

For the Director, Military Intelligence Division.

*Matthew C. Smith*  
MATHEW C. SMITH,  
Colonel, General Staff,  
Chief, Negative Branch.

hsr.

AUG 11 1921

Mail and Files Division

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T.F.B.

*[Handwritten initials]*

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Post Office Department  
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Washington

202600-33  
APR 9 1921  
Noted  
P.D.W.  
GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
IN

Bureau of Investigation,

Department of Justice.

Gentlemen:

I transmit herewith for your consideration and such attention as may be deemed warranted, a communication of Mr. W. L. Hurley, Department of State, dated April 1, 1921, submitting an objectionable letter mailed at New York, New York, and addressed to the Department of State.

While the language used in the communication in question is of a threatening nature, in the opinion of this office it is not such as to be unmailable when sent under cover, as was done in this instance, and it is believed that an investigation by a postoffice inspector is not warranted.

Respectfully,

Inclosure.

Rec'd  
4/12/21  
HJR

RECORDED

APR 21 1921

202600-33-206

WRR  
Wm Dutton  
Chief Inspector

File 8709

02600-33

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>April 6/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>Mar. 27th to Apr. 2/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <b>At Rochester, New York.</b>			
<b>March 27</b>	At 5 P.M., C. Solomone, M. Stupiello, and another Italian fellow by the name of <u>Joseph Adriani</u> came to my room and they invited me to go to a show with them. Nothing of importance was said during the evening.		
<b>" 28</b>	Nothing of importance.		
<b>" 29</b>	At 5:30 P.M. I went into the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone. While in there I read an article in the New York Journal where it says that United States Senator Borah has filed a bill to provide penalties for violating the liberties of the people. So, after reading the above article, I called Solomone's attention to the above article and when he got through reading the above article, said, "I wish they would put that bill through so that they couldn't deport or put men to jail, just for expressing their opinions against the Government." I asked him if he ever was arrested and he said "yes", a friend of mine and I by the name of Louis Quercia were arrested for carrying a revolver in our possession and got six months for it and then we were re-arrested for some vile pamphlets they found in our possession and we were put under \$1000. bail". I then said "they must have been very strong for the Government to re-arrest you fellows for the pamphlets". He said, "they certainly were, as the pamphlets called President Wilson his Majesty phonograph Wilson, and made threats. Signed - The American Anarchists. I asked him how he happened to have them in his possession and he told me that they were sent to him by some members of the Cronica Savversiva Groups at Boston. I think that the pamphlets which Solomone and Quercia had in their possession were the go-ahead pamphlets, as the go-ahead pamphlets read as follows: "The senile fossils ruling the United States see red! Smelling their destruction, they have decided		
REFERENCE <b>N-122</b> <b>ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>BUFFALO.</b> <b>SEP 14 1921</b>		

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FILE  
F. P. B.

to check the storm by passing the Deportation Law affecting all foreign radicals. We, the American Anarchists, do not protest, for it is futile to waste any energy on feeble minded creatures led by his Majesty Phonograph Wilson. Do not think that only foreigners are anarchists. We are a great number right here at home. Deportation will not stop the storm from reaching these shores. The storm is within and very soon will leap and crash and annihilate you in blood and fire. You have shown no pity to us! We will do likewise. And deport us! We will Dynamite you! Either deport us or free all the American Anarchists."

March 30 Nothing of importance.

" 31 Nothing of importance.

April 1 Nothing of importance.

" 2 At 3 P.M. I went into the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone. While in there I read an article in the New York Journal where it says "Agents of the Department of Justice have known for some weeks the identity of the Radical Group responsible for the Wall Street explosion of last Fall.", so I called Solomone's attention to the above article and when he got through reading the above article, he said "that son of a -----,"pointing to Director Flynn's name, "if he knows who did it, why don't he arrest them"and I then said to Solomone, "who do you think did it?" He said, "the Department of Justice itself". Then Supiello said to Solomone "if somebody will shoot Director Flynn, they would do the Anarchists one of the best favors anybody could do. At 8 P.M., C. Solomone, Stupiello and I went to the Gayety Theater.

FJK

202600-33

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USA

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/5/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/1/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION  
APR 6 1921

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

Noted  
F.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Today I continued my search for G. MILLS and RALF JEFFRIES, wanted by the office, but did not get any valuable information regarding them as yet.

So far as conditions among the Negroes are concerned, I did not discover any signs of foreign interference.

FILE  
G.I.B.

Respectfully,

P-138

APR 26 1921 LLT

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REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL

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202600-33

J.H.N.

15/11

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/5/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/2/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>HUDSON PRICE, Associate Editor of the "Negro World", who visited President King of Liberia in Washington yesterday, gave me the result of his conference today. Price said that Johnson, a member of the King Liberian delegation, was very much incensed and displeased at the poor reception given to them in Washington. He claimed that they were slighted by the U. S. A. who had invited them here; that after being there in Washington three weeks, there was not even a pretense of granting them an interview until Friday of this week and so far this is the worst treatment they had from any other power. King told Price that he was not going to accept a loan from the U. S. with any of the conditions which were attached to it last year; it must be a loan which guarantees to Liberia their sovereignty. He also said that even if he gets a U. S. loan, he would still be open for a loan from private sources. Johnson in expressing his displeasure at the way the U. S. treated them, told Price that on one occasion they, the Liberian Government, had some dispute with native African tribes. They asked the aid of the U. S. A., who sent down a gunboat to Monrovia in answer to their call, but when they arrived there, the Captain and crew of the U. S. gunboat came ashore and instead of helping and protecting them, they really treated them worse than the natives were treating them. Johnson claimed that he has represented Liberia in Paris, Berlin, London</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

Noted  
F.D.W.

MAY 10 1921

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FBI  
G.P.O.

ORIGINAL

and many other European cities and has always been treated with far more courtesy than he and his delegation are now receiving from the U. S.

Johnson said he is a member of Garvey's Association, having joined the branch in Monrovia and spoke for them there a few weeks before leaving. He will speak next week before the Philadelphia branch of Garvey's Association and afterwards he is booked to speak in New York Liberty Hall. He told Price, that the teaching of Garvey which says that he is using Liberia as a 'base' for conquering Africa should be cut out as it is an unwise policy.

Respectfully,

P-138

202600-33

WST

REPORT MADE AT: Syracuse, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: APR. 4, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 26-Apr 2, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES C. TORREY. DIVISION
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Referring to my report made March 28, 1921 in the above entitled matter, the strike situation at the plant of the Pierce Butler, and Pierce Company at Eastwood, New York remains unchanged. No further violence has been attempted during the past week and no further trouble is expected.</p> <p>Nothing new in the railroad strike situation has occurred during the past week.</p> <p>I might say that the general employment situation is becoming serious because of the number of men out of work at the present time, many of whom are very anxious to obtain employment of any kind but they are not able to obtain same. This particular class of individuals seem to think that if conditions do not become better by <del>May</del> <sup>APRIL 15 1921</sup> there will be some sort of an outbreak or demonstration.</p> <p>In regard to the general trades-men, they claim they will not accept reduction but it seems as though they will have to accept reductions by May 1.</p> <p>I do not look for any serious demonstration of any kind in Central New York but am keeping in close touch with the general situation.</p> <p>The radical members of the Communist Party at Solvay, New York have been inactive during the past week excepting for a few pamphlets commenting on the unemployment situation which have been distributed. They are still out of work and are without funds and the only development is</p>			
REFERENCE: JCT:LT	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Washington Albany Syracuse New York City.		

RECORDED 202600-33-205X

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that a group of Spaniards are having informal talks and meetings and are preparing to organize a Spanish Unit of the Communist Party of America at Solvay, New York.

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REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/4/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/30/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
APR 8 1921  
DIVISION

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

M.C.B.  
D-300

FACTS DEVELOPED:

I am continuing my investigation to locate G. W. MILLS and RALF JEFFRIES, who are wanted by the office, but so far have not leanned anything of interest.

HUDSON PRICE, Associate Editor of the Negro World, will leave to-night for Washington in an effort to secure an interview with President King of Liberia relative to finding out his (King's) attitude towards accepting a private loan in preference to a Government loan. He promised to give me the result of his visit when he returns. Conditions are O.K. with no present sign of foreign interference.

Respectfully,

P-138

W.L.B.  
F.B.I.

LLT

APR 26 1921

202600-33-205 X

ENCLOSURE

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ORIGINAL

GFR-MMP

202600-33

April 14, 1921.

T. M. Reddy, Esq.,

Box # 241,

New York City.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to report of P-138 dated March 22nd, in rel Negro Activities. As the Department files contain no information relative to the "Sons of Negro Freedom", which organization was referred to in this report, it is desired that you make a complete and thorough investigation of same, forwarding your reports to this office as soon as possible.

Very truly yours,



Chief.

WHF

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REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/4/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/31/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
APR 6 1921  
DIVISION

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: ~~NEGRO ACTIVITIES.~~

Noted  
F.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

I had a conversation today with two of the officials of Garvey's Black Star Association, one, the circulation manager of the Negro World and the other, a fellow named PLUMMER who is known as the head of Garvey's field force or diplomatic corps. He is supposed to gather all information and solve the problems which might get Garvey or the Association in trouble. Plummer told me that there were a number of persons who were here from Detroit and other points in the South, awaiting the sailing of a ship for Africa as per Garvey's misleading advertisement in the Negro World of a few weeks ago, which said that his ship would be sailing on March 24th, another in April, etc.

Plummer said that these poor misguided followers had sold their belongings and were here with their baggage and not the very slightest prospect was there of even acquiring a ship.

I also learned from Plummer that Garvey had sold quite a lot of tickets amounting probably to a few thousand dollars. However, Plummer and the circulation manager told me that they fear very much that the U. S. Postal Department will soon charge Garvey with using the mails to defraud. In view of these facts, PRICE, Associate Editor Negro World, PLUMMER and the other fellow protested repeatedly and advised Garvey's high officials to stop the advertisement in the Negro World relative to booking of passengers and freight to Africa, so as

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to avoid any further complication. Plummer seems to be an honest minded fellow, but his hands are tied. However, between Price and himself, they will drop out the advertisement this week on their own account. They claimed that Garvey has too many preachers who are in high office and making a lot of empty and false promises to the people in Liberty Hall, thereby getting the organization into trouble.

Respectfully,

P-138

FJK

224  
202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/4/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/1/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-137
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: <u>UNEMPLOYMENT SITUATION.</u>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: Pursuant to instructions, I interviewed one <u>GEORGE VAUGHN</u> , who is a delegate to the Unemployment Conference, which move has been started by the <u>Amalgamated Metal Workers</u> . He, (Vaughn), informed me that this move had been started by the above organization with the help of <u>A. Shields</u> who had the word of the technical engineers that they with their vast knowledge would furnish all statistics on the unemployment question. The organization that sent delegates were seven from the <u>Communist Group</u> , about fourteen <u>I. W. W. locals</u> , about sixteen from the <u>Painters locals</u> and all of the <u>Amalgamated Metal Workers locals</u> , the <u>Aircraft Workers</u> , the <u>Hotel Workers</u> , <u>Public Service Organizations</u> and also from the <u>Printers and Publishers</u> . The ones who organized the move was a man named <u>Howard</u> from the <u>Public Utility Workers</u> , a man named <u>Kelly</u> from the <u>Amalgamated Metal Workers</u> and <u>Shield</u> and <u>Vaughn</u> from the <u>Printers and Publishers</u> and <u>Bayer</u> of the <u>Defense</u> . At the conference the program was discussed in which it was decided to elect a committee on program and they brought in the following recommendation: That we urge the Government to start trade relations with Russia; that we urge all labor organizations to send delegates to this conference; that we urge all locals to contribute as much as possible to further the work of this conference, and to call a large unemployment meeting at <u>Madison Square Garden</u> . After these recommendations were adopted, it was decided to elect a committee of action of 15 men. This com-			
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DIVISION

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mittee was instructed to draw up a letter to be written in circular form to be distributed far and wide. At the following conference the committee reported that they had done nothing, as the time had been too short between the conferences to do anything. At this conference they were again instructed to draw up the letter, and also to make arrangements to hold open air unemployment meetings. Vaughn is a member of the Committee of action and stated that the Committee has not done a thing as yet because the men vary too much in opinion; and, from what he can see, they, the committee, will never do anything.

Therefore, some of the Committee, headed by Carroll of the Public Service, under the auspices of the Public Service, called a caucus meeting of delegates of the conference in the Public Service Hall on East 83rd St., there being about twenty delegates present, four Communists, some painters and I. W. W. At this meeting a committee of action was elected to get in touch with the committee of action of the conference and learn if they had done anything, and if not, the Committee of Action of this caucus was to take the matter in hand and call at all labor organizations and also call unemployment open air meetings and, if possible, to ask the Committee of Action of the Conference to call a meeting of the Conference as soon as possible.

Carroll of the Public Service and McClellan of the I. W. W. are the main figures of the caucus.

Respectfully,

P-137

OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

*West*

April 2, 1921.

*202600-33*

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

ATTENTION MR. J. E. HOOVER.

*Noted  
D.W.*

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith in triplicate Special  
Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater New York  
District for period ending April 2, 1921.

Yours very truly,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGE:FJK  
Encl.

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APR 19 1921  
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FILE  
W.W.G.

*file No. on original  
report 7011*



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RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING APRIL 2, 1921.

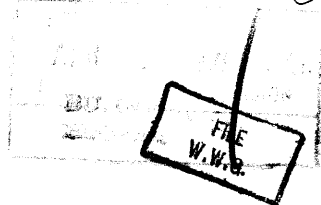
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Noted  
F.D.W.

LLT

APR 27 1921

202600-33-203



NEW YORK, N. Y.

APRIL 2, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING APRIL 2, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	Recog. of Union
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employees
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. and Hrs.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs.
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages.
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	500	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	Reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	12,000	"	Recog. of Union and resumption of old wages
Tailors	2,000	"	44 Hr. week and abolition of piece work.
Marine Engineers	2,000	"	Protest against decrease in wages.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921. MS

1-A. STRIKE NOTES  
FEATHER BOA MAKERS UNION

As a result of the signing of an agreement between the Marabou & Ostrich Manufacturers Association and the above Union, the strike, which has been going on for some weeks, was practically brought to a close. The agreement included the following demands which had been made by the Union: closed shop, forty-four hour week, same wage scale as 1920, the discharge of scabs who do not join the Union within one week and no discrimination against workers who were active in the strike.

HOUSE WRECKERS UNION

At a meeting of the above Union, held in New York on the 1st inst. six hundred members voted unanimously to reject the proposals of the employers--The Demolition Contractors' Protective Association, Inc., which included wage reductions of from twenty-five to forty per cent. The members also voted that unless some amicable arrangement could be made with the employers, they, the Union, would go on strike on May 2nd.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921. NS  
B2. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS.POLITICAL AMNESTY COMMITTEE

ADOLPH GERMER, Director of the Political Amnesty Committee, headquarters at 7 East 15th St. (Rand School), on the 29th of March made a request of E. L. Ream, Assistant Secretary of Cooper Union, to engage the hall for some night during the coming week. Ream asked for a list of the speakers and was told that they included MORRIS HILLQUIT, PHILIP FRANCIS, the Rev. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, JUDAH L. MAGNES and LEON H. ROUSE, President of the Typographical Union. Later on in the day Mr. Ream informed Germer over the telephone that the managers of Cooper Union did not wish to have the meeting held there.

-----

After a meeting of the above body on the 28th of March it was announced that the proposed activities of the Committee to be held in Washington on April 13th and 14th would consist of the following program:

1. Presentation of petitions to Congress. These petitions will be presented by a committee chosen by the conference to be held on the evening of the 13th. The committee will be escorted to the steps of the Capitol by the entire delegation.
2. A delegation to visit and interview President Harding.
3. A delegation to visit and interview Attorney General Daugherty.
4. A mass meeting at the Masonic Temple on the evening of the 13th.
5. Personal interview with representatives and senators on the 14th of April.

*Mr. Marsh, Office -*

SOVIET RUSSIA MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE

The above organization has made the announcement that it is arranging to send another cargo of medical and children's supplies on the S. S. "Pittsburgh Bridge" of the Susquehanna Steamship Line, which is due to sail during the first week of April. The organization at the same time made the statement that recent advices received from Russia indicated that the need of the children of Soviet Russia is most urgent in view of the recent counter revolutionary moves.

The statement charged that large amounts of money and supplies collected in this country by the Red Cross and other organizations for the relief of suffering Europe were used directly or indirectly to support the invaders of Soviet Russia. The Committee further suggested that during the coming month every city and community should set aside one week to be known as "Children's Week of Soviet Russia", for the purpose of collecting funds and supplies for shipment to that country.

SOCIALISTS

HENRY JAGER, Socialist Assemblyman from the 14th District of Kings, was ousted by the New York State Assembly which accepted the conclusion of the Judiciary Committee that he was a resident of Jersey and not of New York. No attempt was made to evict the other two Socialists, CHARLES SOLOMON of Kings and SAMUEL A. ORR of the Bronx.

Seven hours debate preceded the final roll call which showed seventy-six (76) for and sixty-two (62) against unseating.

The ouster proceedings were led by Assemblyman GEORGE ROWE of Buffalo, who claimed that all of Jager's alleged residences in Kings

County were small furnished rooms and the testimony of witnessed called tended to show that Jager regarded Maywood, New Jersey as his home.

UNION OF RUSSIAN WORKERS

It has been learned from a confidential source that many members of this organization, which makes its headquarters at 83 East 7th St., are carrying revolvers and one BEREZOWSKY has made the statement that the American policemen must be shown that the Russian anarchists mean business.

UNITED RUSSIAN PROFESSIONAL UNIONS

There has been little activity during the current week in the above circles.

PAWLOFF, who was formerly connected with the Detroit branch, has been in New York since the Convention of the Third All-Colonial up till recently when he went to Philadelphia where he will meet one BELOPOL and remain in that city for several days.

According to confidential advices, there seems to have been a split in the ranks of the "Americanskyye Izvestia" and it is thought that one faction will finally sue the other for possession of the linotype machines which are at present in possession of a group headed by GORODIENKO.

There seems to have been renewed activity in the Connecticut branches of the Unions, requests having been made from three towns to have agitators sent there. This information has been conveyed to the Hartford office in which district the towns lie.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALSBENJAMIN GITLOW

The conviction of the above individual, formerly New York State Assemblyman, sentenced to not less than five years imprisonment under the State Criminal Anarchy Act, was affirmed on the 1st inst. by Justice Laughlin of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, the other members of the Court concurring.

The charge against Gitlow was that he feloniously advocated, advised and taught the duty, the necessity and propriety of overthrowing and overturning organized government by force, violence and unlawful means.

After reviewing the revolutionary teachings in the 'left wing' manifesto, published July 5, 1919 in the 'Revolutionary Age', Justice Laughlin says in part:

"I cannot subscribe to the doctrine that it is not competent for the legislature to forbid the advocacy of such a doctrine designed and intended to overthrow government in this manner until it can be shown that there is a present or immediate danger that it will be successful\*\*

"The doctrines advocated are not harmless. They are a menace and it behooves Americans to be on their guard to meet and combat the movement, which, if permitted to progress, as contemplated, may undermine and endanger our cherished institutions of liberty and equality\*\*\*\*\*

"But if immigration is properly supervised and restricted,

and people become aroused to the danger to be apprehended from the propaganda of class prejudice and hatred carried on by a very small minority, mostly of foreign birth which has for its object, not only the overthrow of government, but the destruction of civilization and all the innumerable benefits it has brought to mankind, there can be no doubt that the God-fearing, liberty-loving American, both in the urban and rural communities who appreciate the equal liberties for all for bettering their status and every advancement afforded by our constitutional form of government under which the majority rule and have made and are making sacrifices to improve their conditions and that of their families, and accumulate property for themselves and for those who come after them, will see to it that these pernicious doctrines are not permitted to take root in America."



FJK

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J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921.

4. RADICAL PRESS.

See future report.

5. RADICAL MEETINGSSOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF SOVIET RUSSIA<sup>m</sup>

A meeting was held at the Lexington Opera House on the afternoon of March 27th, the chairmen being J. W. Hartmann, editor of "Soviet Russia", who served temporarily, and Dr. Isaac A. Hourwich, formerly counsel to the Soviet Bureau in this city. Other speakers were HARRY WATON and CHARLES ASHLEIGH an I. W. W.

The object of the meeting was to protest against the "three year old campaign of lies and falsification against Soviet Russia" and the mention of any of the New York leading dailies was met with derision.

Professor Hartmann stated, that despite the apparently unfriendly tone of Secretary of State Hughes' note to the Soviet republic he could not help the feeling that it would benefit the Soviet government, and said that the audience were there to rejoice in the triumph of the Russian proletariat over its enemies and the victory of Communism over capitalism.

Harry Waton, in the course of his speech, prophesied that within a short time negotiations for trade relations would be entered into between the United States and Russia and added that within a short time "a new psychology will be created, the capitalist press will help and in a short time they will kiss the cheeks of Lenin and Trotzky".

BROOKWOOD SCHOOL

On the 31st of March a number of radical labor leaders from various parts of the country assembled at the Brookwood School, Katonah, New York, for the purpose of framing plans to establish a new Socialist college. Amongst those who were said to have been present at the conference, which lasted two days, were W. Z. FOSTER, leader of the recent steel strike in the Pittsburgh district; JAMES H. MAURER, President of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor; JOHN FITZPATRICK, President of the Illinois State Federation of Labor; JOHN BROPHY, District President of the United Mine Workers of America; JOSEPH SCHLOSSBERG, Secretary of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America; MISS ROSE SCHNEIDERMAN of the Women's Trade Union League; JAY G. BROWN, President of the International Timber Workers Union and A. J. MUSTE, Executive Secretary of the Amalgamated Textile Workers of America. Amongst the speakers was, also HENRY DANA, former Professor of English Literature in Columbia University. It is impossible at this time to learn the progress made by the conference..

H. R. BROGHAM, publicity man for the conference stated that the "four fundamental tenets" upon which the conference was held, were:

First, that a new social order is needed and is coming--in fact, that it is already on the way.

Second, that education will not only hasten its coming, but will reduce to a minimum and perhaps do away entirely with a resort to violence methods.

Third, that the workers are the ones who will usher in this new order.

Fourth, that there is immediate need for a workers college with a broad curriculum, located amidst healthful country surroundings where the students can completely apply themselves to the tasks at hand.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONS

BUILDING TRADES EMPLOYERS' ASS'N. ESSEX CO., N. J.

The above Association has made the announcement that commencing May 1st, a wage cut will take effect in thirteen trades.

W

According to the statement, bricklayers' pay and masons' will be cut from Ten Dollars to Nine Dollars a day; sheet metal workers' from Nine to Eight Dollars; plumbers' from Ten to Eight Dollars; steam fitters helper's from Seven to Five Dollars; iron workers' from Nine to Eight Dollars; wood and metal lathers' from Nine to Eight Dollars; mill workers' from Six Dollars and Eighty Cents to Five Dollars and Sixty Cents; hod carriers' and masons' helpers' from Seven to Five Dollars and Sixty Cents. Carpenters, painters, decorators and paper hangers will not be affected by the order.

A meeting of the Newark Building Trades of the Central Labor Union will be held shortly to consider the new scale, and William J. Lyons, President of the organization, has made the statement that he could not express the attitude of the men toward the wage cut until the meeting.

AMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

The suit against the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America for the dissolution of the Union and for Five Hundred Thousand Dollars damages, brought against SIDNEY HILLMAN individually and as General President of the Amalgamated, and other officials of that organization, as well as against the New York Joint Board, by J. FRIEDMAN & CO., INC.,

was dismissed by Justice Nathan Bijur in the Supreme Court, New York, on the 29th of March.

The decision of Justice Bijur sets aside the previous rulings of two other Supreme Court justices and holds that the suit brought by J. Friedman & Co., Inc., in the recent strike troubles was without sufficient grounds to formulate an opinion.

Decisions had been handed down by Justices Mitchell L. Erlanger and Joseph E. Newberger favorable to the clothing manufacturing firm. Justice Bijur not only set these aside, but gave the Amalgamated workers the benefit of a complete victory.

The proceedings were started by J. Friedman & Co. against the Amalgamated on three points, the first asking the dissolution of the Union as unlawful, the second asking an injunction to prevent the Union from picketing the Company's five factories and the third asking damages of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars against the Union.

In Justice Bijur's decision the defendant's action for dismissal of the suit was granted with Ten Dollars costs, with leave for the plaintiff to plead over within twenty days.

Harry Gordon, attorney for the Clothing Manufacturer's Association, announced that he would avail himself of this opportunity and stated that all that was needed to be done was to amend the wording of the plea.

-----

On the 30th of March Justice JAMES C. VAN SICLEN in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, handed down a decision declaring that picketing of the clothing factory of Schwartz & Jaffee, Inc., at the Bush Terminal, Bay Ridge, was unlawful.

The Court said that peaceful picketing was not necessary to inform the public of the strike and that, therefore, it was unlawful. The Justice called attention to the fact that while the Union disputes the right of the concern to make individual contracts with its present employees, it does not dispute the legality of the wage contracts from 1914 to 1919. The strike was declared by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America against Schwartz & Jaffee, Inc., in December, 1920, and since that time the picketing has resulted at different times in acts of violence. The Union admitted that picketing was being carried on, but stated that it was done by individuals and not by order of the Union or Sidney Hillman, General President, who was named as the defendant. Part of the decision of Justice Van Sicken, which may be of interest to the Bureau, reads as follows:

"The issue between the parties is nothing more than the old conflict between capital and labor. The swing of the pendulum is influenced almost entirely by the law of supply and demand, and neither capital nor labor at any time is satisfied to be governed by the length or sweep to and fro. Prior to December 1920, when the trouble between the parties hereto became acute, and from 1914 to the last mentioned date, the swing was entirely to the side of labor, enabling it to force upon capital demands and contracts of employment exclusive as to non-union or unorganized workers and therefore oppressive.

"Now, and perhaps for a few years to come, the pendulum swing will be to the side of capital, which, in turn will force upon labor contracts equally oppressive and exclusive as to union or organized workers. It will be seen that at no time is there what may be termed the true 'open shop'.-----

"A peculiar slant to the whole situation is that the worker of today may become the master of to-morrow. From the radical to the conservative by mere change of circumstances and position. Nevertheless there will be no change in their relationship. When capital has the upper hand it will continue to grind down labor and when labor is in the ascendant it will in turn continue to harass, cheat and seek to either control or destroy capital. Neither, at any time, is willing to give quid pro quo, and the never ceasing conflict goes on.-----

After discussing the Court's duty in the matter, Justice Van Sicken said:

"They (the Courts) must stand at all times as the representatives of capital, of captains of industry, devoted to the principle of individual initiative, protect property and persons from violation and destruction, strongly opposed to all schemes for the nationalization of industry and yet save labor from oppression and conciliatory toward the removal of the workers' just grievances. The prosperity of the United States depends upon constructive legislation backed by judicial interpretation and strict enforcement."



J.G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921.

7. UNEMPLOYMENT

The number of unemployed during the current week has been increased due largely to the action of the marine workers of the railroads and members of other unions who have quit their places rather than accept moderate wage reductions, and it is not unlikely that the number of unemployed will be largely increased during the coming week, as there seems to be further disposition on the part of workers to leave their places of employment rather than accept cuts in wages.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MEN  
THE WORLD WAR VETERANS.

The above organization, which, as previously noted, is really the only radically inclined ex-service organization in Greater New York and which has its headquarters in the Bronx Borough, is making strenuous efforts to increase its membership. They claim to have more than doubled within the past year and have recently offered membership to Colonel A. E. Anderson, formerly of the American Legion, who has tentatively accepted same. It will be recalled that Anderson was dropped from the rolls of the American Legion for having participated in the "Horror on the Rhine" protest meeting at Madison Square Garden New York, some weeks ago.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIES.NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE.

At a meeting held at the Lafayette Building, 131st St. & Seventh Avenue, New York, on the afternoon of March 27th, the principal speaker was WALTER WHITE, Field Secretary of the above Association.

White, whose complexion is so fair that he is very easily mistaken for a white man, stated that he had recently returned from a trip to the South and described conditions there as shameful and a disgrace to the United States. He also told his audience that he is a firm believer in social revolution amongst the Negroes and did not believe in passive resistance. He added that he believed, also, in the theories of Bolshevism and advised his hearers that the time was now ripe for the formation by the Negroes of radical and cooperative societies, pending the arrival of the social revolution, just as the Russians did prior to the overthrow of the Czar.

Amongst the colored radicals present at the meeting were MOORE, CHANDLER OWEN, PATTERSON, POTTER, CAMPBELL, CARPENTER, DOMINGO, LIGGETT and MISS GRACE CAMPBELL.

From confidential source it has been learned that, according to last advices, Marcus Garvey is in Jamaica and on March 29th addressed a large meeting in the interests of the Universal Negro Improvement Association and the Black Star Steamship Corporation. Further information from the same source is to the effect that at least a dozen

Negroes from different parts of the country, who had read Garvey's advertisement in the "Negro World" to the effect that a ship would sail for Liberia on March 27th, had purchased passage, sold all their possessions and come to New York for the purpose of making the trip. On their arrival in this city they received no satisfaction from Garvey's representatives and are at present awaiting Garvey's return in the hope that the ship will sail soon after his return.

It is further understood that there are quite a few Negroes throughout the country who have already purchased passage, but have not as yet arrived in this city.

EIK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921.

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIES.FRIENDS OF IRISH FREEDOM

A meeting of the above organization was held at the Lexington Opera House, New York, on the 27th inst., at which Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan in an address stated that:

"Not a ship lands from England or France that is not loaded down with people who are coming here to endanger our interests and to work more or less openly against our ideals-----"

"We should tolerate no longer these attempts in the name of America to divide our people into groups and factions."

He thereafter demanded to know why Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador, has not been called upon to explain, since his return here, the statement that we are treading the path leading to war, purported to have been made by him in England. He also assailed Viviani who is being sent here as a spokesman by the French Government.

Lieut. Colonel Alexander E. Anderson, formerly of the 165th (old 69th) Infantry, who was expelled from the American Legion for his participation in the "Horror on the Rhine" meeting at Madison Square Garden recently, introduced resolutions which were adopted by the meeting and called upon all former soldiers of Irish blood to withdraw from membership in the American Legion, asserting that the leaders of the Legion had proven themselves to be "agents of the British propagandists"

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

APRIL 2, 1921. *N*11. RUSSIAN AFFAIRS IN THE U. S.

CHARLES RECHT, representative in this country of the Soviet Government, has issued a statement requesting all those organizations that have been buying machinery and technical equipment for transportation to Russia to cease further activity until a more opportune time for shipment. He also advises that none of the organization engage in the purchase of supplies and equipment at this time without definite instructions from the Soviet Government as to quantity and kind required.

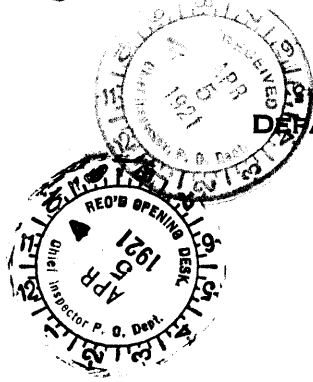
*J. G. Tucker*

J. G. TUCKER, Special Agent.

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO  
THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.



In reply refer to  
U-H/



DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
WASHINGTON

April 1, 1921.



*Sutton*

Dear Mr. Sutton:

I enclose herewith the original of an anonymous communication which has been received in the Department and which would appear to be another of the many Irish threats.

This is for your information and any action you may wish to take in the premises.

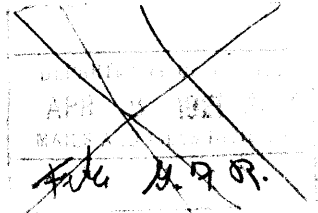
Very truly yours,

*W. Hurley*

*Filed  
F.D.W.*

Enclosure:  
Anonymous letter.

George M. Sutton, Esquire,  
Chief Post Office Inspector,  
Post Office Department,  
Washington, D. C.



11113

Miss Wall St Agents:

<sup>dated</sup>  
<sup>D.W.</sup>  
You are advised to keep the mouths of your underlings shut on the subject of those who maintain their right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, or take the consequences. The world is tired of "leapiticism in arms", and if continued, the torment of it will be answered by a more deadly means than that employed against the Wall St Huns.



FJK

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/1/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/31/21	REPORT MADE BY: Joseph Barb
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: COMMUNIST OR BOLSHEVIST ACTIVITIES - A GENERAL INVESTIGATION			
FACTS DEVELOPED: Pursuant to instructions received from Agent Scully, based on a letter from Washington, D. C., Agent respectfully submits the following report:  <u>BOLSHEVIST PARTY IN NEW YORK:</u> This party is better and commonly known as the Communist Party and made up of the Communist Party of America, United Communist Party, Communist Labor Party and different radical elements of the Socialist Party. No definite meeting place of this organization is known to the Bureau.  <u>FLEEPS:</u> Careful examination of Telephone, City and Postal directories failed to disclose whereabouts of anyone named Fleeps. Bureau files and inquiry amongst labor organizations produced no results.  <u>PAN-AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR:</u> This organization was thoroughly covered by this Bureau and reports on same are on file at the Bureau in Washington. The International Labor Conference held in Laredo, Tex. in November, 1918, adopted the form of organization and purposes of the Pan-American Federation of Labor.  Objects of this organization are as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The establishment of better conditions for the working people who emigrate from one country to another.</li><li>2. The establishment of a better understanding and relationship between the peoples of the Pan-American Republics.</li><li>3. To utilize every lawful and honorable means for the protection and promotion of the rights, the interests, and the welfare of the peoples of the Pan-American Republics.</li><li>4. To utilize every lawful and honorable means for the purpose of cultivating the most favorable and the friendly relations between the</li></ol>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

202600-33-202

FILE W.M.B.

7-1169

labor movements and the peoples of the Pan-American Republics.

The last meeting of this organization in the U. S. was held on July 7, 1919, at the Continental Hotel. At this meeting Samuel Gompers presided. There were other labor chiefs also present, namely, Messrs. WOLL, FRAYNE, MORRISON and ROACH and LUIS MARONES, VARGAS and DE BORRAN of Mexico. At this meeting all important actions were in the hands of Mr. Gompers and were disposed of according to his plans and direction.

The Chair made it further understood that the labor organization, of each of the Latin-American countries be proceeded with on the American plan, into Unions for crafts, trades and callings and not after the I. W. W. fashion, which had been proposed by the Latin-American countries. In fact Mr. Gompers made it thoroughly understood that no radical element was to take part or issue in any of the deliberations. The next meeting of this organization was to take place sometime in 1920 in Mexico. No information is available as to whether the proposed meeting ever took place.

JOHN CRAWDON, WILLIAM ELLIS, JOHN O'KEAN, ROODLY: Examination of our files, telephone, city and postal directories failed to disclose any information as to the probable whereabouts of above named persons. Inquiry of prominent labor chiefs elicited the information that these persons are unknown to them, nor have they ever heard them discussed in labor meetings or conferences.

It is probable that these names may be the aliases of some well known Communists or Bolshevists.

SOVIET AGENT SALIKOW: A thorough investigation of addresses furnished by the Bureau was made by me and no one by the name of Heimler or

WSP

Salkow could be found. Examination of city directories produced the same result.

PUBLISHER OF SOVIET RUSSIA: This magazine was first published by the Rosenberg Printing Company, 176 Park Row, New York City, and is at present published by the Strathmore Press, 441 Pearl Street, New York City. No one by the name of Reitler is connected with either firm.

CUSTOMS OFFICIALS BAXTER & LEADERSON: Inquiry at Personnel Bureau of Customs and Immigration Services elicited the information that neither of these persons are or have ever been employed by the above mentioned branches of the Government in or about the City of New York.

WEINSTOCK, alias FRED COLLINS: Steamship "Port Curtis" arrived in New York City from Hamburg on March 5, 1921, as a cargo ship, carrying no passengers. Crew numbered seventy men. Crew lists disclosed no one by name of Weinstock or Fred Collins. Among crew, however, there is one Thomas J. Collins, a fireman and British subject. A seaman's card bearing No. 121374 was issued to him March 9, 1921. Ship sailed March 27, 1921, for Amstralian ports.

*Joseph A. Barbera*  
JOSEPH A. BARBERA, Special Agent.

FJK

2026033

J.L.H.

100

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/31/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/30/21	REPORT MADE BY: W. R. Palmera.
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: "STOP THE NEXT WAR" - MEETING AT TOWN HALL, NEW YORK.

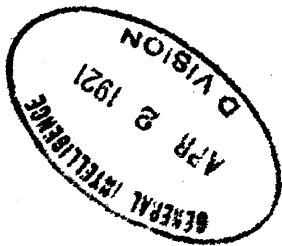
Noted

FACTS DEVELOPED:

F.D.W.

Pursuant to instructions from Agent Scully, based on an advertisement in "The New York Call" about a meeting to be held at Town Hall, 43rd St. & Sixth Ave., on April 2nd, 8:00 P.M., subject of discussion being "Stop the Next War", I called on the manager of the Town Hall and was advised that the Hall was engaged by Mrs. J. <sup>Sargent</sup> CARLTON CRAM, 19 East 82nd St., who professes an aversion to any kind of war and has made many attempts to call the public's attention to her meeting, but with very little success. This is, however, the very first time she has engaged the Town Hall.

*W.R. Palmera*  
W. R. PALMERA, Special Agent.



EDB  
APR 26 1921  
RECORDED

202600-33-20

FILE  
W.W.G.

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Send New York  
4/19/21  
917 R

March 31, - 1921

N.Y. City N.S.A.

Justice Department

H.C. U.S.A.

Noted  
F.D.W.

RECEIVED  
DIVISION

Dear Sir:

RECORDED  
202600-33-179

It is plain to see

might be in N.Y. City that  
the concealed Propaganda  
or Radical work being done,  
will either have to be stopped  
or some sort of a stand still.  
I do not intend to tolerate  
its much longer being an  
Independent making my Record  
and better here in N.Y. City  
and Interference in they  
work on Radical type

APR 1 1921  
APR 1 1921

L.  
engaged for you on the  
outside duty work of it,  
doing it in a town of a  
rather secret concealed.  
Carpenter C.A. and of  
Haines Dept Peter M.J. They  
have become so vengeful  
here the type that are  
guilty on this line of work,  
being done here, that not  
long ago they tried that  
"Disposes Stuff" here.  
between Landlady scheme  
and Propaganda Spy

3

work at 20 East 29<sup>th</sup>  
N.Y. City. with their  
Glass and Scientific Radical  
scheme. work. either for  
satisfaction. They are trying  
their game on the wrong  
party. Do not think of us  
Ray State. man that their  
accomplish that they  
made was criminal and done  
a lot of heavy bought or in stuff  
for their dirty scheme. found to  
do it type. ~~They~~ <sup>They</sup> up their  
from the Swindles of Property

4  
today valued least \$5,000.  
and some crowd are being  
interested here starting  
their Propaganda and  
here in N. Y. City. However.  
if these concealed spy types  
are so guilty they will have  
to find another way than  
to keep their work up in me  
in line of Conspiracy Propaganda  
work.

I have been employed making  
a salary of \$1500. and I do  
not intend to handling  
over. Rent to people, in  
houses here, and they  
knowing the concealed



5. here  
work being done and hand laid,  
becoming grubby and then the  
purpose and agents coming  
into "Stoves" and making their  
accomplish on me either.  
It is very evident that the  
dirty work has been going  
on so scientifically on a  
concealed scale. That  
type that they are so  
dead "wise" that they  
are never caught at it" but  
still continuing "Propaganda stuff"  
whether it be a  
Type of Foreign Gov.

6.

that cant fall over  
that stally stuff on me.  
The Spy woman is so  
concealed and secretly  
engaged. she has all  
informants and she  
continues this blotty  
stuff and is getting away  
with it. or the scientific  
operator, with his or her  
paranoia.

P.S. It is a hypoman policy  
for any concealed Radical  
or Scientist. they so sure  
of themselves and their

7.  
stirring up Dept Store  
propositions for instance  
C. A. Gould N. Jersey is  
so fully implicated  
in this plot that he is  
bought on so many  
Supts. Political scheme  
end of it. That the  
dirty work is getting  
putty new players out  
from the "Dirty Bench of the"  
Don't think that they are play-  
ing "Pol's or Rugby" either D. A.  
to one of the Biggest and most  
daring - under hand, Criminal  
stuff that they are pulling

with foreign element  
of. But as concealed,  
as they are, I am dead  
wise to this dirty work  
to. Their object or  
accomplice are not good  
ones so I will write  
to you to watch

Propaganda end of it,  
here in N.Y. City  
Yours truly, they done so  
Edith Lane concealed

U.S.A.  
Pl. Harvey's position and proposed  
Crime being done and of course the  
manager. I believe I am employed is  
being "innocent" of this Plot  
here in N.Y.

1176

20260-33

H  
5

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>March 30/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>Mar. 20-26/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122</b>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <b>At Rochester, New York.</b>			
<b>March 20</b>	At 7:30 P.M., C. Solomone and M. Stupiello came to my room and invited me to go with them to the Star Theater. At 9:45 P.M. we came out and walked the streets until 11:15 P.M. Nothing of importance was said during the evening.		
<b>" 21</b>	At 7 P.M. I had supper with C. Solomone and also went to the Rialto Theater. Nothing of importance was said during the evening.		
<b>" 22</b>	Same as March 21st.		
<b>" 23</b>	Same as March 21st.		
<b>" 24</b>	At 2 P.M. I went into the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone. At 3:15 P.M. a Sicilian came in, name unknown, and had a whispered conversation with Solomone and went out. At 7 P.M. Solomone and I went to supper. After supper I asked Solomone to come to a show with me, but he declined the invitation by saying that he had an appointment with a friend of his who came from Brooklyn, N.Y., and whom he hadn't seen for the last ten years. So I told him to go ahead with his appointment. I then met <u>Porto</u> and went to a show with him,		
<b>" 25</b>	At 5:30 P.M. I went into the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone. While in there awhile I asked him if he had met his friend and he said "yes". I asked him if he had had a good time and he said "no", after I arrived there I went out in company with my friend to find him a room as he intended to stay here. So, as he had never been in Rochester before, I thought it was necessary for me to go out with him." I then asked him if he knew from what part of Brooklyn his friend came, as I had plenty of friends there and he told me that he didn't know. The above questions were asked in order to ascertain as much as possible, the identity of his friend. I then read in the New York Journal an article saying that some		
REFERENCE: <b>N-122-ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>BUFFALO</b>		

Noted  
F.D.W.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
APR 4 1921  
DIVISION

ABF  
APR 26 1921

202600-33-201

FILE  
W.W.G.

March 25  
(continued)

of the New York State Senators have received some threatening letters, for voting in favor of the the traction companies. So I called Solomone's attention to it and he said "that if Governor Miller keeps on with his dirty work, Governor Miller will never finish his term in peace."

At 7 P.M., Solomone and I went to supper. At about 8:30 P.M. we met the barber who has the barber shop next to the restaurant on Franklin and Andrews Streets. The barber asked Solomone why he was not at the Workman's Circle Lyceum, at 476 Clinton Ave, N., and Solomone asked the barber what was there. The barber said "the best subject you ever heard, Robert Minor speaking on "Face to Face with Lenin!" Solomone asked the barber why he was not there himself. The barber said "I am going there now", so you can come with me." Solomone went with the barber and he told me to go to a girl friend of his and tell her that he couldn't go.

March 26

C. Solomone's brother-in-law invited me to a christening, in which he was to be the God-father, so I asked him if his brother-in-law would be there and he said "yes". I asked Solomone if he was going to the christening and he said "no". At 8:15 P.M., Solomone, Stupiello and I went to the Temple Theater, Nothing of importance was said.

FJK

202600-33

J.H.

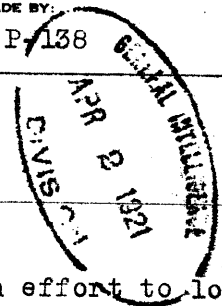
LLT

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/30/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/29/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

File  
h 779



FACTS DEVELOPED:

I am continuing my investigations in an effort to locate something relative to the reported activities of a Japanese preacher in Harlem, but so far have learned nothing of interest.

Respectfully,

P-138

LLT

APR 26 1921

202600-33-198X

RECORDED

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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NJK

202600-33

214

U  
M

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/30/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/28/21	REPORT MADE BY: <b>GENERAL INTELLIGENCE</b> MAR 31 1921 DIVISION
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES. <span style="float: right;">Noted F.D.W.</span>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>I spent some time today making investigation as to the whereabouts of <u>G. W. MILLS</u> and <u>RALF JEFFRIES</u>, men wanted by the office, but did not learn anything of value.</p> <p>I am also making inquiries as to the exact number of passengers that sailed on the "Kanawah", who were the most prominent figures and hope to be in a position to give specific data within the next few days.</p> <p>So far I have not come across anyone who has seen or heard of a Japanese preacher anywhere in the Harlem Negro section. However, I am continuing my investigation.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Respectfully, P-138</p> <p style="text-align: right;">APR 23 1921</p> <p style="text-align: right;">202600-33-198X</p> <p style="text-align: center;">RECORDED</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		



202600-33

1. *[Handwritten initials]*

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: March 30, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 22-29.	REPORT MADE BY: I.H. Dolan for G.O. Holdridge KHL
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  INDUSTRIAL UNREST			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Acting under instructions of Agent in Charge Holdridge, and continuing reports in the above matter, Agent obtained the following information in regard to industrial unrest.</p> <p>Strikes still in effect at Albany, Troy, Watervliet, Cohoes, and Rensselaer, N.Y. -- <u>United Traction Company</u> employees numbering 1500 are still on strike. The cars are being run regularly during the day with strikebreakers but hardly any passengers are being carried. No indications of radicalism are being injected into the contest, though occasional clashes between strike sympathizers and non-union employees occur.</p> <p>At Schenectady, N.Y., 300 molders at the General Electric Plant are still out on strike. The molding work for this company is being done in small plants in the District and a strike at the <u>SWEET &amp; DOYLE COMPANY</u> plant at Green Island, N.Y. and also at the Albany Foundry Co. at Albany has resulted in the last named two plants being run as open shops with frequent clashes between the workers and the striking union molders.</p> <p>At Amsterdam, N.Y. 600 carpet workers are still out.</p> <p>At Hoosick Falls, N.Y. 150 employees of the <u>WALTER A. WOOD HARVESTOR Machine works</u> are still out.</p> <p>At Binghamton, N.Y. 140 members of the allied printing trades council</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

APR 1 1921  
F.D. DIVISION

MAY 12 1921

202600-33-198

*[Handwritten signatures]*

ORIGINAL

J. A. Dolan.

March 30, 1921

USA  
2.

are still on strike.

At Troy, N.Y. notice of a reduction of 15% was served on all classes of labor employed in the construction of a new armory to take effect, April 1st, when the workers informed the contractor the cut would not be accepted they were all laid off forthwith.

The Burden Horse Shoe Works at Troy, N.Y. put to work 500 employees.

At Cohoes, N.Y. the Harmony Mills (textile) laid off 500 employees.

The N.Y.C.R.R. put back 1000 employees to work at their repair shops at West Albany, N.Y.

The International Harvester works reduced the pay of 450 employees at their plant at Auburn, N.Y. 10% to 20%. No disturbance occurred.

The coal handlers numbering 300 employed by the retail coal dealers of Albany had their wages reduced \$2.00 weekly each. No disturbance occurred.

The Standard Oil Co. at Oswego, N.Y. have reduced the pay of their employees in their box factory 10%.

At Utica, N.Y. the builders have announced they will pay 15% less to their employees May 1st. The unions have decided to strike against the proposed cut, their membership is above 2000.

The N.Y. State Railway officials have a meeting scheduled for April 1st, 1921, to agree upon a new scale of wages generally expected to be a reduction of 15% to 25%.

This information was obtained from the daily papers, personal investigation, State Labor Bureau, State Employment Bureau, Federation of Labor, Chamber of Commerce, Albany, N.Y.

Investigation continued.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MAR 29 1921  
 DIVISION

202600-33

AS

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR. 28, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 21-26, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES C. TORRNEY.
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK:			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>The strike situation at the plant of the Pierce, Butler and Pierce Company at Eastwood, New York remains unchanged. No further violence has been attempted during the past week and no further trouble is expected.</p> <p>In regard to the Railroad strike situation, I have been informed by railroad men and others who are in a position to know the situation, that there is no danger of a railroad strike now nor in the immediate future because it is estimated that a great percentage of organization men are out of work at the present time and in the event of a strike these men and former railroad men would besiege the railroad offices and that the railroads would not be tied up for more than twenty minutes, as one man expressed it.</p> <p>The radical members of the Solvay Unit of the Communist Party have been active during the past week in distributing a circular entitled: "WORKING MEN OF AMERICA." It is printed on this sheet that it is issued by the Central Executive Committee, Communist Party of America. The substance tells the working men of America to stand by Soviet Russia and to overthrow the Capitalist Government and to let the Capitalists of America know that war <sup>on</sup> <del>and</del> Russia means revolution at home.</p> <p>This pamphlet is folded up so that it is about the <del>size of</del></p>			
REFERENCE: JCTLT	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Wash. Albany Syracuse, New York City.		

Noted  
 J.C.W.

ABP

202600-33-195 X

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FILE  
 W.W.G.

7-1169

ORIGINAL

length and width of a cigar and there is a small paster around it to hold it in shape so that it is very easy to throw the same on door steps and rather hard to detect the distributor.

A number of these circulars were thrown on door steps of houses on Marcellus Street, between West and Geddes Streets between midnight Friday and day break Saturday March 26. A number were also distributed in Solvay, New York about the same time. I have information in regard to a party in Solvay, New York who is suspected of having distributed these circulars and I am working on this lead at the present time.

11144

2026-33-33

WJH:SVH

March 30, 1921

Thomas P. Merrilee, Esq., (Bank acct)  
Box 241, City Hall Sta.,  
New York, N.Y.

Dear Sir:-

I am handing you herewith a memorandum which was forwarded to this office by the Post Office Department, attached to which is a copy of your photograph, which came into the possession of the Post Office Department as indicated on the memorandum.

Believing that same may have some sentimental value to you, I am hastening to return the photograph to you.

Yours very truly,

*Samuel D. ...*  
SDF

encl.

ENCLOSURE  
ABF

202600-33-197

WSF

20260-33

March 30, 1921.

Mr. Byron R. Newton,  
Collector of Customs,  
Custom House, N. Y.

Noted  
F.D.W.

Dear Sir:

It is respectfully requested that Agent Valjaveo, the bearer of this letter, be furnished with a permanent pass for use on the U. S. Revenue Cutter to board the incoming vessels.

This request is made due to the fact that Agent Valjaveo is now engaged on investigations concerning the activities of various radicals who are expected to arrive in this country either as passengers or members of crews during the next six months. Therefore it would greatly facilitate the work of this office if this request can be granted.

Thanking you in advance,

Yours very truly,

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
APR 1 1921  
DIVISION

WHP

APR 19 1921

202600-33-196

CJS:FJK

FILE  
G. F. B.

202600-33

M  
S  
B

Bureau letter 10/19

SPECIAL REPORT

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/28/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Week ending 3/26/21	REPORT MADE BY: M.F. Blackmon
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN BUFFALO DISTRICT

Noted  
P.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Buffalo, New York.

Referring to the above mentioned letter and to subsequent reports, the following information is respectfully submitted:-

GENERAL

The general conditions throughout the district remain practically unchanged since last report, although it is now estimated that the number of unemployed has fallen off about 5000 during the past week, still leaving approximately 40,000 unemployed in Buffalo.



APR 18 1921

RECORDED

202600-33-195



REFERENCE: MFB/CMR	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Buffalo
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## RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

SOCIALIST PARTY - BUFFALO, NEW YORK -

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the above party it was announced by JAMES BATTISTONI that he had attended a meeting of the National Executive Committee in New York, and while there discussed the condition of the Buffalo Local, and had succeeded in getting an outside man for Buffalo, who will be either CLAESSENS or GORMER; that this man will come here for quite a time after the membership drive in New York is over.

On Sunday at Socialist Headquarters Steiner, the Editor of the New Age, local Socialist paper, reported that he attended the convention of the Socialist Party at Boston, Mass. and that the committee that went to Russia to investigate conditions there who had been there for the past three months, stated that conditions were found to be very bad under the Soviet rule and that Lenine is very autocratic, more so than the Czar; that the soldiers are the only ones that get food and their pay is better than the skilled workers; that after this report was made at the convention a lengthy debate was held by the delegates and they decided to go on record to condemn the Soviet Government, but it was finally referred to the Executive Board to decide this question.



WSP

MARTIN HEISLER, local organizer, reported that the National Headquarters voted \$250 towards the printing of literature to be distributed among the unemployed, urging them to join the Party; that Headquarters at present were feeding several of the unemployed and everyone they feed is given a due book with a month's dues paid and he becomes a member of the party.

It was also decided at this meeting to send three delegates to the Debs' demonstration at Washington on April 14th.

15

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY - Buffalo, New York.

On Saturday at Socialist Headquarters, EUSTACE REYNOLDS, an attorney who has been active in defending radicals in this city, reported that he had appeared before the Socialist Labor Party, and appealed to the workers to send two delegates to the Debs demonstration at Washington on April 14th but had considerable opposition as a number of the members claimed that Debs was a reformer and not an economist and that he was better off in prison than free, as he would, not doubt, lead the workers astray, and they decided not to send any delegates.



Lusk

AMERICAN LABOR ALLIANCE - Niagara Falls, New York.

At Niagara Falls, New York, under the auspices of the AMERICAN LABOR ALLIANCE, a meeting was held which was attended by about thirty people, the majority of them representing the various locals in the city. The meeting was called to order by VANDER BASCH, of the Trades & Labor Council, who acted as chairman. In calling the meeting to order he stated that the American Labor Alliance had been good enough to send on one of their speakers for the evening and then introduced the speaker whose name was not learned.

The following is an extract from his address: "Last week England opened up trade relations with Russia and as a result the factories in England are beginning to 'hum' with activity. However, so far this country has not seen fit to consider Russia. We boast of our great spy system here, such as the Department of Justice, etc. It is a fact that since the great war an incident happened in the City of New York where a man was thrown out of a thirteen story building by agents of the Department of Justice and then they turn around and claim that the man committed suicide. Is that all the good such organizations can do?"



INDUSTRIAL SOCIALIST LEAGUE - Buffalo, New York.

At Fleming's hall, corner of Genesee and Spring streets, a meeting of the study class of the Socialist Industrial League was held. This meeting was attended by 26 members. The principal business transacted was the reading of a letter received from J. KERACHER of Detroit in regard to the proposed unity between the two existing organizations of Proletarian Party of America with Socialist Industrial League. He explained the matter is under consideration by both organizations and the unity will be effected probably within a month or so and the local S.I.L. will be advised of it by its headquarters in proper way and the proposition will be submitted for consideration of all branches throughout the country in due time. While his letter from J. Keracher contained personal news how far the negotiations went in this respect, and that Keracher, Harris and Richter are much in favor of this unity. To the propositions from the Proletarians, the S.I.L. made counter-proposal through the Detroit Branch, which is as follows: "Detroit Branches of the "Proletarian Party" and of the "Socialist Industrial League" shall elect 5 delegates from each side, who will meet together and draft one "platform" combining their original programs together in their essential parts (which have many things in common), this "platform" first to be submitted for consideration to the various branches of both organizations ~~in the united~~ and then later joint Convention of delegates from all branches of both organizations to be called at which the final union to be carried through by uniting



together under a new platform if not under the existing name of the Proletarian Party of America, then under some other name, which will be adopted at that Convention. The official organ of the S.I.L. "The Industrial Socialist" to be the official organ of the new merged together organization with changed name, for instance: "The Worker", "The Truth" or something like that, in order to eliminate the word "Socialist", which looks to many as a partisan word. (probably they mean to get closer to the Communists, with whom probably they want to unite later on.)

In further discussion meeting decided that no action should be taken here in Buffalo until official notice will be received here from the National Headquarters, but in the meantime the two organizations will continue their joint work in study classes as it was already arranged by them before. That is, they will go ahead with studying "the utopian and scientific socialism" until the subject will be finished and then consider later possible change to lecture methods on various subjects with local and out of town speakers.

There was distributed among those present a leaflet, "Appeal to the American Workers", issued by the "American Bureau" of the International Council of Trade and Industrial Unions". The latter organization will hold its first International Congress of all the revolutionary labor unions at Moscow, Russia in May, 1921. To this Congress W.I.I.U. intends to send its delegate and has



NS

already collected sufficient funds to finance it. This organization is an integral part of the Third Communist International at Moscow, Russia.

A copy of this Appeal is being attached to this report.



NSP

JAPANESE ACTIVITIES

The following Japanese transients have been in Buffalo recently:

T. NAKAMURA from Chicago, Illinois, registered at the Lafayette Hotel March 19, 1921 and checked out on March 21, 1921.

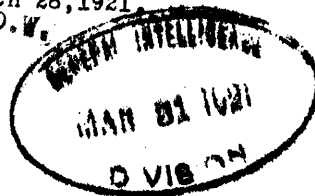
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION  
In replying refer to

10110-PP-38  
M. I. 4-B.

WAR DEPARTMENT  
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF  
WASHINGTON

202600-33  
JMB

Noted  
March 28, 1921  
F.D.W.



AB

Mr. L. J. Baley,  
Chief, Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Baley:

A recent report concerning I.W.W. activities is to the effect that the Italian and Spanish I.W.W. in New York City held a ball and entertainment in the Manhattan Lyceum under the auspices of the Italian I.W.W. Committee of Defense which adheres to the General Committee of Chicago. The headquarters of the New York branch is at 23 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, New York. The purpose of the affair was to raise money for the defense and propaganda purposes of the I.W.W., and a number of I.W.W. songs were sung by the audience. About 600 people were in attendance. Radical literature, printed in foreign languages, was distributed in the hall.

This for your information.

Very truly yours,

For the Director, Military Intelligence Division.

*Matthew C. Smith*  
MATHEW C. SMITH,  
Colonel, General Staff,  
Chief, Negative Branch.

MAR 29 1921

hsr.

War and Files Division.

Route

10110-PP-38-195

RECORDED

FILE  
F. F. B.



OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

March 26, 1921.

202600-33

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigations,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

ATTENTION MR. J. E. HOOVER.

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewithin triplicate Special  
Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater New York  
District for period ending March 26, 1921.

Very truly yours,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGT:FJK  
Encl.

*Handwritten notes:*  
3/27/21  
3/21/21  
1/21/21

MAR 30 1921  
RECEIVED

202600-33-194

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AUG 15 1921

FILE  
W.M.S.

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT

SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MARCH 26, 1921.

Noted  
D.W.

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GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION  
MAR 30 1921

NOTED  
D. W.

202600-33-194

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MAY - 2 1921  
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FILE  
W.G.  
HOOVER

NEW YORK, N. Y.

MARCH 26, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MARCH 26, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	Recog. of Union
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employees
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. and Hrs.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs.
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages.
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	500	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	Reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	12,000	"	Recog. of Union and resumption of old wages
Feather Boa Makers	600	"	Recog. of Union.
Tailors	2,000	"	44 hr. week and abolition of piece work.
Marine Engineers	2,000	"	Protest against decrease in wages.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921. AK  
SE1-A. STRIKE NOTES.JOURNEYMEN TAILORS UNION

On the 21st inst. two thousand members of the Union went on strike after having held a meeting at Bohemian National Hall, 321 E. 73rd St., New York, where strike headquarters were immediately established.

The striking tailors demand a forty-four hour week and Forty Dollars minimum wage and the abolition of home work. A settlement committee will conduct negotiations with the shops agreeing to these conditions.

FEATHER BOA MAKERS UNION

As a result of agreements made between representatives of the Union and the manufacturers about three hundred workers returned to their places during the current week.

MARINE ENGINEERS BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION

Thomas B. Healy, General Manager of the above Association, on the 23rd inst. issued orders to all engineers on ocean-going tugs whose owners have cut wages, to quit work immediately. As most of one hundred and fifty vessels that are affected are now at sea, it will be several days before the order is generally effected.

Healy claimed that in the strike the engineers expected the assistance of the licensed deck officers and the firemen crews, in all about two thousand men. The order to strike, according to healy, is

the result of reductions in wages of from Thirty-five to Fifty Dollars a month of men who have been receiving from \$210. to \$275. a month and follows an authorization from the National Executive Board of the Engineers Association.

C. G. Hannah, President of the Atlantic Coast Tugboat Owners' Association, on the same date, stated that it was not expected that much difficulty would be experienced in filling the places of the men who struck. He estimated that not more than twenty-five per cent of the tugs were in service, leaving many men from whom to recruit crews.

Walter B. Pollock, Marine Superintendent of the New York Central Lines, on the same day, declared that five hundred of the eight hundred men in his department had agreed to accept deductions in wages ranging from fifteen to twenty per cent to become effective on April 1st.

#### SHIRT MAKERS UNION

The strike of the above Union, which has lasted for some months, has been practically ended, due, it is claimed, to the removal of the general depression in the industry which has lasted for about seven months.

#### NECKWEAR WORKERS UNION

The strike, which has been conducted by the above union and affiliated organizations since October 25, 1920, is likely to be brought to a close in a very short time as a result of settlements made between the strikers and their employers. During the current week a large number have returned to work, there being only a few shops that are still fighting the union.

2. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS.JEWISH DIVISION OF THE PEOPLE'S COMMISSARIAT FOR NATIONALITIES

The above organization, of which Dr. D. Dubrowsky is the head, on the 22nd inst. shipped to Moscow aboard the S. S. "Lackawanna Valley" a large lot of goods which were contributed to the various organizations affiliated with the above named. Amongst the goods sent were also one hundred thousand writing tablets sent to the children of Soviet Russia by the "New York Call".

SOCIALISTS

Miss SARAH HYAMS, a teacher of cooking in the Public Schools, has been charged by Dr. ETTINGER, Superintendent of Schools, with being "totally unfit to remain in the service of the Board of Education". In support of his charges Dr. Ettinger presented a photostat copy of an application card of the left wing section of the Socialist Party signed by Miss Hyams. Miss Hyams stated that she signed the application card, but never joined the left wing party, never took part in its activities and did not believe in violence under any circumstances.

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NAKSAR BEN, local Socialist, is very active in obtaining signatures for the appeal for amnesty for all political prisoners and up to date has received about seven hundred and eighty (780) signatures.

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OTTO BRANSTETTER, National Secretary of the above Party, who has recently returned from a trip to Atlanta, Ga., where he visited

EUGENE V. DEBS in the Federal Penitentiary, is responsible for the statement that Debs has not been mistreated during the time of his service in the Penitentiary.

-----  
 Under the auspices of AUGUST CLAESSENS' Public Speaking Class a debate was held at the Rand School on the 20th inst, the subject of debate being:

Resolved: The acceptance unconditionally by the American radical movement of the twenty-one points as laid down by the Third International for the progress of social revolution in America.

The affirmative was taken by GEORGE LEWIS, ALFRED LOSSOFF and SAMUEL KRIEGER and the negative by ISADOR EDELMAN, MISS C. BRISTOL and AL. LEBMAN.

Lewis opened the debate by stating that the twenty-one points were necessary and should be adopted as directed by the Third International; Isador Edelman stated that he would accept the twenty-one points if they did not advocate armed insurrection and illegal tactics, as the present order permits the Socialists to openly convert the masses and that the twenty-one points are not applicable in this country at this time because, as they were foreign they were not as yet understood by the American masses.

LOSSOFF then stated that nothing could be gained by reforms and compromises; that the only weapon is armed insurrection; that the workers should arm themselves with guns.

Miss Bristol stated that while she was in favor of the twenty-one points she was not in favor of their adoption at this time as the

people were not ready for them and were satisfied with the present form of government.

Samuel Krieger and Al. Leeman also followed with short speeches which were of little interest.

There were about forty people present.

#### AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

During the current week the above organization made the statement that the "struggle for the maintenance of civil liberties and for the checking of reaction in the United States" was being most strenuously fought in Pacific Northwest. The organization also added that interference with radical meetings and prosecutions are on the decline taking the country on the whole.

#### I. W. W.

There has been little activity during the current week in the above circles and none that would be of interest to the Bureau at this time.

#### UNITED RUSSIAN PROFESSIONAL UNIONS

There has been little activity in the above circles of which the Bureau has not already been advised by Agent Scully in special reports.

There appears to have been further dissension between the Second All-Colonial and the Third, because the Second has been making demands upon the Third for the money belonging to the "Svoboda Line".

It appears the money was given to GORODIENKO of the above Unions by the Treasurer of the Svoboda, KONSTANTINOWITCH, and the Third All-



Colonial has decided to use the money for publishing of "Americanskye Izvestia".

It was finally decided that the United Russian Professional Unions will send two members of the Executive Committee to a meeting of the Third All-Colonial at which the matter will be threshed out.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALSPATRICK QUINLAN

✓ Former I. W. W. agitator, who has recently returned from Soviet Russia, has been busily engaged during the current week making speeches before different radical organizations in the course of which he describes the so-called value of the Soviet form of government.

HENRY JAGER

Steps are still being taken by the New York State Legislature to oust the above Socialist assemblyman on the ground of having received the nomination through fraud.

FJK

9

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

4. RADICAL PRESS.

See future report.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

5. RADICAL MEETINGSSOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF SOVIET RUSSIA

The above Society plans to hold a monster mass meeting at the Lexington Theatre in New York on Sunday the 27th inst. at two-thirty o'clock, the object being, they state, to "raise the blockade of lies against Soviet Russia".

Amongst the speakers will be Professor J. W. HARTMAN, editor of "Soviet Russia"; ARTURO GIOVANITTI, the labor agitator; Professor ISAAC HOURWICH, formerly counsellor to "Ambassador" L. C. A. K. Martens and others.

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PATRICK QUINLAN, who recently returned to this country from a trip to Soviet Russia, addressed a meeting at the Rand School, New York, on the 22nd inst., at which he described conditions in Russia. He stated, that it was practically the "same old Russia" as far as the daily life of the people is concerned. He also stated that there was much more religious tolerance in Russia under the Soviet Regime than there had been under the Czaristia rule. He further stated that "the capitalists of England and America were now beginning to climb down from the band wagon because they needed the Russian trade" and that "if the German Communist leaders had had the courage and the audacity of the Russian leaders there would have been a revolution in Germany and that would have meant Italy and France also".

In another meeting which he addressed at Bryant Hall, he

said, that in the cities of Soviet Russia the workers had made unusual progress and the peasants had also fared well and lived better now than they did under Czarism, although they (the peasants) are, under the Communist Government, forced to give up eighty per cent of their produce for distribution among city workers and soldiers. He said further that "Lenin is the most conservative man in Europe--the average trade union man in New York lives better than Lenin, who is a hard worker and advocate of the simple life."

Further on Quinlan said that while in Russia Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman had acted as his interpreters and that he had spent considerable time with them. Continuing, he charged that Colonel RYAN of the American Red Cross acted as a spy and was allowed all the privileges he wanted in Russia, but upon his return to the United States gave a report to the United States Government before submitting one to the Red Cross.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONSAMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

As a result of settlements made between manufacturers and members of the above Union, about twenty-five thousand men in all have returned to work.

The strikers claim to have collected Eight Hundred and Thirty-five Thousand Seven Hundred and Nine Dollars (\$835,709.00) which is part of the Million Dollar strike fund for which they are striving.

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Decision was reversed on the 21st inst. by Justice George V. Mullan in Part Three, Special Term, Supreme Court on the motion made by J. Friedman & Co., Inc., to have the trial of the action of the Company against Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated and other officers of the Amalgamated, put on the preferred calendar for trial on April 2nd. In support of his request that the trial be held in April instead of several months later, Max D. Steuer, Attorney for the Friedman Co., stated that his clients were being damaged by the strike of the Union by picketing and by alleged disorder and violence.

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Samuel W. Peck & Co., Wholesale Clothing Manufacturers of 65 Roebing St., Brooklyn, on the 22nd inst. applied to Justice Van Sicien in Supreme Court of Brooklyn for an injunction to restrain the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America from "continuing by force, violence, intimidation and threats" to hinder the operation of the firm's factory. The firm also asked for Two Hundred Thousand Dollars damages. Decision was reserved.

INTERNATIONAL LADIES GARMENT WORKERS UNION

Injunctions restraining members and officials of the above union from picketing the factories of three employers were granted on the 23rd inst by Supreme Court Justice Newberger of New York

The application for injunction set forth that the firms lost heavily because of the Union's interference with their business and that non-union employees were intimidated. In granting the injunctions Justice Newberger said:

"It is clear from the affidavits submitted that the strike is not for the purpose of bettering the conditions of the employees, but prompted rather by fear that it may interfere with the system now in vogue of collective bargaining.

"It is clear from a reading of the complaint that it sets out a cause of action in charging them of forming a conspiracy to cause plaintiff's factory to shut down and are wrongfully instigating his employees to stop work."

LACKAWANNA R. R. EMPLOYEES

On the 23rd inst. the laborers and shop forces employed by the above road met representatives of the management at 90 Church St., New York, and after discussing conditions, refused to agree to the road's proposition that wages be reduced. They also refused to join in making a presentation of the case to the Railroad Labor Board. The road was represented by F. M. RIMES, Vice President and General Manager and the men by E. E. MILLIMAN, N. J. DE NIESS, P. J. MALONEY and FRANK KRUTZNER of the Maintenance of Way, Clerks, Carmen and Shop Crafts Union.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF N. J. EMPLOYEES.

Representatives of various railroad organizations on behalf of the common laborers and the Maintenance of Way Employees met the executives of the Central Railroad of New Jersey at the Jersey City Terminal on the 24th inst. and rejected the twenty per cent wage cut announced by the Road on March 14th.

The employees were represented by L. A. MCGINLEY, General Chairman of the Shop Crafts Federation of the Jersey Central System, and after the conference he stated that, in the opinion of the men, wages could not be reduced until the matter had been referred to the U. S. Railroad Labor Board.



J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

7. UNEMPLOYED

According to Harry D. Jacobs, Manager of the Ex-Service Men's Employment Bureau at 729 Sixth Avenue, New York, there are at present at least fifteen thousand ex-soldiers idle in New York. Mr. Jacobs admitted that there were a number of "drifters" in town who only hold a position for a few days. He added that the majority of applicants were desperately in need of work.

In addition he stated:

"If Americans don't wake up they will be confronted by a radical army composed of discouraged soldiers. The soldier thinks he has been forgotten, but only asks for a chance to prove his worth."

The members of the Ex-Service Men's Employment Bureau are: HARRY D. JACOBS, President; JOSEPH D. MALANKA, Treasurer; JOHN H. SCHROEDER, Publicity Director. It is understood that these men are at present working without pay and attempting to raise a budget of \$1000. a month until which time they will not accept any money.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MENWORLD WAR VETERANS.

Lieut. Colonel Alexander E. Anderson, who was ejected from the American Legion as a result of his participation at the "Rhine Horror" demonstration held at Madison Square Garden, New York, on Feb. 28th, which meeting was condemned by practically every New York newspaper, has made the announcement that he has been invited to join the World War Veterans. This organization is really the only radical ex-service organization in Greater New York.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIES.NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF  
COLORED PEOPLE

The above Association on the 24th inst. issued a statement challenging W. J. Simmons, head of the Ku Klux Klan, to make a financial statement of the receipts and expenditures of his organization in view of the "conflicting reports" as to the sources of the income and the uses to which the funds received were put. The statement was signed by JAMES WELDON JOHNSON, Secretary of the Association.

SONS OF NEGRO FREEDOM *hwa*  
2

Under the auspices of the above body CHANDLER OWEN, editor of the "Messenger", magazine, who claims to be founder of the organization, made a speech at Liberty Hall in the afternoon of the 20th inst. He stated that:

- (1) It was a radical organization to fight for and protect the rights of the Negro workmen.
- (2) They would join the White unions if permitted or organize independently if refused admittance.
- (3) They would "scab" on the White unions in order to force recognition from them.

Owen ridiculed the Garvey movement and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, saying that both were either controlled by White capitalists or were helping the White capitalists.

In closing Owen stated that there were other secret objects of the organization which could not be given to the public just now. The activities of this organization will be kept in touch with.

UNIVERSAL NEGRO IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

So far as can be learned Marcus Garvey is still in Cuba. On the 25th inst. at 7:45 P.M. the yacht "Kanawha" of the Black Star Line cleared for Cuba and West Indian ports. According to confidential information, several passengers were aboard, the names of whom will be obtained, if possible, at an early date, and the entire situation will be closely kept in touch with.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIESIRISH AMERICAN LABOR LEAGUE

A new organization with the above title has been organized in New York with headquarters at 262 West 23rd St. The President is EMMET O'REILLY, Vice President T. J. O'FLAHERTY, Recording Secretary O'BYRNE, Corresponding Secretary EGAN CLANCY, Treasurer THOMAS M. MCDERMOTT and New York City organizers T. F. RYAN and J. G. QUIRKE.

Branches of the League are either already established or in process of formation in Boston, San Francisco, Chicago, Butte, -Montana, Cleveland, Philadelphia, New Haven, Bridgeport, Albany, -New York, Detroit, -Michigan and Schenectady, New York.

The ideas of the League are along Socialistic lines.

EGAN CLANCY, above referred to is a brother of the late Lord Mayor of Limerick, Ireland.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

11. PASSPORTS.

Amongst those making application to depart this country during the current week appear the following of whom this office has record:

ALEXANDER ROSOLKO, Application #57518, 306 Cherry St.; member of the Communist Party; arrested in January, 1920, released in \$1000. bond after a hearing on Feb. 11, 1920, and warrant of arrest cancelled Department of Labor letter #98761/1610-6/16/20.

TYRENTI OSTAPCHUCK 186 Ludlow St., New York, application #57532; member of the Communist Party; arrested 11/18/19, released after a hearing in \$1000. bond 2/27/20, warrant of arrest cancelled Department of Labor letter 5/18/20-98761/1595, Russian alien.

A. KONDRATUK, Application #57504, 37 Marvin St., Buffalo; warrant for arrest issued in Buffalo; alien, Communist.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 26, 1921.

12. HINDU ACTIVITIES.FRIENDS OF FREEDOM FOR INDIA

The above organization held a meeting at the Lexington Theatre on the 20th inst. at which resolutions were passed calling upon President Harding to adopt a "definite foreign policy that shall safeguard our country and the entire world from the developing menace of British imperialism". The resolutions further stated that the Friends of Freedom for India would send a committee of three Americans consisting of Major Eugene F. Kinkead of New Jersey, Mr. Gilbert E. Roe of New York and Mrs. Josephine E. Bennett of Connecticut to present to President Harding a copy of the resolutions. At this meeting Capt. John F. McAree veteran of the 25th Engineers, Quartermaster Corps of the United States Army, made a plea for the freedom of India and charged that the recent "All-American" meeting held at Madison Square Garden on the 18th inst. had been backed by British interests and stated that, due to this British influence, in his opinion, the meeting at which General John J. Pershing and other notable figures appeared, was not so anti-German as it was anti-Irish.



J. G. TUCKER, Special Agent.

202600-33

J.H.N. H  
65

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-25-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3-23	REPORT MADE BY: P 134
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: <u>UNEMPLOYMENT CONFERENCE.</u>			

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 28 1921  
DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

On March 7th while attending the meeting of M.M.W. I. U. #440, of I.W.W., I learned that this branch had delegates at the "UNEMPLOYMENT CONFERENCE" held in the RAND SCHOOL, at which meeting a committee was elected to hold street meetings and take steps to spread propaganda, and according to the delegates' report there seemed to be only a small number at the conference.

While at I.W.W. Hall today I informed HARRISON GEORGE that I wanted to write an article for a foreign publication on the Unemployment Movement, and that the minutes of same would be of great help to me. He referred me to ARTHUR SHIELDS, as he has the facts concerning the conference.

The following minutes were found at I.W.W. Hall, 208 East 12th Street, on J. H. BEYER'S desk;

"Regular Meeting of Committee of Action called to Order at 2 P. M. at Rand School, March 19, 1921.

There were 14 members present.

Fellow Worker Braden elected as chairman.

M & S that minutes be approved as read and that APR 23 1921 Secretary be instructed to leave out of future minutes, lost motions and names of nominees. Amend. That complete minutes of this body be taken and that a summary of all minutes be compiled for conferences.

FILE  
T.F.B.

RECORDED

202600-33-193 X

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
------------	-------------------------------------

ORIGINAL



P 134 for March 23, 1921. Unemployment Conference.

composing the final action of this body. Amend. Carried.

Reports of Committees.

The Program Committee reported having met and framing a Programme and set of Principles which they desire to submit for approval of this body.

M & S That above report be received and that it be taken up seriatum, and acted upon and recommendations be embodied in the report. Motion carried.

M & S That we strike out clause #2, #3 #4 and amend clause #6. Motion lost.

M & S That Preamble and Programme of Unemployment Conference be tabled until next of the Committee of Action and that it be made the first order of business of that meeting. Motion lost.

M & S. That we do not concur with clause #1. Motion lost.

M & S. That we concur with clauses #2 #3 #4. Motions carried.

Fellow Worker, George Vaugh expressed the desire to be recorded as voting against clause #4 and so ordered the Chairman.

M.& S. That recommendations by Program Committee be approved. Motion carried.

M & S. That a new Committee on Programs be elected and that they submit a Program at the next meeting of this body. Motion carried.

M & S That the Committee be notified of the next meeting of this body. Carried.

MS

P 134 for March 23, 1921. Unemployment Conference.

M & S That all communications be put on file. Carried.

Treasury Report.

Receipts from all sources up to date	\$74.00
Disbursements for all purposes	51.39
Cash on hand	22.61

J. H. Beyers, Secretary."

The name of GEORGE VAUGH mentioned above, is the same person who is very active in the Industrial Research or Survey Bureau of the I.W.W. and a member of #440 of the I.W.W.

P 134.

202600-33-193

MAR 31 21

JCH-EMR

ABF

March 29, 1921.

Judge A. B. Parker,  
President, The National Civic Federation,  
33rd Floor Metropolitan Tower,  
New York City.

My dear Judge Parker:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 25th instant, enclosing a copy of the resolutions adopted at a meeting held under the auspices of The National Civic Federation, New York City, on January 13, 1921.

I desire to express my appreciation of your courtesy in forwarding to me a copy of these resolutions.

Faithfully yours,

(Signed) H. M. Daugherty:

Attorney General.

RECORDED

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

*On the part of the Public:*

WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT, New Haven, Conn.  
 ELIHU ROOT (former Secretary of State), New York City.  
 WILLIAM C. REDFIELD (former Secretary of Commerce), New York City.  
 FRANKLIN MACVEAGH (former Secretary of the Treasury), Washington, D. C.  
 OSCAR S. STRAUS (former Ambassador to Turkey), New York City.  
 JAMES GIBBONS, Cardinal, Baltimore, Md.  
 JOSEPH F. BERRY, D. D., LL. D. (Senior Bishop Methodist Episcopal Church), Philadelphia, Pa.  
 MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, (former Judge, New York Court of Appeals), New York City.  
 LIBUT. COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, New York City.  
 HENRY WADE ROGERS, (Judge, U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals), New Haven, Conn.  
 NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER (President Columbia University), New York City.  
 ROBERT M. THOMPSON (former Chairman Executive Committee, Navy League), Washington, D. C.  
 TALCOTT WILLIAMS, LL. D., Professor Emeritus, School of Journalism, Columbia University, New York City.  
 WHEELER P. BLOODGOOD (Attorney), Milwaukee, Wis.  
 WILLIAM R. WILLCOX (Former Chairman, New York Public Utilities Commission), New York City  
 FREDERICK L. HOFFMAN, LL.D. (Statistician) Newark, N. J.

*On the part of Employers:*

JOHN R. BLAND (President United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.), Baltimore, Md.  
 NICHOLAS F. BRADY (President New York Edison Co.), New York City.  
 LOUIS A. COOLIDGE (Treasurer United Shoe Machinery Corporation), Boston, Mass.  
 GEORGE B. CORTELYOU (President Consolidated Gas Co.), New York City.  
 THOMAS DEWITT CUYLER (Chairman Association of Railway Executives), Philadelphia, Pa.  
 HENRY P. DAVISON (J. P. Morgan & Co.), New York City.  
 T. COLEMAN DU PONT, (Chairman Executive Committee Equitable Office Building Corporation), New York City.  
 OTTO M. EIDLITZ, (Building Trades Employers' Association), New York City.  
 HALEY FISKE, (President Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.), New York City.  
 EDWARD K. HALL (Vice-President American Telephone and Telegraph Co.), New York City.  
 ELON H. HOOKER (President Hooker Electrochemical Co.), New York City.  
 SAMUEL MATHER (Pickands, Mather & Co.), Cleveland, Ohio.  
 H. E. MILES (President Racine-Sattley Co.), Racine, Wis.  
 OGDEN L. MILLS (Director International Paper Co.), New York City.  
 GEORGE M. REYNOLDS (Chairman of the Board, Continental and Commercial National Bank), Chicago, Ill.  
 WILLIAM JAY SCHIEFFELIN (President Schieffelin & Co.), New York City.  
 LOUIS SCHRAM, (India Wharf Storehouse Co.), Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 A. H. SMITH (President New York Central Lines), New York City.  
 HARRIS WEINSTOCK (Weinstock-Nichols Co.), San Francisco, Cal.  
 DANIEL WILLIARD (President Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co.) Baltimore, Md.

*On the part of Wage Earners:*

JAMES DUNCAN (President Granite Cutters' International Association of America), Quincy, Mass.  
 JOHN GOLDEN (President United Textile Workers of America), New York City.  
 SAMUEL GOMPERS (President American Federation of Labor), Washington, D. C.  
 TIMOTHY HEALY (President International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen), New York City.  
 W. G. LEE (President Brotherhood Railroad Trainmen), Cleveland, Ohio.  
 F. J. McNULTY (President International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers), Newark, N. J.  
 WILLIAM D. MAHON (President Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees of America), Detroit, Mich.  
 T. V. O'CONNOR (President International Longshoremen's Association), Buffalo, N. Y.  
 W. S. CARTER (President Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen), Cleveland, Ohio.  
 L. E. SHEPPARD, (President Order of Railway Conductors of America), Cedar Rapids, Iowa.  
 WARREN S. STONE (Grand Chief International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers), Cleveland, Ohio.  
 DANIEL J. TOBIN (President International Brotherhood of Teamsters), Indianapolis, Ind.  
 JOSEPH F. VALENTINE (President International Molders' Union of North America), Cincinnati, Ohio.  
 JOHN A. VOLL (President Glass Bottle Blowers' Association of the U. S. and Canada), Philadelphia, Pa.  
 MATTHEW WOLL (President International Photo Engravers Union), Chicago, Ill.

## AND MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

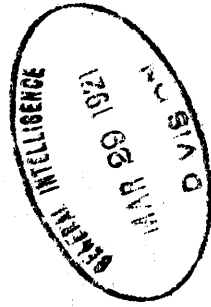
EXECUTIVE COUNCIL  
OF**The National Civic Federation**33RD FLOOR METROPOLITAN TOWER  
NEW YORK CITY

202600-33

ALTON B. PARKER, *President*  
 SAMUEL GOMPERS, *Vice-President*  
 V. EVERIT MACY, *Vice-President*  
 SAMUEL McROBERTS, *Treasurer*  
 D. L. CEASE, *Secretary*  
 RALPH M. EASLEY, *Chairman Executive Council*  
 JOHN HAYS HAMMOND  
*Chm. Dept. Regulation of Industrial Corporations*  
 EMERSON McMILLIN  
*Chairman Dept. Regulation of Public Utilities*  
 LOUIS A. COOLIDGE  
*Chairman Welfare Department*  
 MISS MAUDE WETMORE  
*Chairman Women's Department*  
 CONDE B. PALLEN, *Chairman Department on Study of Revolutionary Movements.*

AUGUST BELMONT  
*Chairman Workmen's Compensation Department*  
 WARREN S. STONE  
*Chairman Social Insurance Department*  
 ALVAH H. DOTY  
*Chairman Department on Public Health Education*  
 VINCENT ASTOR  
*Chairman Food and Drugs Department*  
 JEREMIAH W. JENKS  
*Chairman Department on Immigration*  
 FRANCIS R. MAYER  
*Chairman Industrial Training Department*  
 A. J. PORTER, *Chairman Minimum Wage Commission*  
 GERTRUDE BEEKS EASLEY  
*Secretary Executive Council*  
 MRS. COFFIN VAN RENSSELAER  
*Executive Secretary Woman's Department*

March 25, 1921.



Hon. Harry M. Daugherty,  
 Attorney General,  
 Washington, D. C.

My dear Sir:

I am enclosing a copy of Resolution adopted by a vote of 558 to 2 at a meeting held under the auspices of The National Civic Federation in New York City, January 13, 1921.

These resolutions have since been approved in writing by men and women representing all classes of our citizenry and all sections of the United States, a partial list being herewith enclosed.

Very sincerely yours,

*Alton B. Parker*  
 President.

202600-33-192

HOOVER

MAR 31

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: Albany, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: Mar. 25, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 17-23.	REPORT MADE BY: GENERAL John H. Dolan for G. O. Holdridge-MRD
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: INDUSTRIAL UNREST.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Continuing reports in the above matter, acting under instructions of Agent in Charge Holdridge, Agent obtained the following information in regard to industrial unrest.</p> <p>Strikes at Albany, N.Y. -- <u>United Traction Company</u> employees numbering approximately 1500 are still out. The lines of this company cover the cities of Albany, Troy, Watervliet, Cohoes and Rensselaer, N. Y. The cars are being run by strike breakers and there are almost daily clashes and disturbances on the part of the strike sympathizers. There has been no indications of radicalism.</p> <p>At the plant of the <u>GEORGE SPALT CABINET WORKS</u> there has been a strike involving 25 employees which is still on.</p> <p><u>THE ALBANY FOUNDRY CO.</u> which was formerly a union shop but has now become an open shop due to the fact that the Albany Foundry Co. is making castings for the <u>GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.</u> at Schenectady, N.Y., where 300 molders are on strike yet. There are occasional clashes between the union molders and those at present employed by the <u>ALBANY FOUNDRY CO.</u> Number involved -- 60.</p> <p>At the <u>SWEET &amp; DOYLE FOUNDRY</u> in Green Island, N.Y., the same conditions and the same causes are prevalent. About 75 are involved in this trouble.</p> <p>At Amsterdam, N.Y. 600 carpet workers are still out on strike.</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE DIVISION  
 MAR 29 1921

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7-1169

ORIGINAL

John H. Dolan

March 25, 1921

-2-

MSK

At Hoosick Falls, N.Y. 150 employees of the WALTER A. WOOD HARVESTOR MACHINE CO. are still on strike. Throughout this District the N.Y.C.R.R. have served notice of a reduction in pay effective April 1st on the employees, other than those connected with the Big Four Brotherhoods; approximately 15000 will be affected.

At present the entire shops of the New York Central, employing more than 3000 are closed at West Albany, N.Y. and it is the feeling that many will be returning to work after a reduction in pay is brought about.

2500 employees of the D. & H. R.R. Co. in all branches, both clerical and mechanical are to be laid off, April 1st.

There are 140 employees of the ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL on the daily papers on strike at Binghamton, N. Y. The papers are being issued by a non-union force of strike breakers.

Investigation continued.

20260-33

Handwritten initials/signature

REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: March 24/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar.13-16/21	REPORT MADE BY: N-122
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
**ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122**

B.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:  
**AT ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.**

March 13 The following is a report received from my friend at Buffalo, N.Y.

At 2:15 P.M. an anarchist, name not known, called at my house and we proceeded to #303 Seneca Street, where my friend told me that #303 Seneca Street was a meeting place for them. From there we proceeded to #290 Seneca Street, upstairs, entrance on Chicago Street. There I was presented to eight or nine fellows. Fifteen minutes later H. Williams came in. I stayed there four hours, and I got tired so I left them. The name of the man who resides at #290 Seneca Street is Tony Laduca.

" 16 They could not get a hall, therefore, the speaker they expected did not speak.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MAR 28 1921  
 DIVISION

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F. P. B.

REFERENCE: N-122	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: BUFFALO
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202600-33

SECRET  
MAR 25 1921  
DIVISION

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-23-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3-19	REPORT MADE BY: H. C. Leslie
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNIST LITERATURE. AT 145 West 55th Street.			
FACTS DEVELOPED:  <p>Following instructions received from Special Agent Charles Scully, based on telephone communication from Mr. JOE TAYLOR, who resides at 300 West 49th Street, New York, and is employed as a watchman by the FRED T. LEY COMPANY, 145 West 55th Street, and who stated that on several occasions he has found Communist circulars displayed in the plant and believes it is the work of some of the employees, one of the circulars being entitled "<u>WORKINGMEN OF AMERICA. STAND BY SOVIET RUSSIA</u>", agent called at 145 West 55th Street and interviewed MR. TAYLOR. This building is an apartment house in the course of erection. There are about 100 men of different trades employed at the present time. The circulars have been found on different floors of the building. Mr. Taylor suspects that some of the Jewish non union painters are distributing these circulars. He made a search of the clothing of the workmen under suspicion, but failed to find any of the circulars in question. A number of the men employed are Americans and they have threatened to throw the person out of the window who is caught with the circular in question, which threat is known by all the workmen on the building, and it is very doubtful if any more circulars will be distributed.</p> <p>Agent went through the several floors of the building with Mr. Taylor, who designated persons under suspicion, but none were known.</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

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APR 15 1921

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W.W.G.

7-1169



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-2-

H. C. Leslie for March 19, 1921. Distribution Communist Literature.

to me.

Mr. Taylor will continue the vigilance and report his findings to the Bureau.

H. C. Leslie

H. C. LESLIE

SPECIAL AGENT.

REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: March 23/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 13-19/21	REPORT MADE BY: N-122
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122			
FACTS DEVELOPED:  At Rochester, New York.			
March 13-17	Nothing of importance.		
" 18	C. Solomone introduced me to an Italian by the name of Ferraro, whose residence is #9 Durgin Street, City. C. Solomone and Ferraro discussed the plan for the play which they are going to give May 1st, and also about an anarchist from out of town who wrote to Solomone and Solomone claims that he didn't receive any letter from the anarchist in question.		
" 19	I went into the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone at 5:30 P.M. Stupiello came in at 6:05 P.M. The two men whom I saw sometime ago distributing the newspaper, Umanita Novo, at the restaurant, corner of Andrews and Franklin Streets came in. They were greeted with "Hello" by Louis Quercia, Guiseppi Adduci; Quercia and Adduci were in there ten minutes when they went upstairs and remained there fully fifteen minutes before they came down again. In the meantime Ferraro came in and conversed with Quercia. Quercia asked Ferraro if he heard from a certain fellow by the name of DeFrancisco. Ferraro answered "No". Then Quercia asked Ferraro if it was true that a certain fellow by the name of Mancuso was prohibited from speaking in this city and Ferraro answered yes. Quercia asked Ferraro how the leak came out and Ferraro answered "I think by publication". At 6:35 P.M. Quercia and Adduci went out. A few minutes after Ferraro went out also. At 7:30 P.M. Tony Cuccinelli came in and Solomone, Stupiello, Porta and I were waiting for the rain to stop to go to supper and then to a theater, so one of us started to talk about the possibility of a war between the United States and Japan. Solomone said "it looks that way because the United States is spending 80 percent of the money collected in taxes for the Army and Navy and the remaining twenty percent for all the other employees, including the President of the United States, etc. Then he said "Who pays for it,		
REFERENCE: N-122	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: BUFFALO APR 11 1921		

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NOV 24  
P.D.W.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 28 1921  
DIVISION

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F.I.B.

March 19 . us poor suckers". At 8:20 P.M. we went to the  
(continued) Rialto Theater. At 10:30 P.M. we came out and  
went to supper at the Italian Restaurant on  
Johnson Street.



FJK

202600-33

J.L.H.

M.D.

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/22/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/20/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.			
		Noted F.D.W.	<i>[Handwritten mark]</i>
FACTS DEVELOPED:  <p><u>CHANDLER OWEN</u> of the "Messenger" magazine, spoke at the radical forum, 131st St. &amp; Seventh Avenue, Lafayette Hall, this afternoon. His subject was the "<u>Sons of Negro Freedom</u>". He said that this organization was formed by himself and <u>Randall</u> at a convention of Negro radical workers, May 1920 in Washington.</p> <p>(1) It was a radical organization to fight for and protect the rights of the Negro workmen.</p> <p>(2) They would join the white unions if permitted or organize independently if refused admittance.</p> <p>(3) They would "scab" on the white unions to force recognition.</p> <p>Among those present were: <u>HUBERT H. HARRISON</u>, <u>DOMINGO</u>, <u>POTTER</u>, <u>MOORE</u>, <u>MISS GRACE CAMPBELL</u>, Secretary of the Negro Radical Harlem Branch, and <u>CARPENTER</u>.</p> <p>OWEN ridiculed the Garvey movement, also the N. A. A. C. P., saying that they were all either controlled by white capitalists or a help to the white capitalists. He told the audience that as a proof of the fear of the white capitalists of their organization "Sons of Negro Freedom" they were prevented from holding meetings everywhere he or Randall went. On the contrary Garvey and the N. A. A. C. P. were permitted to hold meetings anywhere. The capitalists knew that their organization "Sons of Negro Freedom" and the others were innocent and a help to them.</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <i>[Handwritten notes]</i>		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MAR 24 1921  
 DIVISION

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*Handwritten initials*

When pushed with questions from the floor as to the further objects of his organization. Owen confessed that there were other secret objects which should not be given out to the public just now. They will have to use diplomacy to achieve their aim.

I am arranging to see him so as to get a few more details from him.

Respectfully,

P-138

202600-33  
 GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
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 11

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR. 21, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 14-21, 1921	REPORT MADE ON: JAMES C. TORMEY.
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

In regard to the strike situation at the plant of the Pierce Butler and Pierce Company at Eastwood, New York, two strikers were arrested on the 17th inst., and charged with assault, second degree, upon strike breakers. When arraigned before Justice of the Peace Jackson they plead not guilty, waived examination and were held to await the action of the Grand Jury which convenes in April. The NEW YORK STATE CONSTABULARY have assigned two men to this vicinity and they are keeping the situation well in hand except for an occasional outburst such as occurred on the 17th.

The railroad strike situation has changed for the better. On account of a decision recently made requiring the Erie Railroad Company to refrain from reducing the wages of the men until the matter was taken up by the Federal Wage Board, the representatives of the employes in this vicinity believe that the railroads will not cut the wages until evidence has been submitted to the Federal Wage Board and a decision rendered by that Board.

The Radicals and Communists of Solvay, New York, have been inactive during the past week and no further literature has been distributed in Solvay or Syracuse, New York. 202600-33-189X

APR 15 1921  
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 G. F. B.

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ORIGINAL

SPECIAL REPORT

Bureau letter 10/15/19

20-600-33

REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/21/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/19/21	REPORT MADE BY: W.L. Buchanan
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*MB*

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN BUFFALO DISTRICT

*Noted  
F.D.W.*

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Buffalo, New York.

Referring to the above mentioned letter and to subsequent reports, the following information is respectfully submitted:

GENERAL

There are still about 45,000 unemployed in Buffalo. A large meeting of unemployed was held at Schwabl's hall, Broadway, last Monday evening. There were about 350 present, and Robert Coyle, National Organizer for the Machinists Union, spoke on the cause of so many unemployed at present, saying that the employers were determined to lower the wages thereby lowering the standard of living of the workers. It developed into a political meeting, and FRANK C. PERKINS, Socialist Councilman for the city, addressed the meeting urging them on to vote the Socialist ticket in the future.

APR 18 1921

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W.W. 20-600-33-189K

RECORDED

REFERENCE: WLB/CMR	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Buffalo
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## RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

SOCIALIST PARTY - BUFFALO, NEW YORK - At Socialist headquarters last week Secretary Yokom reported that the East Side Business Men's Association had adopted a resolution which will be forwarded to President Harding, requesting the release of Debs on April 14th. They also donated \$150 towards the expense of sending delegates from here to Washington on that date. McCumber, one of the organizers, reported that the Young People's League appointed twelve delegates to attend the Debs' demonstration at Washington on April 13th. McCumber also stated that President Harding had assured the executive heads of the Socialist Party before he took the oath of office, that he would pardon Debs a month after he was in office. Organizer Hock reported that the officers of the Building Trades Council have appointed a committee which will be known as the Amnesty Committee, to assist in the demonstration for freeing Debs. Every Senator and Congressman will be appealed to, and delegates will be sent to Washington on April 13th and 14th to participate in the demonstration to be held at that time.

PHILIP RANDOLPH, colored editor of "The Messenger", addressed a Socialist forum meeting at Miller's Harmonia Hall, 264 Genesee Street on the 13th instant. About seventy-five were present and an admission of twenty-five cents was charged. His subject was "Unemployment - Its Cause and Cure". He charged that the situation was due to the Capitalist system. He compared



the present political and economic conditions in Europe and the United States, stating that there were about 5,000,000 unemployed in this country at the present time, and that this number would be increased and then the workers would be obliged to adopt radical methods to change existing conditions.

Petition blanks for the release of Debs and other political prisoners were passed around for signatures to be forwarded to Congress.

W.L.Buchanan

3/21/21

4  
1257

I.W.W. - Niagara Falls, New York. Information  
has been received that since the departure of JOSEPH ALONZO,  
who was organizing a branch of the I.W.W. at Niagara Falls,  
New York, the organization has not been holding any meetings  
and the members are showing little interest in the organization  
at the present time.

SOVIET RUSSIAN MEDICAL RELIEF ASSOCIATION -Buffalo,  
New York. This society held a meeting on Monday evening,  
March 14th at the home of Dr. Horwitz, 576 Jefferson Street.  
Only a few were present. Two pamphlets, "The Red Menace"  
and "Medical Relief Work in Soviet Russia" were passed around.  
These pamphlets are being forwarded with this report.

+ This publications sent to Miss  
Inovision - 3/23/21  
+ Butte

## INDIVIDUALS

SAMUEL COHEN, a former I.W.W. organizer, is to speak on Sunday evening, March 20th at Miller's hall and his subject will be "The East".

NICHOLAS CEGLINSKY, claiming to be manager for the Ukrainian section of the Bureau of Foreign Language Information Service, 15 West 37th Street, New York City addressed the Ukrainian Educational Circle, 335 Remington Street, Rochester, New York on March 18th. He claimed to have been recently in Europe and described conditions in Ukraina. He claimed to be on the Public Information committee during the war under George Creel; also to have formerly been connected with the American National Red Cross.

NSA

UNITED COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA - Buffalo, N.Y.

A copy of the "Komunista" bearing the stamp of the United Communist Party of America, and printed in the Polish language, has been received in Buffalo, New York and is being forwarded with this report.

A copy of the "Communist Unity", published by the Communist Unity Committee of America has also been received and is being forwarded.

X Sent to Miss Covillion 3/23/21  
FBU

OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.



March 19, 1921.

202600-33  
W.G.

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

ATTENTION MR. J. E. HOOVER.

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith in triplicate Special  
Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater New York  
District for period ending March 19, 1921.

Very truly yours,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGT:FJK  
Encl.

*OK  
Res  
3/22/21*

WEP 202600-33-186  
APR 13 1921

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FILE  
W.W.G.

Notes  
W.

*NY*

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MARCH 19, 1921.

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NOTED  
G.F.B.

MAR 31 1921

202600-33-186

RECORDED

FILE  
W.W.G.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

MARCH 19, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MARCH 19, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	Recog. of Union
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employ- ees.
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. and Hrs.
Shirt Makers	700	"	Protest against open shop.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs.
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages.
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	1,300	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	Reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	12,000	"	Recog. of Union and resumption of old wages.
Feather Boa Makers	900	"	Recog. of Union.



1-A. STRIKE NOTES.INSIDE IRON AND BRONZE WORKERS UNION

The two thousand members of Locals No. 273-274 and 275 of the above Union, who have been on a lockout since early in January, have come to terms with their employers and have returned to work. The dispute, so the Union claims, was provoked by three associations of employers affiliated with the National Erectors Association when the Union expected they would obtain the forty-four hour week, which they claim had been agreed upon in a conference the year before.

The men have returned to work under the Union scale, except in some cases where the wages were reduced to \$33. minimum for helpers and \$44. for finishers, and lost the fight for the forty-four hour week. The lockout may be regarded, however, as a victory for the employers.

FEATHER BOA MAKERS UNION

As a result of settlements made by manufacturers with members of the above Union, about three hundred men returned to work during the week and it is confidently expected that the strike will be settled within a comparatively short time.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS UNION

As a result of a referendum circulated amongst the Brotherhood of Painters, it is expected that this strike, which is of many months duration, will be brought to a quick termination. The men plan to

return to work on the basis of Nine Dollars a day, which is the prevailing wage in the building trade. The men struck for Ten Dollars a day and the reaffirmation of the forty hour week which they established about one year ago. The question as to whether the forty hour or five day week will stand will probably be decided later.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

2. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

The above Association, at a meeting on the 14th inst. in New York, wired a protest to Governor Henry J. Allen of Kansas against the so-called mob attacks on non-partisan league organizers at Great Bend on the previous day. According to the views of the Committee representing the Civil Liberties Union "those responsible for Sunday's violence will doubtless be brought to justice".

SOCIALIST PARTY

The trial of Assemblyman Henry Jager is still going on before the Assembly Committee on Privileges and Elections, his seat having been contested by Andrea B. Yacenda, defeated Brooklyn Democratic candidate for the same seat.

The Assembly claims that the issuance of the certificate of election to Jager was "improper" and based upon improper and incorrect returns and statements of the various inspectors of elections and of the Board of County Canvassers of the County of Kings.

It is probable that the decision will not be made for several days.

-----

The Party has claimed that as a result of a recent drive toward a one hundred thousand membership, they have gained five thousand members.

Socialist Party

As a result of newspaper reports to the effect that President Harding has requested Attorney General Dougherty to reopen the DEBS case, it is understood that the Socialist Party will refrain from putting into effect their previous plan to picket the White House on behalf of Amnesty for political prisoners.

I. W. W.

There has been little activity in the above local circles during the current week. It has been learned from a confidential source that J. H. BEYERS has resigned as Secretary of the New York I. W. W. Defense Committee, stating that there was not sufficient money coming in to keep him employed.

COMMISSARIAT FOR NATIONALITIES

Dr. D. R. Dubrowsky, United States representative of the above body, on the 15th inst. made public a request for condensed milk and clothing of which, he stated, the Soviet Ukraine and White Russia are in urgent need. He added an appeal for funds for the purchase of these articles.

ANARCHISTS

On the 16th inst. Justice JOHN M. TIERNEY, in the Bronx Supreme Court where PAUL MANKO is on trial for violation of the State Anarchy Law, ruled that search and seizure without warrant were against the principles of justice and law.

The decision arose out of the fact that at the time of the arrest of Manko by the police on June 1, 1920, the police took away many pamphlets which were afterwards used in evidence, some of the papers taken being circulars entitled "Seeing Red", "Down Tools on May 1st", "Free Thought", etc.

COMMUNIST PARTY

During the past week a large number of circulars have made their appearance along the shore front in both New York and Brooklyn and also in the factory districts of both boroughs, which are signed: "The American Bureau--International Council of Trade and Industrial Unions".

The circulars urged American workers to send delegates to the convention of the Communist Trade Union International which will be held in Moscow in May and to avoid the International Federation of

Trade Unions which has its headquarters in Amsterdam.

About two weeks ago Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, officially notified JAN OUDEGEEST, Secretary of the International Federation of Trade Unions that the A. F. of L., representing four million workers in the United States and Canada, had withdrawn from the International Federation because it was too revolutionary.

Other circulars, which are printed on both sides and issued by the "Central Executive Committee, Communist Party of America", read in part as follows:

"WORKMEN OF AMERICA! STAND BY SOVIET RUSSIA!" The circular then goes on to state that "The Bloodthirsty capitalists of Western Europe and America are waiting to learn of the fall of Petrograd in order to bury their fangs into the heart of Soviet Russia". It then advises the workingmen of America to "stand by Soviet Russia" and says:

"Let us resolve to break the chains of wage slavery. Let us prepare for the overthrow of the hypocritical and bloody capitalist state and establish in its place the Soviet Republic of America.

"Let us destroy The Republic of the Rich and erect The Republic of Labor."

UNITED RUSSIAN PROFESSIONAL UNIONS

It has been learned that comrade SIVKO recently went to Waterbury, Conn., with the intention of exposing the alleged trickery of the Detroit branch of the Medical Aid to Soviet Russia. At the same time it was his intention to attempt to disorganize the local branch of the Society at Waterbury and to organize another committee which will operate under the Executive Committee of the Third All-Colonial.

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A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Third All-Colonial was held at the office of the "Americanskyye Izvestia" on the 18th inst. at which it was decided to start a loan drive in this country and Canada among Russian citizens in order to help to reconstruct Soviet Russia. The Executive Committee decided that they would work out all the details of this plan and then present them to the various organizations affiliated with the All-Colonial for approval.

There has been considerable dissention between the Second and Third All-Colonial Executive Committees, the former having attached money in the bank which was in the name of the latter organization, the Second All-Colonial claiming that the money rightfully belonged to many Russians who had been deported and not to the Third All-Colonial. It is thought that the dispute will finally find its way into court.

It has been learned that during the coming week several Russian sailors whose names we have not as yet been able to learn, will sail on one of the Hamburg American Line ships from Hoboken, N. J., for Finland, their purpose in visiting that country being to bring back several revolutionists who are fighting against the Soviets at Kronstadt and who will be brought back to the United States for the purpose of instituting an anti-Soviet drive amongst the Russian residents in this country.

#### Union of Russian Sailors

It has been learned that a newly organized branch of the above organization, whose sponsors were YOUNSHANOFF, KORNEEFF and KUZMENKO, has joined the Third International. They are said to be holding meetings at the home of Korneeff, 23rd St. & 4th Ave., Brooklyn, and he is said to be receiving all illegal literature carried by sailors into this country and delivering it to the leaders of the Communist Party in this section.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALS

LOUIS BASKY

One of the editors of "Elore" Hungarian Radical Daily, was recently refused permission to speak in Bridgeport, Conn., at a protest meeting against the Horthy government in Hungaria.

HARRIET STANTON BLATCH

According to "Forward", New York Jewish radical daily, will, in the future, be in charge of the Socialist Party's Amnesty Office at Washington.

DR. ISAAC HOURWICH

Formerly connected with the Soviet Bureau in New York, on the 15th inst., in speaking of a report that England had signed a treaty to trade with Soviet Russia, stated that it was a victory for Moscow and that the other governments would shortly be forced to follow in order to protect their own trade interests.

PATRICK QUINLAN

Who recently arrived from Russia, will deliver his first lecture in the Debs Auditorium of the Rand School on Tuesday the 22nd inst.



SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 28, 1941

4. RADICAL PRESS

"RUSSKY GOLOS"

IN THE ISSUE OF MARCH 15TH, 1941, THE "RUSSKY GOLOS" HAS BEEN  
ANNOUNCED AS THE NEW VOICE OF THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE IN THE  
WEST. THE NEWSPAPER IS TO BE PUBLISHED IN ENGLISH AND  
OTHER LANGUAGES AND IS TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN ALL COUNTRIES  
WHERE RUSSIAN INTERESTS ARE CONCERNED.

EDITORIAL

THE NEWSPAPER IS TO BE PUBLISHED IN ENGLISH AND  
OTHER LANGUAGES AND IS TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN ALL COUNTRIES  
WHERE RUSSIAN INTERESTS ARE CONCERNED.

EDITORIAL

THE NEWSPAPER IS TO BE PUBLISHED IN ENGLISH AND  
OTHER LANGUAGES AND IS TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN ALL COUNTRIES  
WHERE RUSSIAN INTERESTS ARE CONCERNED.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

4. RADICAL PRESS"RUSSKY GOLOS"

In its issue of March 10th, announces a "convention of all the American and Canadian Technical Societies for Aid of Soviet Russia in New York, April 2nd, 1921". Purpose: To create a powerful labor technical organization and be prepared to go to Soviet Russia.

"OBRANA"  
(Defense)

Czech Socialistic weekly, is making strong efforts to collect funds with which to turn the paper into a daily.

"ELORE"

In its issue of March 15th, carries under the caption "A Question of Good Spirit", a criticism of an article by Henry Ford touching upon improved business conditions and ends with the following:

"Just let the capitalists and their papers believe that it is a question of good spirit. We know that it is NOT. We know that the method of production and distribution measures out the life and spirit of the people; and we know that just for that reason the life of the capitalist is good, while the life and the spirit of the worker is very bad.

"We will bring a change in this matter yet and then the matter will NOT be a question of good spirit."

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The same paper in the same issue under the caption "The Most

Interesting News of the Day", speaks of a boy named Jacobson, age fifteen years, who arrived in New York from Roumania and was detained at Ellis Island. The article then makes reference, in mocking terms, to the Statue of Liberty and closes with the following:

"But if the millions of American workers who were for years fooled with "democracy" and 'freedom' will not wake up at the sight of this enchained boy--if they will not wake up to the big American lie, then one can be surprised. Besides Jacobson only shows the situation of millions of others. We have handcuffs on our hands and not one, but millions of such slaves are looking at the Statue of Liberty; slaves whose freedom of movement is restricted by chains. We are the slaves of capital."

"AMERIKAI MAGYARSAG"  
(Hungarian Radical)

In a recent issue makes an appeal under the caption "American Hungarians", which closes with the following:

"We want to be strong again; we are all soldiers! We are preparing to fight, to struggle, for the liberation of our kin! Watch for the sign of the Tocsin; the tortured Hungarian sod stark with its own blood is rumbling; in the souls of the Hungarians humiliated to the dust, there live--ineffaceable--bitter thoughts of retribution and revenge. We ask you to come and help! Help the Federation of Defensive Leagues.

"AMERICANSKYE IZVESTIA"  
(Russian Radical)

In the March 15th issue of this paper, which is the official organ of the United Russian Professional Unions, appears an article under the caption "Organized Return to Soviet Russia", which tells of the efforts of various comrades of Bridgeport, Conn., to leave the country and closes with the following:

"So, comrades, form groups, take an example from the comrades of Bridgeport and in organized rows leave this country for toiling Russia.

"In this manner you will protect yourselves from being robbed on the way and you will also be of great value to toiling Russia."

"NEW YORKER VOLKSZEITUNG"

In a recent issue under the caption "The Crisis Is Here" speaks of condition in Germany and closes with the following:

"There is only one remedy for Germany's salvation: the revolution, the overthrow of the Capitalistic system, the junction of Soviet Russia. The great masses of the German workmen hope still for some miracle. They do not want to know anything about the social revolution because they were horrified and thoroughly shocked by the lying and slandering reports about Soviet Russia. Therefore, that class must remain for a few years longer, exploited and oppressed. For the higher honor and glory of the capitalists at home and in the Entente lands."

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

5. RADICAL MEETINGS.

A meeting will be held under the auspices of the Socialist Party at the Rand School, 7 East 15th Street, on Sunday the 20th inst. at 3:00 P.M., at which a debate will be held, the subject being the twenty-one points laid down by Moscow as conditions for admission of the Socialist Party to the Communist International.

SACCO-VANZETTI DEFENSE COMMITTEE

On Sunday the 13th inst. at 2:30 P.M. there was held in the Rand School, 7 East 15th St., New York, a debate on the "Dictatorship of the Proletariat", the funds to be applied to the defense of Sacco and Vanzetti. There were about eight hundred men and women present. CARLO TRESCA acted as chairman and introduced one CAPRARA who took the affirmative and pointed out to his audience the importance of the dictatorship of the proletariat in order to battle the common enemy, the "capitalist class". He closed his speech with the statement, "We Communists believe in some kind of a dictatorship, otherwise a revolution would be a failure."

The negative side of the debate was taken up by N. CUNEO, who stated that his belief was that out of a dictatorship an autocratic government usually grew and pointed out as examples of this, the French Revolution and the American Revolution, from which, according to his views, the two most autocratic governments in the world resulted.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONSAMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

Justice Van Sicten in the Supreme Court of Brooklyn on the 14th inst. indicated his purpose to render a decision declaring all strike picketing illegal. The proposed decision of Justice Van Sicten was caused by the application of a clothing manufacturing firm named SCHWARTZ & JAFFE who requested that picketing of their manufactory be declared illegal. The final decision will be handed down within the next week.

HOUSE WRECKERS UNION NO. 95

It is thought very likely that within a few days a reduction in the wages of wreckers, members of the above union, will be acceded after meetings between the union and the Demolition Contractors' Protective Association. One meeting has already been held and the general sentiment seems to be that after another meeting terms will be agreed upon that will be satisfactory to both parties.

AMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

According to statements made by the above organization, about three hundred clothing factories are now working under union conditions. As a result of these settlements several thousand workers have returned to their places. The union, however, is continuing its efforts to raise a Million Dollar lockout fund and has stated that Two Hundred and Seventy-five Thousand has been raised in New York and Three Hundred Thousand Dollars has come from Chicago. Forty Thousand Dollars of the money

raised in New York is understood to have been donated by the International Ladies Garment Workers Union.

7. UNEMPLOYMENT

On the 14th inst. executives of the New Jersey Central R. R. at a conference attended by representatives of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance and Way Employees, notified the men that ~~there would be~~ approximately twenty-seven per cent reduction in wages for all laborers. About three thousand and seven hundred track laborers are affected and about ten thousand men altogether. No decision has as yet been arrived at as to the course of action the men will take, although it is doubtful that there will be any strike order issued.

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It is thought about six thousand marine workers employed on the floating craft of the railroads entering the Port of New York would be affected by the wage reductions figuring up to twenty-three per cent, which were agreed upon at a meeting of the Railway General Managers Association on the 14th inst. It is also probable that these workers will make some attempt toward arbitration before final acceptance of the terms offered by their employers.

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The Westchester County Building Trades Employers Association announced on the 16th inst. that they had unanimously voted to cut the wages of all skilled and unskilled labor thirteen per cent. According to FRANK N. GOBEL, Chairman of the Association, the cut will become effective on April 1st and will affect nearly ten thousand employees. It is understood that the only class of workers which will be excepted is the masons who will continue to receive Nine Dollars per day.



FJK

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J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MEN

There has been no radical activity in the ranks of any of the ex-service organizations during the past week as far as the New York office of the Department has been able to learn.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIESNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED  
PEOPLE

The above organization made public, on the 15th inst., a statement to the effect that a petition to which they hoped to obtain one hundred thousand signatures was being circulated to request of President Harding the pardon of sixty-one members of the 24th Infantry (Colored) who are now in prison for their connection with the Houston, Texas, riots of 1917. The petition recites that the regiment had had an excellent previous record for "discipline, service and soldierly conduct" also, that local animosity had been shown the troopers before the riot.

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It has been learned from a confidential source that the Rev. HEYLEGAN, Marcus Garvey's High Commissioner, recently made the statement that the Rev. LYONS, Liberian Consul General and official mouth-piece of the Liberian Government, had been somewhat opposed to Garvey, but that the latter had promised him a position and that he had changed his mind and promised to use his influence to induce President King of Liberia not to say or do anything that would hurt Garvey's "Liberian Loan" and "back to Africa" schemes.

The same source of information is responsible for the statement that Garvey's organization is at present negotiating for another ship to be obtained from a Chinese or Japanese company and to be used for propaganda purposes. The same source also makes the statement that the number of Negro unemployed is rapidly increasing, but there seems to be

no attempt made by the radicals at this particular time to take advantage of this fact. It was announced at a meeting on the 13th inst. at Liberty Hall that on his return to this country sometime next month, Garvey intends to send a Negro ambassador to take up his headquarters in Washington. This representative was stated to be Rev. Dr. EASTON, who was elected "leader of the American Negroes" at a convention of the Universal Negro Improvement Association in August last in New York.

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIES.

There has been considerable dissention between the various Irish societies with regard to the St. Patrick's Day parade on the 17th inst., because of the fact that different Irish societies have taken objection to the predominance of the so-called DEVOY-COHALAN group of politicians. // The American Association for the Recognition of Ireland, through Major Kelly, has made the statement that it was organized through the efforts of President De Valera "to take the Irish movement in America out of the hands of politicians" and they propose to see that this is done. It is questionable, however, whether an open outbreak will take place.

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR RELIEF IN IRELAND

The above organization, which has offices at 1 West 34th St., New York, has been making an appeal through advertisements in the "New York Call" and other papers for funds for the relief of the sufferers in Ireland.

The former Postmaster General GEORGE B. CORTELYOU, ELIZABETH MARBURY, CARDINAL GIBBONS and former Secretary of the Navy, JOSEPHUS DANIELS, were among those who, on the 15th inst. accepted positions as honorary vice-chairmen of the Committee.

On St. Patrick's Day the drive for Ten Million Two Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars was begun for the alleviation of suffering women and children in Ireland. A number of other prominent persons have also associated themselves with the Committee.

FJK

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J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

11. DEPORTATIONS

FREDERICK DE CHAINE

An ardent radical, who had been at Ellis Island for several months, having been sent there from Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, for deportation as an undesirable alien, was shipped aboard the S. S. "Clan MacBrayne bound for Capetown, South Africa and Calcutta, India, on the 15th inst.

This man entered the United States surreptitiously from Mexico by way of Douglas, Arizona, and was arrested there for that offence, as well as for having made seditious and radical utterances against the United States Government. He is a German with a number of aliases.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

12. RUSSIAN AFFAIRS ABROAD

"Russky Golos" (Russian Voice) in its issue of the 5th inst. under the caption "American Workers in Petrograd", carries a statement which was made by the "Presidium of the Petrograd Soviet of the Professional Unions" on the arrival of some American automobile workers. After stating, "We look on you as the vanguard of the international proletariat, which goes to us for productive help", the statement proceeds in part:

"Stepping on the land of Soviet Russia, you should know, that in the beginning, at least, your position will not be an easy one. We have little food, living quarters are by far not built everywhere, there is an insufficiency of wood, transportation is poor, many have neither shoes nor clothing, our production is only beginning to make a little headway. Many amongst us are still not organized because we are engaged with the war on all the fronts. Many things we have not as yet learned to do as they should be done because we did not have the experience.

"But, then, we possess something, which they do not have in other countries; we are our own bosses; we are building our own life; everything what we have and what we are obtaining is our own, belongs to all the toilers and not to a group of billionaires--the parasites of labor."

13. RUSSIAN AFFAIRS IN THE U. S.

There has been recently obtained from the Russian National Society, New York, a circular issued by the "General Executive Committee of Russian Peasants of America and Canada" which states that it is an appendix to the pamphlet "Slaves and Slave Owners" and adds: "For Those Who Still Profess Ignorance. For Those Incurable Imbeciles Who Still Do Not Realize That Bolshevism Is Judaism and Judaism Is Bolshevism", and adds the following list of names who were employed in the Russian Soviet Bureau in New York until its practical disruption at the time of the departure of Martens.

The circular also gives the nationality of these employees, the list reading as follows:

LUDWIG C. A. K. MARTENS	-----	GERMAN
SANTERI NUORTEVA	-----	JEW
JACOB W. HARTMAN	-----	JEW
DOROTHEA KEEN	-----	JEWESS
THEODORE BRELAUER	-----	JEW
ELIZABETH GOLDSTEIN	-----	JEWESS
-----STEIN	-----	JEW
GREGORY WEINSTEIN	-----	JEW
THEODORE FEDETOFF	-----	RUSSIAN
HENRIETTA MBEROWITCH	-----	JEWESS
MISS AOUSHEVITCH	-----	JEWESS
ALEXANDER GOLDMAN	-----	JEW
ANTON TAITEN	-----	(?) RUSSIAN
MICHAEL WOSKOFF	-----	JEW
A. HELLER	-----	JEW
ELLA TUCH	-----	JEWESS
EVANS CLARK	-----	AMERICAN
RAE TROTZKY	-----	JEWESS
ROSE HOLLAND	-----	JEWESS
DAISY LEE	-----	JEWESS
DAVID DUBROVSKY	-----	JEW
MARY MODELL	-----	AMERICAN
ISAAC HOURWICH	-----	JEW
EVA JOFFE	-----	JEWESS
NORA SMITHERMAN	-----	JEWESS

"Rusky Golos" (Russian Voice), Russian radical daily, in its issue of March 17th, under the caption "Litvinoff, New Ambassador to the United States", carries the following item:

"Berlin--The following was received from the Riga correspondent of the 'Berlin Forward':

'I just had a special interview with Adolph Joffe.

'From Soviet sources I ascertained that MAXIM LITVINOFF has been appointed the Soviet Ambassador to the United States to fill the vacancy created by Martens' deportation.'



J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 19, 1921.

14. HINDU ACTIVITIES.FRIENDS OF FREEDOM FOR INDIA

The above organization is advertising a meeting which is to take place on Sunday afternoon, March 20th, at the Lexington Theatre, New York, as a protest against what they term "The British Peril". The circular adds that:

"The British Control of the Trade Routes, The Potential Oil Resources, The Cable Systems of the World and her unwarranted interference in the social, political and economic life of the United States has made the British Peril the greatest menace to the industry and security of the American sovereignty."

The speakers are announced as Major EUGENE F. KINKEAD of the General Staff, Captain JOHN T. McAREE of the 69th Regiment, Captain THOMAS KISSANE of the Signal Corps, American Expeditionary Forces, attached to the General Staff and General S. PEARSON, famous Commander of the Transvaal Army of the Boer War.



J. G. TUCKER, Special Agent.

FJK

20260-33

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REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/18/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/15/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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NOISIAO  
P-138  
1281 TB WVI  
GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

Noted  
F.D.W.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

A few weeks ago Randall Owen, Elizabeth Gurley Flynn and other radicals held a meeting at the New Star Casino to protest against the activities of the Ku Klux Klan. It was first reported in the Negro press that this meeting would be held at the Palace Casino, 135th St. & madison Ave., (Negro district), but when I went there in the hope of reporting the meeting, I learned that they had decided to hold same at the Star or some other place. However, I am trying to get in touch with Randolph so as to get an idea as to what the real object of their meeting is.

Conditions in the Negro section for the present are O.K.

Respectfully,

P-138

FILE  
APR 18 1921

APR 18 1921

20260-33-185X

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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202600-33

JEH-EMR

March 17, 1921.

T. M. Reddy, Esq.,  
Box 241, City Hall Sta.,  
New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

I quote the following information received from a reliable and confidential source:

**"THE BOLSHEVIST PARTY IN NEW YORK"**

"The Bolshevist Party in New York has 120,000 members. Each member pays 80 cents a week. The party obtains money from a very rich man named Fleeps; address not known.

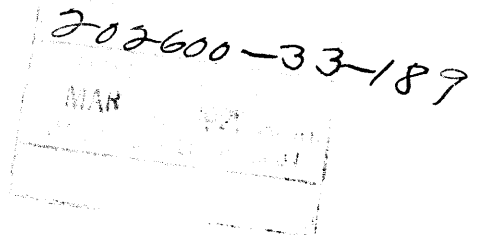
Leaders of the Bolshevist or Communist Party in New York are John Crowdon, William Ellis and John O'Kean; all also members of the Pan-American Federation of Labor, whose leader is Roodly. Roodly obtains money from a Russian Soviet-Agent named Salikow, who lives with a German family named Heimler, 218 37th St., or 37 218th St., New York (East or West not known).

The Communist paper called "Soviet Russia" is published by a German firm of the name of Reitler. Communist pamphlets are printed by William F. Lufton in Cleveland, Ohio.

In New York there are two Customs Officials named Baxter and Leaderson, who help Bolshevists to get through the Immigration Office.

A Bolshevist named Weinstock, a Jew, left Vienna Feb. 11th or 12th via Hamburg for New York by the ship "Port Curtis". He has an English passport, and goes under the name of Fred Collins."

RECORDED  
WHE

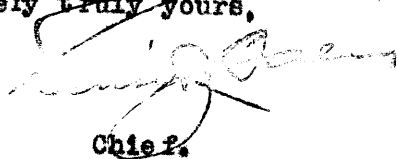


Reddy-JEH-EMR  
3/18/21

-2-

I desire that in so far as the matters referred to in above concern individuals and conditions within the jurisdiction of your office, that a thorough and detailed investigation be made of the same. A report should be rendered at the earliest possible moment.

Very truly yours,



Chief.

202600-33

JEH-EMR

Bliss Morton, Esq.,  
Federal Bldg.,  
Cleveland, Ohio.

March 17, 1921.

Dear Sir:

I quote the following information received from a reliable and confidential source:

**"THE BOLSHEVIST PARTY IN NEW YORK.**

The Bolshevik Party in New York has 120,000 members. Each member pays 80 cents a week. The party obtains money from a very rich man named Fleeps; address not known.

Leaders of the Bolshevik or Communist Party in New York are John Crowdon, William Ellis and John O'Kean; all also members of the Pan-American Federation of Labor, whose leader is Roodly. Roodly obtains money from a Russian Soviet-Agent named Salikow, who lives with a German family named Heimer, 218 37th St., or 37 218th st., New York (East or West not known).

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I desire that in so far as the matters referred to in above concern individuals and conditions within the jurisdiction of your office, that a thorough and detailed investigation be made of the same. A report should be rendered at the earliest possible moment.

Very truly yours,

202600-33-188  
MAR 27 1921

Chief.

FJK

2026033

J.L.H. WSA

REPORT MADE AT: <b>New York City</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>3/16/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>3/14/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>P-138</b>
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

Noted  
F.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

I learned that Rev. Heylegan, Garvey's High Commissioner, visited President King in Washington yesterday and took a message from Garvey relative to the Liberian Loan.

I am planning to have an interview with Heylegan to-morrow so as to find out what was discussed at the King conference.



Respectfully,

P-138

7 file  
A. 7.

APR 13 1921

202600-33-185X

RECORDED

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: March 16/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar.6-12/21	REPORT MADE BY: N-122
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
 ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE N-122

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MAR 21 1921  
 DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:  
 AT ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

- March 6 Nothing of importance.
- " 7 I received a letter from my friend in Buffalo saying that he did not attend the meeting of which I spoke to you while in Buffalo. The reason for my friend not attending the meeting was that Carriara had left his house when my friend called for him. All the evening I was with C. Solomone, but nothing of importance was said.
- " 8 At 8 P.M., I went to supper with Solomone and then to the Star Theatre. Nothing of importance was said.
- " 9 Enclosed please find letter which I received from H. William, #318 Swan Street, Buffalo, N.Y. At 8 P.M., C. Solomone, A. Porto and I went to supper and then to a theatre. Nothing of importance was said.
- " 10 I went in the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone and he handed me a book entitled "Are they Doomed". I told him that I had seen it and he told me that he received it this morning. In the book I saw the pictures of Attorney General Palmer and Director Flynn. The book can be obtained by writing to Felicani at Boston, or the Workers Defense Committee at No.7 East 15th Street, New York City.
- " 11 I went in the repairing shop of C. Solomone and we talked about the collection they made in favor of Sacco-Vanzetti and he told me that they have collected about \$75,000.00 to \$80,000.00 and their success is due to the head of the newspaper "LaNotizia" in Boston. Then we changed our conversation and talked about girls, so he told me that he used to go with an anarchist woman by the name of Rose Nardi and lately he stopped companionship, so I asked him if she was still in town and he said "Yes, she's now living with another fellow". At 8 P.M. we went to the Temple Theatre.

APR 19 1921 202600-33-185

REFERENCE: N-122-ES	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Buffalo
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FILE  
 W.W.G. 7-1168

March 12 At 6 P.M., I went into the shoe repairing shop of C. Solomone. At 7 P.M. we went out and I asked him if we were going to a show. He said "Yes", but I must see the barber next to the restaurant on Franklin and Andrews Streets to give him some money which I owe. I said "that barber is a swell looking fellow". He said "Yes; he comes from a rich family, but he is a regular Bolshevik". I asked him if he was working for the tall barber and he said "no, they are partners". Solomone also told me that on May 1st the Anarchists of Rochester are going to give a play and he invited me to go.



FJK

202600-33

J.L.H

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/14/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/10/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 13 1921  
D.VISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

I learned from reliable sources that Garvey's organization is now negotiating for another propaganda ship either from a Chinese or a Japanese Company. They are trying to get enough finances together to pay the first installment on her sometime this month and use her for stock selling and propaganda purposes. It is proposed to send her on a trip to Siberia. There is a grave doubt in the minds of Garvey's officials here that President King may, through some speech or otherwise, repudiate the "Garvey Liberian Loan", thereby throwing his whole scheme of gouging his fanatic followers out of gear. They are bringing every pressure to bear so as to cause King to leave Garvey's movement out of his public utterances.

Respectfully,  
P-138

*File in  
M 7*

MAR 13 1921

202600-33-187X

RECORDED

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL

202600-33

REPORT MADE BY: <b>JAMES C. TORMEY.</b>	PLACE WHERE MADE: <b>SYRACUSE N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>MAR. 14, 1921</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>Mar 5-14, 1921</b>
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TITLE OF CASE AND OFFENSE CHARGED OR NATURE OF MATTER UNDER INVESTIGATION:

**WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.**

Noted  
F.D.W.

**NOISE**  
**MAN 15**  
**GENERAL INVESTIGATION**

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS, EVIDENCE COLLECTED, NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF PERSONS INTERVIEWED, PLACES VISITED, ETC.:

Referring to my report made March 7, 1921 in the above entitled matter, I find that the situation in Solvay, New York with reference to the radicals there, remains unchanged.

**FILE**  
**W.W.G.**

The strikers and strike breakers at the plant of the Pierce Butler and Pierce Company at Eastwood, New York have not had any serious difficulties and nothing further has developed except that another striker has been arrested and was charged with assault. He is to be arraigned before Justice of the Peace Jackson at Eastwood, New York at 2PM Wednesday March 16, 1921.

**NOTED**

The strike situation in Central New York is beginning to take on a serious aspect. The railroad men are holding meetings and sentiment seems to be unanimously in favor of a strike and in addition to this the newspapers are in favor of the men. Just at present public opinion has not crystalized but it is possible that public opinion will be in favor of the men also. After making discreet inquiries, I find that there are no radicals involved in this agitation among the railroad men at the present time but the men feel that the Companies stepped beyond their power when they ordered a revision of salaries without first consulting the men and they will not consent to the reduction. They claim that they will stand on the decision of the Wage Board. Of course, the men will not do anything definite until the four brotherhoods make a decision as to whether or not they ~~will~~ support the men.

**ABP**

**RECORDED**  
**MAR 24 1921**

I gather from the railroad men who are in a position to know conditions that the men will strike and they will endeavor to tie up the railroads as completely as possible and if this is done when traffic is again resumed conditions will be very unsatisfactory.

202600-33-182

**APR 23 1921**

**DO. INT.**

COPY OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Washington Albany Syracuse, New York City.

REPORT MADE BY: JAMES C. TORMEY?	PLACE WHERE MADE: SYRACUSE N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR. 14, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar 5-14, 1921
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TITLE OF CASE AND OFFENSE CHARGED OR NATURE OF MATTER UNDER INVESTIGATION:

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS, EVIDENCE COLLECTED, NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF PERSONS INTERVIEWED, PLACES VISITED, ETC.:

because there will be a congestion of freight and at the present time there are a number of freight cars along the various sidings of the different railroad companies which are sadly in need of repair and the Companies are apparently making no effort to repair these cars.

The men claim that the Railroad Companies will endeavor to force the men to accept the wage reduction by laying them off and giving them short time assignments. One instance being cited, states that a representative of the Company appeared before a freight agent near Batavia, New York recently and asked him, or the man in charge of the yard, how many crews he had working and the yard man stated that he usually had twenty seven crews but that at the present time, thieteen were on duty and that conditions were such the work was not done properly. In the face of this statement the Company's representative ordered the thirteen crews reduced to ten. The railroad men are rather indignant at the proposed cut because they claim that they worked hard and long hours in all kinds of weather during the past two or three years and they did not receive any more money than they were entitled to and now they do not receive any consideration from the Companies.

There are a number of other labor unions talking about strikes in the near future but nothing of any serious nature has developed as yet.

On Sunday afternoon March 13, a meeting was held at the Onondaga Hotel in this city at which forty eight railroad lodges were represented. Election of officers was held and a three hour discussion was had relative to the wage reduction situation. The representatives at this meeting were New York Central men only and

COPY OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

7-877

REPORT MADE BY: SYRACUSE N.Y.	PLACE WHERE MADE: S JAMES C. TORMEY	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR 14, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar 5-14, 1921
TITLE OF CASE AND OFFENSE CHARGED OR NATURE OF MATTER UNDER INVESTIGATION:			
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS, EVIDENCE COLLECTED, NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF PERSONS INTERVIEWED, PLACES VISITED, ETC.:			
<p>the D. L. and W. workers were not present officially although there were a few D. L. and W. men around the Hotel.</p> <p>T. W. EVANS of SYRACUSE, ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER of the New York Central and JOHN A. ROBERTSON, GENERAL CHAIRMAN of the BROTHERHOOD OF CLERKS AND STATION WORKERS in NEW YORK STATE indicated that the danger of a strike by the railroad on April 1, 1921 had passed. MR. EVANS believes that the Companies will not make any reductions until the WAR LABOR BOARD OF CHICAGO has granted them authority to do so.</p> <p>On March 12, a few copies of a pamphlet entitled: "WHY ARE YOU OUT OF A JOB?" were distributed in Syracuse, New York in the Jewish section on East Adams Street between Orange and Almond Streets. The substance of this small pamphlet is as follows:</p> <p>"The workmen must act in this country as they did in Russia in order to obtain possession of the shops. However, when they attempt to do this they will be met with police, thugs, machine guns, etc and then the workers must be ready to fight. In order to fight they must organize and the time is coming soon when there will be some action."</p> <p>At the end of this pamphlet they say: "DOWN WITH CAPITALISTS GOVERNMENT, DOWN WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF UNEMPLOYMENT, ALL POWER TO THE WORKERS." It is stated on the paper that it is distributed by the United Communist Party. The Local Police have taken an interest in this matter in view of the fact that it might be construed a violation of Section 162 of the Criminal Code but up to date the Police have been unable to ascertain who distributed these pamphlets.</p>			
COPY OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:			
7-877			

SPECIAL REPORT

202600-33

Bureau letter 10/15/

REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/14/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Week ending 3/12/21	REPORT MADE BY: W.L. Buchanan T.D.W.
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN BUFFALO DISTRICT

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Buffalo, New York.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
DIVISION  
MAR 16 1921

Referring to the above mentioned letter and subsequent reports, the following information is respectfully furnished:

GENERAL

FILE  
W.W.G.

There is little change in the number of unemployed throughout this district, but conditions are improving. A man by the name of COWLEY, representing the Machinists Union, endeavored to call a mass meeting of unemployed at Labor Temple during the week, and sent out over 5000 circulars announcing the meeting. Less than 100 attended. He afterwards stated that he would call another mass meeting in another hall a little later on.

The Socialist and other organizers continue to work among the unemployed, spreading propaganda and soliciting membership.

WHF 202600-33-182X  
MAR 24 1921  
RECORDED

REFERENCE: WLB/CMR	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Buffalo
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## RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

SOCIALIST PARTY - BUFFALO, N.Y. - At the general executive meeting of the Socialist Party, Buffalo, New York, it was announced that RANDOLPH of New York, a colored speaker, would speak at the Open Forum on Sunday the 13th instant, and that organizers were working among the negro population to secure a large attendance. An effort will be made to organize a negro branch.

It was announced that a meeting of unemployed would be held at Schwabl's Hall on the 14th instant, and that Socialist organizers would be in attendance.

Organizer McCumber stated that the Jewish branch would have a celebration on March 18th in memory of the Paris Commune.

JAMES BATTISTONI, radical Italian Socialist leader, moved that the Buffalo locals cooperate with the Jewish branch and also celebrate. This motion was carried. It was also announced that the Executive Board proposed opening a restaurant for unemployed at party headquarters for the purpose of advertising the party and increasing its membership.

A delegate from Niagara Falls stated that several men had been appointed on a committee to send out literature to the various locals, requesting said locals to demand the release of EUGENE V. DEBS; also that 1000 small buttons had been received which had the inscription on them, "Amnesty - Mr. President, - Let Our People Go."

3/14/21

COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA - Buffalo, New York.

Information has been received in this district, as yet unverified, that the delegates from the Third Internationale, Moscow, who came to this country recently to adjust the differences of the C.P. and the U.C.P. intend to remain here for the present for the purpose of forming Red Labor Unions to be affiliated with the Third Internationale. This movement will constitute the economic branch of the Communist programme and there will be close cooperation between it and the C.P. and U.C.P. Members of these organizations who are members of the trade unions are expected to form the nucleus of the red labor unions.

The tentative name for the new organization is "Pan American Bureau", and headquarters will probably be established in New York City. These representatives are said to be supplied with plenty of money to take care of this work.

A Red Labor Union Congress is supposed to be held in Moscow on May 1st next and it is expected that delegates representing the United States will be able to attend the Congress.

UNITED COMMUNIST PARTY, BUFFALO, NEW YORK. -

A great many leaflets signed by this party have been secretly spread throughout this entire district during the past week, addressed to the unemployed, and stating that the capitalist government is responsible for their being out of work, and the only remedy in sight is to take possession of the industries.



W.L. Buchanan

3/14/21

4



WORKERS DEFENSE UNION - Another circular letter has been received in Buffalo from the Workers Defense Union, 7 East 15th Street, New York City, room 405, same as attached to original of this report.

OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

202600-33 WSK

March 12, 1921.  
P.D.W.

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

ATTENTION MR. J. E. HOOVER.

Dear Sir:

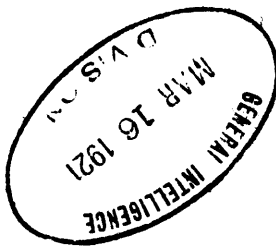
I am transmitting herewithin triplicate Special  
Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater New York  
District for period ending March 12, 1921.

Very truly yours,

*T. M. Reddy*

T. M. REDDY,  
Acting Division Superintendent.

JGT:FJK  
Encl.

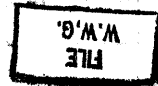


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NEW YORK, N. Y.

MARCH 15, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER

AS

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MARCH 12, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	Recog. of Union
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employ- ees.
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. and Hrs.
Shirt Makers	700	"	Protest against open shop.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages.
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	1,300	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	Reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	12,000	"	Recog. of Union and resumption of old wage
Feather Boa Makers	1,200	"	Recog. of Union.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921. MS1-A. STRIKE NOTESFEATHER BOA MAKERS UNION.

Twelve hundred members of the above union, led by Mrs. IOLAN-  
THE SIDNEY, quit work on the 8th inst. as a measure to force the feather  
boa manufacturers to recognize the union and also to renew the forty-  
four hour week and the closed-shop agreement. The manufacturers have so  
far refused to accede to the demands of the members of the union, although  
it is thought that the strike will be of short duration.

INTERNATIONAL LADIES GARMENT WORKERS UNIONCHILDREN'S DRESSMAKERS' UNION

As a result of a meeting of the General Executive Board of  
the above Unions on the 8th inst., ten thousand workers quit work on the  
morning of the 9th for the alleged purpose of establishing minimum wage  
scales, regaining the wage rates in force before recent reductions and  
forcing the industry to recognize the Union and sign agreements embody-  
ing these conditions.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921. AS  
32. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS.AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION ✓

According to a statement made by the above organization on the 6th inst., an appeal will be made for \$10,000. with which to assist ninety-eight members of the I. W. W. who appealed to the United States Supreme Court from their conviction in Chicago recently.

The committee which will make the appeal will number amongst others, Rev. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector of the Church of the Ascension; Dr. HARRY F. WARD, Professor of the Union Theological Seminary; ERNEST FREUND, Professor of Law at the University of Chicago; HENRY R. MUSSEY, former Professor of History at Columbia University, New York, and Mrs. FLORENCE KELLEY, General Secretary of the National Consumers League.

The organization will also become active in the defence of ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, who was recently arrested in Philadelphia where she had gone to address a meeting in behalf of SACCO and VANZETTI, the Massachusetts Italian radicals, as well as other radicals who were active at the same meeting with the Flynn woman and who were arrested at the same time by the Philadelphia authorities.

COMMUNIST PARTY

*Mr. Newark for  
opinion 3/21/21*

*MS*

The Supreme Court of the State of New Jersey has ruled in the appeal of one WALTER GABRIEL, that membership in the Communist Party does not in itself constitute an offence in law and that the section of the Sedition Law of New Jersey under which Gabriel was convicted is unconstitutional.

Gabriel was arrested in Newark, N. J., in January, 1920, and was convicted at the Quarter Sessions Court in Newark on two charges. The first charged him with being a member of the Communist Party and the second with advocating the overthrow of the Government of New Jersey and the Government of the United States by force.

The judgment of the Court reads in part:

"Under the Constitution and Bill of Rights, the legislature cannot make it criminal to belong to a party organized or formed for the purpose of encouraging hostility or opposition to the Government of the United States or to this State unless the hostility or opposition includes a purpose to overthrow or subvert such government."

SOCIALIST PARTY

Supplementing statements previously made, OTTO BRANSTETTER, National Secretary of the above Party, recently made the statement that efforts were being made by all members of the Party to obtain signatures to an appeal which the Party proposes to present to President Harding on April 13th or 14th, following a monster parade through the streets in Washington.

The petition reads in part as follows:

"As American citizens, inspired by the desire to safeguard and

perpetuate the freedom of speech and press guaranteed by the CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, we earnestly urge the enactment of such legislation as will effect the immediate release of all persons charged or convicted under wartime legislation whose alleged guilt consisted of writing or speaking in defense or explanation of their political or industrial beliefs.

"We further insist that the release of such persons should be UNCONDITIONAL AND WITH FULL RESTORATION OF ALL RIGHTS OF CITIZENSHIP."



FJK.

6

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALS

HARRY WEINBERGER

A New York attorney, who has for years been affiliated with the defense of radical propagandists, on the 5th inst. made a speech in New York in which he made a vicious attack on the Government's stand during the recent war.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

4. RADICAL PRESS"UKRAINIAN DAILY NEWS"

In its issue of March 5th, carries an article under the caption "Parliamentarism and Sovietism" which contains quotations from 'The State and Revolution' by Nicolai Lenin, and 'The A.B.C. of Communism' by N. Bucharin. Commenting on the theories advanced by both writers, the paper says in part:

"These 'sincere' leaders, even today, refuse to admit that the Parliament is no more than a skating rink for the representative and cabinet officials including the whole State machinery is nothing else but one partnership of murderers" -----and again

"Here it is clearly and openly spoken that under the present crooked system, under the present form of parliamentary bourgeois rule with their criminal prostitute press, with its agents, intelligencia, theatres and churches, with the wealth in the hands of a small group, the working class will never come to power through legal ways, a Constitutional way, by means of a general popular vote."

"ELORE"  
(Hungarian Radical Daily)

In a recent issue under the caption "The Most Interesting News of the Day", discusses the unemployment situation with particular respect to the ex-service men, and, referring to the fact that the employers are making a preference in favor of ex-service men when hiring help, states:

"This is the crumb THEY get from the richly set table. That

is what the workers have to pick up after they had set the table with everything good. When the proletariat will come to its sense and will act, then instead of picking up the crumbs it will take a seat at the table. It has a right to it!"

The same issue in another article which is entitled "Fear That Bolsheviki Ideas Get Into the Army", discusses an article, dated Washington, Feb. 24th, in which General Nolan, Chief of the Army Intelligence Bureau, stated before the Senate Military Committee, that the Russian Soviet Government was introducing propagandists into the Army and closes with the following:

"General Nolan may find danger that is much nearer, which will undermine the discipline of the Army much more effectively and quicker than all Bolsheviki plots. This work will be done by the recent 'heroes' who, because they were heroes, now have to starve and live in misery.

They will tell the boys what is waiting for them; and the outlook of a similar future will bring a better result than all Bolsheviki agitation!"

"AMERICANSKYE IZVESTIA"

Official organ of the United Russian Professional Unions, in its issue of March 5th carries an article under the caption "In the Darkness of Unfinished Thought" which states that it is an answer to the Zubovich article "Wanderers In Darkness" published in "Russky Golos", in which the author ridiculed the stand taken by "Volna" and the "Americanskyye Izvestia" towards Soviet Russia, and states that these papers "have no definite program to achieve their aims". To this the author of the article replies in part:

"Anarchism strives for complete destruction of all social in-

stitutions, forcibly separating a person from his physical and social spheres. The Anarchists do not believe in mediators among human beings, they recognize no form of government or state.

-----"The Anarchists have also a definite plan for achieving their aims-----overthrowing capital and government by united effort. The Anarchists build a new society on the basis of federal autonomous groups and communes united for the common good and for combatting the common enemy."

"NEW YORKER VOLKSZEITUNG"

In its issue of March 6th, carries an article under the title "The Next Struggle for Mastery" (by Joseph Joos) in which the writer discusses the American-Japanese problem and also refers to the question whether in case of war with the United State, Great Britain is obliged to aid Japan, and the writer closes with the following:

"This reference to diplomatic secrecy makes possible, indeed likely, that one nice day the United States will be face to face with a very unpleasant surprise. Unless the resourceful American Secret Service were successful in obtaining a copy of the text of the Anglo-Japanese treaty and so get onto the game of our two war-time war-allies."

"NEW YORK CALL"

On the 8th inst. printed an article which stated that it was the intention of this paper to sue, as an individual, ex-Postmaster General Burleson for Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, based upon alleged unlawful proceedings instituted by him in his official capacity against the "New York Call".

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

5. RADICAL MEETINGSTHIRD ALL-COLONIAL CONVENTION

On March 6th the Convention of the Third All-Colonial Russian Congress of the United States and Canada was started in this city. Said Convention, which lasted for a period of about three days, was held at Astoria Hall, East 4th St., New York City.

There were about thirty-four delegates in attendance representing thirty-seven radical organizations of which the total membership is estimated at eleven hundred.

Delegates throughout the entire East were present and resolutions were offered and adopted.

A full and complete report on the Convention is being prepared and will then be forwarded to Washington.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONSAMERICAN STEAMSHIP OWNERS' ASSOCIATION

Members of the above Association representing transatlantic and coast steamship lines which have recently offered to their employees a scale of wages which includes a twenty-five per cent reduction, to take effect on May 1st, held a meeting on March 8th in New York and finally agreed to confer with the United States Shipping Board on this matter, which makes it seem quite likely that arbitration will eventually settle the question of wages and prevent the threatened strike of steamship employees in this port.

AMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

On Tuesday the 8th inst. Justice Mitchell L. Erlanger, of the Supreme Court, handed down a decision preventing the 'locked out' workers of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America from picketing the factory of Joseph Skolny of 906 Broadway and charged the Union Ten Dollars Court costs.

This is the first of several decisions which are expected to be handed down by the same Justice in the case of similar suits brought by manufacturers who are engaged in the clothing business and are in favor of the "open-shop" movement.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

7. UNEMPLOYMENT

In many lines of business the decrease of employees has been noted and it has been reported that many of the larger concerns throughout this district have decreased the weekly wage in practically every line of work with the exception of that particular character of labor with which a wage agreement had previously been made.

The situation to date affects principally the clerical and unskilled laborer, although numbers of skilled laborers engaged in the building line are out of employment due to the fact that the concerns engaged in construction are awaiting a further drop in the cost of material before building.

FJL :

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MEN

There has been no radical activity in the ranks of any of the ex-service organizations during the past week as far as the New York office of the Department has been able to learn.



J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

The March issue of "The World's Work" carries a letter signed by Bishop C. S. Smith of Detroit, Michigan, which criticises the publication by this magazine of an article which appeared in the December 1920 issue of "The World's Work", and, according to the interpretation placed upon it by Mr. Smith, eulogized Marcus Garvey and the Universal Negro Improvement Association. In answering the letter written by Bishop Smith the "World's Work" states that:

"It is encouraging to have the assurance of Bishop Smith that Marcus Garvey does not speak for one per cent of American colored people. His campaign is essentially anti-American and trouble-making, and above all, most injurious to the race of which he has made himself the spokesman".

The article further states that:

"Marcus Garvey is not, himself, an American citizen and has spent only four years in this country; it is probable, therefore, that he has no sympathy with American ideals and no personal contact with the work which this nation is doing for the uplift of the Negro race".

"THE CRUSADER"

Negro radical monthly magazine published in New York, in its issue of March, carries an article by "C. VALENTINE", under the caption, "The Ku Klux Klan" in which the writer points out to his readers that, notwithstanding the statement, which is heard to the effect that "The Ku Klux Klan won't amount to much in the North":

"The fact is that there are thousands of Southern whites now

resident in the North; that the mind of the average white man of whatever locality, provides a most fertile field for anti-Negro and white supremacy propaganda," and points out that there is a grave danger that the Negro, after reading the first statement, will "relapse into his ancient state of false security and almost complete detachment from his harassed kindred in the South".

-----

The same issue of the "Crusader" carries an article under the caption "The Irish Boycott on British Goods", in which the writer draws attention to the comparison between the Irish and Negro people in their efforts to gain freedom and points particularly to the attempted boycott of English-made goods by the Irish. The article winds up with the admonition:

"On with the boycott! Press home the war for liberation! Strike for a free Africa and a redeemed race! Hit them where it will hurt most--in their pocketbooks! Aim at the bulwark of Anglo-Saxon domination! On with the boycott!

-----

There also appears a poem entitled "The Call" by Ben. E. Burrell, which unquestionably aims at the promotion of race hatred, advises the Negro to arm against the "Ku Klux Klan" and closes with the following:

"For the honor of your children,  
 And for the ashes of your sires;  
 For the love of peace and justice,  
 And for Freedom's altar fires,  
 Fight for your race and kindred,

Tho' hell rideth to the fray;  
Fight--that is your watchword brothers;  
Fight, there dawns the Negro's Day."

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIESAMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR THE RELIEF OF IRELAND

On Sunday the 6th inst. the above Committee held a meeting at the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria, New York, at which One Hundred Thousand Dollars was pledged by those present for the relief of the suffering women and children in Ireland.

MARTIN CONBOY, who presided, announced that with other pledges the Committee at that time had over Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars of New York's quota of Two Million in the national drive for Ten Million Dollars, which is to be instituted on March 17th and to continue until the twenty-eighth inst.

-----

SIR PHILIP GIBBS made a speech on the same evening at the Casino Theatre in which he criticised the attitude of the American public toward the Irish situation. He was heckled somewhat by Irish sympathizers in the audience, but no arrests were made.

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 12, 1921.

11. JAPANESE ACTIVITIES

The following is the contents of a circular which is called "Monthly", issued by the Japanese Association, dated Feb. 15, 1921, and numbered 59:

CENSUS OF JAPANESE TAKEN BY THE JAPANESE CONSULATE  
IN NEW YORK CITY  
(1921)

<u>State</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
New York	2,314	446
Pennsylvania	173	26
Connecticut	41	13
New Jersey	174	63
Wyoming	-	1
Massachusetts	144	27
Rhode Island	10	3
District of Columbia	60	13
Virginia	96	13
Florida	26	13
Maryland	9	3
North Carolina	6	0
South Carolina	7	3
Texas	1	0
Ohio	8	0
Michigan	2	0
Mississippi	1	0

<u>State</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Delaware	2	0
Colorado	1	0
Washington (?)	2	1
Kentucky	3	0
Unknown	<u>78</u>	<u>3</u>
	3154	628

As a consul has been recently appointed to Cuba the number of Japanese residents there is not recorded in this report."

J. G. TUCKER, Special Agent.

FJK

202600-33 J.K.N

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/11/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/9/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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W.M.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

Noted  
F.D.W.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 13 1921

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Today I had lunch with Rev. Heylegan, Garvey's High Commissioner. We were afterwards joined by Counsellor Matthews, Asst. Counsellor General of Garvey.

This luncheon was planed so as to get some first-hand information relative to the proposed seeking of support from President King of Liberia.

Heylegan told me that Rev. Lyons, the Liberian Consul General and the official mouthpiece of the Liberian Government was somewhat opposed to Garvey and his Liberian Loan, but since Garvey has promised him a job and an official position, he has changed his mind and promised to use all his influence so as to induce President King not to say anything against Garvey and his Liberian Loan as this would kill the Garvey scheme and weaken the confidence of the people in his "back to Africa" scheme. Matthews, therefore, was sent down to Washington to pave the way and make it easy for Rev. Heylegan's proposed visit. LINCOLN JOHNSON, Negro National Committeeman is depended upon by Matthews to use his influence with the National Government in the granting of this proposed loan. Heylegan's mission to Washington will be to convey Garvey's secret message to Pres. King relative to joining forces with Garvey and back up the Black Star Line movement so as to put over the loan, thereby giving strength to his propoganda.

MAY 11 1921  
202600-33-1824

Respectfully,

P-138

RECORDED

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL

202600-33

J.A.N.

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/11/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/10/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-138
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 13 1921  
DIVISION

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

Noted  
F.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Apart from the fact that the ranks of the Negro unemployed is rapidly increasing and the economic outlook is somewhat dark, there seems to be no sign of foreign interference for the time being.

The radicals are planning another big meeting for next Sunday afternoon at the Lafayette Hall, but the name of the chief speaker is not given out as yet.

Respectfully,

P-138

FILE  
G.F.R.

MAR 13 1921

202600-33-182

TELEPHONE

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
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ORIGINAL



202600-33 JKH

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-10-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3-7	REPORT MADE BY: P 138
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.			
FACTS DEVELOPED:			
<p>Today I had a talk with GARVEY'S Publicity Agent, PLUMMER. He told me that he was Chairman of the Delegation who called upon President KING of Liberia, at the Waldorf Astoria, yesterday, the others being GARCIA, STEWART, and Counsellor W. H. SMITH, all high officers of Garvey's Association.</p> <p>PLUMMER further informed me that after discussing with KING, the general condition of the association, he handed him some letters from MARCUS GARVEY, which Garvey left in his keeping when leaving for his West Indian trip. He said he did not know just what the letters contained. After a while we were joined by REVEREND HEYLEGAN and TOBIAS, the Treasurer, and entered into a general discussion of the Liberian situation, they claiming that KING should join hands with Garvey, tour the country, get behind the Garvey movement openly and put the Liberian Loan over, instead of trying to get the loan from the Government, thereby mixing in with the white men.</p> <p>Rev. Heylegan is Garvey's diplomat and chief confidant in important matters. Heylegan told me confidentially that he was entrusted with an important message from Garvey for President King, something touching on this loan, but it was necessary for him to get in close touch with King. He will be going down to Washington to see King and deliver his message when the Government agents would not be in any way suspicious. Heylegan was at one time in charge of the Liberian Public School and is very much acquainted with King.</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

MAY 1 1921  
202600-33-182 X  
RECORDED  
F. D. W.

DUPLICATE

-2-

P 138 for March 7, 1921.

Negro Activities.

We are to meet at lunch tomorrow, so as to get from him the information relative to Garvey's private message, and other plans.

P 138

Wisk

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: <b>Buffalo N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>3/9/21</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>2/27-3/5/21</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <b>N-122</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: <b>ACTIVITIES OF UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE</b>			<b>N-122</b> <i>Noted F.D.V.</i>
FACTS DEVELOPED:			
<b>AT ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.</b>			
<b>February 27</b>	I went around the Italian district, but failed to apprehend subject.		
<b>" 28</b>	<p>At 3 P.M., V. Carrieria came to my friend's barber shop at 94 Exchange Street and he asked my friend if H. William had been there. My friend told him no. Then Carrieria said "I am going to his house and I will bring William there".</p> <p>At 3:30 P.M. Carrieria, H. William and another Italian fellow came in and they asked my friend what time he would be ready to go to the Onward Club on Chauncey Street. My friend told them that he would be ready at 7:30 P.M. Then H. William asked me when I intended to go away and I told him that I had to visit a friend of mine who was in jail Wednesday and I intended to leave Wednesday night for Rochester. Then they went out at 7:30 P.M. Carrieria, H. William and the other Italian fellow came, so I gave H. William \$10.00 out of my own pocket with the understanding that if I collect less than \$10.00, I lose my \$10.00 and if I collect more I should keep my \$10.00 and send him whatever is left over the \$10.00. So H. William gave me a receipt for the \$10.00 I gave him and H. William, V. Carrieria and the other Italian invited me to stay and to attend a little conference over at one of their houses. H. William said "You know how it is, we meet over at a friend's house and we talk things over". I said "I understand, but I think I had better go to Rochester and collect some other time. I will attend one of your conferences."</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>APR 18 1921</b></p> <p>Description of William. Age 28, Height- 5 ft. 7 in. Weight - 140 pounds. Medium built, brown hair, brown eyebrows, blue eyes, prominent nose, beauty spot on the left side of his face, near the upper lip.</p>		
<b>March 1</b>	<p>At 4 P.M. Carrieria and another Italian fellow came in the barber shop at #94 Exchange Street and Carrieria</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>RECORDED 202600-33-182X</i></p>		
REFERENCE: <b>N-122-ES</b>	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: <b>Buffalo</b>		

introduced my friend and I to his friend and sold my friend a few radical books and they went away.

March 2

After a conference with Agent in Charge Blackmon, I was instructed to proceed to Rochester, N.Y. Left Buffalo on the 3:20 P.M. train via N.Y. Central, arrived at Rochester at 5:25 P.M. At 6:30 P.M. I went into the shoe repairing shop of O. Solomone and he saluted me. I then said to him "you are a good fellow, who told me that you were coming to Buffalo and then went to the Falls and you didn't come to Buffalo", so he showed me a letter addressed to me at Buffalo, saying that he was going to meet me Feb. 13th. Then he said that he couldn't meet me March 20th last on account of having a comrade from out of town who came here to speak and he was stopped from speaking, so his comrade stayed over at his house for a week and spoke just the same at an unknown place.

March 3.

At 6 P.M. I went into the shoe repairing place of O. Solomone and asked him if he could contribute to the Jno. Sacco-Vanzetti trial. So he told me that they had already collected, as a matter of fact, his friend from out of town was here for that purpose. I understand that the name of his friend is Calvani or Galvani and came from Pittsburgh, Pa. The sum collected in Rochester for Jno. Sacco-Vanzetti trial was \$350.00.

March 4

Nothing of importance.

March 5

At 6:45 P.M. Solomone, Steynello and I went to supper and then to the Family Theatre. Steynello also told me that Calvani or Galvani had collected for the Sacco-Vanzetti's trial and most of the money collected was collected among the different unions.

202600-33

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-7-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3-6	REPORT MADE BY: P 138
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GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 13 1921  
D. VIS

U.S.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Liberty Hall tonight a cablegram was read from Marcus Garvey, which claimed he was in Cuba and doing fine.

President King is now in the city and I learned he was stopping at the Astor Hotel.

It was given out tonight at Liberty Hall by Rev. STEWART, Garvey's High Chancellor, that he formed part of a delegation which called on President King today and was told by King that he was going to Washington on business, then back to New York. Tomorrow I shall get in touch with some of the members of the delegation who called and see what other details I can learn relative to their visit.

FILE  
F.B.I.

P 138

ABP

202600-33-182X

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DUPLICATE

202600-33 JLN

WJK

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-7-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3-3	REPORT MADE BY: P 138
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES. Noted  
F.D.W.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 8 1921  
DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

There seems to be a certain degree of coolness around the section of the Negroes, who are great followers of GARVEY, ever since his departure. The members are still continuing to regret his trip abroad and afraid that he may never return to them again.

The radical Negro element seems to content themselves with meeting daily at their rendezvous, 127 West 135th Street, CAMPBELL'S Tailor Shop, to discuss Socialism and Bolshevism, but so far they have not been able to interest any large group.

P 138.

FILE  
G.F.R.

MAR 24 1921

ABF

202600-33-182X

RECORDED

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: SULLIVAN, HOOVER
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7-1100

DUPLICATE Original

202600-33

DISK

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR. 7, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Feb 28-Mar 5, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES S. TORMEY
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: WEEKLY REPORT ON STRIKE AND RADICAL SITUATION IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Referring to my report made February 28, 1921 in the above entitled matter I find that the situation in Solvay, New York remains unchanged. The radicals are still distributing anarchist and Communist literature in pamphlet form and the newspapers called Umanita Nova and L'Agitazione are also being distributed. Nearly all the members of this radical contingent are out of work at the present time and therefore they are not contributing funds for the purpose of bringing speakers here to address them. This together with the fact that they are a little bit afraid of being arrested is responsible for their failure to meet as often as they have in the past. They intended to have a meeting on February 28, but only a few appeared at the meeting and it was called off.</p> <p>My confidential informants advise that different members are talking among themselves about the penalties meted out to some radicals and anarchists and they seem to be of the opinion that if they are convicted of advocating the overthrow of the Government by force or violence they will be sentenced to at least five years and possibly ten years in jail.</p> <p>There has been no further trouble between strikers and strike-breakers at the plant of the Pierce Butler and Pierce Company at EASTWOOD, .NEW YORK.</p>			
REFERENCE: JCT:LT.	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: WASHINGTON ALBANY NEW YORK CITY SYRACUSE.		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MAR 9 1921  
 DIVISION

F.D.C.

APR - 1 1921

02600-33-182 X

RECORDED

FILE  
 S.M.M.

202600-33

MSB

REPORT MADE AT: Syracuse, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: Mar 7, 1921.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 3, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JOHN T. K...
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: ALLEGED RADICAL MEETING	LOCATION: AUBURN NEW YORK.	GENERAL INTELLIGENCE DIVISION MAR 10 1921
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FACTS DEVELOPED:

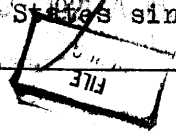
CHIEF OF POLICE BELL of AUBURN, NEW YORK telephoned this office stating that two men from DETROIT, MICH., had been trying for two days to hire a hall for a meeting and as the CHIEF believed they wanted this hall for a radical meeting refused them. However, on this date he decided that it would be better to let them have a hall and be present at the meeting. They finally hired KUSSAK'S HALL, CORNER WASHINGTON AND COTTAGE STREETS, AUBURN, NEW YORK and the Chief made arrangements with the owner whereby he might attend the meeting without being observed and requested that <sup>an</sup> agent from this office be present.

Pursuant to instructions from AGENT IN CHARGE TORNEY I proceeded to Auburn, New York and interviewed CHIEF BELL on the matter. At 7pm in company with the Chief and an interpreter I attended the meeting <sup>we</sup> and concealed ourselves where we could see and hear the speaker without being observed. There were about three hundred persons present at this meeting and one LOUIS KUYMA was the only speaker. He talked in the Polish language and spoke from 7:15 until 9PM but did not speak on radicalism or anarchy but spoke only on the bible.

After the meeting I interviewed LOUIS KUYMA and he showed me an identification card issued by the WATCH TOWER BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY of BROOKLYN, NEW YORK stating that LOUIS KUYMA was a minister of Stragnica and signed by M. ROSLYN, VICE PRES. LOUIS KUYMA stated that he is twenty five years of age and has been in the United States since

RECORDED 202600-33-180  
APR 27 1921

REFERENCE: JTK:LT.	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Washington Albany Syracuse.
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REPORT MADE AT: <b>Syracuse, N.Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE: <b>Mar 7, 1921</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <b>Mar. 3, 1921.</b>	REPORT MADE BY: <del>JACK</del> <b>JOHN T. KELLEY.</b>
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:			
FACTS DEVELOPED:  1913 and is not a citizen. He resides at 4033 WEST WARREN AVE., DETROIT, MICH., and he goes from town to town preaching the bible and his expenses are paid by the ?BIBLE TRACT SOCIETY.			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

SPECIAL REPORT

202600-33

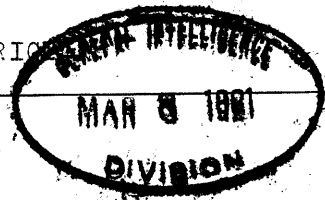
Bureau letter 10/5/19

W.S.K.

REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/7/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Week ending 3/5/21	REPORT MADE BY: W.L. Buchanan
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN BUFFALO DISTRICT



FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Buffalo, New York.

Referring to the above mentioned letter and to subsequent reports, the following information is respectfully furnished:

GENERAL

The number of unemployed in this district remain about the same and conditions have been rather quiet.

P. D. W. Peter



MAR 23 1921

202600-33-1821

RECORDED

REFERENCE: WLB/CMR	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Buffalo
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RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

SOCIALIST PARTY - BUFFALO, N.Y. At Socialist headquarters last week, Organizer McCumber reported that he had addressed the Colored Workers League, which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and tried to induce them to join the Socialist Party. He stated that the officers all affiliated with the Socialists, but that a number of the members signified their intention of joining the I.W.W. The Secretary of the Black Rock Branch of Socialists reported that a number of the young Poles in that branch formed a Young Peoples Socialists League, with a membership of twenty.

Spencer, a district organizer of the party, reported that he was in Buffalo to launch a sixty day drive which has been started throughout the country by the Socialist Party for the purpose of adding 70,000 new members, and that Buffalo's quota is 800. Meetings are to be held every evening to recruit members.

Barry, an organizer for the Amalgamated Garment Workers, reported that they would start a Cooperative Men's Clothing Factory immediately in the Coal and Iron Exchange Building, Buffalo, New York, and will employ 25 men and women. They intend to sell stock to members of the association and try to start another shop in the near future, which it is hoped would employ about 100 men and women.



FOSTER, formerly connected with the steel strike, will assist to build up this organization.

FOSTER, who is now associated with the Amalgamated Garment Workers, is also attempting to start an organization among the railroad car workers for the purpose of affiliating them in one big union.

LEO KRZYCKI, of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, addressed a ~~public~~ meeting at Socialist Party Headquarters at Miller's Hall, Buffalo, New York on February 27th. His speech was a mild one, and in the course of his remarks he stated that a good many of the radical Socialists in this country did not realize the difference between this country and Russia or any other European country; that a great many had been lead to believe that the Revolution was right around the corner, and that those who did not maintain this belief were called traitors although they were sincere in their belief. He said that in Chicago two years ago, a conference was held to decide which of the newspaper plants they should take for the official party organ when the revolution started, and they must realize that there was a big difference in the United States and European countries; for instance, in Russia it was easy to organize the workers as the Russian army was for years in trenches, and a good deal of the time without food or shoes; that in their starved and frozen condition it was easy to organize them, but the United States army was the best paid army in the world, well taken care of and it was a hard matter to introduce propaganda among them.



SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY - Buffalo, New York.

At Socialist headquarters last week it was reported that the Socialist Labor Party had formed a local in Black Rock, Buffalo, New York, and that it was composed chiefly of the employees of Pratt & Letchworth Company and the American Radiator Company.



W. J. [unclear] 2/3/21 5

SOVIET RUSSIA MEDICAL RELIEF FUND - Buffalo, N.Y.

This organization held a dance at Chasin's Hall, 211-217 William Street on Friday night, November 4th. The tickets for admission were 35 cents each; checking, 15 cents per person. There were about 400 people present. Louis Slotkin hired the hall. There were no speeches made and no collection taken up, but after the meeting a few leaflets were in evidence, issued by the United Communist Party, denouncing the capitalists as being responsible for the number of unemployed at present in this country, and advocating the taking over of the industrial plants, as has been done in Russia.



WORKERS DEFENSE UNION - Buffalo, New York. A  
circular has been received by an informant in Buffalo, New York  
from the Workers Defense Union, 7 East 15th Street, New York  
City, room 405, written by John Nicholas Baffel, same as  
attached to original of this report.

~~SECRET~~



THE NATIONAL RIP-SAW, Girard, Kansas - A letter  
has been received by the publisher of "Higher Humanity", 466  
Connecticut Street, Buffalo, New York from Kate Richards O'Hare,  
Editor of the National Rip-Saw, Box 111, Girard, Kansas, stating  
that she had placed the name of "Higher Humanity" on the exchange  
list of the National Rip-Saw, and the paper would be forwarded  
regularly. "Higher Humanity" is published for the purpose  
of doing away with Capital Punishment.



COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA, BUFFALO, NEW YORK. - This organization continues to work secretly in this district. A number of the former members have occasionally social meetings at the homes of members. They also meet in little groups at Socialist gatherings. They do not use the Communist Party name.



INDIVIDUALS

LEONARDO FRISINA of New York City is scheduled to address a number of radical Socialistic Italians at Venus Hall, 265 Seneca Street at 8 P.M., March 7, 1921.

OFFICE OF  
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160  
POST OFFICE BOX 241  
CITY HALL STATION

**Department of Justice**  
**Bureau of Investigation**  
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

APR 1 1921  
W.H.

March 5, 1921.

202600-33

Chief,  
Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C.

ATTENTION MR. J. E. HOOVER.

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith in triplicate Special Weekly Report of Radical Activities in Greater New York District for period ending March 5, 1921.

Very truly yours,

*T. M. Reddy*  
T. M. REDDY,  
Special Agent in Charge.

JGR:FJK  
Encl.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
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RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MARCH 5, 1921.

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Noted  
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NEW YORK, N.Y.

MARCH 5, 1921.

J. G. TUCKER.

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN GREATER NEW YORK DISTRICT  
SPECIAL REPORT FOR PERIOD ENDING MARCH 5, 1921.

1. STRIKES

<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>NO. INVOLVED</u>	<u>NATIONALITY</u>	<u>DEMANDS</u>
Jewelry Case Makers	300	Mixed	Recog. of Union
Shoemakers	2,600	"	Discharge of employees
Shipbuilders	650	"	Wage Inc. and Hrs.
Shirt Makers	700	"	Protest against open shop.
Knit Goods Workers	2,700	"	Union Recog. & 44 Hrs.
Embroidery Workers	750	"	Increase in wages.
Cigar Makers	385	"	Increase in wages.
Neckwear Workers	1,300	"	Increase in wages.
Painters & Decorators	300	"	Increase in wages.
Furniture Workers	1,900	"	Reduction in wage and increased hours.
Clothing Workers	200	"	Increase in wages.
Cap Makers	250	"	Open Shop.
Marine Painters	450	"	Increase in wages.
Pipe Makers	1,200	"	Lowered wages.
Garment Workers	2,000	"	Protest against open shop.



J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921. NE1-A. STRIKE NOTES.WAIST AND DRESS MAKERS JOINT BOARD

The Joint Strike Committee of the above body has made the statement that so many manufacturers have settled with the Union that there are now only two thousand workers still on strike and that further settlements are looked for in the near future.

-----

A fund of approximately Thirty Thousand Dollars a week will be raised to meet legal expenses and help support those at present on strike by the members of the Union who have gone back to work, according to a statement made by officials of the Union.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS

After six months strike there are still about three hundred members of the above Union holding out for their demands which include Ten Dollars a day and a forty hour week.

FJK

NA  
B

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

2. RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

WORKMEN'S CIRCLE MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE FOR RUSSIA

The above Committee has been recently formed by members of the Workmen's Circle, a Jewish radical organization which claims a membership of eighty thousand throughout the United States and Canada. It is proposed by the Committee to raise a fund of from Twenty-five to Fifty Thousand Dollars with which to equip a hospital for Soviet Russian sufferers.

MUTUAL AID SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

ROGER N. BALDWIN, Chairman of the above body, recently issued a statement showing the work done by this Society since its inception on January 1st, part of which follows:

"The membership on January 1st numbered 443. Although the membership chosen is only a matter of accident, still it is almost systematically divided; on the Pacific Coast 17, in the middlewest 29, the South 19, New York and vicinity 219, the Eastern states 160. The members are radicals and liberals of all tendencies: 32 members from the I. W. W., 45 from the A.F. of L., 11 from the Communist Party, 7 who are employed in cooperatives, 14 anarchists, 51 members of the Socialist Party, 45 radicals without labels and more than 100 of such who call themselves liberals."

SOCIALIST PARTY

The "New Yorker Volkszeitung" (People's News) in discussing the rejection by the Central Committee of New York of the twenty-one con-

ditions laid down by the Third Internationale, says in part:

"There is some unrest again in the Socialist Party. The Left Wing is stronger than ever and follows no longer the leaders on their well worn path. The Slovak and the Finnish groups left the Socialist Party and now the Bohemians are voting with the same final aim, just as the conference of the Jewish Socialist Federation has shown evidences which are irrefutable. Only a very inconsiderable minority of the members of these groups stay with the Socialist Party in spite of all 'resolutions' of local branches. The overwhelming majority of the members are tired of the old ways and methods and turn away from them."

~~II-6~~  
KATE RICHARDS O'HARE spoke at the Park View Palace, New York, at a meeting held under the auspices of the above Party on the 2nd inst., this being the first of three meetings which she will hold in this city demanding amnesty for Communist, I. W. W. and all others at present imprisoned.

She stated that it was the intention of the Party to circulate a petition which would contain between two and three million signatures and that the Party proposed to hold a parade through the streets of Washington on April 13th or 14th, at the head of which will be one thousand representatives of the Socialist and trade union movement from all parts of the country.

Mrs. O'Hare closed her speech with a vicious attack upon the President and eulogy of DEBS.

~~II-6~~  
ADOLPH GERMER, who presided, made an appeal for increased membership of the Socialist Party.



ME

I. W. W.

~~II-6~~ There has been little activity in the above organization during the past week, notwithstanding the recent appearance in New York for a few days of WILLIAM D. (Big Bill) HAYWOOD.

It is understood that at a recent meeting at which Haywood made a speech, he dwelt particularly on the subject of the I. W. W. joining the Red Labor Union International of Moscow. It will be noted that the latter organization has been making appeals through the foreign language members to have all workers do all in their power to induce the unions of which they are members to join this organization.

~~II-6~~ ROBERT MINOR, at the same meeting at which Haywood appeared, pointed out to the members that the Russian Soviets had given a great deal of thought to the I. W. W.'s position with regard to the Third International and were awaiting word from the.

-----

~~II-6~~ It is understood that LEON GRIKSTAS is at present travelling through New Jersey and Pennsylvania spreading the I. W. W. propaganda amongst the miners in those states. He carries with him pictures of conditions in other countries which he uses to illustrate his talks.

UNITED RUSSIAN PROFESSIONAL UNIONS

~~II-50~~ From a confidential source it has been learned that "Rusky Golos" and "Novoye Russkoye Slovo", Russian publications which are in favor of the Soviet form of government in Russia, are making attempts to disrupt the coming Third All-Colonial Convention, which is scheduled to be held in this city on March 6th.

The Professional Unions are, of course, an Anarchist body and opposed to the Soviets, but expect to defeat the efforts of the anti-Anarchist body at the Convention.

The activities of this organization have been confined almost entirely to matters connected with the coming convention.

The "Americanskye Izvestia" will probably appear again during the coming week as arrangements have been made to have it printed at the office of "New Yorske Listy".

SOCIETY FOR TECHNICAL AID TO SOVIET RUSSIA

*II-59*  
The above organization, according to confidential sources, proposed to hold a convention in New York City on April 2nd for the purpose of electing new officers, making reports on the activities of the various branches of the Society and making plans for future activity and publicity. Further activities of this organization will be kept in touch with.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

3. INDIVIDUALS.

PATRICK QUINLAN

~~II-6~~  
According to an article in the New York Evening Sun of the 2nd inst. dated Riga, Feb. 3rd, the above individual, well known as an agitator for the past several years and who took part in the Moscow Congress of the Third Internationale, is on his way back to the United States to preach the Bolshevik aggressive policy towards all existing "capitalist" governments. Quinlan is well known throughout the country as a thoroughly dangerous radical agitator.

JOHN BALDAZZI

~~II-6~~  
Secretary of the Italian Defense League, has recently returned from Rochester, New York, where he went for the purpose of conducting a meeting, but the police would not permit him to speak and he was escorted by them to the railroad station and forced to leave that city and return to New York

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

4. RADICAL PRESS

"NEW YORKER VOLKSZEITUNG"

In its issue of the 25th ult. under the caption "Don Quixote Samuel", sharply attacks Samuel Gompers for his criticism of the radical element in labor circles, and in the course of the article states:

"For the new trades union International in Moscow stretches its hands, as the President of the A. F. L. knows only too well, to the American workers and find a joyfully extended hand of brotherhood. That is why the trusted servant of capital is afraid. New tactics appear in the trades union field also. No longer the destruction, but the revolutionization of the trade unions is the aim the radical workers have set for themselves. No longer the building up of new organizations but rather the spiritual reformation of the existing unions in the sense of the class struggle (or, on the basis thereof) is the slogan of the Third, which will find understanding and support among the hitherto conservative union men of the United States also. That is why Gompers is worried and that is why he is trying to talk courage into himself by using brave words.

"ELORE"

(Hungarian Radical Daily)

In its issue of February 25th carries an article under the caption "Attention of Public Opinion Called Upon Misery of 'Heroes'" in which attention is called to the activities of the American Legion in behalf of the present condition of the ex-service men. The writer intimates that those who could help would not do so (plainly indicating

the employing class) and then closes with the following:

"They know no thanks, no gratefulness, no recognition, no good act--only their own interests, only the profit. The misery is a lesson to the war veterans. At least they will know if a rifle is pushed into their hands again against whom to use that rifle. They will know who is their real enemy."

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

5. RADICAL MEETINGS

SOCIALISTS

FLORELLO H. LA GUARDIA, President of the New York Board of Aldermen, and SEYMOUR STEDMAN, who was last year's candidate for President on the Socialist ticket, held a debate at Hunt's Point Palace, New York, on Sunday the 27th ult. The meeting was largely attended and the chairman was Judge LOUIS GIBBS.

Stedman set forth the theory that Socialism is necessary to the preservation of civilization, while Mr. La Guardia took the opposite view. In the course of the latter's remarks he was hissed several times by the audience because he disagreed with the views advanced by Stedman.

WORLD PEACE FELLOWSHIP

~~II~~ The above body held a meeting at Cooper Union, New York, on Monday the 28th ult. at which some of the speakers were JOSEPH SCHLOSSBERG, Secretary and Treasurer of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers; A. J. MUSTE, of the Amalgamated Textile Workers; NORMAN THOMAS, editor of "The World To-morrow" and ROSE SCHNEIDERMAN, President of the Women's Trade Union League.

SCHLOSSBERG, in his speech, ridiculed the leaders of the American Federation of Labor for saying that they would not obey injunctions and stated that the labor movement should be organized for the purpose of fighting against militarism. The other speakers talked along the same lines.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

6. TRADE AND LABOR UNIONS.

MARINE ENGINEERS BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION

What was thought might develop into a coastwise strike of large proportions, has at least been temporarily deferred, according to a statement made by BERT L. TODD, manager of the above Association.

The Tugboat Owners' Association and the American Steamship Owners' Association recently made a statement that, commencing March 1st they proposed to offer a new scale to the men at a reduction of about twenty-five per cent in wages. The officials of the local unions after conferring with the members, have stated that they will accept the cut tentatively and would expect the old wage scale to again be put in force on April 1st. It is probable that the matter will be referred to the U. S. Shipping Board for adjustment.

AMALGAMATED CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA

The lockout of the above organization is in its thirteenth week and the indications do not point to an early return to work.

At present there are six actions against the Amalgamated for heavy damages which have been instituted by members of the New York Clothing Manufacturers Association, the total amount of damages claimed by the Manufacturers being One Million Five Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Amongst those who are suing the Amalgamated are some of the largest clothing manufacturers. The names of these firms together with the amounts of their respective claims, follow:

*I-50*

MICHAELS, STERN & CO. -----	\$100,000.
ROGERS PLET & CO. -----	200,000.
X J. FRIEDMAN & CO. -----	500,000.
JOSEPH SKOLNY & CO. -----	250,000.
HEIDELBERG, WOLF & CO. -----	250,000.
FRUHAUF BROTHERS -----	250,000.

Justices ERLANGER and BIJUR of the Supreme Court have withheld decision in all cases and it is likely that some little time will elapse before decisions are finally handed down.



J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

7. UNEMPLOYMENT

The Standard Oil Company, on the 2nd inst., announced a new schedule of wages to become effective immediately at the Bayonne, New Jersey, plant, which will affect practically all of the 4,500 employess, most of whom will be put on part time, in some cases working five days a week and in other, four days a week.

The Company states that it has taken this step in order to avoid laying off a number of men due to general business depression.

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The unemployment situation in New York in so far as it affects the Negro population, remains about the same, with the exception that the number of Negroes unemployed seems to be increasing and the radical element of the race are, of course, taking advantage of this situation.

The average Negro, however, seems to be of the opinion that his unemployment is due to economic rather than racial causes.

FJK

-14-

J: G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

8. EX-SERVICE MEN.

There has been no radical activity in the ranks of any of the ex-service organizations during the past week as far as the New York office of the Department has been able to learn.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

9. NEGRO ACTIVITIES

Marcus Garvey in the Negro World of Feb. 26th makes an appeal in favor of the Universal Negro Improvement Association and the Black Star Line, in which he states in part:

"Today I have before me a vision of a titanic struggle.

.....I see before me now the desperate effort on each and every one to survive the bloody conflict.

.....Europe, with her millions of organized groups battering down the gates of Asia and all Europe demanding entry. On the other hand I see Asia stubbornly resisting the attempt of the foe. I see on the great battleplains millions of men going down in defeat. And after the battle I hear the shout of victory for Asia. Asia once more free, and in the same spectacle I see the same foe battering at the gates of Africa, demanding Africa, and four hundred million Negroes under the banner of the Universal Negro Improvement Association standing up like men, blocking the entry and also winning laurels for the great crown of African freedom. But, ah, even before the clash I see men organizing everywhere. I hear Japan crying out to a dismembered and disunited Asia to organize, to get together, and it is through this organization of Asiatic groups that the victory I have spoken of in my vision becomes imminent. Through this organization Africa must come together. The scattered millions in America, the West Indies, South and Central America and in the homeland, must all unite as one man in this time of world reorganization; so that when the conflict really comes, united we will stand to meet the common foe and thus protect the rights of our fathers, ourselves and our children."

II-12  
GRACE CAMPBELL, seems to be the most active female member of the radical element of the Negro race in this city. This woman was the candidate on the Socialist ticket during the past year for a place in the Assembly and collects the dues from the members of the Socialist Party in the Negro District.

It has been learned from a confidential source that a number of the more radical Negroes in New York are West Indians by birth and have not as yet attained U. S. citizenship.

ARTHUR REID is another active radical agitator of this race and is also a West Indian alien, but has not as yet arrived at the stage where his activities are of moment.

II-13  
Marcus Garvey, is, so far as known, at present in Florida, whence it is his intention to proceed to Cuba, from which point he will later embark for Jamaica. His trip has been taken in the interests of the Black Star S. S. Line and the Universal Negro Improvement Association.

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

10. SINN FEIN ACTIVITIES

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR RELIEF IN IRELAND

According to a statement made by the above Committee, Sixty-five Thousand Dollars was cabled to Ireland on the 25th ult. in response to recent reports setting forth widespread suffering among women and children in that country. Of this sum Five Thousand Dollars was cabled to the Committee's relief unit of American members of the Society of Friends now in Ireland for emergency work.

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The New York Labor's Protective Union made the announcement on the 2nd inst. that they had contributed Five Hundred Dollars to the Irish Devastation Fund.

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FJK

J: G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

11. JAPANESE ACTIVITIES

That the New York Japanese Society is connected with the Japanese Consulate in New York is evidenced by the following article which appeared in the "Japanese Times" February 12th, under the caption "Japanese Immigrants in Eastern States About Thirty-eight Hundred In Total":

"According to the census taken last autumn by the New York Japanese Society, the total number of Japanese immigrants in the territory under the supervision of the New York Japanese Imperial Consulate appears to be three thousand seven hundred and eighty (3,780). This census is carefully prepared by said Society in compliance with the order of the Japanese Consulate, and its sources of information are chiefly based on the various reports from its branch organizations in different localities including New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Boston, Atlantic City, etc. Out of the total number of immigrants three thousand and fifty-four (3,054) are male individuals and six hundred and twenty-six (626) female individuals; and, of the six hundred and twenty-six females two hundred and fifty are asserted to be young single women and not more than twenty-five years of age."

FJK

J. G. TUCKER

SPECIAL REPORT

MARCH 5, 1921.

12. PASSPORTS.

Amongst those who made application to depart this country during the current week, are:

LUDWIG LANDY, 337 East 123rd St. Records of this office show that this man was born in Russia and has his first citizenship papers; that he used the alias "LUDWIG SANDY"; was a member of the Communist Labor Party; was apprehended by this Department in January, 1920, released on \$1,000. bail on January 23, 1920, and warrant of arrest cancelled May 18th.

CLARA LEIBMAN, 15 East 107th St.; born in Russia--alien; member of the Communist Labor Party; arrested January, 1920, released January 27, 1920, in \$1,000. bond without hearing and warrant of arrest cancelled April 26, 1920.

*J. G. Tucker.*

J. G. TUCKER, Special Agent.

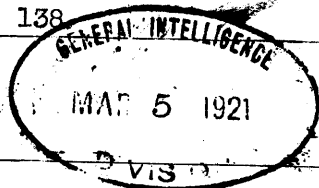
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J.H.H.

W.H.

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-4-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3-1	REPORT MADE BY: P 138
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
 IN RE: NEGRO ACTIVITIES. Noted F.D.W.



FACTS DEVELOPED:

I made a tour of a part of the Negro district and found that the GARVEY element was still strong and have great faith in him. They seemed to blame the white race for all their ills and shortcomings, hence the only hope they can see, (according to Garvey's teachings) is to wage an anti white propaganda and finally emigrate to Africa.

They were all talking about the Liberian Liberty Loan which they were supporting. Many of them thought it an unwise thing for Garvey to risk his freedom on his trip, but others said he was safe as the Governments were afraid of an uprising of the Negroes should they seize their leaders.

DOMINGO is very much hated by GARVEY'S followers owing to his attacks and criticisms at public meetings.

There are no signs of any foreign interference so far.

P 138



MAR 22 1921  
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FJK

202600-33

113

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/4/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 2/23/21	REPORT MADE BY: P-134
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>At about twelve o'clock today I found amongst various Russian and Ukrainian pamphlets and books, the pamphlet by E. GOLDMAN in the show windows of STEPHAN KOWBASNIUK, Steamship Agency, 244 Avenue A, N.Y.</p> <p>In the offices of above mentioned Agency, while purchasing the pamphlet, I found a fellow who is known as EUGENE KRUG busily engaged at one of the typewriters there, typewriting what appeared to me to be some kind of applications.</p> <p>Later, upon instructions from my superior, I waited for Krug until 4:30 P.M. at which time he left said place, carrying in his hand a roll of papers or documents. From said place he went to the M. &amp; S. Lunch Room at 122 First Avenue, where after having a meal he went to 407 East 5th St. down to the basement of said address which appears to be a meeting place of the radical elements.</p> <p>After waiting around for about two hours, I left off here and continued on with other work for the Department.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Respectfully, P-134</p>			
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W. D. W.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 5 1921  
D. VIS

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W.W.G.

MAR 23 1921

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202600-33 J.H.N.

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-4-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 2-28	REPORT MADE BY: P 134
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: I.W.W. ACTIVITIES.

R.D.W.

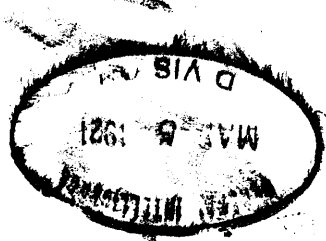
FACTS DEVELOPED:

While at I.W.W. Hall today I obtained two copies of an enclosed pamphlet, entitled "Justice to the I.W.W." which were distributed free of charge.

In the course of a meeting of M.M.W.I.U. #440, held in this hall tonight, BILINKIS, who acted as Chairman, stated that he and SAM BOLOTIN are leaving for Russia in a week or two and are going to take tools with them. He then made an appeal to the members to turn over whatever tools they might have, in order to give them time to pack up same.

BILINKIS made a remark to the effect that the Red Flag should fly at the Capitol in Washington and that the workers should be organized to meet any kind of a fight.

VAUGHN, who is engaged in agitating for the Industrial Research Bureau, made a speech concerning sending a committee to the Unemployment Conference.



FILE T.F.B.

P 134 APR - 1 1921

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M.S.R.

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REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/4/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 2/20-26/21	REPORT MADE BY: N-122
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
ACTIVITIES OF UNDER COVER OPERATIVE N-122

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 16 1921  
DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:  
At Buffalo, New York.

Noted  
F.D.W.

February 20 Nothing of importance occurred.

" 21 The following are names of barbers who have answered the ad which I put in the Buffalo Evening News:

- Legire Rafaelo, 45 Morely Ave. Buffalo, N.Y.
- John Shrianese, 236 Seneca St., Buffalo, N.Y.
- Thomas Timeri, 143 Seneca St., Buffalo, N.Y.
- Henry Ricotta, 505 Washington St. Buffalo, N.Y.
- Anthony Castelli, 245 S. Division St. Buffalo, N.Y.
- Louis Sciri, 76 Terrace, Buffalo, N.Y.
- Sam Oddo, 198 Delaware Ave., Buffalo, N.Y.
- Andriano Francisco, 411 Chicago St., Buffalo, N.Y.
- Condaro Fausto, 464 -7th St., Buffalo, N.Y.
- Lorita Terraro, 485 Front Ave., Buffalo, N.Y.
- S. Pagano, 170 Terrace, Buffalo, N.Y.

At 5 P.M. in company with my friend, J. Schillace, I proceeded to Lackawanna City to interview some of his friends who are working there as barbers. We visited an Italian barber by the name of N. Passafiume, who has a barber shop on #313 Ridge Road, Lackawanna, N.Y. My friend asked Passafiume if there were any strange barbers in town, as he had a friend who had left home about a month ago and he was trying to locate him. Passafiume told him that he didn't know of any strange barbers being in town. Then my friend, Schillace asked Passafiume if the Union in Lackawanna was under the Union at Buffalo. Passafiume told him no but they had the Barbers Association Union. While in there a barber came in to talk with Passafiume and my friend and I got in the conversation and we found out that he was a Spaniard who could talk Italian very well, and who left New York City about three months ago. He claimed he used to work on 42nd Street. Name Benny Oranjio. At 6 P.M. we returned to Buffalo.

me and

REFERENCE: N-122/CMR	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Buffalo	RECORDED JUN - 1 1921 202600-33-182
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February 22

I had a conference with Agent in Charge Blackmon regarding the name of one of the barbers who answered the ad, and Agent in Charge Blackmon told me that he was going to have the description of the man and then I should visit the man in question.

" 23

At 1 P.M., in company with my friend Schillace, we went to the Journeyman Barbers' Union, Local 141, No. 333 Washington Street, city, with the pretext of putting his barber shop in the Union and after awhile I asked the man in charge if he had any new members lately and he said they come and go. So I told him that a friend of mine left his home, New York, and his father wrote to me saying that he thought his son was in Buffalo and if I could locate him. So the man in charge of the Union told me that he didn't think anybody from New York had joined the Union but he would look over his books and see. I told him that he they weren't from New York I wouldn't care to have their names. So he looked the book over and there were none from New York who had joined the Union.

" 24

At 3.40 P.M. my friend and I met Victor Carriera with another Italian, who were going to his barber shop. So Victor Carriera introduced by friend to his friend and then my friend introduced me to Victor Carriera and his friend. Then Carriera asked my friend to contribute something to help some anarchists who are in jail. My friend contributed 50 cents. While my friend was writing his name, Carriera's friend asked me if I could give anything. I said "Certainly. I'm always ready to help the idea", and I contributed 75 cents. I then asked Carriera's friend if he would like to give me a blank list in order for me to collect money, with the understanding of my sending it back to him. He said he would and gave me a blank list, with the following name on top of it, "H. William 318 Swan Street, City." They then went away and when I read the blank list and the pamphlet I saw that they were collecting money for Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, arrested for murder at S. Baintree, Mass. and the money collected was to be forwarded to Aldino Felicani, 32-34 Battery Street, Boston, Mass. I then got into communication with Agent in Charge Blackmon, as I understood that the man wanted in connection with the Wall Street Bomb Explosion was in this city and collecting money for the cause, which I have stated. Enclosed please

find pamphlet entitled "Let's Save Two Innocents. Everybody Should Do His Duty", and the following is a copy of the back of the blank list.

Hell ' Ora del cimento supremo  
Tate teitti il vostro dovere

Compagni:

Se questa circolare giunge fino a voi leggetela e fatela leggere agli amici. Essa vi reca il grido disperato che parte dal campo della lotta, ove la mischia diventa ogni giorno piu febbile e piu oiuenta. Noi viviamo in un ' atmosfera d' insidie e di pericoli che minacciano di ridurci alla impotenza. E. L'inquisitore che domina. E' la storia di tutte le grande trame, organizzate per perdere i liberi pensatori, che si ripete. Siamo giunti alla fine. Il processo contro Sacco e Vanzetti e stato definitivamente fissato per il 7 del prossimo marzo. Bisogna prepararsi alla battaglia, essere decisi; bisogna fronteggiare l'accusa che s' accanisce contro leane vittime del complotto infame. Bisogna stringersi sempre piu attorno ai due innocenti che il nemico viol gettare sulla seasia elettri, ca, bisogna sorreggerli con la nostra solidarieta, strapparli al nemico restituirli alla liberta, all loro famiglie. E' questo un momento in au e necessario contarci guardarci in viso, dar prova dei sentimenti che ci pulsano incessantemente nell animo. E' un 'ora terribile questa! E' un (ora tremenda e noi affidiamo al vento, perche lo porti orunque pulsa un anema generosa, un grido solo, un grido che vacchierde il travaglio ca il dolore dell animo nostra trepidante. Oiuo! Ma vogliamo essere udite. Vogliamo che la nostra voce dolormante penetri e si diffonda ovunque bi sono amanti del derilto umano, della libertor persequitata, della vita insidiata! E' una Battaglia, questa, a cui devono partecipare tutti gli unomini di cuore, tutti coloro a cui l'inquistizia tocca l'anima generosa. A noi dungire! O amici della liberta. O compagni di lotta e d idee Noi vogliamo vincere! Bisognavindie per salvare il nostro decoro di uomini edianarchici, bisogna vincere per vindicare l' insulto colquale si vuol colpire la collettivita nostra con una accusa infamante, bisogna vincere per salvare due innocenti da la



sedia clettrica. Aiutateci a sommuovere  
 l'opinione pubblica, aitateci a far si che la pro-  
 testa nostra diventi solemne, clamorosa, im-  
 pressionante. Aitateci affinche i proletari,  
 tutti e proletari, dalla piu grande citta al  
 piu remoto villaggio si agitano e si interessino  
 della sorte di questi nostri compagni, che i  
 ruffiani del capitalismo criminale edello stato  
 liberticida vogliono strappare al nostro affetto,  
 allo nostra famiglia. C'c' bisogno di denaro.  
 Per far fronte alle ingenti spese necessarie  
 per ilgrande processo, occorreramo Ventimilla  
 dollari. Bisogna raccogliarli. Bisogna fare  
 un sacrifico estremo! Dalla nostra generosita,  
 dal nostro sacrificio dipende la vita e la  
 vita e la liberta di Sacco e Vanzetta. Facciamo  
 ognuno uno sforzo, il pui grande degli' sforzi.  
 E' grande, e generosa, e sublime, il sacrificarsi  
 per giovare alla causa della liberta. Noi non  
 diaamo di piu. Ripetiamo soltanto cheper marzo  
 occorrono 20,000 dollari e che contiamo nella  
 generosita di coloro che on noi lavorano per il  
 trionfo del diritto calpestato. Vogliamo il de-  
 nario . Noi gridiamo al soccorso. Le forze nemicke  
 mirano con questa lotta a soffo-carci nella  
 strozza il grido di bibellione contro le infamie  
 delta societor e noi dobbiamo insorgere, dob-  
 biamo dimostrare d' essere degli uomini ioscienti  
 e risoluti! Che ie nostro oippello sia sentito  
 da tutti coloro che non vogliono far ricadere  
 sul con capo e sulla loro coscienze le maledizinoi  
 d' un povero vecchio e di una donna ancor  
 giovane che in questo momento, trepidano per la  
 sorte dei loro congiunti e ne attendono ansiosi  
 il ritorno Date! Date! Date! Date per la  
 causa della liberta Date per il trionfo della  
 guistizia. Date per la difesa della vito.  
 Il comitato de difesa, Aldino Pelicani,  
 32-32 Battery St., Boston, Mass.

Feb. 25

I was instructed by Agent in Charge Blackmon  
 to try to locate H. Williams. From 6.30 to  
 10.15 P.M. I covered the address given but  
 failed to see him going in or out.

" 26

I told my friend Schillaci to go to V. Carriera's  
 store, 38 Evans St., City with the pretext of  
 telling Carriera that he forgot to tell him there  
 was a club on Chauncey Street, City, and that if  
 V. Carriera with Williams were going to that Club  
 they might collect some money. V. Carriera told  
 my friend that he was going to see Williams  
 either today or tomorrow and will give my friend  
 the answer yes or no by Monday.

REPORT OF AGT. J. A. KILLEN OF BUFFALO N.Y. MADE 2-19,-21. <sup>202600-33</sup>

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR. 4, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 2, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JOHN T. KELLEY
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: ALLEGED RADICAL LABOR UNIONS. IN THE VICINITY OF BUFFALO, NEW YORK.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>Pursuant to instructions from AGENT IN CHARGE TORNEY, I proceeded to FORT ONTARIO OSWEGO, NEW YORK and there interviewed of the Medial Corps, PRIVATE CARL BRLETICH/ who stated that he wrote the letter accompanying this report and that previous to his enlistment in the United States Army he was in touch with members and leaders of the Communist Party. Also that when he was in YOUNGSTOWN in 1917 they wanted him to join this party but at that time he did not know the object of the party and did not give them a decided answer but used to attend their meetings to find out what kind of a party it was. He stated that these people did not work but got their money by robbery and murder and told him that in 1921 he would see a revolution in this country and the Communist Party would overthrow the present Government. He also stated that they have private houses in LACKWANNA, BUFFALO and YOUNGSTOWN where they hold meetings two or three times a <del>week</del> month and they send reports to Cleveland, Ohio which is their headquarters and they also have a place to store ammunition. MR. BRLETICH does not remember any names or addresses of these meeting places as it has been two years since he has been around but he stated that if he could get around these cities again he could find out where these people are.</p> <p>He is desirous of becoming a secret service man to get after these people and believes he could qualify as he speaks the different languages used by these people and could work his way into them.</p>			
REFERENCE: JCT:LT.	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Washington Albany Syracuse Buffalo.		

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 10 1921  
DAVIS

ABF  
MAR 29 1921

RECORDED 202600-33-179

REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR 4, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 2, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JOHN T. KELLEY.
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:			
FACTS DEVELOPED:			
<p>confidence and learn of their movements.</p> <p>MR. BRLETICH is a HERVAT SLAVONIAN and is thirty five years of age and has been in the United States since 1914. He says that he has traveled all over Europe and previous to coming to the United States was employed in DARSBURG RILAND, GERMANY by the police as an interpreter. He speaks nine languages: ITALIAN, ROMANIAN, SERBIAN, HUNGARIAN, RUSSIAN, BOLGARIAN, POLISH, GERMAND and ENGLISH and writes: SLAVIONIAN, HUNGARIAN, RUSSIAN, SERBIAN and ENGLISH.</p> <p>Since arriving in the United States he has worked in JACKWANNA, NEW YORK, YOUNGSTOWN and CLEVELAND, OHIO, PITTSBURG, PA., ST. LOUIS, MO., Buffalo, New York. The last job he had before entering the United States Army he was with <u>STEVE BRODY</u>, CHIEF of the INCH DETECTIVE AGENCY at NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK. He took out his first papers in 1917 at BUFFALO, NEW YORK and registered for the draft at YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO and was put in the fourth class. He joined the army so that he might attend this school of English free of charge.</p> <p>After talking with the subject Agent would say that his mind is perfectly clear and while his English is not very good, if he takes his time he can express himself clearly and I have no doubt that during the time he mentions he was in close touch with radicals. He gave me the names of two men who were leaders: <u>MARTIN BABERICH</u> and <u>PRPICK WICHTOR</u> but does not know their addresses as they are always traveling. Also</p>			
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REPORT MADE AT: SYRACUSE N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: MAR. 4, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Mar. 2, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: JOHN T. KELLEY.
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:			
<p>FACTS DEVELOPED:</p> <p>he does not know the address of any of the meeting places but thinks he could locate these people if he were in the towns. He believes with his knowledge of the different languages that he could again get in with these people and learn all of their movements and is desirous of becoming a Government agent.</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		

202600-33 J.H.

*[Handwritten mark]*

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-3-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 2-28	REPORT MADE BY: P 137
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
 IN RE: ITALIAN ANARCHISTS. Noted  
P.D.W.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

I today proceeded to the ITALIAN FEDERATION OF BAKERS, 123 West 15th Street, where I found BALDAZZI translating some articles from French to English. He said he returned last Saturday and that his trip was a failure, as the authorities in Rochester, N.Y. refused to let him speak and two policemen escorted him to the railroad station and he was forced to leave town. I then left as he was going to Brooklyn.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MAR 9 1921  
 DIVISION

P 137.

MAR 19 1921  
ABK

202600-33-177

RECORDED

BUSINESS  
BOOKS

FILE  
T.P.B.

REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:	MAR 19 1921
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DUPLICATE

202600-33

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER

United States Post Office

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

BUREAU OF TRANSLATIONS  
AND RADICAL PUBLICATIONS

RAB:MR  
ENCLS.

March 2, 1921

J. E. Hoover, Esquire  
Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Rm. 431, Washington, D.C.

SECURITY INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 3 1921  
D.V.S.

My dear Mr. Hoover:

I am sending you today the original and six copies of the February Report on the New York radical press as handled by this Bureau during that month.

It is not quite so interesting, perhaps - I mean the situation treated of - as was the January one, but you will see that there was a good deal doing, all the same.

March has already started out with one paper held which will undoubtedly be declared non-mailable.

Very truly yours,

*Robert A. Bonau.*

MAR 11 1921

RECORDED

202600-33-181  
MAR 3 1921  
HOOPER

202600-33

J. H. [initials]

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-2-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 2-27	REPORT MADE BY: P 137
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Noted  
F.D.W.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:  
 IN RE: ITALIAN ANARCHISTS-Meeting Under Auspices WORKERS  
 CIRCLE OF SOCIAL CULTURE.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At 2 P. M. I proceeded to 98 Forsyth Street, for the purpose of attending a meeting being held under the auspices of the WORKERS CIRCLE OF SOCIAL CULTURE, where I found about 200 men and women present.

At 3 P. M. the meeting was opened, with a man named DIANUSO being introduced as the first speaker, and he spoke along general lines, saying that the White House is in Wall Street, and Wall Street in the White House, and that the workers are always being promised things, and instead have periods of unemployment, and that the only way to do things is to run the State themselves and enjoy the fruits of their labor.

NICOLA CUNEO was next introduced and the first part of his speech concerned religion and how foolish it was for people to believe in it, stating that the people preaching it were the medium between the workers and the capitalists. He then went on to say that the workers should educate themselves and do away with Wall Street and the "crazy man at the White House".

CARLO TRESCA was the next speaker, but did not say anything of value to this Bureau.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE  
 MAR 5 1921  
 D.V.S.

RECORDED  
 P 137

MAR 19 1921 ABF  
 202600-33-176  
 FILE  
 F.F.B.

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DUPLICATE Original

SPECIAL REPORT

202600-33

Bureau letter 2/15/19

REPORT MADE AT: Buffalo, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: 2/28/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Week ending 2/26/21	REPORT MADE BY: W.L. Buchanan
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RADICAL ACTIVITIES IN BUFFALO DISTRICT

SECRET INTELLIGENCE  
MAR 1 1921  
D.V.S.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Buffalo, New York.

Referring to the above mentioned letter and to subsequent reports, the following information is respectfully furnished:

GENERAL

F.D.M.  
Notes

There are now about 45,000 unemployed in the city of Buffalo and an unusual number of crimes of all kinds are being committed, many of which of course are due to the above condition.

FILE  
W.W.G.

MAR 23 1921  
WHF

202600-33-175X

MAR 23 1921

RECORDED

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## RADICAL ORGANIZATIONS

SOCIALIST PARTY - BUFFALO, NEW YORK. At the general executive meeting of this organization last week it was announced that there was a deficit of \$168.20 in this district. The following information was secured:

Walter McCumber was elected General Organizer, and is to be paid 25¢ for each new member enrolled.

FRANKLIN BRILL, a leading radical Socialist in this district who has been separated from the party has again joined and will address forum meetings in the future.

Former organizer Bowers reported that he had succeeded in having the members of the Russian Club in the city join the Socialist Party in a body. Franklin Brill and Organizer Bowers are to go before the various radical industrial organizations in the district in an effort to induce them to join the Socialist Party. Lee Morgan reported that he had addressed the Upholsterers Union on the 24th instant and endeavored to solicit funds to free Debs, and he learned that the officers of that local were bitter against Debs, and stated that if any donations were made by them same would be made to Attorney General Palmer to keep such radicals in jail.

It was announced that MORRIS HILLQUIT of New York City was expected in Buffalo about March 1st to address a Socialist meeting, and that an effort would be made to rent the Elmwood Music Hall for this purpose.

## SOCIALIST PARTY - NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK

Bruno Scrufari, one of the leading radical Socialists of Niagara Falls, who was organizer for the Italian branch of that party, has tendered his resignation as organizer. The Italian branch of this party is endeavoring to secure a prominent Italian Socialist to address them in the near future.

~~II~~ Dr. Chandler Owen (Colored) Editor of the "Messenger", billed as the greatest colored orator in the world, will address a meeting at Niagara Falls, New York Sunday evening, March 13th in Eagles Temple. He speaks for the Socialists and his subject will be "The Problem of Unemployment and the Open Shop Campaign." The race question will also be discussed.

THE UNITED COMMUNITED PARTY - Information has been obtained that the members of this organization have been spreading propaganda among the unemployed in the district, especially Rochester, New York, in an effort to convince the unemployed that the Capitalists Government now at Washington is responsible for their condition, and that the only remedy at hand for them is to join the UNITED COMMUNIST PARTY and take over the industrial plants as has been done in Soviet Russia and Italy.



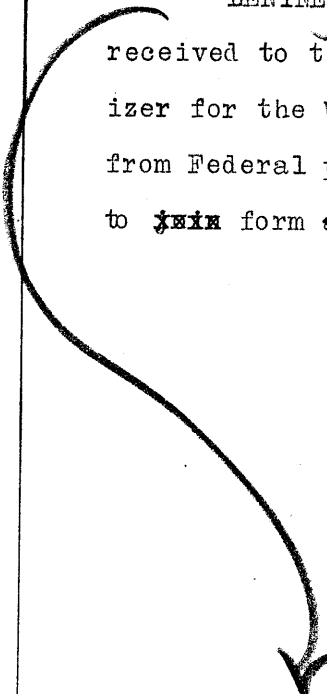
W.L.Buchanan

2/28/21

5

*Buffalo, NY*

LENINE INDUSTRIAL CLUB - Information has been received to the effect that William J. Dodge, former organizer for the W.I.I.U. and I.W.W., who was recently released from Federal prison, is now endeavoring to induce his friends to ~~join~~ form ~~and~~ join a Lenine Industrial Club.



~~II-3~~

W.L.Buchanan

2/28/21

WORKERS DEFENSE UNION - A leaflet entitled "Are They Doomed", accompanied by a descriptive circular, has been received from the Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee, of which Aldino Felicani is treasurer, at 52-34 Battery Street, Boston, Mass., by an informant in Buffalo, New York. The author is one Art Shields and in it he denounced Attorney General Palmer, Chief Flynn and the Department of Justice, and solicits subscribers and remittances for the defense of Sacco and Vanzetti, and directs that same be forwarded to the Workers Defense Union, 7 East 15th Street, New York City.

Circular and leaflet are attached to original of this report.

2/28/21

SPECIAL GANG, Rochester, New York. - The members of this organization are again becoming active by association, and the members are being supplied with copies of "Il Proletario", published in Chicago. Some of the officers of this organization who were extremely radical left the city after the Communist arrests last year, but have since returned. A great many of them are members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers.

JAPANESE ACTIVITIES

The following Japanese transients have been in Buffalo recently:

M. NAGAI from Tokyo, Japan registered at the hotel Statler February 21, 1921 and checked out on February 23, 1921.